

# The St. John Standard

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WEATHER—SHOWERS

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## NEW RUSSIAN DRIVE BEGUN IN VOLHYNIA GREECE HAS JOINED ALLIES LATE REPORT SAYS

### ALLIED FLEET AT PORT OF PIRAEUS, GREECE

Fires of Revolution Have Already Broken Out in the Republic---No Confirmation of Report That King Constantine Has Abandoned Throne.

**Greek Garrisons at Vodena and Fort Little Karaburun Surrender to Committee That Took Over Administration of Greek Macedonia—Elections Will Likely be Postponed.**

Unofficial despatches reaching London, which apparently have been much censored, indicate to observers there that Greece has abandoned her neutrality, and thrown her lot on the side of the Entente Allies. Whether Greece has already declared war is problematical.

London, Sept. 1.—The British foreign office announced tonight that it has received official confirmation of the reported Greek revolt at Saloniki. The foreign office, however, says it has heard nothing of the reported abdication of King Constantine of Greece.

#### Allied Fleet at Piraeus

London, Sept. 1.—Following two days of silence in telegraphic communication with Athens, during which sensational rumors of a revolution gained currency, comes the startling news of the arrival of an Entente Allied fleet, with transports at Piraeus, and that the general Greek elections likely will be postponed for a fortnight.

The brevity of the despatches seems to indicate that something unusual is happening and the development of events is awaited with the greatest curiosity here.

#### Says King Has Abdicated

London, Sept. 1, 4:10 p. m.—The correspondent at Saloniki of Reuters Telegram Company, under date of Wednesday, sends the report that King Constantine of Greece has abdicated, adding:

"Pending confirmation, it must be mentioned with all reserve."

The correspondent says the report is that the king has abdicated, that the Greek crown prince has been appointed regent and that Alexander Zaimis, supported by Ex-Premier Venizelos, retains the premiership.

The Reuter despatch adds that the general mobilization of the Greek army has once more been ordered.

Regarding the report from Saloniki that King Constantine had abdicated the throne, the Greek minister in London said today:

"I have received no such information, and I certainly do not believe such a thing has taken place."

Before the Greek garrison at Saloniki surrendered, Reuters' correspondent cables, three companies of French colonial infantry marched to the parade ground and stacked arms in front of the barracks. They were soon followed by two battalions of infantry, which took up positions on both sides of the parade grounds and in the rear of the barracks. Machine guns were posted at several conspicuous points, and armored cars were stationed opposite the entrance to the barracks.

The Greek soldiers withdrew within the precincts of the building. Meanwhile the Greek commander conferred with the French authorities.

Just before 11 o'clock at night several unarmed Greek officers, accompanied by two French officers, crossed the parade grounds to a pavilion in which General Sarrail awaited them. As the hour of eleven struck all the Greek troops marched from the barracks, unarmed.

Election Likely to be Postponed.

London, Sept. 1.—In view of the changed situation, says a Reuter despatch from Athens under today's date, it is probable that the Greek elections will be postponed for a fortnight.

An Entente Allied fleet, the despatch adds has arrived from Saloniki, most of the vessels are at Salamis, while others are at Piraeus and Phaleron.

A despatch from Athens under date of August 31 stated that the Greek elections had been set for October 8.

From the fragmentary despatches which have reached London it is deduced by some observers that changes of decisive character already have taken place in Athens, and that the defacto government of Greece has decided to abandon neutrality and range itself on the side of the Entente Allies.

Other experts take a more conservative view. The Times, editorially attaches small importance to Wednesday's revolutionary movement at Saloniki, declaring that this is completely overshadowed by the news of the appearance of Entente Allied ships off Piraeus.

"This must be taken to indicate," says the Times, "that the Allies are weary of the equivocations, which have so long prevailed in Athens, and are resolved to battle the intrigues of their enemies."

### CANADIAN RAILWAY MEN WARNED NOT TO TAKE PART IN U. S. STRIKE

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 1.—The train operatives employed in Canadian railroads are as a rule members of the trades union brotherhoods concerned in the present railroad crisis in the United States and Canadian railway operatives residing at points near the border and employed on railroads crossing the line, have been in some cases included in the strike order given out by the brotherhood chiefs. Hon. T. W. Crothers, Minister of Labor, having received an inquiry as to the position of Canadian railway workers under such circumstances, sent the following message in reply:

"Residents of Canada joining in this strike render themselves liable to prosecution under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act and they should observe Canadian law rather than foreign instructions."

### LOWEST FOR GERMAN MARKS SINCE WAR BEGAN

Value of Four Marks Nominally Worth \$1.00, Dropped in New York Yesterday to 63 3/4 Cents.

New York, Sept. 1.—Exchange rates between this market and Germany today fell to the lowest quotation since the outbreak of the war, the value of four marks normally worth \$1.00 declining to 63 3/4 cents, or a discount of over 30 per cent. The previous low rate was 70 1/2, recorded yesterday, that figure marking a decline of two cents from last week's low rate.

