

No. 1 Northern	875
No. 2 Northern	828
No. 3	51
Feed	10
Rejected No. 1	38
Rejected No. 2	31
No grade	14
Rejected	13
No. 3	14
No. 4	4
Condemned	4
Total	1145

Winter Wheat	
No. 1 Alberta Red	9
No. 2 Alberta Red	4
No. 4 R.W.	1
No. 2 White	1
No. 3 White	1
No. 5 R.W.	3
Total	19

Oats	
No. 1 C.W.	21
No. 2 C.W.	160
No. 3 C.W.	24
Rejected	7
No grade	8
Extra No. 1 feed	15
No. 1 Feed	4
No. 2 Feed	2
No. 3 Mixed	5
Condemned	3
Total	241

Barley	
No. 3 Extra	1
No. 3	26
No. 4	18
Rejected	4
Total	49

Flax	
No. 1 N.W. Manitoba	47
No. 1 Manitoba	1
Total	48

Grand total

1505

Flour

During the past week there has been a decline of from ten to fifteen cents all round in flour prices.

The following are mill prices, per bag:	
Ogilvie Flour Mills Co.—	
Royal Household	\$2.90
Mount Royal	2.75
Glenora Patents	2.60
Manitoba Strong Bakers	2.50

LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING CO.—	
Five Roses	\$3.00
Lakewood	2.85
Harvest Queen	2.65
Medora	2.10
XXXX	1.60

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO.—	
Purity	\$2.95
Medallion	2.80
Three Stars	2.65
Battle Patent	2.60
Maitland Bakers	2.40
Huron	2.05
XXXX	1.50

Rolled Oats

Per 80 lbs. Prices net

In 80-lb. sacks	\$1.75
In 40-lb. sacks	1.80
In 20-lb. sacks	1.85
In 8-lb. sacks	2.30

Feed

The following are prices on mill feed, per ton:	
Barley	\$13.00
Shorts	16.00
CHOPPED FEEDS	
Barley, per ton, in sacks	\$23.00
Oats	25.00
Barley and Oats	24.00

Stocks in Terminals

Total wheat in store, Fort William and Port Arthur, on April 15, 1910, was 7,276,661 bushels, as against 7,232,483.40 bushels last week, and 7,670,571.30 last year. Total shipments for the week were 587,584 bushels; last year 618,948. Amount of each grade was:

1910		1909
No. 1 Hard	30,630.50	5,873.10
No. 1 Nor.	2,147,538.50	1,121,009.20
No. 2 Nor.	2,498,232.00	1,926,884.50
No. 3 Nor.	1,366,724.30	1,727,740.20
No. 4	367,331.30	989,538.00
No. 5	72,074.40	551,693.10
Other grades	794,228.50	1,347,230.40
Totals	7,276,661.10	7,670,571.30
STOCKS OF OATS		
No. 1 Extra	2,871.18	
No. 1 wh. C.W.	525,554.07	

No. 4 C.W.	4,193,388.09	
No. 5 wh. C.W.	489,579.33	
Mixed	5,013.14	
Other grades.....	307,373.17	
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Tot. this week	5,525,780.50	
Tot. last week	5,565,751.52	
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Decrease	41,971.02	
Oats	5,525,780.00	3,508,423.00
Barley	592,325.00	337,745.00
Flax	531,409.00	902,529.00
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SHIPMENTS		
Oats	\$11,596.00	
Barley	2,232.00	
Flax	44,661.00	

Stockyard Receipts

The following gives the number of cattle, hogs and sheep received at the C.P.R. stockyards during the week ending April 16, and their disposition:

Total	872	1,179	11
Butchers east this week			266
Exporters east this week			18
Oxen west			36
Butchers held over from last week			
and delivered locally			31
Butchers held over			11
Consumed locally			541

Hides, Tallow and Wool

By McMillan Fur & Wool Company,
April 19, 1910.

