Canada must unite together to deliver themselves from se degrading and galling a vassalage. The Lower Canadians take good care to protest egainst Upper Canadian interference in their local affairs, and Upper Canadian members from a sense of courtesy and propriety, in case of a split amongst their Eastern colleagues on such matters, as a general thing either refrain from voting, or vote according to the feelings of the majority. But with them the thing is reversed—they are hauled in by the Government to overbalance the Upper Canada majority, just as a steamboat captain moves his weighte from side to side to steady his vessel. Such a state of things can dy his vessel. Such a state of things can not continue. We don't care how amiable not continue. We don't care how amiable or kind, or good a people they may be (we doubt not that they are all the Mirror describes them to be, and we are not quite so ignorant of their character as the Mirror seems to consider us.) they ought not, we again repeat, be allowed to legislate on matter quiely lines Canadian against the urely Upper Canadian, against th

matters purely Upper Canadian, against the will of the Representatives of this section.

As to their action in Lord Metcalfe's time, on which the Mirror lays so much stress, and for which he considers them artifled to see purch praise, if he will read the Pilot of those days and the opinions therein recorded by the Hon. Mr. Hincks, then its Editor, of the Hon. Mr. Carron hi present colleague, and other prominent Lower Canadians, he will be apt to change his mind. There was far, very far, from being the incorruptible fi-lelity displayed by those gentlemen which the Mirror claims to give them credid for: on the contrato give them credid for; on the contrary, they were perfectly willing as Mr. Caron's letters show, to join Lord Metcalfe's.
Tory Cabinet, if they could be permitted to
do as they pleased in their own section of
the Province, and let the Tories do the
same in Unper Canada. This Lord Metcalfe and his Ministry would not consent to,
and thus the matter ended. If the Mirrowill see to the Filts to will. will tuen to his files of the Pilot be w receive a great deal of valuable information of which he appears at present to stand much in need.—Norfolk Messenger:

## THE PEOPLE BEGINNING TO SPEAK

OUT.
The following handed us for insertion furnishes proof positive that Canadians are not the men to submit to the yoke of slavery

the men to submit to the yoke of slavery without a struggle. They are beginning speak, and when the period for action at the hustings arrive, they will assuredly act.

At a meeting of the fresholders and householders of School Section No. 12 in the township of Brantford, called by the Trustees on Friday the third inst. at 5 P. M., for the purpose of considering the present School Act, and conducting other business connected with the School, Mr. Amos G. Batson having been elected Chairman, and David Baptie, Secretary, the minor business concerning the echool having been dispen-sed with, the principal business of the Meetconsidered attentively, the following resolu-tions were put and carried unanimously:— Moved by George Smith, second by James

in common schools is the base of the future happiness or misery of the people of this country, it is the opinion of this meeting, that a law for the organization, government and discipline of such schools is infinitely and discipline of such schools in the such schools in the schools in the school scho people's undivided attention than any other

Moved by Nelson Batson, seconded by Resolved, That as parents are the natural tutors of their children, and possess the right to say who shall teach and what shall tought them; the School law passed dur

Resolved, That this meeting, whilst they consider the school law as a direct -attempt to introduce a system of Prussian despotism into the management of the common schools of Canada, and as a cunningly devised plan to effect the subversion of the liberties of the people, feel that the clause compelling the Trustees of each school section to take the people develed the education, is a hypocological properties of the people develed the education, is a hypocological properties of the people develed the education, is a hypocological properties of the people develed to education, is a hypocological properties of the people of the

sympathize with the teachers of Canada West in the attempt made by the framer or framers of the school law to reduce them to out the province to unite themselves to-gether in associations, not only for the purpose of asserting and maintaining their own rights, but also for discussing, in concert with the people in the various localities, the

ing transmit a copy of the above resolutions to the Brantford Horald, Separation

DAVID BAPTIE. Secretary.

An American paper says, "When you see a gentleman at midnight, sitting on the step in front of his house, combing his hair with the door scraper, you may conclude he has been out at an evening party."

Mr. Layard, in excavating beneath the great pyramid at Nimroud, has penetrated a mass of masonry, within which he has dis-covered the tomb and statute of Sardanapalus, with full annals of that monarch's reign, engraved on the walls. altogether on the abourd conclusion that Tories and Radicale are all alike bad—all alike faithless



# HURON SIGNAL

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1850.

