

**LUCK FOR CATHERINE HAYES.**—Mr. Barnum has concluded an engagement with Catherine Hayes to give sixty concerts under his direction in California, Mexico, Cuba, U. States, and British Provinces. He pays her \$50,000 and half the net profits. Mengis and others are also engaged. They sail for California in November.

A man named Dobbin and his wife, and a man named Caley, have been arrested in Onedia Co., New York, for robbing two Irish girls named Sheil, recently from Canada, of \$8,000, which they had in their chests. It was left to them by their mother and an uncle. The thieves left nothing but about \$100 in bank notes.

A New Quirk!—At the camp meeting at Bethel last week, it was noticed that some "New Testaments" which were hawked about near the camp ground sold rapidly, especially to the unconverted; and it turned out that they were "earthen vessels" in the form of books, filled with liquor. Two persons who were engaged in the business were arrested, and fined \$10 and costs each.—*Portland Advertiser*.

The Evangelicals have not appointed a successor to Monk Leahy. There are so many fit for that office that the selection is perplexing.

**IMPORTANT FROM YUCATAN.**—The *New Orleans Picayune* has received private information from Yucatan, stating that a movement is on foot in that State, to apply to the United States for protection and annexation. Some of the leading men in the country are engaged in the movement.

**THE JAPAN EXPEDITION.**—WASHINGTON, SEP. 25.—Arrangements for the Japan Expedition are progressing in a favorable manner. It is now determined that the Expedition shall consist of three superior War Steamers, namely, the Mississippi, which will leave New York about the 10th of November; the Princeton, Com. Perry, which will accompany the Mississippi as Flag ship, now at Baltimore, receiving boilers; the third steamer is the Alleghany, which is now undergoing repairs at the Gosport Navy Yard, and will sail in January.

**A WHOLE FAMILY POISONED.**—CINCINNATI, Sep. 25.—Anthony Menkins, a jeweller, of St. Louis, together with his whole family, six in number, was poisoned last Sunday morning, in consequence of partaking of food into which a quantity of arsenic had been put. Two mulatto girls, in his employ, are suspected of having committed the crime—one of the daughters is dead, the others are slowly recovering.

**DREADFUL CASUALTY.**—SIX CHILDREN BURNED UP.—The house of Peter Moore, in Wardsboro, Vt., took fire on Wednesday night, and was burned, together with six of his children. It is reported that the children slept in the second story; and the family did not perceive the fire until awakened by a neighbor living at some distance. They broke into the gable end to rescue the children, but the moment it was enveloped in flames. The fire took, it is supposed, from boiling swill near the house. Mr. Moore had ten children—three of whom were from home—of the seven in the house six were burned up.—*Brattleboro Statesman*.

**BURIED ALIVE.**—The *Wheeling Times* of last Saturday, relates the following melancholy burial.—"An Irishman, who had died suddenly upon the railroad, about eighteen miles below this city, was brought here for interment in the Catholic burial ground on Tuesday last. Upon taking the coffin out of the wagon, Mr. Fitzsimmons, who happened to be present, complimented the cabinet-maker for his skill in the manufacture of receptacles for the dead, and then proceeded without any ceremony, to lower the coffin into the grave.—After this was done they walked away, leaving the filling up to a subordinate, who, after throwing in a few shovels-ful of earth, was alarmed by a singular noise, as if kicking and struggling in the coffin, so that he ran away. Coming up with Mr. Fitzsimmons, he told what he had heard, and both immediately returned, raised and opened the coffin, and found the man turned on his face, and his person warm. The probability is, that if the coffin had been opened when the commotion was first heard, the man might have been saved, and that he died from suffocation. This is an absolute fact, and can be established by the testimony of eye witnesses."

