MORNING EDITION.

London Advertiser.

ONE CENT PER COPY

VOL. XXVIII., NO. 128. WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 25, 1891. WHOLE NO. 8897.

PARNELL PARLEYING.

O'Shea Said to be Disgusted with the Deposed Leader.

Proposes Repeating His Boulogne Trick.

Crowds Gather to Greet [illegible] at Sligo—Brutal Assault on Healy.

LONDON, March 24.—In a letter to the Park Leadership Committee Parnell says the tone of studied insult and falsehood contained in the statements of Mr. Healy's letter accepting his (Parnell's) challenge that they should both resign their seats in Parliament and come forward as candidates for re-election, debars him from communicating directly with Healy or the latter's friends. He states, however, that he has forwarded his application for the Chiltern Hundreds in Mr. Nolan's hands, requesting that it be referred the moment Healy submits himself before the electors of the divisions of Cork he represents.

Maurice Healy, said yesterday he had not seen Parnell's letter, but if the resignation was genuine he would instantly meet it.

Michael Davitt said Parnell's phrase "as soon as Healy has submitted himself to the judgment of and has gone to his constituents," is a repetition of the Boulogne trick. Parnell wishes to have Healy resign first, and he (Parnell) would then be guided by the result of Healy's fate."

Mr. Sexton, speaking at Sligo, announced Mr. Healy would hand his resignation to Mr. Deasy, the Nationalists whip, so that Nolan and Deasy could apply for the Chiltern Hundreds together.

COOLLY RECEIVED.

DUBLIN, March 24.—Parnell went to Sligo yesterday. His approach was heralded broadcast, but no crowd gathered at the station to greet him. Parnell, in referring to the seceders to his ranks, said he preferred Valentine Dillon to a good portion of the traitors who had deserted the party because Dillon would not run away if the Grand Old Man made faces at him.

At many other meetings Mr. Parnell's difficulty in obtaining a hearing has been so great that the services of the police have frequently been required.

TIMOTHY HEALY ASSAULTED.

Timothy D. Healy, M.P., had a rough experience at Cork yesterday. He had attended the assizes, being interested in a case in which his brother, Maurice Healy, had obtained damages for libel against a member of the Parnellite party. Upon leaving the court Timothy Healy was surrounded by a howling mob and hastily took refuge in the dressing room of the Victoria Hotel. There a man rushed into the room, turned out the light, and then struck Mr. Healy a powerful blow in the face, smashing his eye-glasses into pieces. Mr. Healy was found to have been badly injured, as he had received numerous cuts from the broken pieces of his eye-glasses, the blood was pouring down his face in streams. Healy's assailant was O'Brien Dillon, who was connected with the Tipperary conspiracy.

O'BRIEN AND DILLON.

William O'Brien and John Dillon were transferred from Galway to Cork jail. They were recognized upon their arrival at Cork, and received an ovation from the people.

CONFIDENT OF PARNELL'S DEFEAT.

LONDON, March 24.—Interviews with members of the House of Commons show a general belief that Parnell will not resign until after Healy has resigned. McCarthyites are so confident of Parnell defeat that they urge Healy to make every possible concession to force an early decision.

EVEN KITTY IS DISGUSTED.

LONDON, March 24.—The decree nisi obtained by Capt. O'Shea against his wife will take the character and force of a decree absolute divorce in six weeks, which act is daily increasing discussion of the question whether Mr. Parnell will avail himself of the opportunity offered to make his lady his wife. It has all along been admitted that the couple have intended to be married as soon as they could legally do so, but it is now stated that the wedding is extremely unlikely to take place, not, however, through any disinclination on the part of Mr. Parnell. It is learned upon excellent authority that the objection proceeds from Mrs. O'Shea, who, it is alleged, has become disgusted with Mr. Parnell's conduct and now believes that the gentleman is actuated by higher motive in wishing to become her husband than to obtain possession of her fortune to bolster up his personal cause.

THE TIMES' ADVICE.