WHERE ARE WET

THERE is a strange restlessness—an anxio dering and enquiring-a sort of unsatisfied heaving of opinion visible throughout the whole refer party of Canada at present. It seems as if the platform on which its members had formerly met had been unexpectedly kicked from under the feet, and as if they were all puzzled and perplexed to discover something to stand upon. It is an awkward state of affairs, and the longer it is allowed to continue, the more difficult and perplex ing will the difficulty become. Every thinking man has a theory or a hobby peculiarly his own, and he finds no difficulty in persuading himsel that his hobby is just as good and as easily ridder as any other man's hobby. And unless some ra-tional method can be adopted for the purpose of testing the real value of these various hobbies, and of ascertaining how many of them can con sistently pull in one carriage where we could all jump in, it will turn out a very ludicous hobby race, in which it is probable that even the foremost will be only second best! Or, in plainer language, if every man of the party con tinues to push forward his own peculiar panacea for the political evils of the Province, with as much confidence as if he were inspired, or as if le was the only man who was capable of advanmust be remembered that there are no conflicting opinins—no rival hobbies in the ranks of the To-

ries. They have but one hobby, and it is the common property of every man in the party .-John Prince may, to fill up the time, amuse him self and excite the curiousity of the credulous by propounding some very extravagant theory about Canadian Independence! William H. Boulton may gratify his fun-and-frolic propensities, by asonishing the green-horns with impracticable visions of revolutionary changes! and William Cavley may endeavor to hammer capital out of an unpopular Provincial Tariff; or, out of the more Important feet that the Provincial Expenditure is extravagant beyond all reasonable calculation, when compared with the very limited commercial and financial business of the country! Bu these men are all good, stausch Tories, and however far they may appear to depart from the good old beaten path of Toryism, there is "a method in their madness," and so soon as they succeed vorite hobby, called Let us in! This is the one object-the beginning, middle, and end of the Moved by George Smith, second by James
Patterson, and.

Resolved, That as the education received

or radical, is aware that the Reform party has a Mesotred, That as the oducation received in common schools is the base of the future policy which it is anxious to have carried happiness or misery of the people of this out for the benefit of the country. He is aware shirk the cause which they promised to advocate and which they are paid for advocating-hower. er far or bitterly they may disappoint the thou sands who have reposed confidence in them, yes, though they should become more Tory than the Tories; yet neither the leaders nor the Lelislature, nor the Ministry, are the Reform party .-And every man we say, is aware that the party observer must be struck with the fact, that the cantile and professional men, and men of wealth

what is just and right, insulting to the good sense of the community, and humiliating and degrading to a free people.

Moved by Isaac B. Connor, seconded by We speak of the Reform party, we was to include every man who is intelligent enough to be honest, and has an interest in cheap Government and equitable laws. In taking a careful survey cation of daring falsehoods, which Mr. Clark and the cation of daring falsehoods, which Mr. Clark and Clark and cation of daring falsehoods. William Fike.

Resolved, That this meeting, whilst they of the two parties called Radical and Tory, the others, had felt called on a few days previously Trustees of each school section to take a journal devoted to education, is a hypocritical scheme to extend the circulation of a certain newspaper, and an insult which no patriot and freemen should tolerate for an instant.

—the other party also includes a large number of these, but the difference between the working-men disregard of truth, and such a solitary case of men of the Radical party and the working-men of the Tory party, is so remarkable that it cannot escape the attention of even the superficiely large and the particular to take patric morals;

but he hoped that such isolated instances of a disregard of truth, and such a solitary case of men of the Tory party, is so remarkable that it cannot escape the attention of even the superficiely large. stant.

Moved by Thos. Renwick, seconded by J.

observer. The Radical tradesmen or peasant is math.

a shrewd, thinking and well informed man, who Smyth.

Resolved, That on due consideration of the baneful effects which must ensue from the prolonged existence of the present act relative to common schools, this meeting pledge themselves to use all constitutions in means to procure its immediate ropeal, and means to procure its immediate repeal, and or hanger-os, who never was proprietor of half a cases out of twenty, a poor, ignorant, lickspittal, or hanger-os, who never was proprietor of half a cases out of as a provided with the happy manuer is which he dealt out his sareasm. And in particular we cordially agreed with Mr. Clark's view the protonged existence of the present act relative to common schools, this meeting pledge themselves to use all constitutions in the property and injustice of charging the present the outrageous extravagance of such property and injustice of charging the present the outrageous extravagance of such property and injustice of charging the protonged existence of the property and injustice of charging the property and injustice of charging the property and injustice of charging the property and the manuel of the more property and the property and the more property and the prope call upon their fellow-subjects throughout the province to cooperate with them in procuring the abolition of a law so repugprocuring the abolition of a law so repug-nant to the feelings of freemen.