A correspondent of the *English Churchman* thus contrasts the frequency of prayers in the Catholic Church with the deadness which prevails in his own communion. The testimony is not lessened by his placing the Catholic Church in the same category with the Irvingites (!):—"The other day your columns contained a letter from an Irvingite, showing how his sect lifts up a solitary voice of praise at morn and eve amidst the multitude of silent churches in the unhappy parish of Islington. I will give one more example, and ask one question in conclusion. The week before last, whilst on the Moselle, I stopped at the little town of Trarbach. I inquired, and found that it was Lutheran or Evangelical, and, *par consequence*, its Church was closed morning and evening year by year. I walked but three miles, and came down upon another place—Berncastel, of nearly the same size. It was Catholic, and in it day by day were offered five services at morn, and one at eve.—Now, will not many walk, when they see such things, from Trarbach to Berncastel, and there abide? Will not many leave Mr. D. Wilson for Mr. Oakeley, or for the Irvingite Society?"

#### SHOPPING.

(From the *New York Commercial Advertiser*.) Several years since, Mrs. Flamley, my spouse, requiring a silk dress, prevailed on me after much persuasion, to assist her in the selection of a pattern.—Shopping is my abomination, but there was no withstanding the honorific compliments, which Mrs. Flamley passed upon my taste in the matter of female fixings, and as I had been but recently married, I was desirous of seeing her tact in this most indispensable of female accomplishments.

First we went to Stewart's and to a question of the polite and accomplished salesman of the silk department, "whether madam would look at light or dark silk," Mrs. Flamley's reply was "both."

First the dark silks were thrown on the counter in great profusion, each piece laid open, the ends drawn out and most skillfully displayed. They were of all conceivable shades, and in my opinion were handsome enough for the dresses of a queen, but not sufficiently so, my wife thought, for herself. "Somehow," she said, "there was not sufficient character in the colors." This difficulty I proposed to meet by suggesting a brilliant red, or yellow, or pea green, but a toss of the

head, and a request to the salesman to show silks of lighter colors was all the response she designed to give.

Now the light silks were tumbled down by dozens of pieces, a perfect avalanche of them, but they were all too light. Then silks of medium shades were shown, probably fifty pieces, but not a piece of them all took my wife's eye.

The patient gentleman behind the counter then proposed that madam should look at the silks with shaded stripes or the delicate plaids. To this my wife readily assented, and we moved along to a clear place on the counter, which was rendered necessary not only from the fact that the striped and plaid silks were opposite the clear place, but we had accumulated a pile of silks some three or four feet high, and had more been shown on top of these we should have been obliged to mount a step-ladder in order to examine them. The clerk was equally unsuccessful in his plaids and stripes, none of them were the thing. I made a rapid estimate that we had already looked at silks to the value of half a million of dollars, and really felt so ashamed and concerned at the great amount of trouble we were giving the unfortunate salesman, that the cold perspiration stood out upon me like drops of rain. Still the exhibition proceeded, from small plaids and small stripes, to large plaids and large stripes, and figured silks, and watered silks, my wife all the while tossing about these valuable goods with the most relentless indifference. After looking just an hour and a half we left, and when we were in the street I remonstrated with Mrs. Flamley on her extreme fastidiousness of taste as to a deep pattern, but more especially reproved her for not leaving the store, she expressed no regret to the obliging salesman, that she was unable to suit herself. To this my wife remarked that it was the business of shopmen to be polite and attentive, as they were hired for that purpose, and after we had argued the matter a little to no effect, we entered another Broadway establishment, where the same process was gone through again, abortive as before. We looked at silks, sufficient in quantity, and brilliant enough in lustre, quality and color, to clothe the females of a Court or a Kingdom's metropolis, but none were just what my dear wife wanted.

The third silk concern was visited, then the fourth, the fifth and the sixth, and the result was still the same.