LONDON, March 24.—The Times says it is well having announced that he had sent his application for the Chiltern Hundreds to Mr. Nolan, Mr. Healy has sent his application to Sir Thomas Esmonde for the simultaneous presentation with that of Parnell's. The Times says a contest in Cork must follow unless Parnell tries to escape by pleading some flaw in the procedure of his opponent. If he decides to fight it is the plain duty of the Unionists to join in the coming battle with the Conservatives. The Conservatives should therefore start a candidate. In the division of the forces lies the Unionists' opportunity.

NEWFOUNDLAND'S CASE.

The British Government Decline to Propose to Pay Bounties to the Fishermen.

Vogel writes proposing that the Government pay bounties to Nfld's fishermen similar to the French pay. The Times thinks the proposal will be worthy of discussion when every other peaceful effort has failed.

J. P. Hennessey, after Mr. Smith's in the House of Commons yesterday, to postpone raising any further discussion on the Newfoundland question until Easter. The Liberals generally take the view.

Eviction of Crofters.

LONDON, March 25.—Dispatches from Stornoway state that last night a band of crofters of Lewis Island marched from Point of the island to the other, crossing their march three miles, arriving at Park forest, from which they had been evicted in order to make room for a deer preserve. The crofters upon their return at the forest entrenched themselves in the ruins which represented their former homes, the buildings having been torn down by the proprietor of the land. They pitched a camp and announce they intend to cultivate the land formerly held by them, and that they are prepared to resist force any attempt to oust them.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Interview with the Government Leader in the Commons.

He Repudiates Any Wish to Coerce the Colonists, and Hopes for a Peaceful Settlement of the Trouble.

LONDON, March 25.—A deputation of merchants engaged in trade with Newfoundland visited William Henry Smith, the Government leader in the House of Commons, yesterday. Mr. Smith, in addressing them, repudiated any desire on the part of the Government to coerce the people of Newfoundland. The British Government, he said, was bound by treaties, and when the other party held views so strongly as France did, there was no alternative but arbitration or war. The Newfoundlanders thought the terms of arbitration were injurious to their interest. The Government was prepared to hear their views in the matter. But it must be remembered the conditions of the arbitration were imparted to the colony before they were agreed to by the Imperial Government, which, being responsible for the peace of the Empire, must be responsible for the conditions underwhich it endeavored to procure the settlement of an extremely difficult subject. In regard to the objections, omissions and admissions of the treaty a basis of arbitration must be agreed upon between the parties. The French contention could not be ignored. One gentleman had objected to limitation of the arbitration. He himself desired it should be extended to include all points of difference, but the Government had every hope that as the arbitration proceeded a decision might be arrived at regarding the most important points of difference. When once the rights of the respective parties were ascertained it might be possible to enter into negotiations to settle difficulties which had existed more than a century. The Government contemplated the probability of arriving at a decision as to other rights which he admitted had been painful subjects of the Newfoundlanders and had undoubtedly much impeded the developing of the resources of the colony. Referring to the necessity of the modus vivendi in view of the approach of the fishing season, he said a most inflammatory document had been circulated on the west coast of Newfoundland, and was likely to seriously imperil the peace. This showed the urgency of the case and the danger to which the colony was exposed by resistance to an arrangement directed solely to securing the interests of the Newfoundlanders. It was perfectly true that it re-enacted old powers, but simply with a view to securing peace and averting the terrible consequence which would result from a breach thereof. The Imperial Government was compelled, much against its will, to insure the performance of the treaty obligations by the Local Legislature. The Government did not desire to interfere in the internal concerns of the colony, but while the treaty remained unrevised it must be respected by all the Queen's subjects, wherever they might be. It had been a source of great sorrow that repeated requests to the Newfoundland Government had failed of their object. Successive governments in England had done their best to mitigate the undeniable inconvenience, harrassing all existing conditions in Newfoundland. He could only hope that good counsels would prevail, and that the colony would take steps to obviate the necessity of action on the part of the Imperial Government.

The Chronicle declares that the Government had a strong objection to receiving the deputation of merchants engaged in the Newfoundland trade, and it only acceded to pressure brought to bear in the matter in order to avoid inflaming the excited feeling in the colony.

A TERRIBLE FATE.

Three Men Burned to Death and Two Fatally Injured.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., March 24.—An explosion occurred yesterday afternoon in the yard of the Tidewater Oil Refining Company at Constable Hook by which three men were burned to death and two others fatally burned. The victims were John Hayes, Michael Haley, George Gregory, John Anderson and John Gallagher.

