

PEACE TREATY NOT IN FORCE TILL MIDDLE OF DECEMBER

Paris Does Not Expect Needed Ratifications Before Then.

Paris Cable —(Havas) — Newspapers here, in discussing the probability of an early ratification of the peace treaty by three of the great powers, say that, at the very earliest, it can hardly come into force before the middle of December. They point out that the delay in ratification encountered in the American Senate, and the dissolution of the Italian Parliament, postpones ratification considerably.

Ratification of the treaty by Great Britain is not as yet complete, as King George has not signed the decree, awaiting the receipt of the Australian vote.

ITALY NOT DELAYING IT.
Paris Cable —Ratification of the Versailles and St. Germain treaties will not be prevented in Italy by the dissolution of the Italian Parliament. It is unnecessary to wait for the convening of the new Parliament if it is said in Peace Conference circles.

A Standard Medicine.—Parnese's Vegetable Pills, compounded of entirely vegetable substances known to have a revivifying and salutary effect upon the digestive organs, have through years of use attained so eminent a position that they rank as a standard medicine. The pills should be remembered this. Simple in their composition, they can be assimilated by the weakest stomach, and are certain to have a healthful and agreeable effect on the sluggish digestive organs.

MISTRUST THE GERMAN WORD

Recall of von der Goltz Does Not Satisfy Allies.

Blockade Not Yet Actually in Force.

London Cable — The efforts of General von der Goltz "to make his troops evacuate the Baltic having failed," says a Berlin despatch, received here to-day, the German Government has decided to "recall him definitely."

Germany's recall of General von der Goltz from the Baltic region will not satisfy the Supreme Council, it is asserted, the Council being determined to place economic pressure on Germany until all the German soldiers are withdrawn from the Baltic.

The German soldiers at present in this region are variously estimated at from 50,000 to 100,000. They apparently are determined to restore the old Russian regime there.

Members of the peace delegates repeatedly have conferred with Baron Kurt von Lersner, head of the German Mission, concerning Von der Goltz and his forces, and the German Government agreed to remove them. The slowness in action, however, has resulted in great disorder in the Baltic States and the Supreme Council is determined to take immediate steps to bring pressure to bear upon the Germans until its demands are satisfied.

While it cannot be said that a blockade is actually on against Germany, steps are being taken to bring about financial pressure which will speedily cut off the German food supply and bring the German public to a realization of the fact that German activities in the Baltic States must cease. Food now on the way to Germany will not be stopped, but future supplies will be held up unless the German Government makes good its promises to evacuate the troops now in the Baltic region.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS OF GREAT HELP

Mothers, if your baby or growing child is sickly; if he does not sleep well at night; if he cries a great deal; is constipated and his little bowels and stomach are not working right, give him Baby's Own Tablets—they have proved of great help to thousands of mothers. Concerning the Tablets, Mrs. W. H. Decater, Corson's Sliding, Ont., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and have found them excellent for the little ones, and would not be without them." The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative, and are guaranteed to contain no harmful drug—that is why they always do good and never harm. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MOURNFUL OUTLOOK.
"I engaged the rooms for my holiday," he said, "because the landlady wrote me that they overlooked a superb garden of 200 acres, richly adorned with statuary, will be such mob rule and lawlessness on 'Well?' his friend inquired.
"It was a cemetery," he said, bitterly.

FALL WHEAT DOING NICELY

Farmers of Ontario Well Up With Their Work.

Picking of Apples in Full Swing.

Toronto despatch.—Due to the exceptionally fine autumn weather Ontario farmers are well up with their work, and comparatively few complaints regarding lack of labor are reported, according to the weekly Provincial Report on Farm conditions. Recent rains have loosened up the soil, giving an excellent start to winter grains and materially helping the fall plowing.

A big acreage of fall wheat has been sown, and all reports agree that it is doing nicely. Large plantings of rye have been made throughout the province. Farmers are apparently trying to spread out the general work owing to the labor shortage, which may largely account for the increased acreage of fall grains.

Where buckwheat was not sown too late, fair yields are reported. In many cases, however, the crop is ripening very unevenly. Several fields were noticed in Eastern Ontario last week where the grain was over-ripe, but the straw was still growing.

Red clover seed is not maturing so evenly as was expected, but alsike is threshing out well. Sweet clover has given an excellent crop of seed, one farmer in Peel county receiving \$5,000 from a field of 30 acres. Young clover appears in rather poor condition owing, no doubt, to the lack of rain early in the season. In Essex, alfalfa is still growing after the third cutting.