On consulting my watch, I found that I had now consumed five hours in this profitless and bootless tramp, and while I was meditating *French leave*, I found myself drawn unwittingly into the seventh large establishment, inwardly grumbling at my folly, and vowing that on leaving the store my experience in shop gadding should terminate for life. Advancing to the back of the store, and noticing the peculiar features and countenance of the salesman, I began to hope. I am something of a physiognomist, and when I saw that clerk's little sharp crafty eyes under an overshadowing forehead, his well formed nose, yet a little, very little peaked, the rounded projecting chin, the naturally compressed lips, yet schooled from the necessities of his profession into a certain suavity of expression. I made up my mind that Mrs. Flamley had at last met one equal to the achievement of checking her further tramp by selling her a dress. At this point I began to feel an interest in the game, and kept my eye on the proceedings.

For the first half-hour the movements and counter-movements on the counter, and both sides of the counter, so to speak, were very similar to those I had observed at the other store, and I began to have my misgivings. Cases of silks had been exhibited, and no dress, as yet, bought. Still my eye was on that sagacious countenance which would have been no disgrace to a Washington politician. The drama progressed, all the silks had been shown, and none suited; we had actually started for the door, and I was reflecting upon the absurdity of a belief in physiognomy, when the sharp voice of that salesman—"One moment, Madam!" arrested our progress. "We have," says he, "a piece of silk already sold and laid by for a customer, which I should like to show you, Madam, merely for curiosity sake. It is of rare texture and the most *recherche* pattern, and we had the pleasure yesterday of selling the whole piece to Mrs. Fitz-Goggin, the lady of Alderman Fitz-Goggin of Goggin place, who had it laid by for her as soon as she had set her eyes upon it." At this I could see that Mrs. Flamley's eyes fairly glistened; the right chord had been struck, and now I felt that the crafty eyed gentleman was master of his art.

If there is anything that will influence or move the mind of my wife to action and decision, it is the example of "upper tendom," and when the name of that distinguished leader of the fashion, Mrs. Fitz-Goggin was mentioned, Mrs. Flamley betrayed all the tremulous anxiety to behold the silk of that lady's choice, that a young Miss would evince in preparing to honor her first invitation to a grand soiree. As soon as it touched the counter and was laid open, "what a love of a silk" burst from my wife's lips. "Now my dear, you can see that I am not so difficult to please after all; this is just what I have been searching for all day." The salesman perceiving his advantage, was resolved not to lose it; "Yes, Madam," he observed, "after Mrs. Fitz-Goggin laid it aside, the lady of General Bayonet, who saw it an hour afterwards, offered an advance of fifty cents a yard on the whole piece—but we could not sell it twice, you know." "Oh! of course not," my wife replied, putting on one of her most winning and insidious smiles, "but as I want merely one dress, I am sure you will oblige me by cutting it; Mrs. Fitz-Goggin will then have a large quantity, and would hardly miss it, you know."

At this the clerk affected to look puzzled and wavering, and shaking his head in a dubious manner, remarked, "But, dear madam! what would Mrs. Fitz-Goggin say, if she should find it out, I am afraid that we should entirely lose her custom."

"She never will find it out, my dear sir," replied Mrs. Flamley, who could now afford to be polite to counter jumpers; "she never will find it out, and besides I am expecting to purchase a large lot of dresses for myself and friends this season, and favor, you are aware, brings custom."

"Yes, madam, I know it does, and nothing would give me greater pleasure than to spare you a dress of the superb silk, but I am afraid the thing is impossible. However, I will speak to Mr. Blank," mentioning the proprietor's name. At this he made up to one of the senior clerks, as I took him to be, and got up a very serious discussion, all for effect; the result of which was, that, as an unprecedented favor, Mrs. Flamley was allowed to buy, at an extra price, a dress from a very inferior piece of silk, which according to the "dialect of the shops," had been laid aside for the celebrated Mrs. Fitz-Goggin.

I use the term "dialect of the shops," for my wife

had ample evidence afterwards that the 'Fitz-Goggin' narrative was a poetical fiction from beginning to end.

Whether she learned wisdom or not, I cannot tell, for I have never, as I have said before, shopped with her since, but I learned two things.

First, That many ladies are more fastidious in selecting a dress pattern than they would be in choosing a husband, and that a Fitz-Goggin manoeuvre or something like it will effect a sale, secure a place, elevate ignorance, and in short, achieve many an exploit which fair and honest means fail to accomplish.