Britain and Portugal.

LONDON, March 25.—The Portuguese have declared a state of siege in Manicaland, South Africa, part of which territory is the scene of the operations of the British South Africa Company, between which company and the Portuguese authorities there is much hostility. It is believed in official circles in London that if this reported action of the Portuguese is true it will result in a further strain of the relations between Great Britain and Portugal. It is stated the purpose of the Portuguese is to coerce the English who have settled in Manicaland.

Salvation Army Courtship.

It is not generally known that when anyone wishes to become an officer in the Salvation Army he has to answer the following catechism: "Have you ever been a backslider, and if so, for how long, and why? Are you in debt? If so, why? How much? How long owing? What for? Are you courting? If so, give name and address of the person. How long have you been engaged? What is the person's age? How long enrolled as a soldier? (or, if not enrolled at all). Has the person applied for the work? If not, when does the person intend doing so? Do you understand that you may not be allowed to marry until three years after your appointment as an officer, and do you engage to abide by this? If you are not courting, do you pledge yourself to abstain from anything of the kind during training, and for at least twelve months after your appointment as a commissioned field officer? Do you pledge yourself never to commence, nor to allow to commence, or break off anything of the sort, without first informing your divisional officer, or headquarters, of your intention to do so? Do you pledge yourself never to marry anyone—marriage with whom would take you out of the Army altogether?"

Hood's Sarsaparilla has the largest sale of any medicine before the public. Any honest druggist will confirm this statement.

Every housekeeper should use Strong's Baking Powder. Test its merit by securing a free sample package at Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. This powder is sold at 25 cents per pound, and is unequaled in purity and strength. 24tf

ELECTION FRAUDS.

Crooked Work in South Wentworth.

Barefaced Attempt to Steal Mr. Landerkin's Seat.

PALPABLE FRAUD.

OWEN SOUND, March 24.—At the recount of ballots cast in the last South Grey campaign held here yesterday there was developed one of the most diabolical political plots that has ever been perpetrated in the Dominion of Canada. It will be remembered that Dr. Landerkin, the Reform candidate, was declared elected by a majority of 46 by the returning officer. This majority at the recount to-day was reduced to 3. The method adopted only failed of success owing to the gains made in the polling districts, the ballots of which had not been tampered with. The ballot boxes of polling districts Nos. 1, 10, 16, 18, 21, 35 and 37 had been opened, the envelopes containing the ballots cast for Dr. Landerkin carefully opened and 26 marked ballots abstracted, the parties substituting therefor 26 ballots with forged initials, marked for Blythe, the Tory candidate. The envelopes were then resealed and placed back in the box, which was then ready for the recount. By this dodge Blythe would have had a majority of six, but, as stated before, this majority was wiped out and Dr. Landerkin will again take his seat as representing South Grey. The envelopes bore in their backs unmistakable evidence of having been tampered with. In justice to the returning officer, Mr. G. F. McCaul, and his deputies, it must be said their declarations in all the cases named were properly made, but the fact that the number of ballots in the several parcels does not correspond with the sworn statements of the deputy returning officers makes it imperative that they at once place themselves right with the public. That a most gross fraud was perpetrated is beyond doubt, and vigorous steps are now being taken to ferret out the guilty parties and bring them to justice. The great bulk of the Conservative party in South Grey are honest men, who are not for one moment to be associated with such work as this, and it is simply an outrage that such a man as Mr. McCaul should be placed in such a painful position through the practices of a ruffianly gang, who, if they get their just deserts, will shortly be shouting loyalty and serving her Majesty in Kingston. Judge Morrison, before whom the recount was held, expressed himself as satisfied that gross frauds had been perpetrated, and suggested to Mr. Kilbourn, who appeared for Dr. Landerkin, that the certificate be not issued until he had time to ascertain whether he had the power to reject the substituted ballots, but as Dr. Landerkin, Mr. McCaul and those engaged in the recount wished to return home, it was deemed advisable to close the matter up. Mr. Blythe, the defeated candidate, although in town all day, did not once put in an appearance at the re-count.