Moved by James Patterson, seconded by Archibald Campbell.

That this meeting, whilst they rchibald Campbell.

Resolved, That this meeting, whilst they of the ordinary course of nature, and not to be accounted for on any other principle than that of gross ignorance or lack of independence. We west in the attempt made by the framer or framers of the school law to reduce them to the position and condition of mere tools in the hands of a Chief Superintendent, feel bound to call upon teachers generally through the province to unite themselves to certain policy in view, nor doubt that that policy certain policy in view, nor doubt that that policy certain policy in view, nor doubt that that policy certain policy in view, nor doubt that that policy certain policy in view, nor doubt that that policy certain policy in view, nor doubt that that policy certain policy in view, nor doubt that that policy certain policy in view, nor doubt that that policy certain policy in view, nor doubt that that policy certain policy in view, nor doubt that the Reference. if carried into effect, would be for the general benefit of the country, because the party who contends for it may almost with propriety be with the people in the various localities, the means necessary to be used, and steps to be called the country. But no man ever dreams of taken to obtain a school law which would be agreeable, to the wishes of the people.

Moved by John Connor, seconded by Wm. Morley.

Resolved, that the Secretary of this meeting the second of the second cy. We have all heard of certain pet messures. such, for instance, as the endowment of a partic

wlar sectarianism—the protection, by Legislative enactment, of certain interests, annuities or sincourse, and the eternal perpetuation of a deep, impassable gulph between those who work and those who do not work. These and like measures we have all heard advocated by the party called Tory, but no man ever heard of a Tory policy for the benefit of the public. Such an idea involves a contradiction, and cannot therefore, mean anything. We regret to hear me

whining and lamenting over political disappoint-ments, and rashly resolving to abandon politics

and selfish—and all alike careless of the real in-terests of the propiet. This is not tree, for, it is evident that the rights and liberties of the great multitude of mankind are on a much firmer basis

le was the only man who was capable or averaging a rational op: in, then we think it is obvious that the result will be the discomfiure, and that Radicalism is no better than Towism—the one is the principle of gradual progression, th

ing was commenced. As some who were in their madness," and so soon as they succeed present had not had an opportunity of perusing the act thoroughly, the Secretary was called upon to read it, and after having been be found cordially bestraddling the same old faed yesterday, that the little light is still glim mering and trying to live. A friend directed ou attention to the following paragraph :

"The "Press" was duly noticed, and Mr. McQuenn of the Signal, responded in a neat and appropriate speech. He noticed with satisfaction, the modification, at the present day, of that violent party spirit which had characterized the Press of Canada War in he could have added the ds. [We wish he could have added, that as far as in him lay, there should be a cessition in the profession of the fourth estate, of that most unprofessional vice of personality.]

Now, it was exactly on the oceasion of which the Editors of the Loyalist are here speaking, viz.: the Agricultural Dinner, that we had come be tought them; the School law passed outing the late session of parliament, transferring to a clique at Toronto the right to dictate to the people of Canada who shall
teach and what shall be taught their childare anxious to have carried out-which they

Crown Lands Agent, in a very pithy and pointtate to the people of Canada who shall
are anxious to have carried out-which they

Crown Lands Agent, in a very pithy and pointtate to the people of Canada who shall
are anxious to have carried out-which they

Crown Lands Agent, in a very pithy and pointtate to the people of the school of the conclusion that the "Loyalist" was defunct. On that occasion the Toast of "The

Crown Lands Agent, in a very pithy and pointtate to the people of the school of the conclusion that the "Loyalist" was defunct. On that occasion the Toast of "The

Crown Lands Agent, in a very pithy and pointtate to the people of the school of the conclusion that the "Loyalist" was defunct. On that occasion the Toast of "The

Crown Lands Agent, in a very pithy and pointtate to the people of the school of the conclusion that the "Loyalist" was defunct. On that occasion the Toast of "The

Crown Lands Agent, in a very pithy and pointtate to the people of the school of the conclusion that the "Loyalist" was defunct. On that occasion the Toast of "The