ICHABOD FLAMLEY.

**A JACK OF ALL TRADES.**—In the course of talk with a partial acquaintance the other day, I casually asked him his occupation. He replied that he did not know what it was, for the reason that he was brought up to a farmer until 19 years of age, and then went to keeping district school days, and writing school nights three years. From that, taught select school two terms, grammar school one, and speaking one. He then hired out at \$10 a-month and board, to work in carriage-shop, and continued until they raised his wages to \$20 at which time he was a member of the Eastern Christian Conference, and went to preaching. In 1848 was elected delegate to a State Convention at Utica. Has just completed a carriage worth \$125, having done the woodwork, ironing, and painting himself. Preaches regularly to a church once a-week, and lectures on temperance, slavery, and other subjects other Sabbaths, and has his goods partly packed, purposing to try his fortune in Illinois. "And now Sir, as I work at any or all of these as they come in my way," said he, "you can tell as well as I what my occupation is, or whether I really have any. I have had wages and passed muster at all of them, as many living witnesses can attest, and was, the 2nd day of last November, just 30 years of age."—*New York Tribune*.

**HINTS TO EMIGRANTS.**—Some may profit by reading *Punch's* description this week of "the man who ought not to emigrate."—"The man who cannot shave without hot water, or pull off his boots without a boot-jack; the man who cannot get up without a glass of pale ale in the morning, or go to bed without a 'bashed lobster,' or devilled bones; the man who has never carried anything heavier than his cane, or cut anything stronger than his beard; the man whose only sowing has been limited to his wild oats, and his only reaping to Eisenberg cutting twice a year his corn; the man who has never handled any other bill but a tailor's and only knows what a spade is by seeing it in a pack of cards; the man whose only knowledge of 'hedging' has been derived from the race-course, and of 'harrowing' from a Victoria melodrama; the man who only cares for a horse as something to bet upon, and looks upon sheep as 'creatures from the country' that are fleeced at *carte*; the man who imagines a bull walks on two legs like those he has seen on the Stock Exchange, and whose skill in shooting has been restricted to a few shots at the moon; the man who merely knows a bank and a rake from what he has seen at a *rouge-et-noir* table; the man whose footing in society has always been upon the very best polished leather boots, and whose longest walk in life has been through the Insolvent Debtor's Court; the man who has never known what it is to earn a dir' er, or to enjoy one without *brandy* wines; the man who would think himself degraded if he was seen carrying a parcel;—such a man, of all others, ought not to emigrate. Better far for him to lounge and loll on sofas, and fisp, and smoke, and yawn, in a country that can appreciate him, doing no harder work than digging occasionally in the morning papers, or in the gold districts of his mother's pocket, than to carry those same qualities to a distant land where they would only be thrown away like early purl before Quakers. Such a man, we repeat it, ought to be the very last in England to emigrate!"

#### MR. MALONE,

#### PROFESSOR, ST. ANNE'S COLLEGE,

BEGS to intimate to Parents and Guardians, that he is prepared to receive two or three young Gentlemen as Pupils, to instruct in that department of Civil Engineering, which consists of Railway Surveying, Levelling, Laying-out Curves, Determining the Gradients, the Radii and Tangents of all Curves connected with Railways. Two-half days in each week will be devoted to field operations, and the remainder of the week to inside work, such as Laying down Lines, Plotting, Plan Drawing, Making Sections, and Working Drawings, the Calculation of Areas, and the various Solids which present themselves in Excavations. One year is sufficient for a Pupil of moderate talent. Terms £35 currency per annum, including Board, &c., with the family.

#### ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL, MATHEMATICAL, DAY, BOARD, AND EVENING ACADEMY, 45 ST. JOSEPH STREET, MONTREAL.