CROOKED WORK IN SOUTH WENTWORTH.

In one case in South Wentworth a person came into the booth, received a ballot in due form, retired and marked it, and returning, gave the ballot to the deputy returning officer. The deputy returning officer said the man must be sworn, and on his refusal to take the oath marked on the counterfoil, "This man refuses to be sworn," and put the ballot in the "rejected" envelope. In the case of the same deputy a man came in and voted for Carpenter. In the afternoon another man came in and announced himself as the person in whose name the other had voted. The deputy professed to know the man and gave him a ballot which was marked and deposited. There were thus 139 ballots in the box with only 138 accounted for in the poll books. In one case a ballot marked X against Carpenter's name and O against Middleton was counted.

STRIKING ARGUMENTS.

WINNIPEG, March 25.—At a meeting in Portage constituency held at Elm River Monday night there were lively scenes. W. J. Cooper, who was speaking against Hon. Mr. Martin, got into an altercation with one of Martin's supporters, named Smith. Cooper slapped Smith's face, whereupon the latter threw a pail of water over Cooper. The meeting, which had been called by Conservatives, broke up in disorder.

Essex North.

The official returns from North Essex show the following majorities:

	McGregor	Patterson
Windsor	277	..
Sandwich Town	41	..
Sandwich East	..	1
Sandwich West	118	..
Maidstone	54	..
Rochester	96	..
Tilbury West	221	..
Belle River	43	..
Total	850	1

Majority for McGregor (Lib.), 849.

Total ballots marked	5,006
Spoiled	46
Rejected	25
Total good votes	4,935

NOTES.

Mr. Laurier has accepted an invitation to attend the annual banquet of the Hamilton Young Liberals on April 2.

Mr. C. P. Chisholm is the Liberal candidate for the vacancy in the Nova Scotia Legislature for Antigonish.

Proceedings in the recount in King's county, N.B., where Hon. Mr. Foster was elected, have been dropped.

Mr. Howlan, who resigned his seat in the Senate to become a candidate for the Commons in Prince county, P. E. I., and was there defeated, has now been reappointed to the Senate.

The recount of the ballots cast in the Carleton election has not been finished. So far Mr. Dickinson is two ahead, but there are 70 doubtful ballots, on which the judge will hear argument.

The Queen's Horses Cruelly Treated.

LONDON, March 24.—The discovery has been made that Queen Victoria's coachmen, acting under royal orders, habitually use the cruel bearing rein which lovers of horses have been for years endeavoring to abolish. The fact that the Queen is a patron of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is held by irreverent radicals to aggravate the offense, and the society is actually being urged to prosecute her Majesty.

Struck With Lightning

Neatly describes the position of a hard or soft corn when Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor is applied. It does its work so quickly and without pain that it seems magical in action. Try it. Recollect the name—Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Sold by all druggists and dealers everywhere.

THE WORKING WORLD.

Indianapolis Painters Secure Better Pay.

Halifax Carriage-Makers Defeated—Railway Companies and the Elections.

The Halifax carriage-makers' strike has ended. The men returned to work, ten hours a day, at the old wages.

The strike at the Atlantic mills in Providence, R. I., is ended, an amicable agreement having been reached.

The Vulcan iron works in Richmond, Va., have been closed. The company wanted to pay their employes monthly, and the men insisted upon being paid semi-monthly.

The strike of the journeymen painters in Indianapolis is ended. The masters conceded the eight-hour day and raised the wages 2½ cents over last year's schedule. The journeymen agreed to allow the masters to employ some non-union men and take as many apprentices as they see fit.

The London Times says the Prince of Wales recently expressed his readiness to preside over the deliberations of the Labor Commission, but the Government thought it inexpedient for him to do so in view of the probability of there being much difference of opinion brought out by the inquiry.

The striking weavers in the Arlington mills at Lawrence, Mass., refuse to return to work unless some compromise can be made whereby they will receive the wages heretofore paid, and not be compelled to run four looms instead of three. The weavers claim that under the new wages will be reduced and they must perform more work.

The Socialist strike organization in Hamburg has suffered a severe defeat in the collapse of the cigarmakers' strike after it has cost the Workingmen's Society 395,000 marks. The Hamburg organization was considered to be the most perfectly organized and the strongest body of workingmen under the Socialists' influence.