Crown Lands Agent, in a very pithy and pointtate to the people of the school of the conclusion that the purple of the conclusion that the purple of the conclusion that the purple of the conclusion that the school of the conclusion that the school of the conclusion that the purple of the conclusion that the pu to contradict, by a public declaration in the col first includes all the intelligent industry of the country. It includes, of course, many of what are called the better class of society, that is meras not only degrading to the dignity of the Press, amont filling opportunity for recording the service of the Spinistream experience of Marchard and the service of the Spinistream experience of Marchard and the Spinistream experience of Marchard an cantile and professional men, and men of wealth
—the other party also includes a large number

but as positively injurious to the public morals
but he hoped that such isolated instances of a of the Tory party, is so remarks to superficial the Press generally. Mr. Clark's remarks were observer. The Radical tradesmen or peasant is

BT We are called upon to direct the attention of the Municipal authorities of the United Counties, to the dangerous condition of the Frame Bridge across the Little Bayfield River, near Jacob Willson's Tavers, on the London Road.—

Strattent, 15th Oct., 1850.

DEAR SPRATTORD, 15th Oct., 1850. erestes of the peoplet. This is not true, for, it is evident that the rights and liberties of the great the condition of the Prame bit is not the thing of mankind are on a much firmer basis—better known and more generally schowerds—the condition of the Prame bit is not the condition of the string pieces on the north end of the supposition that Radicalism is personified by this man, or represented by that other. man, so that other man, so the present pieces to conduct them. But the idea is a palpable faller, Radicalism is not a man, nor a part of the string pieces to conduct them. But the idea is a palpable faller, Radicalism is not a man, nor a part of the string pieces to conduct them. But the idea is a palpable faller, Radicalism is not a man, nor a part of the string pieces to conduct them. But the idea is a palpable faller, Radicalism is not a man, nor a part of the string pieces to conduct them. But the idea is a palpable faller, Radicalism is not a man, nor a part of the string pieces to conduct them. But the idea is a palpable faller, Radicalism is not a man, nor a part of the string pieces to conduct them. But the idea is a palpable faller, Radicalism is not a man, nor a part of the

### Communications.

one is the principle of gradual progression, the other is the barrier which is has to overcome.—
And though a thousand great men should profess Radiealism, and though they should all prove false to their profession, their treachery merely proves the dishnessty of the men, but does not in the slightest degree, affect the equity or mind things" that, I know, would yield you at the power of the principle. In our next we shall offer a few remarks on the various propositions which are at present occupying the attention of the Reform party, and in the meantime we say to every lover of progress, Hops on, endeavor to forget men who have disappointed you with fair promises and faithless performances, and oling closer than ever to the great universal principle of progress and improvement.

What NEXT?

We had been indulging in a kind of a dim belief that the surprising small sheet, yelpet the Huron Loyalist, had, like a thousand other ephemeral efforts of ignorance and presumption, slipped quiety and unsolded from its untimely and brief existence. But we unexpectedly became informances and sattled by Dr. Jano. Hyde, where the castigation is a first that the tata to the barriers which is signal asys—"We have seen 135 Bills of Sale was attended by Dr. Jano. Hyde, where the castigation is a first through the county court in a converted principle.

SENIOR.

Potson—Fatal. Accidents the common events of lite, we meet with things which will entrance us. Observation, when does not intemporary. You do occasionally mise some tumporary. You do occasi O. THE EDITOR OF THE MURON SIGNAL. Signal certain secrets belonging to his office!—
The Signal cays—'We have seen 135 Bills of Sale recorded in the office of the County Court Clerk," but he has not informed his readers whether it was the County Court of Goderich or of London. He has not said whether these documents belonged chiefly or in whole to the Township of Biddulph, or of North Easthope, or of Ashfield, or any other Township—he has not told the name of a single individual who is a party to any single one of these documents. In short, he has told nothing beyond the very uninteresting fact that he had seen 135 Bills of Sale:

| Signal certain secrets belonging to his office!—
| a slight tall from the kitchen stepp of his father's house, the boys got sick at once, and in a few house, the boys of the who did not call in the medical sid of Drs. Waugh or Porter, both in town. This was and bereavement for Mr. and Mrs. Sherman: The writer of this has attended eix funerals in the same family, in Stratford. As a man endowed with good feelings, Mr. Sherman bore this loss:

