at the opening of the Convention of the newly-formed Dio- taken in hand in Bristol and other populous places." - St. cese of Western New York. Our remarks and extracts we James's Chronicle. are reluctantly obliged to postpone.

We have been kindly favoured with a handsome copy of the memorable Sermon of Dr. Hook, published by the Right Reverend Bishop Doane; for which we beg him to accept our thanks. We must take this occasion of reminding our readers that, from the number of copies already ordered, we have resolved upon the publication of this Sermon in pamphlet form. We may, however, as a matter of convenience, be compelled to defer its publication, for a few weeks; but we can almost promise that it will be ready for transmission to the several subscribers, at the opening of the navigation.

CHURCH STATISTICS AND INTELLIGENCE.

RECTORY OF ST. GEORGE'S, KINGSTON.

The Ven. Archdeacon Stuart, L. L. D., Rector of St. George's Church,-the Rev. R. D. Cartwright, M. A., Assistant Minister,-the Rev. W. M. Herchmer, B. A., Chaplain to the Penitentiary.

NOTITIA PAROCHIALIS FOR	1838
Baptisms, including 19 for Garr	
Marriages, including 1 for de	73
Burials, including 21 for de	98
Communicants, in all,	223

The average annual amount of Sunday and Sacramental Collections for charitable purposes, is about £130. There are besides, yearly Collections for the Sunday School, Travelling District Missionary, and other extraordinary purposes,—amounting in all to about £50. The salary of the 9th. On that day the French war steamer Veloce arrived Assistant Minister is also paid by an annual subscription of from Rochefort, with despatches for Admiral Baudin; imthe Congregation; who, besides the claims upon their liberality already specified, have other numerous and constant Cruz. The Veloce was 27 days from Rochefort.

At the late Confirmation by the Lord Bishop of Montreal, 57 persons were confirmed out of 65 approved candidates,-8 being absent from sickness and other causes.

RECTORY OF COBOURG.

The Rev. A. N. Bethune, Incumbent. Divine Service is performed in St. Peter's Church every Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7 P.M.; on the principal Festivals and Fasts; and every Wednesday evening during Lent at 7 P.M, when a course of Lectures is usually delivered. Divine Service is also performed at Grafton every second Sunday at 3 P. M. The Gaol is visited as often as circumstances will permit; and week.day evening Lectures are given in various parts of the townships of Hamilton and Haldimand during the winter

A very handsome Chandelier, which cost in all about 401. Currency, has lately been procured for the use of Evening Service; and other improvements are contemplated for the more complete lighting of the Church, as well as for adding to its general appearance and accommodation.

The Collections in St. Peter's Church during the year 1838, for local or general benevolent purposes, amounted to £72 10s.; in addition to which the Congregation are liberal contributors to the Society for promoting Christian Knowledge, and the fund for the support of a Travelling District Missionary. The Report of the operations of these Socie tics respectively, will shortly be published. The deficiency in the salary of the Incumbent, in consequence of the withdrawal of the Parliamentary Grant from the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in 1834, has been regularly made up by a voluntary subscription of the Congregation.

THE NOTITIA PA	ROCHI	ALIS F	or 18	38, IS	AS	FOLLOWS	3:
Baptisms,	7 -04	*	intro)			123	
Marriages,	FW. 107	Louis	9430	e Link		21	
Burials, -	to god	5065	1340	bag as		33	
Communican	its, -	of the	ng ng	4) 650	101 g	. 195	

Number of persons confirmed by the Lord Bishop of Montreal in October last, 85.

From English Papers. NEW CHURCHES.

As some assistance to calculate the progress which church building has already made in various parts of the kingdom, the following letters on the subject from the Bishops of London, Winchester, Chester, and Gloucester, will be found highly interesting. They are addressed to Dr. Dealtry, the Chancellor of Winchester, from whose recent charge they are extracted :--

The building of new churches within my diocese,' observes the Bishop of Winchester, 'is steadily advancing. Since I delivered my charge in October last year, not a few have been added to the number then reported. Up to the 8th of September, the whole number consecrated by me within the last 10 years in this diocese amounts to 56. During the same period, between 2 and 300 more have been enlarged or improved. And in token that the disposition to provide accommodation is not abated, I need only add, that in addition to the above, 27 other churches are now in various stages of progress.'