THIS ACADEMY being patronized by the Catholic School Commissioners enables the Principal to impart instruction in the above departments on extremely moderate terms, which he warrants to be equal (if not superior) to any school in Canada. He will resume his Evening Classes on the 1st of October next. Book-keeping, by Single or Double Entry, will be thoroughly taught by Lecture. Gentlemen desirous of studying Surveying or Engineering, will find this a good opportunity. References—Rev. Messrs. Piusonault, Prevost, and the Clergymen of St. Patrick's Church.

September 25th, 1852.

W. DORAN, Principal.

#### NEW BOOKS AND NEW EDITIONS, JUST PUBLISHED AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS.

Cottage Conversations. By Mary Monica,	s. d.
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D. & J. SADDLER & Co.,

Corner of Notre Dame & St. Francis Xavier Streets. Montreal, July 21.

#### BROWNSON'S QUARTERLY REVIEW.

Just Received by the Subscribers, BROWNSON'S QUARTERLY REVIEW, FOR OCTOBER.

SUBSCRIPTION, only \$3 a-year. Can be mailed to any part of Canada. Every Catholic should subscribe for a copy of it. D. & J. SADDLER & Co., Agents.

#### INFORMATION WANTED,

OF MARY BRADY, a native of the County Cavan, Parish of Lurgan, Townland of Fartagh, Ireland, who landed in Quebec in June, 1849; came to Montreal in July after; since then there is no account of her. Any information respecting her would be thankfully received by her sister Catherine, by addressing GEORGE MULLEN, No. 3, 38th Street, between First and Second Avenue, New York City; or to this Office.

OF JULIA HAGARTY, daughter to Jeremiah Hagarty, of the Parish of Carnarvon, within five miles of the City of Cork, Ireland. She was left at Lachine sheds in 1847, her father being driven from her by the authorities of the emigrant sheds at Lachine. Address, Jeremiah Hagarty, Pictou, Canada West.

OF MARY GINNETY, who remained after her parents, Patrick and Ellen Ginnety, in Quebec last summer. They came from the parish of Carriekmacross Co., Monaghan, Ireland. The Pastor of St. Patrick's Church, Quebec, would confer a favor on disconsolate parents by inquiring for the above mentioned M. Ginnety. Any information of her whereabouts will be thankfully received by her parents, addressed to the Rev. Mr. Timlin, Cobourg, Canada West.

#### FRANKLIN HOUSE,

BY M. P. RYAN & Co.

THIS NEW AND MAGNIFICENT HOUSE, is situated on King and William Streets, and from its close proximity to the Banks, the Post Office and the Wharves, and its neighborhood to the different Railroad Terminals, make it a desirable Residence for Men of Business, as well as of pleasure.

#### THE FURNITURE

Is entirely new, and of superior quality.

#### THE TABLE

Will be at all times supplied with the Choicest Delicacies the markets can afford.

HORSES and CARRIAGES will be in readiness at the Steamboats and Railway, to carry Passengers to and from the same, free of charge.

THE HOUSE will be OPENED to the Public, on MONDAY, the 10th instant.

#### NOTICE.

The Undersigned takes this opportunity of returning thanks to his numerous Friends, for the patronage bestowed on him during the past three years, and he hopes, by diligent attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.

Montreal, May 6, 1852.

M. P. RYAN.

#### CATHOLIC FEMALE SERVANT'S HOME, AND REGISTRY OFFICE,

13, Alexander Street, Opposite St. Patrick's Church.

JAMES FLYNN, in returning thanks to all those who have patronized him during the past year, hopes to merit a continuance of their kind favors.

FEMALE SERVANTS who can produce certificates of good character, are requested to apply at the Office in Alexander Street.

There is room at present for EIGHT BOARDERS.