The Hamilton (Ont.) Trades and Labor Council, at its recent meeting discussed, among other matters, the interference of employers with their men during election contests, and passed the following resolution: "Whereas, the manufacturers, railroads and other employers of labor of the city of Hamilton, during the elections, have by concerted action attempted to interfere with the full and untrammeled expression of their workmen's franchise by threats, intimidation and undue influence; resolved, that this Trades and Labor Council calls upon all workingmen in future to organize and resist as one man any and all attempts to interfere with their sacred rights as free and independent citizens, and that this council condemns in unmeasured terms the above-mentioned action as inimical to the best interests of society and the State, and as being contrary to British liberty; and, further, that this council suggests, as a remedy for the practices complained of, that canvassing or soliciting votes be made a criminal offense."

THE SENSUOUS IN WORSHIP.

Interesting Discussion at the Toronto Ministerial Association's Meeting.

TORONTO, March 24.—"The Sensuous in Public Worship" was the theme for discussion at the Ministerial Association yesterday morning. Rev. G. M. Milligan, while deprecating all extremes, believed that the sensuous had its province in public worship. The Roman Catholic Church could teach them much in the way of bringing all the people into a worshipful attitude. He did not like Beecher's method of coming out on a plain platform. Rev. A. M. Phillips did not think that the formalities spoken of were all needful, though they might be permissible. The vital necessity was that the divine and human should come together and be known of each other. Rev. Dr. Hunter talked especially of church music. If he were a young man beginning again he would have only a chorus choir and do away with all high class anthems and operatic singing. Sometimes a solo went to the heart, but there was great danger in those things. Rev. S. A. Macdonald stirred the risibilities of the association by telling of the plain, old-fashioned church where he worshiped as a lad. It had cracked walls and tin pails hung from the leaking joints of the stovepipes, but the eloquent old Highlander, John Ross, was there. There was not much sensuousness in that; and while it was nice to hear a woman trill and then a man respond in deep base, then the two meet and two more come in and then all hop, skip and jump with words that the congregation did not understand, he did not like to hear it on Sunday.

Drank Himself to Death.

TORONTO, March 24.—John Morgan, pensioner, aged 61 years, arrested yesterday morning on the charge of vagrancy, appeared in the Police Court and was fined $1 and costs or 60 days. He went to the cells again to await being taken to jail, and died within half an hour. He had drunk himself to death.

Business Embarrassments.

TORONTO, March 25.—The following assignments are officially announced: London—Edmund Palmer, tobacconist. St. Thomas—Jas. N. Davis, wood dealer; W. H. McCully, furniture, etc. Toronto—John Ritchie, jun., real estate. Windsor—Wm. E. Wear, tobacconist, assigned to J. C. Iler, Windsor.

The New Orleans Outrage.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 24.—The grand jury returned two indictments in blank yesterday. They are for attempting to bribe jurors and are supposed to be against McChrystal and Cooney, the two men previously indicted. The only new feature is the indictment of D. D. O'Malley as an accessory before the fact in the above cases.

NEW ORLEANS, March 24.—Governor Nicholls telegraphs to Secretary Blaine, in regard to the lynching, that the sheriff has made his return of the facts to the proper court. The judge, therefore, has charged the grand jury, now in session, in regard to the matter, and the whole subject is under investigation. He says he is satisfied most of the persons killed were American citizens, but it is probable that two or three were Italian subjects.

Tested by Time.—For Throat Diseases, Colds and Coughs, BROWN'S BRONCHICAL TROCHES have proved their efficacy by a test of many years. The good effects resulting from the use of the Troches have brought out many worthless imitations. Obtain only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. 25 cents a box.

CURTLY CHRONICLED.

News of the Day Without Note or Comment.

A Walkerton Man Gets Fourteen Years for Barn-Burning—A Hamilton Boy Shot.

CANADIAN.

The estate of the late E. O. Bickford, of Gorevale, who died on the 12th inst., is worth $1,500,000.

Patrick Hogan, 13 years of age, was in the Toronto Police Court Monday for the fourth time for larceny.

