

A Temperance Song.

Eliza Cook, Litterateur.

Born, 1818. Died, 1889.

Miss Eliza Cook was the daughter of a respectable London tradesman, and a de-servedly distinguished poetess and literary writer. She was the composer of a ary writer. She was the composer of a number of excellent poems and songs, some of them bearing on the domestic affections and temperance. Her heart-stirring song, 'The Old Arm Chair,' has long been a special favorite in all parts of the world. About the year 1836 her poetry began to appear in some of the London periodicals, and in 1849 she assumed the editorship of a new literary publication, which

cals, and in 1849 she assumed the entorship of a new literary publication, which she issued weekly under the title of 'Eliza Cook's Journal.' Her introductory preface contained an interesting account of some of her own literary experiences, and in resting prices, she thus of her own literary experiences, and in referring to her poetical pieces she thus writes:—The first active breath of nature that swept over my heart-strings awoke wild but earnest melodies, which I dotted down in simple notes; and when I found that others thought the tune worth learning—when I heard my strains hummed that others thought the tune worth learning—when I heard my strains hummed about the sacred altars of domestic firesides, and saw old men, bright women, and young children scanning my ballad strains, then was I made to think that my hurning desire to pour out my soul's measure of music was given for a purpose. My

burning desire to pour out my soul's measure of music was given for a purpose. My young bosom throbbed with rapture, for my feelings had met with responsive echoes from honest and genuine humanity, and the glory of heaven seemed partially revealed, when I discovered that I held power over the affections of earth.'

On account of failing health, Miss Cook discontinued the issue of her journal in the year 1854, to the great regret of its readers. The following excellent song, 'Be Ye Sober,' is a valuable contribution to the cause of temperance by its gifted authoress, and it ought to be widely known and made use of for the promotion of our enterprise. There may often be as much good done by the singing of a temperance song on behalf of temperance teaching, as by the delivery of an address or the preaching of a sermon.

'Be Ye Sober.'

Air-First part only of 'Tell me. Mary, How to Woo Thee.'

'Be ye sober!' if ye covet
Healthy days and peaceful nights,
Strong drink warpeth those who love it,
Into sad and fearful sights.

'Be ye sober!' cheeks grow haggard,
Eyes turn dim, and pulse-tide blood
Runs too fast, or crumbleth laggard,
When there's poison in the flood.

Shun the 'dram' that can but darken, When its vapor gleam has fled, Reason says, and ye must harken, 'Lessened drink brings double bread.'

Though your rulers may neglect ye,
'Be ye sober!' in your strength!
And they must, and shall respect ye,
And the light shall dawn at length.

But let none cry out for freedom,
With a loud and feverish breath;
While they let a foul cup lead them
To the slavery of death.

-- 'League Journal.'

Beer Drinkers Most Dangerous Surgical Subjects

('New Voice.')

Dr. S. S. Thorn, a physician of an experience embracing a period of service in the army, as well as some twenty years' practice in Toledo, said:

'Adulterants are not the important thing in my estimation; it is the beer itself. It stupefies and retards his intellection, because it is a narcotic, and cumulative in its effects. Every man who drinks beer in any quantity soon begins to load himself with soft, unhealthy fat. This is bad, because it is the result of interference with the natural elimination of deleterious substances. No man, no matter what his constitution, can go on long with his system full of the morbid and dead matter which the kidneys and liver are intended to work off. If you could drop into a little circle of doctors, when they are having a quiet, professional chat over mat-'Adulterants are not the important thing having a quiet, professional chat over matters and people in the range of their ex-perience, you would hear enough in a few minutes to terrify you as to the work of

beer.

'One will say, "What's become of Soand-So? Haven't seen him around lately." "Oh, he's dead." "Dead! What was
the matter?" "Beer," Another will say,
"I've just come from Blank's. I'm afraid
it's about my last call on him, poor fellow." "What's the trouble?" "Oh, he's
been a regular beer drinker for years." A
third will remark how — has just gone
out like a candle in a draft of wind.
"Beer" is the reason given. And so on,
until the half dozen physicians have mentioned perhaps fifty recent cases where
apparently strong, hearty men, at a time
of life when they should be in their prime,
have suddenly dropped into the grave.

'To say they are habitual beer drinkers
is a sufficient explanation to any physician.

