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CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND. JAMES McISAAC, Editor & Proprietor

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Aiding Public Roads.

As will be seen by reference

to the report of proceedings in the Federal Parliament, published in this issue, the Government of Canada has inaugurated its policy of assisting the Provinces in the matter of improved highways. No one can doubt that the assistance to be thus granted to the Provincial Governments for highway improvements, will be of the greatest at the present time to secure but who had no order in for a ideas of such a sweeping char with his two teams a portion acter will probably have to of his grain, what did he find? it becomes a practical issue, as track buyer was there, but presentatives of the port of a considerable portion of such there was no car that the New York, have filed a protion to the people could after eventually form an ocean-toocean highway.

The implementing by the Government of the pre-elec tion promise of Mr. Borden in this matter, at the earliest possible moment, is a fair sample of the honest and straightforward methods followed by his Government in carrying out the public trust straw; they cannot sell it." reposed in them by the people. tercolonial built entirely with but from the Provinces, and West this year. in some instances from the

Government of promises.

In Canada West.

During the discussion on he Grain Bill, recently passed in the Federal Parliament, a brunt. great amount of information relative to the disadvantages sometimes suffered by the grain growers in the west was unsolded. Hon. George E. Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce, among other things gave this graphic pen picture of the inconvenience and loss to which one man

was subjected "My heart is no more soft than the hearts of other members around this table, but I have letters in my office which ably to the mileage of really heart bleed I have one let good roads throughout the ter in my office of a man liv There is a movement on foot vested and threshed out lately, nigcent one, but like all other gestion there. Teaming in true statement of the facts." wait for a long period before He had no cars. The car

country. Canada is probably must be piled up to rot, Why fore the construction of high tlers in the West. The coun ways, but they were closed in try has been pictured to him ters of a century ago the con- to secure his homestead, proconstruction has been very dawn. He is never told. flour exporters.—Ottawa Citi- to push it to an actual vote, There great. Not only was the In- Countless homesteaders exist zen. where a barn to store the grain has never been thought of,

Municipalities as well. Just transportation companies will ton. Hon. J. D. Hazen, bill called for no expenditure of title was vested in the provinces now the country is consider not solve the problem, neither Minister of Marine and Fish-money; it merely provided mach or the municipalities. ably worried over the excess would it be just. Today there eries, who with E. L. New-inery whereby money could be ive cost of the National Trans- is but one line, the Canadian combe. Deputy Minister of spent if it should in future be apcontinental from Winnipeg to Pacific Railway, running East Justice and Sir Joseph Pope, propriated. The Speaker said that Moncton, which is asserted to from Port Arthur to Winni- Deputy Minister of External he had examined the bill with retorting to Mr. Pugsley, whose be the most expensively conpeg. The Canadian Northern affairs, represented the Dccluded that it was in order.

"sensitive soul had been pained by the roughness of the bill." Mr. structed railway in the world. is not yet completed, and minion government at the How much of the expenditure the National Transcontinental conference returned to Ottawa tacked the bill as too meagre in of the absence of detail in the bill, has actually gone into the after eight years of bungling Friday. Mr. Hazen when in- its terms. If it were passed, the In the Central Railway case there railway, compared with the administration ends in the air. terviewed, said a satisfactory governor in council would be given had been a remarkable absence of

THE HERALD been so plentiful during its the wheat fields to Fort Wil- Washington with the State He had no exception to take to construction under Liberal liam in winter, and only one Department, but he was not in the principle and policy of the WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1912 rule, is not now and probably line coming East, as there is a position at present to make bill; there was sufficient revenue ever will be known. The today, the carrying capacity any statement. It is under- and the demand for good high-Borden Government is a from the West is the capacity stood that no public announce- ways was becoming acute, but the Government of performance; of that one road. The ele- ment as to the terms of the the Laurier Government was a vators are full. That, in agreement will be made until

The hopper is too big for the the outcome of the negotia vinces, or were the new provinces spout, and the inexperienced tions. grain grower, who was not prepared for this contingency of a late season, bears the

