recommended, shall be subject to the same procedures as those provided in the preceding paragraphs for new applications.

H.C. GREEN

I concur:

GEORGE R. PEARKES
GORDON CHURCHILL

672. PCO

Extrait des conclusions du Cabinet Extract from Cabinet Conclusions

SECRET

[Ottawa], September 14, 1960

Present:

The Prime Minister (Mr. Diefenbaker) in the Chair,

The Secretary of State for External Affairs (Mr. Green),

The Minister of Finance (Mr. Fleming),

The Minister of Veterans Affairs (Mr. Brooks),

The Solicitor General and Acting Secretary of State (Mr. Balcer),

The Minister of Trade and Commerce (Mr. Churchill),

The Minister of National Revenue (Mr. Nowlan),

The Minister of Citizenship and Immigration (Mrs. Fairclough),

The Minister of Labour (Mr. Starr),

The Postmaster General (Mr. William Hamilton),

The Minister without Portfolio (Mr. Browne),

The Minister of Mines and Technical Surveys (Mr. Comtois),

The Minister of National Health and Welfare (Mr. Monteith),

The Minister of Northern Affairs and National Resources (Mr. Alvin Hamilton),

The Minister of Defence Production (Mr. O'Hurley),

The Minister of Public Works (Mr. Walker).

The Secretary to the Cabinet (Mr. Bryce),

The Assistant Secretaries to the Cabinet (Mr. Martin), (Dr. Hodgson).

CONTROL OF EXPORT OF MILITARY EQUIPMENT; POLICY AND PROCEDURES (Previous reference April 1)

20. The Secretary of State for External Affairs referred to the decision taken by the Cabinet on April 1st that a comprehensive memorandum be prepared on the whole question of export of military equipment to foreign countries. This had now been done, and it was proposed that such exports should normally be limited to governments of N.A.T.O. and of Commonwealth countries. Where there was any doubt that the N.A.T.O. government concerned would use the equipment only to deter or resist aggression, the Minister of Trade and Commerce would consult the Secretary of State for External Affairs and the Minister of National Defence.

It was further proposed that exports of military equipment to Commonwealth countries be certified by the Secretary of State for External Affairs, with the advice of the Minister of National Defence, or by the Cabinet in respect of Commonwealth countries listed as sensitive. Ghana, Union of South Africa, Ceylon, India, Pakistan and Malaya would be on the initial sensitive list and, as they became independent, Nigeria, Cyprus and the Federation of the West Indies would be added.