"The Bishop of London, under the date of August 25th, writes thus :- 'I am thankful for being able to say that if I live over Monday next, I shall have consecrated 84 churches, 27 of these in the diocese of Chester, and 57 in the diocese of London; five of these last have been built by means of the Metropolis Churches Fund, and arrangements have been made by us for the erection of 21 more; besides which, five others are in progress in my diocese; and if I should be spared to witness their completion, I shall have conseerated 110 new churches; but I reckon confidently on a larger number being built in my diocese within the next few years, for the spirit is spreading. It is proper to state that in the foregoing number, eight were re-buildings on an enlarged scale.

From the Bishop of Chester :- 'The number of churches consecrated by me during the 10 years of my episcopate is 103. Churches now building in the diocese, 35. Chapels and oratories, not consecrated, but having their own ministers and congregations, 20. The sum employed upon

number of churches which I have already consecrated is eight, six of which are large ones-one only had been be. gun in the time of my predecessor. Six new churches (all

CLERICAL LIBERALITY .- At a meeting last week at Chi. Of His Excellency Sir George Arthur to the Sandwick Address chester, for the purpose of concerting means for raising the sum of £180 still required for the completion of the new church of St. Paul in that city, the matter was set at rest by the Rev. Dr. Chandler, the dean, generously taking the whole burden upon himself,

The new church of St. John the Evangelist, which, through the praiseworthy exertions and liberality of the rev. vicar, is now in course of erection on Carlton Hill, is already nearly roofed in; and as the works proceed very already nearly roofed in; and as the works proceed very rapidly, it is expected to be completed for Divine Worship in six months from the present time. We have great plea. sure in stating that a liberal donation of £200 has been made by Joshua Watson, Esq., towards the endowment, and that £100 has also been given by the Rev. Dr. Warneford .-Brighton Gazette.

Summary of Civil Entelligence.

Nothing later from Europe since our last.

MEXICO.

War has been formally declared by Mexico against France, notice of which has been despatched by the Admiral of the latter power to all French Consuls on the Continent.

Our New Orleans slips of the 16th announce the arrival of the brig Comet, from Havana, whence she sailed on the mediately on receipt of which the Creole made sail for Vera

When the Comet left there were 10 or 12 French men-ofwar at Havana; among them the bomb-vessels Cyclope and Vulcain, arrived on the 8th from Vera Cruz.

The United States sloops of war Ontario and Natchez sailed from Havana on the Sth, and the Boston arrived on the 7th from Key West .- N. Y. Com. Adv.

UNITED STATES.

On Saturday last, New York was visited with a hurricane, qualling in severity such as is often experienced in the West ndies. All the cellars in South Street, from Whitehall to Market street, were filled with water, as well as those in Maiden lane as high as Pearl street. A great deal of valuable property stored in these cellars must, therefore, be more or less damaged. Castle Garden was overflowed, and bridge and houses inundated to a considerable extent; the same with the south ferry, bridge and houses, to the depth of about four feet. Large quantities of timber, barrels ice &c., were floated up Broad street to Pearl street, the tide flowing up as far as Mar-ketfield street in Broad. On the North river side, the cellars into Washington market were overflowed; the same in West screet throughout its whole extent.

Albany is now suffering severely from a rising of the waters. It rained in torrents the whole day on Friday and part of Saturday last. The splendid steamboat North America is ost. Her furniture was previously taken out. Several other vessels were forced down the river, which were more or less injured. All that portion of the city near the river was overinjured. All that portion of the city near the river was overflowed. The water was ten inches higher on Sunday than it was in 1818. The merchants on the pier and all along the docks have suffered severely. Hundreds of poor families were driven from their homes; they were sheltered in the City Hall; and Soup was distributed to all those who chose to go for it. Streets which were flooded on Sunday presented solid pavements of ice on Monday. Considerable damage was done by the flood in different parts of the country adjacent to Albany. by the flood in different parts of the country adjacent to Albany.

A great fire occurred at Boston on the night of the 24th ult. The loss of property is estimated at £60,000, of which but a small part is insured .- U. C. Herald.

LOWER CANADA.

We are pleased to learn that the survey of the tract on Lake St. Francis is going on most favourably, under Mr. Russell, with whom the Commissioners of the Quebec and Megantic Land Company are highly pleased. By a report received within the last few days, they learn, that Mr. Ponnoyer, in the employment of the British American Land Company, has traced a continuation of the Lambton Road to Otter Brook, eight miles to the eastward of Victoria, fall ing through the richest soil in the unsurveyed block of that in its effects. Company. Two of the Commissioners intend visiting the improvements now making, in the middle of next month.-Quebec Gazette.