"A powertul lesson both

for Western Canada and the Maritime Provinces may be had from these unfortunate and unforeseen conditions The Grain Commission will do much to ameliorate the congestion in the Prairie Pro vinces. It will secure a more equitable distribution of cars over transportation facilities, ponents, but it will not teach the Westwould almost make a man's be needs to know—that the watered stock, but they left it frid Laurier's doubts were vain wheat grower, and that pro-Dominion. The Federal Gov. ing out some 18 miles from vision must be made. This is of preduction includes the real pathy and coal justice. A specific ernment has not yet decided his station, a newcomer who not one of the Grain Commiscontinuous of production i as to the extent or character was in debt for everything sion's duties. The obligation of the aid to be given the that he had been using, and rests with the Governments or unseemly rows occurred. The priated for one province could not Provincial Governments for his implements as well, who of the Western Provinces. bill is practically done with now, be spent in another. improvement of the highways had got his grain at last har- In their own interest, and to prevent the West from earning a reputation it does not the construction of a highway car that could possibly get to deserve, they should include extending from ocean to him for months may be in in future in their advertising ocean. The idea is a mag the state of shortage and con and immigration campaigns a Richmond moved the following bill had adopted the analogy of

a road would be through an track buyer had into which he test with the New York Prouninhabited country. Of course could put this man's grain if duce Exchange against Canin constructing highways in he had bought it. The man ada establishing preferential tunity to persons who may not ment did not purpose to reserve the different Provinces this on the street was there, or trade relations with the Brit- have been so summoned to appear to the Governor General power great project might be kept thereabouts, but the man on tish West Indies. The prin- before them, and give evidence to determine what amounts should in mind, and the roads built the street could not buy his cipal flour exporters to the relevant to the inquiry then be- go to one province or another. to give the best accommoda- grain. He had no place to West Indies put forward the put it if he bought it: the allegation that such a preferwards be linked together and elevator was chuck full and ence would be in the nature exception on the ground that it and on a basis of population. had not been emptied for a of a discrimination, and they would interfere seriously with the long time. That man tried demanded the passage of re- work of the commission. This in vain to sell his grain or to talitory tariff legislation in would give every person the right store it, but there was no case Canada should extend the to force the commission to hear ance of highways, and said that storing place for it, He took preference to the British West him his grain back to his own farm Indies. This is a resurrection again and kept it there. Others of Kaiser William's contention piled their grain out behind seven or eight years ago, when somebody's shed and covered the German government en- it were 'may' instead of 'shall,' it bill; the government had much it over, may be with some deaygred to demonstrate that would be all right, but the bill to do since it took office, and next In consequence of late har British Empire, and that any Meighan drove home the fact that might be brought down. But it When Mr. Borden announced vest and bad weather, the preferential legislation on the that he would favor granting past season has been parti- part of Canada toward any bound by any such rule. Federal aid to the Provincial cularly trying to many of the other part of the Empire is Governments for the improv- agriculturists of the western in the nature of a discrimining of the highways through country. The grain is on the ation in favor of a foreign trol out of the hands of the comout the country, he took a hands of the raisers in large country. Germany undertook mission. There was no reason to out the country, he took a hands of the faisers in large to retaliate, with the result think that it would refuse to hear was no desire to discriminate vious political leader. Before John Standard says, "they that Hon. Mr. Fielding im- evidence. Every court and comthe days of railroads the high- cannot sell it. They cannot mediately clapped on the fam mission had control of its procedways afforded the principal store it. They have no barns ous surtax, an action for which ure. means of communication be- even on their homesteads in the minister's name will altween different sections of the which to put it. The grain ways be favorably remember the best watered country in is the settler in this condition balance of trade between Can promise already given. the world, and the early set. may reasonably be asked. ada and Germany was much tlers found the rivers and Take the case of the man the same as it is today bestreams the best and quickest Mr. Foster quotes—a case tween Canada and the United stand for consideration. He was means of communication be- typical of thousands of set- States. That is, Germany had far more to lose than Canada, and she lost it. The the winter season. Three quar- as a bonanza. He had only result was, in the first place, that Canada demonstrated struction of railways was cure farming implements on that the British Empire is an whole of the day was spent in commenced throughout the credit, sow the seed and reap empire in exactly the same discussing Mr. Cochrane's bill for spend country, and to a certain ex- the golden harvest. There is sense commercially and other- authorizing aid to high ways. There might give the provinces the tent the highways were neg. not one Western settler in a wise, as the German Empire, lected, because of the large thousand who provides for the And that whatever we may demand made upon the trea. rainy day which comes when do within this Empire, fiscally sury for assistance in railroad the season is late and unto. or otherwise, is none of Gerbuilding. The extent to which ward events happen. He does many's business, nor is it the ing of the money over direct to favored provinces would be al-Canada has aided in railroad not know such a day will business of the United States the provinces, but did not venture lowed to spend the money them-

other railroad constructed in Year in and year out Nature both to Canada and the Unit- which the bill was introduced. this country has received sub- is expected to assert herself, ed States in regard to the fu contending that it should have Donald, G. W. Fowler and Mr. stantial assistance, not only and the crash comes. That ture regulations of the fisherfrom the Dominion treasury, is what has happened in the ies is understood to have been arrived at, as the result of the "To place the blame on the recent conference at Washing

Should the great provinces brief, is the transportation the government of Newfound- Ontario and Quebec be taxed for situation in the West today. land has been informed as to the benefit of the smaller pro

Federal Parliament.

