are giving them the right to abuse that property, in other words to pollute that property.

I want to make it clear that our Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms and our Canadian Constitution now say societal rights abrogate individual rights, and that is the way the courts have interpreted it. Our right as a society to protect the environment and the common good in no way gives individuals the right to abrogate that.

• (1800)

I will conclude on that note. Again I would like to thank my hon. colleague for putting forward this motion.

The Acting Speaker (Mr. Paproski): The time provided for the consideration of Private Members' Business has now expired.

Pursuant to Standing Order 96(1), the order is dropped from the Order Paper.

PROCEEDINGS ON ADJOURNMENT MOTION

[English]

A motion to adjourn the House under Standing Order 38 is deemed to have been moved.

IMMIGRATION

Mr. Mac Harb (Ottawa Centre): Mr. Speaker, when I filed to raise this question, at the time Mr. Jerez's family was still in Canada. The latest information we have is that it has unfortunately been deported to its home country.

In my supplementary question to the minister I had raised the question of the cost of the refugee cases presently in the system. At that time I indicated to the minister that according to his own figures we have so far spent in excess of \$300 million on refugee cases.

According to the latest information we have been able to obtain, only 4,000 people have unfortunately been deported out of this whole system. Of 100,000 refugees in Canada, at a cost of \$300 million, if you work it out per refugee who has been deported it would be approximately \$75,000 for every refugee.

Adjournment Debate

At that time I called on the government to review this whole process and to look at the amount of money we are spending. The United Nations High Commission is spending around the world approximately \$400 million. I call on the government to explain to us on this side of the House and to Canadians why it does not step up its efforts and perhaps consider the question of amnesty as one of the options or to speed up the process and take into consideration that there are many families out there that are hurting.

[Translation]

Mr. André Plourde (Parliamentary Secretary to Minister for International Trade): Mr. Speaker, on behalf of the Minister of Employment and Immigration, I am pleased to provide additional information on the questions raised by the hon. member for Ottawa Centre on October 10, 1991 concerning the case of Guillermo Jerez.

The minister maintains what he said on this subject. Mr. Jerez's case went through all the steps of the refugee-determination process, including a complete review of his request by an independent tribunal.

The minister is convinced that this case received the full treatment under the process, which is recognized as the most generous and most equitable in the world, Mr. Speaker, a process that is both firm and fair. Canada can be proud of its record in respecting human rights and recognizing refugees.

[English]

PORK INDUSTRY

Mr. Bob Speller (Haldimand—Norfolk): Mr. Speaker, I stood in the House on October 9, 1991 to bring attention to the problems facing Canadian pork producers. On that date I asked the Prime Minister if and when he was going to stand up to the Americans and demand that they honour the free trade agreement.

U.S. trade officials have now slapped a \$22 per hog duty on live hogs being shipped to the United States from Canada. That is a 300 and some per cent increase. Once again we are seeing a steady erosion of our trade relationship with the United States. It has become increasingly protectionist and as a result violates the spirit and the letter of the free trade agreement. We are seeing this now in the negotiations at the GATT.

I am not the only one who realizes that Canadian interests are being threatened. Canada's two chief nego-