—and many extended to him the "silent" hand, with a glistening eye of pity. Still it was to happen, and all the care and anxiety of man, and of a wail. It has been aggested that an Inquest should have been held, but there is a late act of the Provincial Parliament which pretents and the seen in the provincial Parliament which pre-The Signal says - "We have seen 135 Bills of eresting fact that he had seen 135 Bills of Sale! cludes this -Com. Still, it was very naughty in the County Court Clerk to tell even this much of the secrets connected with his office, that is, providing the Editor of the Signal did not pay the regular fee for the information. And if he did pay the regular itor of the Signal did not pay the regular fee for the information. And if he did pay the regular fee, then, the Clerk of the County Court was place, on the excellent farm of our friend Mr. Sebastian Fryfogle, Berne Castle, South Easthope. The day, Friday the 11th or form than that employed by the Editor of the ing to a clique at Toronto the right to dictate to the people of Canada who shall be taught their child-tack and what shall be taught their child-tray in the laws of nature, opposed to what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right, insulting to the good who what is just and right in the clear of the training to the day, Friday the II the tate to the people of Canada who what shall be taught their child-tray in the day. The day, Friday the II the tate to the people of Canada who what shall be taught their child-tray in the laws of nature, opposed to the results are anxious to have carried out—which they was a proposed by John Clark, Eeq. (Crown Lands Agent, in a very pithy and points case in the roll of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by the Editor of the form than that employed by t er form than that employed by the Editor of the the Courty Court, not only the number of the Bills of Sale, but also the pames of the parties to each and every one in the office. I mean, that the Clerk will let any person examine the book the Clerk will let any person examine the book containing the number of Mortgages, and the names of all the parties concerned. And should any individual after having made this search, think proper to pay the Signal for publishing the information thus acquired, there is no law in the Statute Book that forbids the publication. It

Your truly, SENIOR.

STRATFORD PLOWING MATCH— BERNE CASTLE—S. EASTHOPE.

done. Such articles, however, as had been exhibited, he considered highly creditable to the city, and gave fair promise, at no distant day, to raise the country to a much higher position than it now occupied.

His Excellency the Gov. Gen, then rose & said, that the short opportunity he had of had of visiting the exhibition was as would enable him to give that 'minute opinion of the merits of the different articles exhibited which he could have wished. He was a secedingly wall pleased to find, amongst them, some splendid specimens of art, science and manufacture, at the same time he meant to be frank, and fully coincided with what had fallen from the President. He confessed he felt a little disappointment.—He had anticipated to have seen some much quetter specimens of mechanical genius and manufactures than anything exhibited on this occasion. Notwithstanding his disapthis occasion. Notwithstanding his disap-pointment in this particular, he was ex-tremely well pleased and highly gratified with the exhibition on the whole. He con-

with the exhibition on the whole. He considered that it did great credit, not only to the artizans and manufacturers of the city of Toronto, but to the Province generally. His Excellency then proceeded to distribute the prizes to the successful competitors, whose names were read out in rotation, by his Worship the Mayor. On presenting each person with the prize awarded, His Excellency cordially shock hands with every individual, and all returned to their seate seemingly well pleased with the prize they had won, and the commendations they received.

His Worship the Mayor then moved the His Worship the Mayor then moved the following resolution, seconded by Franklin Jacques, Esq., Warden of the County.

That the experience of the present Exhibition, as well as of those held in the Mechanics' Institute in previous years, fully warrants this meeting in most strongly recommending their annual continuance.

The Mayor, in moving this resolution, differed with the President and Lord Eiging the views expressed by these gentlements.

in the views expressed by these gentlemen, relative to the exhibition. He said that considering the position in which the country now was, and more especially the city of Toronto, compared to what it was when he first became a resident of it. The present exhibition exceeded his most sanguine

expectations.

The Warden, in seconding this resolution The Warden, in seconding this resolution followed somewhat in the same strain, going a little more minutely into details. He considered was it unfair to judge an exhibition, such as the present, by the high standard usually applied to similar exhibitions in the old country, and concluded by stating that although Great Britain could boast, and proudly too, of her Arkwrights and her Watts, yet Canada could boast of a Parkes, a Fleming, and a Peel.

