

and the apex. The reniform within the brown outline is of a deeper shade than the surrounding field, and by close examination seems to show a few metallic scales. The metallic colouring is cut near the base by the t. a. line which connects the costa with a triangular blotch at the inner margin near the base as in *Basilodes Howardi*. In the proper light the t. p. line appears as a series of faint dots, invisible when the light is reflected by the metallic scales. Fringes full, alternating two shades of light brown, and divided by a fine line which parallels the outer margin, making the fringes seem double. Secondaries clear white (satiny), a hair line of brown at the extreme outer margin. Described from one specimen labeled "Hot Springs, N. Mexico, 7,000 ft. Alt." Type, male, No. 25975, National Museum, Washington. Expands 31 mm.

I must at once declare that this species is not a *Deva* at all, but is probably an undescribed genus, near *Basilodes*. I cannot risk a description of a genus, however, on account of the condition of the under side of the insect, which is badly smeared with glue. The structure of the front, however, with its long palpi, removes it from *Basilodes*, although I found it in the Museum collection labeled *Basilodes Howardi*, which it so closely resembles. It may rest tentatively with *Deva* until found again.

*Kallitrichia*, gen. nov. (κάλλος, τρίχες, having beautiful hair).—Antennæ simple, slightly serrate, laterally compressed. Clypeus slightly roughened, no tubercle, rounded. Palpi oblique, short, very slightly exceeding the front; first and second joints subequal, third joint half the length of the second; smoothly haired. Eyes naked. Tongue moderate. Thorax smooth. Vestiture short, hairs with a few scales intermingled. Legs: tibiæ without spines, anterior tibiæ with claw at tip. Abdomen smooth. Primaries, costa straight, wing triangular. Secondaries full and rounded.

*Kallitrichia albavena*, spec. nov.—Antennæ brown (white at base and perhaps throughout in fresh specimens). Head, thorax and body white. Primaries metallic green (pale pea green). Costa shows as a rigidly straight heavy white line, uniting at the apex with the white fringes, which in turn join a fine white line which borders the inner margin. Median vein white along the outer half (and perhaps throughout in some specimens, there being a faint indication of such a tendency in the specimen before me). Secondaries pure white (satiny). Described from one female which expands 30 mm. Habitat, Arizona. Type in collection of the author. (Plate, fig. 5.)