The weakness in marks is coincident with events in the foreign war zone. Declaration of open hostilities between Germany and Italy and Roumania's injection into the conflict serves to depreciate German exchange at this center, incidentally strengthening the rate to Petrograd, which has risen over three points since last Saturday.

Fifth German Loan.

Berlin, Sept. 1, via wireless to Sayville.—No limit has been placed on the amount to be subscribed to the fifth German war loan, the lists for which will be opened officially on Monday. Installments will be due October 18, Nov. 24, January 9 and February 6.

### NEW ORDER AIMS TO KEEP ALIEN ENEMIES OUT OF CANADA

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Sept. 1.—New regulations for the prevention of persons of enemy nationality landing in Canada under the guise of neutrals were issued by the government today. Members of crews of any vessels landing at a Canadian port will not be permitted land unless they can establish that they are not of enemy nationality, by the production of passports not more than two years old from the country of which they claim to be citizens. The only exception is in the case of members of United States fishing vessels, they will be allowed to land under treaty fisheries laws and regulations.

### Sir Henry Drayton Passed Through.

Sir Henry Drayton, chairman of the Railway Commission for Canada, arrived in his private car "Cometa" attached to the Boston train last night from St. Andrews. He left for Montreal on the Halifax train.

### GRIT ORGAN'S STATEMENT WAS DELIBERATE LIE

Telegraph's Report Gross Insult to People of Carleton Co.—Government Candidates Campaign in Full Swing.

Special to The Standard.

Woodstock, Sept. 1.—Plans are being formulated for the vigorous prosecution of the campaign in the interests of the candidatures of Hon. B. Frank Smith and His Worship Mayor W. S. Sutton. Last evening's grand meeting inaugurated the campaign in a most auspicious manner and other meetings have already been arranged. On Wednesday evening next a rally will be held at Debec, when in addition to the candidates addresses will be delivered by the Hon. James A. Murray, the Hon. J. K. Flemming and G. L. White, M.L.A. On Friday evening next a meeting in the interests of the candidates will be held at Hartland.

Hon. B. Frank Smith returned to his home in East Florenceville this afternoon. Hon. Mr. Smith has reason to be proud of the magnificent reception he received at last evening's rousing meeting indicating as it does his immense popularity with the electors of this county. Hon. Mr. Murray, Hon. Dr. Landry and H. W. Woods, M.L.A., returned to Fredericton by auto this morning.

There has been considerable criticism heard about the town over the statement in the telegraph that the electors of Carleton county were influenced by rum and money to attend the convention last evening. The statement is a deliberate lie and is considered a gross insult to the people of Carleton county.

### CIVIL SERVICE EXAMS HERE IN NOVEMBER

Appointment of Hon. H. A. McKeown and W. H. Chandler to Supreme Court Bench Gazetted.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 1.—The appointment of Judge H. A. McKeown to the Chief Justice of the King's Bench division of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, and of W. H. Chandler to the Bench division, are gazetted.

Capt. W. R. Bennett of St. John has been appointed an inspector of hulls and equipment of steamboats under the marine department.

Preliminary and qualifying examinations for the outside civil service will be held in St. John and Moncton on November 14, 15 and 16.

### POSTMASTER GENERAL OF NEWFOUNDLAND DIED YESTERDAY.

St. John's, Nfld., Sept. 1.—Hon. H. J. B. Woods, postmaster general for the colony, died early today.

### Allies' Aid Society.

The Allies' Aid Society, which is a branch of The Standard's Children's Corner, received a field card yesterday from Gunner Harry Pike, of the 1st Canadian Heavy Battery in France, thanking the young ladies of the society for the quantity of cigarettes sent to him, which he shared with his companions. Gunner Pike says the soldiers greatly appreciated the gift.

### Monday, Labor Day

The Standard will not be published.

### LEADING CHARACTERS IN GREECE'S TROUBLESOME SITUATION.



### BULGARIANS FLEE SOROVITZ AS SERBIANS DRAW NEAR

Evacuating Town on Serbian Front Near Florina---Fail in Attempt to Take Gornitchovo.

### THE ELECTORS OF CARLETON CO. ARE NOT FORGETTING G. W. UPHAM'S TREACHERY

Grit Candidate was One of the Men who Voted to Kill the Valley Railway Bill in 1912—A Wabblers of the First Water and Carleton Co. People will Remember his Breach of Faith When they Go to the Polling Booth.

Special to The Standard.

Woodstock, Sept. 1.—When George Washington Upham voted to kill the Valley Railway bill at the session of the legislature in 1912 he was informing the electors of Carleton county that he would give him his medicine at the first opportunity. Not long afterwards, on that memorable day—June 29, 1912—Mr. Upham along with every other candidate of the opposition party with the exception of Messrs. Dugal and Pelletier was invited to step out of political life receiving a crushing defeat at the hands of the local government candidates.