We understand that in the several cases of Morin and others-Lecuyer and others-and Delorimier Dumouchelle and others, application has been made to the Court of King's Bench, now sitting, for writs of prohibition against the Court Martial, with the view of finding the constitution and the proceedings of that Court illegal. Parties are to be heard on these applications on Monday next; and the result is looked for by the public with some interest .- Mon.

THE COURT MARTIAL.—General Hindenlang has been sentenced to be hanged—which sentence was, by order of which some of the undermentioned persons were enduring. His Excellency the Commander of the Forces, communicated to the prisoner on Saturday last .- Mont. Transcript.

On Sunday morning last, between 3 and 4 o'clock, about wenty armed men crossed to this side of the lines, set fire to the house and barns of a loyalist named Osborne, about half a mile from the frontier. Previous to burning the houses, the robbers took possession of Osborne's pair of horses and sleigh, which they loaded with his best furniture and effects. Osborne and his son were both bayonetted, and the former is not expected to survive .- Mont. Herald.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

both in Session, and the Governors of each in their speeches works as a sample) deserving the appellation. The dam, which have given general satisfaction, judging from the character of is of wood, is the most substantial and perfect of its kind we the replies which in both cases were echoes of the Speech. Sir ever saw, and the same may be said of the masonry of the Colin Campbell announced among other matters of importance locks: indeed, the entire work, as far as we may pretend to churches during the last three years exceeds £150,000. I to the Nova Scotia community the determination of Her Ma- judge, reflects the highest credit, both on the Engineer and the am happy to say that the spirit is not exhausted, and that I jesty's Government henceforth strictly to enforce the provisions contractors (Messrs. Sidey, Craigie and Glover). Should no of the American treaty with regard to the fisheries, for which financial impediment on the part of government interfere, of "The Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol states:— The purpose an armed force would be immediately stationed on the which, we regret to hear, there is some dread, the section will coast; and further the Minister at Washington was instructed be completed during the ensuing season. - Cobourg Star. to invite the co-operation of the American Government in the matter. His Excellency also congratulated the Legislature of considerable dimensions) are in the course of erection, on the resolution of the Home Government to make immediand some almost ready for consecration. All these are in ate arrangement for the transmission of the Colonial Mails been frequently called to London for the purpose of heing conthe ancient diocese of Gloucester. Schemes are in prepa-henceforth by Steam to Halifax, and call'd upon them to se-sulted by the Ministers on Canadian affairs. A better adviser ration for erecting seven or eight other churches, to which cond the advantage of such arrangement by assisting in impro-

UPPER CANADA.

REPLY

Gentlemen,-I thank you for your loyal address, which I received whilst on my journey, and for the kind and flattering reception I met with on my arrival on the Western fron-

Your fervent declarations of attachment and devotion to the service of your sovereign, are peculiarly gratifying; and I shall, with great satisfaction, make use of the renewed opportunity they afford me of assuring her most gracious Majesty of the unshaken affection of her brave Upper Canadian subjects.

The provocations you have endured from a wicked and lito which you have been exposed.

There is nothing more harassing than incessant watchings by day and by night; nor more wearing to the spirits than the continued apprehension that at any moment, during a course of many months, your dwellings were in danger of becoming the prey of lawless gangs of ruffians, who, with extensive means, continually menaced your destruction.

I have observed with pain, and with indignation, that your once peaceful and happy district has become the scene of invasion and murder; of foreign violence and foreign treachery; and whilst I admired the constancy and resolution with which you so long prepared to defend your families and your proper-ties, I could not but feel that the conflict was the more unendurable, from the fact, that an asylum was afforded to your rapacious invaders in the bosom of a foreign country, whos government was at peace with your own.

I know that you fixed your abode upon the confines of the powerful empire to which you belong, trusting that you were safe under its protection, and expecting you might reap the fruits of your industry with as much security on the banks of the Detroit as in the heart of England. I also know it to be the solemn duty, alike of the Imperial and Provincial Government, to protect your persons, your properties and your laws, and to vindicate your wrongs from what quarter soever they may be inflicted.

I therefore can readily enter into your feelings of excessive exasperation, and cannot but lament that there should be so much reason for entertaining them. But the greater the abhorrence with which you view these repeated infractions of horrence with which you view these repeated infractions of every moral, religious and national obligation, on the part of the population of the neighboring republic, the more apparent must it be to you, that the very contrary course is prescribed to you by your duty, your interest and your honour. Were you to commence that system of aggression and lawless interference which you so pointedly and justly condemn in others, you would descend from the high ground which you shead. you would descend from the high ground which you already occupy, and lose the moral superiority which, when once deprived of it, you could never recover.