Fall grain, hay and corn have been the saving crop in Ontario this year, and perhaps the most important of these is corn. This season has been very suitable for that crop consequently the fodder is going into the silo in prime condition. In the seed-growing sections the grain is being matured in excellent shape. Silos are becoming more popular in western Ontario this year as well as in general throughout the province.

The milk flow has fallen off the past week, no doubt due to the fact that owing to the rise in the price of butter more farmers are making their own.

Norfolk reports large numbers of breeding sows being sold, due to the rapid decline of the market. At the present rate of sale of breeding animals it looks as if the province were rushing toward a hog shortage again. Young pigs in Prince Edward county are bringing from six to eight dollars apiece.

In Western Ontario the picking of Spies, Greenings and Snows is in full swing. These are reported a fair crop. Many orchards have been sold in the block, but where this practice has not been followed \$8.50 per barrel is being paid for the best varieties of No. 1's, No. 2's and 3's are bringing from a dollar to a dollar and a half less. In Eastern Ontario the apple crop is turning out better than was expected, though in unsprayed orchards the fruit is of very poor quality. The agricultural representative of Prince Edward county hit the nail on the head when he reported: "This year has demonstrated more than ever before that the men who spray properly will reap full results."

As a vermifuge there is nothing so potent as Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, and it can be given to the most delicate child without fear of injury to the constitution.

ANCIENT DRUGS.

Quacks and Doctors in the Dark Ages.

Do you regard cold cream as an ultra-modern palliative?
Or pure food and drug laws as a comparatively recent type of legislation?

Or the familiar "cure all" as an up-to-date quack device for the twentieth century credulous?

You are wrong.
Most people at some time or another use cold cream. It seems quite a modern luxury, indispensable alike to peer and peri, and adapted to many and varied uses. In fact, one traveller tells recently of having some of his cold cream eaten by a fat, hungry valet in Germany. So we are inclined to regard it as a fairly modern product. And yet "Unguentum Refrigerans," cold cream, has come down to us from Roman days. The first formula is attributed to Galen, who lived and wrote in the second century. What we use to-day is practically the same, though "Doctor" Galen's original formula was limited and "improved" hundreds of times.

Emperor Frederick II. of Sicily, in 1240 or 1241, published the first pure food and drug act. He was about 700 years ahead of Dr. Wiley, for

he specified strict regulations of the standard of drug purity, and provided for drug inspectors, and fined all offenders.

The practice of medicine was also regulated. A physician was required to have a diploma from a university before he could study medicine; then he took a three-year course in the school of medicine and one year practice under a practicing physician. Special post-graduate work in anatomy was required if he was to do surgery.

All this was in the so-called "dark ages." Even the fees of physicians and pharmacists were strictly regulated by law and were in purchasing value about the same as the charges of the present day. Physicians were not allowed to own drug stores and drug adulterators were severely dealt with.

Mithradatum was the name of the great antidote of Roman pharmacy. It had from 40 to 50 vegetables ingredients, few of which had any real medicinal value except opium, and these drugs were blended with honey.

It remained for Nero's physician, Andromachus, to put the finishing touches to this wonderful compound. Andromachus added viper's flesh to the formula and called his new compound Theriaca. He wrote some verses dedicated to Nero, describing this medicine and claiming virtues for it which in our day would subject him to prosecution under the anti-trust act. Evidently he believed he had created in this one compound a veritable pharmacological monopoly.

Galen, one of the fathers of medicine, went even further. He recommended it as a cure for all poisons, bites, headaches, vertigo, deafness, epilepsy, apoplexy, dimness of sight, loss of voice, asthma, coughs, spitting of blood, tightness of breath, colic, the iliac passion (appendicitis), jaundice, hardening of the spleen, stone, fever, dropsy, leprosy, melancholy, all pestilences, etc. Nowadays, he would probably have included coupon thumb, golf shoulder and movie eye.

As Galen's writing dominated medical thought for over 1,500 years, it is not surprising that this advertisement made Mithradatum, or Theriaca, a valued remedy. Every physician of note for centuries afterward claimed some improvement on the original formula.

No one need endure the agony of corns with Holloway's Corn Cure at hand to remove them.

SLEW WIFE FOR MONEY SHE HAD

Then Michigan Farmer Sought Burial Permit

Tells the Authorities of His Deed.

