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TEN PAGES—ONE CENT

Despatches Indicate Enemy's Loss of Two More Submarines

FRENCH DESTROYER SENDS GERMAN TO BOTTOM; ANOTHER SINKS IN NORTH SEA

Likely Hit Mine, Is Copenhagen Report

Another British Vessel Sunk This Morning, Off Folkestone—German Torpedo Did It—All on Board Are Saved

Paris, Feb. 24.—The French ministry of marine today announced the receipt of definite information that a German submarine, which attacked the channel steamer Victoria on Monday night, was later sunk by a French torpedo boat.

The submarine is believed to be the U-16, which has been attacking merchant ships in the channel for a week. She was sent to the bottom off Cape Apreh, near Boulogne.

Copenhagen, Feb. 24.—German submarine signalled the Swedish pilot boat Iris for assistance off Mundal last night. The Iris was unable to approach her because of mines, and the submarine suddenly sank. She is believed to have hit a mine.

STEAMER SUNK OFF FOLKESTONE

Dover, Eng., Feb. 24.—An unidentified steamer sank this morning off Folkestone pier, it is believed to have been torpedoed or to have struck a mine.

LATER

Dover, Eng., Feb. 24.—It was the British steamship Oakley, of West Hartlepool, which was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine in the English Channel off Folkestone today. All the members of the crew were landed. The Oakley was not far from the Folkestone pier when she was attacked, indicating that the German submarine attacks are becoming more bold. The Oakley was destroyed in the lane used by British transports crossing the channel from Folkestone.

The Oakley was a vessel of 1,000 tons and carried a crew of between twenty and thirty men.

ANOTHER SUNK MY MINE

Stockholm, Feb. 24.—The Swedish steamer Speda has been sunk by a mine in the North Sea. A marine bulletin posted here today, announces her loss. The Speda sailed from Liverpool on February 2 with a crew of eighteen men and a cargo of 2,600 tons.

COLLIER SUNK BY SUBMARINE

Berlin, Feb. 24.—The admiralty today issued a statement that a British transport was sunk by a German submarine in the English Channel yesterday afternoon. The statement follows:—"A German submarine sank English transport No. 192 off Beachy Head at 4.45 p. m. yesterday.

Dover, Eng., Feb. 24.—All hope for the British government collier Branksome Chine of Cardiff, which was torpedoed in the English Channel yesterday, was abandoned at noon today. It is not believed that she has gone to the bottom, as she should have reached Dover seven hours ago, if she had managed to keep afloat.

The Branksome Chine is probably the ship referred to in the German announcement that a British transport had been sunk by a German submarine.

Business As Usual

New York, Feb. 24.—Clearances of freight steamships from this port, according to customs officials, show no decrease of steamship freight business because of the activities of the German submarines in the war zone.

MONSIGNOR ROGIE TO BE NEW ARCHBISHOP OF NEWFOUNDLAND

St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 24.—Monsignor Edward Patrick Rogie, rector of the Catholic cathedral and administrator of the Newfoundland diocese since the death of Archbishop H. Powley in last October, was notified today of his election to the archbishopric by Pope Benedict.

Monsignor Rogie is forty years old. He will be consecrated in the summer, probably by Archbishop Stagni, Papal Delegate to Canada, and Newfoundland.

GETTING READY

The three tugs owned by J. Holly & Sons—the William H. Murray, James Holly and Martello are undergoing repairs and will be ready for service at the opening of navigation on the river.

Phelz and Pherdinand WEATHER BULLETIN

Issued by authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupart, director of meteorological service.

Synopsis.—The disturbance in now over the Great Lakes and rain has fallen over the greater part of Ontario and Quebec. In the maritime provinces and the west, the weather has been fair and comparatively mild.

Rain.—Increasing easterly to southerly winds, with rain tonight and Thursday.

New England forecasts.—Rain tonight; Thursday, partly cloudy and cooler; increasing south winds, shifting to west by night.

Hang Them, Says Beresford

London, Feb. 24.—Lord Charles Beresford will propose to Premier Asquith in parliament tomorrow, that all Germans caught in the act of sinking undefended vessels without an attempt at rescue, shall be publicly hanged as pirates, according to universal practice.

Russians Press On To Victory Along Whole Of Front in Galicia

Have Taken More Than 48,000 Prisoners—Their Work "Miraculous," Say the Military Experts—Gradually Wearing Out the Enemy

Petrograd, Feb. 24.—In one month's operations in the Carpathian mountains, the Russian armies have taken more than 48,000 prisoners and it is said at the War Office today that the Czar's troops advance slowly but steadily pressing on to complete victory along the entire Galician front.

The prisoners include both German and Austrian troops. The attacks of the Teutonic allies have been seriously weakened by their losses in artillery as well as men. The Russians now are in possession of seventeen guns and 118 machine guns.