If American citizens violate the laws of your country and their own, the wrong is not to be remedied by an equal viola-tion on your part. On the contrary, if you follow the exam-ple which you and the whole civilized world reprobate, you at once take redress into your own hands, you constitute yourselves the judges in your own case, you embarrass the local ex-ecutive, and deprive her Majesty's government of the strongest arguments which it can use in enforcing the justice of your

I therefore trust that you will not deem it too great a sacrifice to the best interests of the empire still to stand on the defensive, and to use every effort in preventing your justly excited indignation from betraying you into any violation of British or American law, or the usages of nations.

I have faithfully apprised her Majesty's government of every ircumstance connected with the events in which the inhabi-ants of the Western district have so signally participated and The solicitude of the Queen's ministers has be tense, and their determination to maintain the integrity of the empire is strong beyond expression.

You have seen the extended scale upon which the Comman-You have seen the extended scale upon which the Commander of the Forces suddenly called into action the Military resources of the country, and the readiness with which, without any regard to responsibility, this government placed the militia of the province at His Excellency's disposal.

Her Majesty's Minister at Washington has represented to the American reversions in the post arrange manner, the

the American government, in the most urgent manner, the necessity of some speedy and energetic exertion on their part, to restrain the aggression of their lawless people; and I feel confident, to borrow Mr. Fox's emphatic language, in a despatch I have recently received from him, that "we may all rest secure in the heartfelt and proud conviction that the whole strength of the British empire will be exerted, when necessary, to guard, or to avenge the attached and faithful subjects of her Majesty in North America."

Under all these circumstances, I feel that I may confidently expect you to support me in my earnest endeavors to discharge my duty towards my sovereign, the empire, and yourselves, to temper your devoted and impetuous gallantry with forbear-ance and respect for the laws,—to leave the infliction of righ-teous retribution to the constituted authorities of the land, and to recollect that the strength of a mighty nation, when tardily roused, and directed by justice, is then most irresistible

GEO. ARTHUR.

From the Sandwich Herald, Jan. 29.

We have much pleasure in recording the following act of

A few days ago Colonel Prince received a letter from the Revod Geo. R. F. Grout, Minister of GRIMSBY, U. C. enclosing, as the writer says "£15 15 0, being the amount of a subscription made by a few of the Inhabitants of Grimsby towards alleviating the distress and suffering occasioned "by the recent atrocious invasion of British soil by Ameri-"can Pirates," at Windsor, near this town, on the 4th ult. The contribution was most acceptable at this inclement season, and it did, indeed, tend much to alleviate the distress Too much praise cannot be bestowed upon the Reverend gentleman and his flock who so humanely and generously formed the subscription, and may their example induce others to "go and do likewise."

The rumor we mentioned last week of there being a large number of Americans ready to invade our soil, the first favorable opportunity, we have just ascertained to have been

During the past week we have had an opportunity of visiting the works on the GREAT Trent Canal, at the section called Crooks's Rapids, near the Asphodel Bridge; and we feel The Legislatures of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia are called upon to say, that it is in every respect (taking these

grants have been already voted by our Diocesan Association, ving the communication between Nova Scotia, New Bruns- his equal in knowledge of the true interests of these Colonies S. S. Wood, rem.; W. W. Street Esq.; Ven. the Archdea.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, 2nd February, 1839. His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, has been pleased to appoint Shepard McCormick, Esq. to be Collector of Customs at Cobourg, Newcastle District.

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE.

On Monday last, the installation of the new Principal, the Reverend Dr. Mc Caul, took place in the Great Room of the College, by the Rev. Mr. Matthews, First Classical Master and Acting Principal, who in a neat and appropriate speech emplimented the learned and reverend gentlemen upon his happy and auspicious arrival, expressing his earnest hope and confidence, that under him the institution so dear to all present would continue to prosper and flourish.

Yesterday the Seventh Form Boys who have now passed on to the sole tuition of the new Principal, waited upon Mr. Matthews, and presented the following

ADDRESS;

To the Reverend CHARLES MATTHEWS, A. M. First Classical Master of U. C. College.

Reverend and Dear Sir-We, the Boys of the Seventh Form take the occasion of your relinquishing the administration of the office of Principal of the College, to express our sincere respect and regard, as well as our high sense of the

advantages we have derived from your valuable superintendence and instruction.