'The life-insurance companies make a business of estimating men's lives, and can only make money by making correct estimates of whatever influences life. 'Here is the table that they use in calculating how long a normal, healthy man will probably live after a given age:

| | Age | | | | | | | | | Expectation. | | |
|----|-------|--|--|--|----|----|--|--|--|--------------|-------|--|
| 20 | Wears | | | | | | | | | 41.5 | years | |
| 30 | years | | | | | | | | | 34.4 | years | |
| 40 | Wears | | | | | | | | | 20.0 | years | |
| 50 | years | | | | | 35 | | | | 20.2 | years | |
| 60 | vears | | | | 17 | | | | | 13.0 | years | |
| 65 | Vears | | | | | | | | | 11 | years | |

'Now, they expect that a man otherwise 'Now, they expect that a man otherwise healthy, who is addicted to beer drinking, will have his life shortened from 40 to 60 percent. For instance, if he is 20 years old and does not drink beer he may reasonably expect to reach the age of 61. If he is a beer drinker, he will probably not live to be over 35, and so on. If he is 30 years old when he begins to drink beer, he will probably drop off somewhere be-30 years old when he begins to drink beer, he will probably drop off somewhere between 40 and 45, instead of living to 64, as he should. There is no sentiment, prejudice, or assertion about these figures. They are simply cold-blooded business facts, derived from experience, and the companies invest their money upon them just the same as a man pays so many dollars for so many feet of ground or bushels of wheat.

of wheat.
""Beer drinkers are absolutely the most dangerous class of subjects that a surgeon can operate upon." Every surgeon dreads to have anything to do with them. They do not recover from the simplest hurts without a great deal of trouble and dangerous

'Insignificant scratches and cuts are li-able to develop a long train of dangerous troubles. The choking up of the sewers and absorbents of the body brings about blood poisoning and malignant running sores, and sometimes delirium tremens results from a small hurt. It is very dangerous for a beer drinker to even cut his finger. No wound ever heals by "first in-

tention", as it does upon a healthy man, but takes a long course of suppuration, sometimes with very offensive discharges, and all sorts of complications are liable. and all sorts of complications are liable. All surgeons hesitate to perform operations on a beer drinker that they would undertake with the greatest confidence on anyone else. I have told you the frozen truth—cold, calm, scientific facts, such as the profession everywhere recognizes as absolute truths. I do not regard beer drinking as safe for anyone. It is a dangerous, aggressive evil that no one can tamper with with any safety to himself. There is only one safe course, and that is to let it alone entirely.'

Any one of the many articles in 'World Wide' will give three cents' worth of pleasur. Surely, ten or fifteen hundred such articles during the course of a year are well worth a dollar.

'Northern Messenger' subscribers are en-titled to the special price of seventy-five

'World Wide.'

A weekly reprint of articles from leading journals and reviews reflecting the current thought of both hemispheres.

So many men, so many minds. Every man in his own way.—Terence.

The following are the contents of the issue of Jan. 9, of 'World Wide';

ALL TIE WORLD OVE 3.

ALL T.I.E WORLD OVE'L.

'Our Error, Sir'—'Punch, London,
Canada's Missing Province—The 'Sun, New York,
Is Hudson Eay a Closed Sea !—The New York 'Times.'
The Chicago Horror—A Preventable Disaster—American
Papers.
Time for American Industry to Take Notice—The 'Commercial Advertiser,' New York.
Winston Churchil's Criticism of the Tariff Commission—The 'Standard,' London,
In Detence of the Tariff Commission—The 'Times, London,
Post,' New York.
Chamberlain's Press Support—The 'Commercial Advertiser,' New York.
The Ethics of Commerce—J. B., in the 'Christian World'
London.

Yan Tzontcheff, the Macedonian Carthaldi—By A. G.

The Ethics of Commerce - 3. B.; in the London.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE ARTS.

When a Monument is Not a Monument—The 'Pail Mall Gazette, London, A Droll Account of Jimmy'—The 'Illustrated London News.' Art in Furnishing—Color in Decoration—By Mrs. George Tweedie, in the 'Onlooker,' London.

CONCERNING THINGS LITERARY.

The Long Night-Poem, by Katharine Alison Brock, in the 'Sunday Magazine.'
'What I Do Thou Knowest Not Now'-Poem, by Caristian Burke.
The Milton Ma-Exactly what the Much Advertised Treasure is—Cond ansed from the 'Times,' London.
What a Child Wants-By H. Belloc, in the 'Speaker,' London.

London.
Teddy-By F. C., in the 'Westminster Budget.'
How Browning Wrote a Poem-The New York 'Times
Saturday Review.'
The Life of Gladstone-By Canon H. S. Holland, in the
'Commonwealth,' London.

HINTS OF THE PROGRESS OF KNOWLEDGE.

Education and Religion—By Arthur T. Hadley, ht.D., President of Yase University, in the 'Independent,' New York.
Photophone Telegraphy—The 'Sun,' New York.
Water in a Natural Bowl—The Minnespolis 'Journal.'
A Monumental Structure—The 'Scientific American,' New York.
A Sail Shaped like an Umbrella—'Popular Mechanics,' Chicago.
Libraries to be Closed—The 'Wostminster Gazette.'

CUT OUT THIS COUPON.