The Russian successes in the Carpathians are declared by Petrograd military experts to "border on the miraculous," because of the severe weather conditions, under which they were won. They assert that the gains in the southern theatre of operations, and the stopping of the German offensive in Northern Poland, presage complete victory over the Austro-German armies which are now believed to be making their supreme efforts.

Fierce fighting is now in progress over a front 125 miles long in the Carpathians. In Northern Poland, a sanguinary battle is in progress on the 100 mile front. The Germans are making desperate efforts to take Plesk and Przasnysk, but thus far have failed.

Tremendous losses have been inflicted on the Germans by the Russian artillery at Osowiec.

Great German Losses Admitted

Paris, Feb. 24.—A Rome despatch to the Echo says:—"The German embassy here admits that General Von Hindenburg's losses in his drive in East Prussia were 100,000, including dead, wounded and prisoners."

ANOTHER GERMAN ADMISSION

Berlin, Feb. 24.—(Via London, 2.50 p.m.)—The official report of the progress of the war given out in Berlin says the Russians have succeeded in crossing the Bobr River, in Northern Poland, in two places.

RUSSIANS WEARING GERMAN DOWN

Paris, Feb. 24.—At least 60,000 men were lost by the Germans in their attack on the Russian positions on the Rawka river in the region of Borkinow, and Gumbinnen, according to the Journal's correspondent who witnessed the operations. He considers the general situation highly favorable to the Russians, and says:—"The Germans are being gradually but implacably worn down. Whether they attack or merely defend themselves, their armies melt away from day to day. Their feverish activity of their heroic sacrifice of lives shows they realize they are fighting against time."

A. Food Question.—"The Germans are being gradually but implacably worn down. Whether they attack or merely defend themselves, their armies melt away from day to day. Their feverish activity of their heroic sacrifice of lives shows they realize they are fighting against time."

Berlin, Feb. 24.—Reports are heard in confidential circles here that further obstacles have arisen to prevent the invasion of Russia. The feeding of the population in the part of East Prussia which had been occupied by the Russians is proceeding with difficulty.

Austrians Driven Back

London, Feb. 24.—Austrian troops and artillery have evacuated the positions they occupied on the Bukovina frontier across the Pruth River from Matornilla, Roumania, says a despatch to the Daily Mail, from Matornilla dated Monday. The retreating forces are said to have moved back to Czernowitz because of the accurate Russian artillery fire.

BOOTEES FOR BELGIAN BABES COME TO MAYOR FROM GRAND MANAN

Twenty-Five Pairs Knitted by Mrs. James Scovill, 81 Years Old

A gift, inspired by loving thoughtfulness and one which will be appreciated very highly by those for whom it is intended, arrived this morning at the office of Mayor Frink. It is a box containing twenty-five pairs of knitted woolen socks of booties marked "For Belgian Babies." Every pair is the hand work of Mrs. James Scovill, North Head, Grand Manan, eighty-one years old. One can imagine how warmly they will be received by the Belgian mothers whose babies have been born amid scenes of desolation and who will be destitute of almost all the little comforts which a mother delights in preparing for her child.

Not content with making them useful Mrs. Scovill used various colors of fancy yarn and the result is that every pair is as pretty and dainty as could be. Mayor Frink will see that they reach their destination safely.

INSPECTION TRIP

H. C. Groat, superintendent of the Atlantic division of the C. P. R., left last night in his private car "Rosemead" attached to the Montreal express on an inspection trip over the line. He will meet A. Price, assistant general manager, at McAdam.

THE GIRLS' CLUB

The membership of the Girls' Club of the Playgrounds Association at 140 Union street, is steadily increasing. The classes in shorthand and English, as well as the social evenings, are greatly appreciated by the employed girls of the city. Last night the girls had their usual evening in physical drill under the direction of Miss K. L. Heffer, physical director. Games of basket ball were greatly enjoyed by those present. The members of this class are preparing to give a public exhibition of their work in the near future.

RUSSIAN CORPS IN A DESPERATE FIGHT

Cut Off From Army Retreating From East Prussia

GALLANTLY FOUGHT WAY OUT

Surrounded by Germans Many Times More Numerous Than Czar's Men But Managed To Inflict Heavy Losses

Petrograd, Feb. 24.—The desperate resistance offered by the Twentieth Corps of the Russian army to the advance of the Germans in East Prussia, after it had been cut off from the Tenth army, is described in an official communication issued here last night as follows:—"The communication of February 21, which described the unusually difficult position of parts of our army corps during the retreat in East Prussia, applied to portions of the Twentieth Corps, commanded by Lieutenant General Bulgakoff, comprising the Twelfth Division and three reserve regiments.

Communication between this corps and the Tenth Army was broken on February 18, and the corps found itself surrounded between Goldau and Spreewald by a German army which constantly increased in numbers.