Rev. Wm. Morton, one of the best known Methodist ministers in Canada died last evening in Hamilton.

Montreal's death record for the past week is unusually high. The number was 103 as against 85 last week.

At Walkerton yesterday Donald McLeod, of Kincardine township was sentenced to fourteen years for barn-burning.

Hamilton having gone out of the fair business, the old Crystal Palace building is to be torn down and the material sold.

The First Presbyterian Church, St. Marys, extended a unanimous call to the Rev. T. A. Cosgrove, of Port Hope, to-day.

At the coroner's inquest at Belleville last night, James Kane was committed for trial at next Assizes on the charge of murdering his wife.

The bankrupt stock of McLachlan & Co., Montreal, was sold yesterday. The total value was $109,739, and it was sold at 65¼ cents on the dollar.

The sealing steamer Neptune has arrived at St. Johns, Nfld., with a catch of 32,000 seals. She reports that ten other vessels have secured 159,000 seals.

A bill is being distributed in Hamilton announcing a reward of $2,000 and free pardon (to any but the real offender) for the arrest of the Hyslop murderer.

An Indian conference will be held at Toronto on May 15 to discuss with their white brethren their present position as a people and their future prospects.

A subject of great public interest just now in Toronto is the quo warranto proceedings to unseat Mayor Clarke. The argument was concluded yesterday.

It is estimated at the census office of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, that enumerators required for taking the census will number between 4,000 and 5,000.

A new Government steamer for the British Columbia marine and lighthouse service is under construction at Paisley, Scotland. It will sail for Victoria about July 1.

Tanner, late United States consul at Pictou, N. S., who fled from the Province to escape prosecution on a charge of attempted assault on a little girl, is reported to be under arrest in Boston.

Harry Burrows, a Hamilton lad, was shot in the neck on Tuesday by a companion named Catton, and is in a critical condition. The boys were playing with an old revolver they had bought at a second-hand store.

Provincial Treasurer Harcourt presented his first financial statement to the House yesterday, and there was a debate subsequently between Messrs. H. E. Clarke, Jos. Tait, G. F. Marter, G. B. Smith, Dr. Wylie and E. J. Davis.

The suit brought at Toronto by the Cobban Manufacturing Company against the Canadian Pacific Railway to recover $1,600 for damage done to plate glass while in transit has not been decided owing to the disagreement of the jury.

The Montreal civic delegation, who went to England in connection with the civic loan, obtained £340,000 for six months at 3½ per cent., and ½ per cent. commission from Messrs. Coates, acting for the National Bank of Scotland.

A large area of the lower part of Belleville, Ont., was flooded yesterday, and much damage was caused by the rush of ice from the upper portion of the river. Much injury was occasioned to stocks of merchants stored in their cellars.

Herbert C. Capewell, who want to Montreal in 1889 and representing himself as a capitalist, is alleged to have obtained from John C. Watson & Co. $2,913 40 worth of wall paper under felonious pretenses, was arrested yesterday in Toronto. Four years ago Capewell was proprietor of a Front street store in Toronto and failed for $60,000, paying about 25 cents on the dollar.

At a large gathering of Italians last evening in Toronto, the statements of Michael Basso, published in the press, to the effect that the Italians of Canada were willing to take part in a possible uprising for the purpose of avenging the massacre of Italians in New Orleans, were repudiated and resolutions passed professing entire confidence in the ability and disposition of the Italian Government to secure satisfaction by diplomatic methods.

UNITED STATES.

A soap manufacturing company has been organized at Houston, Tex., with a capital of $15,000,000.

The body of Lawrence Barrett was interred in the family lot in Central Cemetery at Cohassett, Mass., beside the remains of his father and mother yesterday.

Michael Burns, Ed. Burns, James Morris and Jos. Plummer were struck by an express train near Hopewell, N. J., last night. The two former were killed, and the two latter seriously injured.

The State Department at Washington has decided that it will not treat with Newfoundland separately in regard to reciprocity and the fisheries, but only in conjunction with Canada.

Sir Julian Pauncefote was in conference with the State Department authorities at Washington for several hours yesterday. There is reason to believe that the subject under consideration was the proposed reciprocity treaty with Newfoundland.

FOREIGN.