The people of Carleton county will never forget Mr. Upham's breach of faith in voting against the Valley Railway measure that fact and he becomes greatly aroused when confronted with his action. In fact, he would have the electors of Carleton county believe that he did not vote against the bill. But unfortunately for Mr. Upham neither the journals of the House nor the official report of the joint debates will lie and the pages of both record him as casting his vote against the motion providing for the adoption of the bill to construct the railway.

Wabblers of the First Water.

Mr. Upham is a wabblers of the first water. When he awakened to a full realization of the fact that the people of Carleton county would resent his double dealing he sought to convince the House and country that he had supported the bill. In this attempt, however, he was unsuccessful as Mr. Speaker ruled that he voted against the bill, while several other members of the House expressed their willingness to make affidavit that Mr. Upham had voted with the solid opposition to defeat the measure.

The project for the construction of the St. John Valley Railway had been one of the most momentous issues that had ever been before the Legislative Assembly at Fredericton. For years and years the enterprising residents of the beautiful valley listened to the oft repeated promises made by the Liberal governments that the much-needed railway system would be constructed. But though strong promises were weak on performance. As was quite true of other promises made by the Pugsley-Carvell combination no results were secured, and it remained for the present government to carry the project to a successful conclusion.

Mr. Copp and his subservient followers, including Mr. Upham, fought the measure at every stage for purely partisan reasons, while Frank Bluster Carvell put forward every effort at Ottawa to prevent the Federal government from granting the usual subsidy for the construction of the railway.

For his breach of faith with the electors of Carleton county Mr. Upham

got his medicine in a straightforward manner in 1912 and all his explanations, which he is now attempting to make, will not serve to prevent the electors of Carleton county from giving him an extra dose of the same medicine on September 21st next.

It is reported here today that one of the opposition candidates positively refused to accept the nomination unless he received a definite guarantee that at least \$2,000 would be forthcoming from the party's finances to assist in covering the "expenses" attached in the contest which Carvell's party candidates propose to conduct.

### EMPLOYES OF N. Y. SUBWAY MAY STRIKE

Three Thousand Motormen and Conductors will Present Ultimatum Tuesday to Co.

### BATHURST MAN DIES OF WOUNDS

Ottawa, Sept. 1.—  
Mounted Rifles.  
Died of wounds,  
Edward Arsenault, Bathurst, N. E.

### Russians Begin a New Advance in Volhynia and Galicia—Moving Towards Roumanian Border of Bukowina.

Athens, Aug. 31, via London, Sept. 1.—According to information received here the Bulgarians are evacuating the town of Sorovitz, on the Serbian front near Florina. The Bulgarians are reported to have fallen in their attempt to take Gornitchovo, a town to the east of Florina.

Russian troops have begun another advance, and Petrograd reports fighting near Vladimir-Volynski, in Volhynia, and in the region of Halicz, in Galicia. The Russians also have seized a series of heights in the Carpathians, and are making progress westward along the Roumanian border of Bukowina. The capture of about 16,000 prisoners is claimed by Petrograd.

A withdrawal of the Austro-German lines south of the Zlota Lipa—Dniester section, is recorded by Berlin. Progress by the Russians west of Tarnopol is admitted, but Russian attacks in the Carpathians and near Lutsk were repulsed, Berlin says.

In Albania, Italian troops, advancing along the Vovusa river, have occupied Tepeleni. Rome says that two villages were stormed and that a number of prisoners were taken in the fighting along the Vovusa.

The Germans report the re-occupation of lost ground near Longueval and Delville Wood, on the Somme front, in Northern France. London admits a German advance, but says the attackers sustained severe losses. On the rest of the front in France there has been little activity.

Germans Claim to Have Won Back Ground on the Somme Front.

Berlin, Sept. 1, via London—German troops on the Somme front in France yesterday, as the result of a counter-attack, says the official statement, issued today by the German army headquarters staff, regained the ground they previously had lost near Longueval and Delville Wood.

The announcement follows: "Apart from a few hand grenades attacks, the activity of the British north of the Somme remained limited to strong artillery fire. Attempted French attacks between Maurspas and Clercy were frustrated by our fire."

"A counter-attack delivered by us again put us in possession of ground we had lost previously near Longueval and Delville Wood. South of the Somme a French attack which was expected, in view of the artillery preparation of the last few days, was begun in the evening. The enemy directed his main pressure against the Barleux-Soyecourt front. Bitter hand-to-hand fighting developed. Counter-attacks delivered by Saxon regiments in the Estrees-Soyecourt sector put a speedy end to the enemy's preliminary advance, and drove him back to his original positions. In all other cases the enemy's troops which had been held in readiness to charge, were kept in their trenches. In adjacent sectors the enemy's artillery was active. At several points enemy patrols displayed activity."

"Six aeroplanes were shot down in aerial battles in the Somme sector, and one in the Meuse district. Another machine was brought down east of Ypres by our anti-aircraft guns."