THE PRINTER'S MISCELLANY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE PRINTER'S MISCELLANY is issued monthly at \$1.00 per annum, *in advance*, or ten cents per number. Price to apprentices—50 cents per annum, *in advance*.

The name and address of subscribers should be written plainly, that mistakes may not occur. All letters should be addressed to HUGH FINLAY.

St. John, N. B., Canada.

The Printer's Miscellany.

ST. JOHN, N. B., CANADA, JULY, 1879.

FOURTH VOLUME.

The Printer's Miscellany, with this number, enters upon another-the fourth-year of its existence. Its path has not been strewn with roses, and all that, but, nevertheless, its projector has no good reason to complain. The printers of Canada and the United States have given it a cordial support, although, we must own, a larger following was expected. If any complaint is due it is of the meagre support accorded in advertising by those whose interests are all dependent on printers, and whose duty it should be to support and encourage an independent journal devoted to the "art preservative." That they have not done so, has been no willing fault of ours, as we contend that through the Miscellany they have been provided with a medium for bringing their wares before the craft, the equal of which has never been surpassed in this country. We will just add here that large numbers of our subscribers complain that so few manufacturers and dealers in printing plant, etc., make their announcements in its pages. We hope to see this remedied in the incoming volume, as the advertisements are by no means the least interesting portion of the paper. Should our expectations be realized in this respect, the Miscellany will be vastly improved, for we are determined that, in both quantity and quality, it shall be found in the foremost rank of periodicals of its class.

Subscribers are respectfully reminded that their favors are now in order for another year. We must insist upon the payment-in-advance system, as it is practically impossible to collect, after the time has expired, the small sum necessary for a subscription. Therefore, the names of those who have not renewed will be taken off our books after the issue of this number, or unless we hear from them to other effect. It is to be hoped that few will force us to this alternative, as it is our desire to have the *Miscellan*) go into the hands of all members of the craft.

Thus we make our bow for the fourth time,

A FIRST CLASS JOB PRESS.

The "Peerless" Job Press is an immense success, as is shown by the great number sold and now in successful operation in all parts of the country. Its continued use has proved it to be, in every respect, a first class job press; simple, strong, readily understood and easily operated. It is so constructed that every motion is positive; all the parts are interchangeable; and the stain bearing parts are made either of wrought iron or steel, which insures great strength and solidity.

Printers say that the Hinged-Well Ink Fountain for this press is by far the simplest and best working fountain ever attached to a disc press. It can be easily cleaned, and any boy can understand and use it.

Six sizes are manufactured, each one of which will work a full-sized form at fast speed. We give the exact "inside-of-chase" dimensions:-8x12, 9x13, 10x15, 11x16, 13x19, 14x20. Either size can be run with perfect ease by treadle.

J. W. Jones, 14 Sackville street, Halifax, N. S., is agent for the Maritime Provinces.

A NEW RULING MACHINE.

Mr. Brissard, a celebrated French engineer, has invented a cylinder ruling machine, something after the style of the perfecting press, which will rule 4,000 to 6,000 sheets per how on both sides and in two or three colors. Instead of the old fashioned ruling pens he has substituted brass discs. These discs are inked by revolving against a roll of felt containing ink, and the sheet, as it passes under the dis, receives the line. After passing over one cylinder and under the ruling disc, the sheet is reversed as it passes on to the other cylinder, the presenting the second side for the operation of the ruling discs of the upper cylinder. An antomatic feed is used on these machines, so that one man can attend to several machines. Automatic feeding is a great advantage, as in addition to saving labor, it secures regularity and rapidity. This machine can be worked either by hand a steam. Mr. C. Paetow, 8 Old Jewry, E. C, London, England, is sole agent for Great Britan

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