The Italian Government meditates taking steps to check emigration to America.

It is reported at St. Petersburg that large quantities of diamonds have been discovered in North Lapland.

The fund for the relief of the sufferers by the loss of the steamer Utopia now amounts to £1,150. This includes £200 from the Italian Government.

The London News' Paris correspondent says, in regard to the New Orleans lynching, the Italian Government maintains that as prisoners they were entitled to be defended while in prison. Although proclaimed innocent they were not defended;

BEEF, IRON AND WINE.

An Elegant and Efficient Tonic for Enriching the Blood, Giving Tone and Vigor to the Entire System.

This preparation is especially recommended to those whose duties entail an amount of labor in excess of their energies. It can be taken with impunity by the most delicate female or child.

Price 50 Cents per Bottle.

Cairncross & Lawrence,

256 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

therefore, the Italian Government formally demanded punishment of the mob's leaders and indemnity for the families of the men slain.

The Marquis di Rudini, the Italian Premier, and Lord Dufferin, the British Minister at Rome, have exchanged protocols delimiting the British and Italian spheres in East Africa.

The police of Rome searched a number of Anarchists' houses and seized papers showing that Italian, French, German and Spanish Anarchists are concerting to give their May day manifesto a political character.

Prompt vengeance has fallen upon Ramaisatra, Governor of Belanona, Madagascar, who recently massacred 278 persons. Ramaisatra, with his brother, who is supposed to have instigated the massacre, have been executed on the spot where the wholesale killing took place.

THE COURTS.

A Murder Case at Kingston—Bruce Assizes.

KINGSTON, Ont., March 24.—The assizes opened here yesterday with Justice Rose presiding. An action to assess the damages in a seduction case, Upfold vs. Mouldy, attracted a great crowd to the court room, but as the offense was admitted by the defendant no evidence was taken except that of the girl in question, Sarah Upfold. The jury awarded the plaintiff, the girl's father, $300 damages.

Sharbet, the Indian accused of murdering a child, whose life it would appear was one of torture, realizes his position keenly. His mother and wife are here. The wife is the leading witness, but she may not be allowed to testify. To a reporter she said: "Me don't want to see Peter hung; sooner see him sentenced to penitentiary."

In the case of Laidley and Stone, G. T. R. telegraph operators, charged with manslaughter in causing the death of Norton Clow in a railway collision, some important evidence in favor of the defendants will, it is said, be forthcoming.

BRUCE SPRING ASSIZES.

WALKERTON, March 24.—The Spring Assizes opened here yesterday, Justice Falconbridge presiding. The civil list contains eight cases and the criminal docket six charges. Mr. Carscallen, of Hamilton, conducts the Crown business. The grand jury returned a true bill against D. McLeod, charged with setting fire to a barn. Two cases against the Ontario Mutual Insurance Company were settled out of court.

UNDER THE SEMAPHORE.

One hundred and twenty-five roads have reported net earnings for January aggregating $13,972,540, against $12,464,056 in 1890, an increase of $1,503,484, or 12.1 per cent.

Since the middle of February the Grand Trunk shops at Point St. Charles have been turning out engines at the rate of one a week. In the next six months fifteen more new engines will be built there. The Canadian locomotive and machine shops at Kingston have an order for ten, which will be turned out at the rate of one a week. By next October the shops at Point St. Charles will build ten new cars, such as are run on the elevated railway in New York, and a special engine for the new belt line at Toronto. The G. T. R. is also commencing to build box freight cars having a capacity of 60,000 pounds.

Fighting Between British and Venezuelan Forces.

PUERTO CABELLO, March 24.—The first fight has taken place between the Venezuelans and the English on the frontier of British Guinea.

EPPS'S COCOA — GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly-nourished frame."—[Civil Service Gazette.] Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets by grocers, labeled—"JAMES EPPS & Co. Homœopathic Chemists, London, Eng." zyx

To insure satisfactory results Strong's Baking Powder should always be used, as all baking powders are not of uniform strength and some are not pure. This powder is made fresh daily and sold only at Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street; price, 25 cents per pound. 24tf

NEW YORK STORE

A few Boxes Left of Finest of the Season's

FIGS

E. B. SMITH

125 Dundas Street