Green salted hides	9c. to 10c.
Green hides	8c. to 9c.
Green salted calf	11c. to 13c.
Dry flint butcher hides	17c. to 18c.
Dry rough and fallen hides	13c.
Seneca root	40c.
Wool	8c. to 11c.

Dressed Poultry

Winnipeg retailers who purchase direct from the producer quote the following prices per pound, for dressed poultry, dry plucked, and with the head and feet off.

Chicken	20c.
Powls	18c.
Turkeys	20c.
Geese	16c.
Ducks	16c.

Dressed Meat

Prices paid by butchers for dressed hogs has advanced slightly but other quotations are the same as last week. They are as follows.

Hind quarter beef	9c.
Forequarters	7c.
Dressed hogs, 125-150 lbs.	13c.
Dressed hogs, over 200 lbs.	11c.
Heavy veal	8 to 9c.
Small calf under 100 lbs.	8c.
Dressed lamb	13c.
Dressed mutton	10c.

Butter and Eggs

Receipts of both butter and eggs have fallen off considerably during the past week, with the result that there has been a corresponding advance in prices. Butter is selling retail in the Winnipeg stores at 40 cents a pound—that is creamery butter, which is manufactured fresh daily by the large dairy concerns, and dairy butter of good quality is sold retail at from two to four cents under that price. At the present time the retailers are paying farmers from 30 to 35 cents a pound for dairy butter according to quality.

EGGS

Because of the combination of conditions caused by the sudden wintry

spell, the fact that many farmers have been working on the land, and that the big firms are picking all the eggs they can lay their hands upon the price of this commodity has advanced to 18½ cents, which is the price offered farmers by the retail dealers.

Potatoes

The stories of a potato shortage last fall were apparently fictitious. At the present time the market throughout Western Canada is glutted to such extent that farmers find it almost impossible to dispose of their stocks at any price. A Manitoba producer tried every commission house, every wholesale house, and all the large retail butcher and grocery stores in Winnipeg last week, but without success. The best offer he could get was from one firm which offered to take a car in a month's time. The shortage has not been caused from the fact that supplies were shipped in from Ontario or the United States, and on the contrary there seems to have been any quantity of potatoes in store in Western Canada. The stocks of potatoes wintered well as the result of a mild winter, and the glut is apparently due to this cause and to the fact that many farmers have been holding with the expectation of getting a long price in the spring. Quoted now at 25c.

Hogs \$10.50. Cattle \$6.00

Live stock prices are still soaring on the Winnipeg market. Last week hogs touched the record figure of \$10.50 per cwt., and a shipment of 18 export steers were sold by Mr. Baird, M.P.P. at \$6.50 per cwt. The total receipt of live stock for the week were small, and there was active bidding on what did come in. These prices are higher than ever before paid in Winnipeg, and there is a probability that the prices will hold firm, although this cannot be predicted to a certainty.

Messrs. Bator & McLean furnish the following prices:

April 19, 1910.	
Cattle	
Choice export steers	\$5.75 to \$6.00
Good butcher steers	5.25 " 5.70
Heifers	5.25 " 5.50
Good to choice bulls	4.25 " 4.50
Choice calves	4.25 " 4.75
Medium calves	3.75 " 4.25

Swine	
Choice hogs	\$10.50
Rough sows	7.00
Stags	\$4.50 to 5.00

Sheep	
Choice lambs	\$7.50
Local sheep	6.50

Chicago Live Stock

(Drovers' Journal, April 15)

CATTLE PRICES	
Number received	Extreme range
April 11	25,094 \$5.60 to \$8.65
April 12	2,227 5.65 " 7.60
April 13	14,126 5.70 " 8.50
April 14	5,310 5.75 " 8.40
April 15	1,500 5.80 " 8.35

HOG PRICES	
Mixed	
Packing	Heavy
Mediums	Packing
195-255 lbs.	255-400 lbs.
Apr. 8	\$10.20 to 10.55 \$10.25 to 10.60
Apr. 9	10.35 " 10.70 10.35 " 10.70
Apr. 11	10.15 " 10.60 10.15 " 10.50
Apr. 12	9.95 " 10.35 9.95 " 10.35
Apr. 13	9.80 " 10.15 9.80 " 10.15
Apr. 14	9.70 " 10.05 9.70 " 10.05
Apr. 15	9.70 " 10.10 9.70 " 10.17

Toronto Live Stock

A Toronto dispatch dated April 18, says:

The feature of the commercial market here today was the live stock market, where there was a great demand for butchers' cattle, which sold at 7 to 7½ cents per pound, an extraordinary price. Cattle dealers here say today was one of the busiest in the history of the Toronto cattle market.