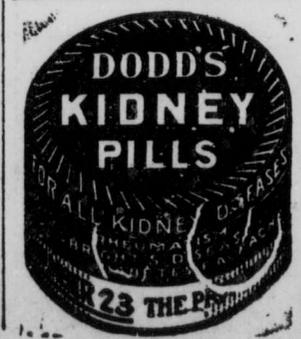
Detroit, Mich., Despatch.—Entering the office of the Prosecuting Attorney here this afternoon, Martin Browrowski, 33 years old, a farmer, who, with his wife and three children, lived on a lonesome place in Sauter township, informed the officials that he had killed his wife and wanted a permit to bury her. The man appeared sane and he was ordered held while Sheriff's deputies rushed in an auto to the scene of the crime.

They found that Browrowski had told the truth. He had beaten his wife to death with an iron poker, desisting only when her face was a mass of raw flesh. Then he robbed the body of some \$200 the woman had saved from the sale of farm produce.

The crime was witnessed by the four children of Browrowski, the eldest a boy of 17, who said he and his brother and sisters were too much afraid of the father to interfere.

Afterwards he sent the children upstairs while he washed and dressed his wife's body for burial. When this work had been concluded he called the children downstairs again and, after informing them that their mother was dead, said he was "going to get a permit" to bury her. Then he came to Detroit, while the motherless children, the youngest a boy of nine, proceeded about their accustomed household tasks, unable to appreciate what had occurred.

The arrival of the Sheriff's officers was the first inkling they had that anything unusual had taken place. Browrowski says he killed his wife to get the money she carried with her and which, he declares, she had refused to hand over to him.



SHORT ITEMS OF THE NEWS OF THE DAY

Troops From British Fleet Said to Have Occupied City of Odessa.

WOODEN "HINDY" Oromocto, N. B., Almost Totally Destroyed By Fire.

The award of Judge Snider's Board of Conciliation is entirely acceptable to the Guelph Radial Railway employees.

Adella A. Band, of Orillia, sixteen years old, was fatally burned while lighting a fire with coal oil when alone in the house Sunday.

John Mitchell, former president of the United Mine Workers of America, left an estate of \$250,000, mostly in stocks and bonds.

The new ship, Lake Ellerslie, of the U. S. Shipping Board, from Conneaut to Montreal, damaged two gates of lock 23 in the Welland Canal.

John P. Mooney, ex-Mayor, was nominated by the Liberals to contest Port Arthur riding in the Ontario general elections.

Alex. Ferguson, one of the most aggressive farmer-members of the last Legislature, was endorsed by the Liberal-Conservatives of South Simcoe.

Troops from the British fleet in the Black Sea have been landed in Odessa, and have occupied the city, according to advices received in Budapest.

George Beck, aged 19, of Toronto, was fatally injured when struck by a cyclist.

The Liberals of South Ontario, by an unanimous vote, selected W. E. N. Sinclair, barrister, of Oshawa, as their candidate in the coming provincial election.

The residence of W. W. Cargill, M.P.P., at Cargill Village, nine miles from Walkerton, the most beautiful residence in the County of Bruce, was to-day totally destroyed by fire.

D. A. McNaughton, reeve of Finch and ex-warden of the united counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, was chosen as the standard-bearer of the Liberal-Conservatives of Stormont.

Dr. A. W. Nixon, M.P.P., received the unanimous nomination of Halton Conservatives as their candidate for the coming Provincial election.

Conductor Harry Cook, of Niagara Falls, N. Y., who had both legs run over by an International Railway car, died at the General Hospital.

Word has been received from London, England, by Mrs. A. W. Northover, Toronto, that her husband, Capt. A. W. Northover, V. C., M. C., had died that morning from injuries sustained in an automobile accident on Tuesday, September 23.

At a largely-attended convention of trade unionists John Cameron and F. LaFortune were nominated to contest West and East Ottawa respectively in the coming elections.

The great wooden von Hindenburg monument, which during the war was studied by the populace with nails, representing so much money, will be demolished this week, according to the Vossische Zeitung.

John Weatherell, one of the leading farmers of Ontario county, was nominated to represent the Liberal-Conservatives in the coming provincial election.

The Austrian republic has taken over and is operating a large leather goods factory and also a big shoe factory, which will be incorporated in one building bought for the purpose. This is the first of the schemes of socialization effected by the state.

Fire which broke out at Pembroke, in the stables of the Windsor Hotel, did damage to the extent of about \$13,000 and cremated alive four horses and one calf.

The Eastern Farmers of Ontario have decided to enter the political field in East Hastings, and Henry K. Denyes, former County Councillor and a prominent farmer of Thurlow, will be their standard-bearer, in opposition to Sandy Grant, Conservative nominee.