#### DR. HALSEY'S

#### GUM-COATED FOREST PILLS.

SUPERFLUITY of Bile may always be known by some unfavorable symptom which it produces, such as sick stomach, headache, loss of appetite, bitter taste in the mouth, yellow tint of the skin, languidness, costiveness, or other symptoms of a similar nature. Almost every person gets bilious, the neglect of which is sure to bring on some dangerous disorder, frequently terminating in death. A single 25 cent box of Dr. Halsey's Gum-coated Forest Pills, is sufficient to keep a whole family from bilious attacks and sickness, from six months to a year. A single dose, from 1 to 3 of these mild and excellent Pills for a child; from 3 to 4 for an adult; and from 5 to 6, for a grown person, carry off all bilious and morbid matter, and restore the stomach and bowels, curing and preventing all manner of bilious attacks, and many other disorders.

#### SALTS AND CASTOR OIL.

No reliance can be placed on Salts or Castor Oil. These, as well as all common purgatives, pass off without touching the bile, leaving the bowels costive, and the stomach in as bad condition as before. Dr. Halsey's Forest Pills act on the gall-duets, and carry off morbid, bilious matter, from the stomach and bowels, leaving the system strong and buoyant—mind clear; producing permanent good health.

#### NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

In 1845, Dr. Halsey's Pills were first made known to the public, under the denomination of "Halsey's Gum-coated Pills." Their excellent qualities soon gained for them a high reputation, and the annual sale of many thousand boxes. This great success excited the avarice of designing men, who commenced the manufacture of common Pills, which they coated with Sugar, to give them the outward appearance of Dr. Halsey's, in order to sell them under the good will Dr. Halsey's Pills had gained, by curing thousands of diseases.

The public are now most respectfully notified, that Dr. Halsey's genuine Pills will henceforth be coated with

#### GUM ARABIC,

an article which, in every respect, supersedes Sugar, both on account of its healing virtues, and its durability. The discovery of this improvement, is the result of a succession of experiments, during three years. For the invention of which, Dr. Halsey has been awarded the only patent ever granted on Pills by the Government of the United States of America.

The Gum-coated Forest Pills presents a beautiful transparent glossy appearance. The well-known wholesome qualities of pure Gum Arabic, with which they are coated, renders them still better than Dr. Halsey's celebrated Sugar-coated Pills.—The Gum-coated Pills are never liable to injury from dampness, but remain the same, retaining all their virtues to an indefinite period of time, and are perfectly free from the disagreeable and nauseating taste of Medicine. In order to avoid all impositions, and to obtain Dr. Halsey's true and genuine Pills, see that the label of each box bears the signature of G. W. HALSEY.

Reader!!! If you wish to be sure of a medicine which does not contain that lurking poison, Calomel or Mercury, purchase HALSEY'S GUM-COATED FOREST PILLS, and avoid all others.

If you desire a mild and gentle purgative, which neither nauseates nor gives rise to griping, seek for HALSEY'S PILLS.

If you would have the most concentrated, as well as the best compound Sarsaparilla Extract in the world, for purifying the blood, obtain Dr. HALSEY'S PILLS.

If you do not wish to fall a victim to dangerous illness, and be subjected to a Physician's bill of 20 or 50 dollars, take a dose of Dr. HALSEY'S PILLS as soon as unfavorable symptoms are experienced.

If you would have a Medicine which does not leave the bowels costive, but gives strength instead of weakness, procure HALSEY'S PILLS, and avoid Salts and Castor Oil, and all common purgatives.

Parents, if you wish your families to continue in good health, keep a box of HALSEY'S PILLS in your house.

Ladies, Dr. HALSEY'S PILLS are mild and perfectly harmless, and well adapted to the peculiar delicacy of your constitutions. Procure them.

Travellers and Mariners, before undertaking long voyages, provide yourself with Dr. HALSEY'S PILLS, as a safeguard against sickness.

Wholesale and Retail Agents:—In Montreal, WILLIAM LYMAN & Co., R. BIRKS, and ALFRED SAVAGE & Co.; Three Rivers, JOHN KEENAN; Quebec, JOHN MUSSON; St. John's, BISSETT & TILTON; Sherbrooke, Dr. BROOKS; Melbourne, T. TATE; St. Hyacinthe, J. B. ST. DENIS. July 2nd, 1852.