Liverpool Live Stock

APRIL 18

John Rogers & Co. report today that the Birkenhead market was very dear, only one boat landing cattle. There were no really choice cattle on the market, quotations ruling as follows:

States	14½ to 15c.
Canadians	14½ to 15c.

SCRUB POULTRY

At the present time we hear a great deal about the scrub dairy cow, and how to find her out. We are told to get rid of her for she is only a burden on our hands. Very few of us ever hear of the scrub hen, and fewer of us are well aware that there is a method of finding out which one she is, and how to get rid of her. In the first place what is a scrub fowl? That all depends upon what the hen is being bred for. In the fancier's case a scrub hen is one that does not come up to the standard as set by the breeders in the way of color, size and type of breed. Then there are others who breed for utility hens. To this class of breeders a hen that does not lay or is not a good meat fowl is a scrub. These latter men use the trap nest to find out which one lays the most eggs, and in this way learn which ones to "send to the butcher."

Many farmers are apt to think that the poultry fancier has no place in the poultry world. Few know that if it were not for these men the present type of poultry would so deteriorate that they would be useless. It is these men who keep the breeds pure and keep poultry up to its present standard. We should all work together and eliminate the scrub from our flocks. It does not matter whether the scrub is a poor looker or a poor worker, she should go. Let her go.

SHEEP THRIVE IN MANITOBA

Among the speakers in the lecture hall at Brandon during the recent winter fair was Mr. Todd, of Hillsview. Discussing sheep-raising he spoke as follows:

"I find that sheep thrive as well in Manitoba as anywhere else. There is no serious drawback to the keeping of sheep in a thrifty condition, even in large numbers, in almost all portions of the province. High, dry ground can be found almost anywhere, and the grasses are generally good. Spear grass which, in the early days worked some havoc amongst sheep can be easily kept so low from pasturing, that it never heads out. The matter of fencing now affords no longer any obstruction to sheep-raising, for, where only a few sheep are kept, they will remain near the buildings, and if large numbers are kept, the slight cost of fencing will pay. Wolves have given me very little trouble. During twenty-eight years' residence in Manitoba, my losses from wolves have not amounted to five head of either sheep or lambs. A few sheep are a factor of economy on any farm, and larger flocks can be profitably kept, especially of the pure breeds."

QUOTATIONS IN STORE AT FORT WILLIAM FROM APRIL 13—19, INCLUSIVE

QUOTATIONS FOR WHEAT AT FORT WILKINSON FROM APRIL 13, 1901.																				
DATE	WHEAT												OATS		BARLEY				FLAX	
	1*	2*	3*	4	5	6	Feed	Rej. 1 1	Rej. 1 2	Rej. 2 1	Rej. 2 2	Rej. 1* Seeds	Rej. 2* Seeds	2 cw. 3 cw.		3	4	Rej. Feed	1 NW 1 Mas. Rej.	
APRIL																				
13	103½	101½	100	96½	91½	84	...	99½	97½	97½	96½	98½	96½	33½	...		43½			
14	103½	101½	99½	96½				99	97	97	96	98	96	33½	...	47	44			
15	103 101	99½	99½	95½				99	97	97	96	98	96	34	...		44			
16	101½	99½	98	94½				97½	96½	96½	95	97	95	33½	...		44			
18	100½	98½	96½	93				96½	95½	95½	94	96	94	33½	...		44			
19	100	98½	96½					96	95	95	93½	95½	93½	34	...		44			