Condensed from St. John Stand

Ottawa, Feb. 22-The day has steady fire of objections. They nanaged their business with acri

only a few finishing touches re- The Prime Minister went on to

fore them for the purpose of mak- consulted; there were safeguards The leading flour trade reing it voluntarily and who have in the need for information as to by Mr. Pugsley as follows: 'And that the money was spent on

iginal amendment Mr. White took amounts to go to each province.

He had no doubt that the com nissioners would hear all interest there is no such thing as the would not be affected. And Mr. session a more elaborate measure the railway commission manages to be very popular without being be lost in implementing the pledge

Mr. White repeated that the to the election.

After a little further discussion ed. At that time the relative Mr. Pugsley proposed the som-

inclined to think, however, that it

reading, the Liberals opposing it It should take one or the other. as far as they dared.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier offered ar also was an extended discussion

At the outset Sir Wilfrid Laur-An agreement satisfactory ier attacked the procedure under been introduced by resolution, German, ing of money. He discussed the

distribution of graft, which has If there were ten lines from conference had been held in the most extraordinary powers, details—as in the case of the sim-

the spending of the money.

to be taxed for the benefit of the others. The money should be expended on the basis of population. And Sir Wilfrid Laurier moved

an amendment that the House was in favor of federal assistance, but that such aid should be given to the governments of the proon a fixed basis similar to that now prescribed by the British been spent on the tariff commis- North America Act for the fro Mr. Borden said that Sir Wil

ever, and had the chargin of see answered. The leader of the oping a first class issue picked up position himself had asked how and keep a stricter supervision under their noses, by their op the money would be allotted. Mr. Cochrane had replied that it would It would have been good busi- be distributed on the basis of ern settler, green and fresh ness surely, to make play with the population, on the same basis as from the Old Country, what question of capitalization and the provincial subsidies. Sir Wil rainy day comes even to the alone until the Conservatives rais and unnecessary; this was not a ed it and the government put in an government which proposed the In the evening one or two rath- province, and the money appro-

> say that Sir Wilfrid Laurier was The House once more went into wrong in saying that extraordincommittee on the tariff commiss- ary powers would be conferred on the governor general in coun-At the outset Mr. Kyte of cil. Mr. Cochrane in framing the half a dozen railway subsidy acts 'And they shall hear the evi- passed by the Laurier governdence of persons who appear be- ment. The provinces must be This was ultimately modified under which it would be ensured When Mr. Kyte moved the or- ment would provide for the

> > IMPORTANCE OF HIGHWAYS.

Mr. Borden noted the importthe purpose of the bill was to ed parties, but the initiative should the federal exchequer. He did come from the commissioners. If not say that this was a perfect of the Conservative party prior

The proposal had not been against any province because of its political complexion, The 'Why refuse the people's rights ?' government would be glad when the session ended to take the matter up with the nine provinces. There was no ground for this obstructive motion, which sought to delay the passing of the measure and the giving of the

assistance to the provinces Mr. Pugsley inveighed against would make no difference to the and rough. Under the bill the government could take a grant for all the provinces and spend it as Ottawa, Feb. 23-Nearly the they liked. Two courses were the money itself, and it Further, Mr. Pugsley was afraid that enormous pressure could be put upon the provinces through selves, while in others the federal government would spend the

> There was further debate, carried on by Mr. Haughton Lennox, Dr. Michael Clarke, E. M. Mac-

Mr. MacDonald raised the cry of provincial rights. The federal Mr. Borden contended that the government, he said, contemplated

Mr. Fowler devoted himself to by the roughness of the bill." Mr. Sir Wilfrid Laurier then at- Pugsley, he said, had complained The Busiest Store on Charlottetown's Busiest Street

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will not be paid for, G. J. DESBARATS, Deputy Minister of the Naval Service Department of the Naval Service, Ottawa, Feb. 10th, 1912. Reb. 21, 1912-41

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