"This corps fought heroically until February 22, against an enemy which outnumbered it several times. During these days the corps marched about thirty-two miles, continuing to force a passage for themselves toward the southeastern part of the forest of Augustowo.

"According to accounts given by prisoners, our corps inflicted heavy losses upon the Germans who attempted to bat the way, particularly in the lake region of four front, retaining its artillery and taking German prisoners.

"Reports just given by various individuals belonging to this corps who managed to escape, show that the corps was able to fight until its strength was completely exhausted, gallantly repelling attacks on four fronts, retaining its artillery and taking German prisoners.

"New fighting still continues on the eastern front. The Twentieth Corps has been forced back by the fire of our artillery. Fighting has been in progress north of Lomza on the roads to Badalona, Anzolina and Kolno. In spite of attacks by strong forces we hold Jedwabno."

SHORTER HOURS FOR THE POLICE; CHIEF PLANNING

Chief of Police Simpson is working on a scheme to cut down the hours which each member of the force must spend on duty under the present arrangement.

"We cannot make it eight hour shifts with the limited number of men we have," he said this morning, "but I hope to be able to arrange their work so that it will be somewhat shorter."

At present the men work in two shifts and are on duty twelve hours a day.

JAS. W. MCKILLOP OF WEST END DIES SUDDENLY

The sudden death of James W. McKillop of West St. John, which occurred this morning, caused quite a shock to his friends. He was sitting at breakfast when he was stricken. Heart trouble was the cause of his death. Mr. McKillop was a native of Scotland, and came to this city when a young man. He was employed in the London House for twenty-four years, after which he engaged in dry goods in the West End.

He was in the 68th year of his age and he was married to Mrs. McKillop, who was Miss Isabelle Weir, died about ten years ago. He enjoyed the esteem of a large circle of friends who will hear of his death with regret.

The funeral will take place on Friday afternoon at 2.40 o'clock from the residence of his son-in-law, George Clark, corner of St. James and Victoria streets, West St. John.

SELLING LIQUOR NOW CHARGED

Roy Foster Case—Mealy Sent Up For Trial

Roy Foster, who was reported for keeping liquor for sale in his premises, Mill street, appeared before Magistrate Ritchie in the police court this morning. An additional charge was made against him, that of selling liquor without a license. The case was postponed until Friday. Edmund S. Ritchie appeared for the defendant.

George Mealy, arrested on Monday night on a charge of assaulting and doing bodily injury to William Beckett by hitting him with a shoe, was committed to trial. Dr. F. L. Kenney testified, not but he a splendid success, and they hope the citizens will give generously for the sake of those who are now and those who will later be fighting the battles of Canada and the Empire.

Germans Make Gain On North Sea Coast

Furious Drives Against British Trenches—Lose at Other Points Along The Fighting Line in West

Paris, Feb. 24.—While the French keep pounding away at the German left centre between Rheims and the Meuse River, the Germans continue their assaults against the British at the left end of the allies' battle front. On the North Sea coast the Germans succeeded in making a gain and the French War Office now admits that fighting is taking place west of Lombardy.

Between Ypres and the French frontier, the Germans have been making furious drives against the British trenches. Between Rheims and the Argonne forest, the French continue to move forward slowly. The Germans have been compelled to abandon three of their first line trenches, and were driven out of two other lines of field works at the point of the bayonet. Two other lines of redoubts were blown up. The country north of Perthes les Mesnil and Beaulieu is a perfect network of trenches.

The German lost an artillery support between Perthes and Somme, northeast of Souain.

In the valley of the Meuse, near St. Mihiel, the French have gained a further success, and counter attacks of the Germans to dislodge them from their new positions failed.

In the Vosges and Upper Alsace, attempts of the Germans to force the French back through the pass of Bonhomme have failed. Despite a blizzard which has been raging in the mountains, the Germans have continued to deliver attacks every day.

It is now learned that considerable damage was done to the railway at Calais by bombs dropped from a Zeppelin on Monday.

GERMAN PRETEXT TO SAVE FOOD?

London, Feb. 24.—A despatch to the Post from Bern says:—"All Germany's war bread regulations, war cookery schedules and other arrangements are not due to any real scarcity of food, but are a pretext to induce charitable Americans to feed the Belgians and the French to feed their people in the portion of France occupied by Germany."

ONE OF BRITAIN'S AIRMEN HERE

Lieut. Hale Has Been at the Front in Dangerous Work—Flying Corps For Canada

An interesting visitor to the city today is Lieutenant B. F. Hale of London, England, who is attached to the Canadian Flying Corps. He has been in Canada for several weeks in connection with the work of establishing a flying corps in Canada. A training school for officers and men has been established.

Lieutenant Hale has seen eight weeks of active service with the British army in France, during which time he was engaged in the dangerous work of reconnaissance, directing gun fire, etc. Asked about the dangers of the work he modestly replied that he had not been hit so there was nothing to worry him. His chief, Major Jamney, was struck in the eyes with some splinters of shrapnel, but has recovered.