The three bushmen reported lost for the past ten days in the Stockpool district of the north, have reported at Biscotasing safe and sound. They have been out for ten days without shelter of any kind, and subsisted on berries and boughs.

Oromocto, picturesque and thriving Shiretown of Sunbury County, N. B., was almost totally destroyed by fire with a property loss of at least \$500,000. The fire started in the River Valley Lumber Company's saw-mill, and mill offices and yards with about 4,000,000 feet of lumber were destroyed, together with five stores and several dwelling houses. The lumber company's loss alone is \$200,000.

"Thankful! What have I to be thankful for? I can't pay my bills." "Then man alive, be thankful you aren't one of your creditors."—Boston.

Turtle's Instinct.

It has long ago been ascertained that the eggs of the loggerhead turtle are laid in the sand at some distance from the sea. As soon as the young are hatched, however, they move with unerring instinct to the water. It is found that newly hatched loggerhead turtles move away from red, orange and green, but are attracted by blue. Under normal conditions, then, the blue gleam of the sea may be supposed to attract them, while they will turn away from the reds and greens of the land.

Sleep is the great nourisher of infants, and without peaceful sleep the child will not thrive. This cannot be got if the infant be troubled with worms. Miller's Worm Powders will destroy worms and drive them from the system, and afterwards the child's rest will be undisturbed. The powders cannot injure the most delicate baby, and there is nothing so effective for restoring the health of a worm-worm infant.

Slippers.

In many respects orientals can give us lessons in hygiene. It is true they eat out of a common bowl with their fingers, which is neither sanitary nor pleasant; but on the other hand they do not tramp into a house, bearing on their footwear all the miscellaneous filth of the street. At the door they remove their shoes and put on slippers.—Txchange.

Good-bye to Asthma. Persons suffering from that extremely trying trouble known as asthma know what it is to long with all their hearts for escape as from a tyrant. Never do they know when an attack may come and they know that to struggle unaided is vain. With Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy at hand, however, they can say good-bye to their enemy and enjoy life again. It helps at once.

Imitation Elks' Teeth.

Imitation elks' teeth in large quantities recently have made their appearance in the local market to the alarm of jewelers who deal in the genuine article. Some of the bogus teeth are easily detected. Others made of bone or walrus tusks are fair imitations of the genuine. A sure test, the jewelers say, is to immerse the teeth in muriatic acid. The acid will bleach and roughen the better imitations and almost disintegrate the poorer ones.

For Burns and Scalds.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will take the fire out of a burn or scald more rapidly than any other preparation. It should be at hand in every kitchen so that it may be available at any time. There is no preparation required. Just apply the oil to the burn or scald and the pain will abate and in a short time cease altogether.

BLOCKADE OF SOVIET RUSSIA

America Will Only Partially Participate.

No Negotiations With the Bolsheviks.

Paris Cable — The Council of Five of the Peace Conference this morning decided to re-establish in full force the blockade against Soviet Russia.

Although refusing to participate fully in this so-called pacific blockade, the American Government agreed to refuse clearance to all vessels in American waters bound for Bolshevik ports. This refusal to clear ships will not apply to vessels bound for neutral states near Russia.

It was explained here this evening that this arrangement was not entirely satisfactory to the European Powers, who greatly desire American aid in making the Baltic blockade absolute against the neutral neighbors of Soviet Russia. On the other hand, the effect of the American agreement was regarded by many competent observers as accomplishing virtually the same purpose in that it will prevent shipments from America to the Bolsheviks. The Allies, however, desire American cooperation in the blockade not only of Soviet Russia, but of certain neighboring states through which it is believed that the Bolsheviks are receiving supplies.

The announcement of a rigorous blockade was regarded as a definite indication that the Allied and Associated Powers will not recognize or negotiate with the Bolsheviks, and was regarded as a reply to the unofficial peace moves made by the Bolsheviks during the last few weeks.

The Council's decision follows the attempt by Premier David Lloyd George to put the Peace Conference on record in opposition to "further Russian adventures," and is regarded here as being distinctly favorable to the anti-Bolsheviks, since it makes clear that the Powers have not lost faith in the ability of General Denikine and Admiral Alexander Kolchak to rid Russia of the Reds.

Very Quarrelsome Neighbors

Names of the parties are Corns and Toes—both were unhappy till the trouble was remedied by Putnam's Corn Extractor. Any corn goes out of business in 24 hours if "Putnam's" is applied—try it, 25c at all dealers.