The office of Principal of Upper Canada College is attended with many difficulties and responsibilities, and the disinguished reputation of the gentleman who formerly held his situation, rendered the utmost ability and exertion necessary to his successor. You have as we humbly conceive, discharged this important office with credit to yourself, honor to the Institution, and advantage to the Pupils.

This has excited our admiration and respect in a higher degree, from the knowledge of the peculiar difficulties under which you labored, being required not only to administer the office of the head of the Institution, but also at the same time, being encumbered with the duties of First Classical Master. -Our relation to you in particular, as Pupils in the 6th, and latterly in the 7th Form, will remain for ever endeared to us by many pleasing recollections: so high as an earnest, and we hope successful anxiety to communicate to us an acquaintance with the peculiarities and elegancies of the Classics, the observance of strict impartiality, and the display of uniform kindness, should raise a Tutor in the estimation of his Pupils so high is our admiration and regard for you.

The improbability of our past connection being ever resumed, precludes the supposition that this expression of our feelings is dictated by any other motive than that of unfeigned gratitude and respect.

We leave you then, Sir, with a sincere desire for your ontinued health, happiness, and usefulness.

We have the happiness to subscribe ourselves, with much gratitude, admiration and respect,

Reverend and Dear Sir,

Your affectionate Pupils, Signed, JOHN EWART, JOHN MCKENZIE, JOHN HELLIWELL, FRANCIS STAYNER, H. J. BOULTON, N. B. TUCKER,

As many of our schoolfellows desire to participate in an expression of the sentiments contained in this simple Adess, they have also attached their signatures.

The Address was signed by 101 boys; many more were prevented from attaching their names, only by the want of

The learned gentleman was pleased to make the following elegant and pithy reply: My dear young friends-Your Address fills me with the

rest pleasure. To be the object of the feelings which it expresses is an

adequate reward for exertions far exceeding mine. Whatever these were, I am sensible how much they must have been assisted by the existence of so fine a temper in the

scholars of U. C. College as is displayed in your Address. I am delighted to hear that the recollections you retain of our classical reading are agreeable; it would have been singular, if to Pupils of quick perceptions, studious habits, and

serious minds, they had proved of a different character. If I have in any way aided your capacity to enjoy and profit by the excellencies of ancient Literature, sacred or profane, I am truly thankful for it, and sincerely rejoice to think that fresh and superior advantages of this kind are, by the goodness of God, now opened before you, which, I am persuaded, you will zealously embrace, and under his blessing diligently improve.

Your wishes for my continued health, happiness and usefulness, demand my warmest acknowledgments; -- May these blessings, so invaluable to the remainder of my life, ever accompany you through yours.

Believe me always, Your affectionate friend, CHARLES MATTHEWS.

On Saturday last in Cobourg the Lady of B. Clark Esq of On the 28th ult., in Monaghan, Mrs. Wm. Grierson of a

daughter.

At Brockville, on Friday, lat February, the lady of the Rev. H. Caswall, of a son.

DIED.

On Sunday the 3d. Mary Harriet, infant daughter of Mr.

Wm. Grierson, of Monaghan.
In Toronto, on the 5th inst. at the residence of her son, Major Magrath, Mary, wife of the Rev. James Magrath, Rector of the township of Toronto, an affectionate wife, a fond mother, a humble christian, and sincere friend. She ceparted this life in peace, surrounded by her fondly attached family, and her loss is me by a wide circle of friends, whose love and esteem she had secured as the fruits of her many endearing virtues

In Kingston, on the 5th inst. after a short illness, in the 47th year of his age, MAJOR THOMAS FITZGERALD, Town Major of the Garrison of Kingston.

No officer was ever held in higher regard, by those of his Corps, or by the Army generally with which he served, than Major Fitzgerald; and few men have left behind them a larger number of friends and acquaintances to deplore the loss of one who possessed all the essentials of a zealous soldier, a high minded gentleman, and an ardent friend.

List of Letters received to Friday, February 8th : F. H. Hall Esq.; (the box has been received.) A. Menzies Esq. add. subs. and rem.; Rev. W. F. S. Harper; Rev. A. F. Atkinson, rem.; Dr. Richardson, rem.; Hon. J. Macaulay; J. Kent Esq.; Rev. R. Blakey, rem.; Rev. F. J. Lundy, with packet; Lord Bishop of Montreal; T. S. con of York; D. Perry Esq. add. subs. and rem.