

its time to further consideration of the Law of Treaties. On this occasion, it was able to adopt most of the first articles in Part I which cover the conclusions of treaties, reservation, entry into force and registration, correction of errors, and the functions of depositories. The revised versions, which the Commission has now adopted, are shorter and closer to residual rules of law than were those in the drafts, and most of the purely descriptive elements have been deleted from them. The seventeenth session of the Commission decided to deal with Part II of the draft treaties at a further meeting, which was scheduled to be held in January 1966 in Monaco. The Commission also re-examined, revised and provisionally adopted 28 new articles on the Despatch of Temporary Envoys on Special Missions, thus completing the first draft of the articles on this subject. However, it decided to review them again after it had received observations and comments from governments and to defer for future consideration the question of whether certain special rules of law should be drafted for so-called "high-level" special missions. In drafting the articles, the Commission attempted to bring them into close harmony with the Vienna Conventions on Diplomatic and on Consular Relations.

At the twentieth session of the Assembly, the Sixth Committee considered the reports of the sixteenth and seventeenth sessions of the Commission and approved the intention of the Commission to concentrate exclusively during 1966 on the completion of the revision of the draft articles of the Law of Treaties and of Special Missions.

### *International Co-operation Year Committee*

At its eighteenth session in 1963, the General Assembly set up the Committee for International Co-operation Year (ICY) to draw up and co-ordinate a programme of activities for the Year. The Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations, Mr. Paul Tremblay, was its chairman for much of 1965. Amongst the activities carried out on behalf of ICY by the United Nations itself were a series of lectures at the beginning of the year by seven distinguished scholars on the general theme of international co-operation, the commemorative session of the United Nations in San Francisco in June to celebrate the twentieth anniversary of the signing of the Charter, the presentation of ICY medallions to various distinguished leaders throughout the world who had contributed to international co-operation, and the release of a special ICY stamp issue by the United Nations Postal Administration. The United Nations Information Offices gave full publicity to ICY and the activities connected with it through the publication of booklets and leaflets, as well as television and radio programmes.