From St. John the lieutenant is going to England on special duty but expects to return in a few weeks on business connected with the new Canadian corps. For this school a Farnam bi-plane will be used at first and possibly other types later.

Lieutenant Hale has hopes of getting back to the firing line again before the war is over.

FOR PATRIOTIC DAY

Promise of Great Success On Next Saturday

"If there is a man, woman or child in St. John who, on Saturday night is without one of the little souvenirs of Patriotic Day, he or she should at once be court-martialed by his or her own conscience," said Mrs. E. Atherton Smith today, in telling of the excellent work of the regiment of patriotic women, who have captains and lieutenants and a full complement of privates for each ward, and thoroughly organized to collect on Saturday for the Patriotic Red Cross, Sailors' and Belgian funds.

The committee met last evening at Miss Kaye's, Peel street, and the utmost enthusiasm prevailed.

Mrs. Geo. McAvity, chairman of the flag committee, reported orders for flags for decorating very large.

Mrs. H. A. McKewen reported hundreds of orders for rosettes for horses. Mrs. J. H. Frink and Miss Travers reported orders from automobile owners for pennants for their cars. All who are willing to give the use of their cars on Saturday should notify Mrs. Frink, and orders for flags and rosettes should be sent at once to Mrs. McAvity and Mrs. McKewen.

Mrs. Alex Wilson and Mrs. T. E. G. Armstrong report that they have all the help they need in connection with refreshments for the workers.

Miss Travers, convener of the ward committee, reported all arrangements practically complete.

The ladies feel that Patriotic Day cannot but be a splendid success, and they hope the citizens will give generously for the sake of those who are now and those who will later be fighting the battles of Canada and the Empire.

LITTLE MUTINY SOON IS QUELLED

Indian Soldiers at Singapore Caused Trouble—Some Lives Lost

Manila, Feb. 24.—Four hundred members of a mutinous Indian regiment which revolted at Singapore on February 15, have been killed as well as seven German prisoners from the detention camp who joined the natives when offered their freedom, according to reports of the uprising brought here by passengers from Singapore.

The mutineers are said to have killed all their officers, save the colonel and then attacked civilians, several of whom were killed, including one woman.

The revolt began without warning half the Fifth Infantry of Bengal on their way to Egypt, numbering 600, suddenly attacked and subdued the other half. Reports brought here are that rebellious troops killed none of the Hindu soldiers who remained loyal but did kill some officers, British and natives. They then attacked the houses of civilians, according to the stories, killed men, but spared the women and children, was sought refuge on the transport Nile, lying in the harbor.

The mutineers offered freedom to all Germans in the detention camp who would join them. Only seven of the prisoners accepted this proposal, others preferring to remain where they were.

The 5th half regiment which remained loyal soon organized itself and started out to attack the mutineers. The troops were joined by Europeans of all ages, who offered their services as volunteers. In the running fights which followed, four-fifths of the revolting Indians are said to have been killed and it is believed only 100 now remain in the country surrounding Singapore. The troops were reinforced on the following day by sailors landed from French, British and Japanese warships. The revolt began at a time when there were no war vessels in port.

Other reports received here from Singapore are that there are rumors of unrest among the natives in Rangoon, Colombo and Java.

An official report given out in London last night by the bureau of information, said that the revolt of the native troops was due to jealousy and dissatisfaction concerning promotion. It was stated that in "a serious riot" which followed, there was a "regrettable loss of life," the casualties given were twenty-five persons killed, including eight officers, and others wounded.

A communication issued later by the colonial office said thirty-five persons had been killed, fourteen of whom were residents of Singapore. The statement added that some of the rioters were killed and that a large number surrendered or were captured.

NOVA SCOTIA RECRUITS

Digby, N. S., Feb. 24.—Recruiting officers, Major A. K. VanHorne and Major D. C. McKay, are at the Royal Hotel this morning where Digby county boys are rapidly enlisting for the third contingent. They will leave for Amherst about Monday or Tuesday.

The following have already enlisted: G. Archer Turnbull, Innis Munro, Russell Savary, Arthur McNeil, Arthur R. Baxter, Fred Turnbull, Frank McNeill, Digby; Leander Hatfield, John A. McDonald, Sgt. Nelson Hunt, Smith's Cove; Walter O'Neill, Marshalltown; Eric G. Butler, P. E. Fillet, Weymouth; N. L. Ruggles, H. R. Giffin, Weymouth North; Arthur Morby, Centreville.

WHERE WAS THE PATROL WAGON?

About noon today a sloven was driven along Prince William street with a drunken man stretched at full length on it and a policeman standing astride him. A visitor to the city asked if this was the usual way of handling offenders in St. John.