The Hon. Robert Baldwin, Attorney General for Upper Canada, then moved, se-

renal for Upper Canada, then moved, se-conded by Joseph C. Morrison, Esq. M. P. P.
That this meeting desires to record the high appreciation of the cordial and liberal co-operation of the City and County Coun-cils and the Canada Company with the Me-chanics! Institute in carrying into effect the chanics' Institute in carrying into effect the

chanics' Institute in carrying into effect the present Industrial Exhibition.

The Attorney General in moving this resolution said, that he felt great pleasure in doing so; that although he had been a member of the Mechanics' Institute for a very long period, still other duties had prevented him taking such an active part in its proceedings as he could have wished. He felt highly gratified with the exhibition, and could not at all agree with the opinions expressed by the President and his Excellency the Governor General; as a Canadian, it afforded him a great deal of pleasure in witnessing the proficiency displayed in the vaforded him a great deal of pleasure in witnessing the proficiency displayed in the various articles exhibited; and he felt proud as a citizen of Toronto, when he recollected the time he not only knew every inhabitant of "Little York," but every cat and dog in the place. When these things were taken into consideration he looked on the exhibition as one deserving of the greatest compensation.

mendation.

Mr. Morrison in seconding the resolution said, he was called upon, in the absence of Sheriff Jarvis, on whom the duty was to have devolved; he expressed himself well satisfied with the exhibition, and felt a great pleasure at the advancement and progress of the Mechanics' Institute. Mr. Sheriff Ruttan of Cobourg, moved

the third resolution, which was seconded by Mr. J. E. Peel, viz:

That this meeting considers the present a most fitting opportunity for recording its sense of the beneficial influence of the Me-chanics' Institute on the whole community, and its deire that the Institute may be cor-

but he was always but he was always honor was dee.

Mr. Cuberland, in fully agreed with Ridout, in reference Governor General he shibition. He the tion of the remarks . President, Prof. Cromesting. He state been considerably dismost that the article to their expectation, many articles which hoth is mechanics produced in the City tain that the mechanics synderes was sure that all wor the interests of one a This resolution we plause.

This resolution plause.

His Excellency thanks for the high paid hims, and for weich it had been re availed himself of the some remarks which earlier part of the me by the remarks mad this opinion by the exhibition was not a ronte could produce, manufacturers in the articles to this exhibition previous, and he one previous, and he It had, ladeed, been prize list of the prese to the disadvantage of be serry if this had it that there were some his conduct in respective. He had at that which he had that miteman, for he evide although he had not precating his conducting the dignity of the sting him at the same error General who he only say that the class respondent represents of the age in which them an amedute of a his own, who was spine when the same and the same of the enemy's ships, who it was they had made off. The other severe struggle was fafter capturing his pursuit of the other following the position of the foot on the shrouds, I low remark to thems rum old Admiral the allot himself." He and the sailors soon he duct. I am proud, it Governor General of personal interest in M very first meeting of in Canada, was a Soit tate of Montreel, the ble company. Hus men and young ladie sweet-hearts too! at to-night; well this we my arrival in the Pr storm came on just at the city, and my compossible to drive me it ing, but I persisted place of meeting in if a man expects to must be prepared to fc y observed that the Sovereign had gained of every subject of Heren Composessed in themselv which waited only tart, to produce a vigouseful or ornamental lency sat down smillence. The Mayor His Excellency the thanks of this meeting the Mechanics' In his great zeal in the I manner in which he which was carried

Among one of the County Council, at resolution was agricounty Councils in the Provinca, on ral Convention, for a new constitution Warden of the rebers of the Convert Warden of the Uninac, Lennox and A ed a seat in the Copinion that the J opinion that the l quite enough to legitimate business United Counties of Welland, passed a 17 to 5—" that in has studiously ave subjects with its b is inexpedient to 1 ference to the co Warden of the Co Council of this Cou sion he'd a few d dissentients, decide the Resolution of t A Committee of fiv A Committee of fir to report on the ma mended the appoint Convention, their r to the vote, in a members, and less Talbol, Burwell, C voting in its favor. This Convention in politics for son Seek generally corposes, as being up.

Croft then returned head gave a short e

meeting. His Excellency the the national anthem. all highly delighted wings.—Colonist.

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CLEAR-GRI

press, as being u the object in view, effected by the ele-take place. Anoti take place. Anell vention proposed in acter of its orig course, dees not we as the propriety or pesal must be decir grounds. It is of projectors are actu whether Tories, E the only question if erate progress. It is progress of true re Reform in Great E slower than in Fr. slower than in Francisco