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WHERE

All kinds of JOB PRINTING will be executed at a cheap rate.

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NATURAL HISTORY.

THE WALRUS.

This is an animal of enormous size. It sometimes measures nearly eighteen feet in length, and ten or twelve feet round. In the upper jaw there are two long tusks, which bend downward. The head is small, the neck short, and body round. The skin is thick, and scattered over with short brownish hair. The legs are short; and on each foot there are five toes.

When we consider the enormous size and strength of these animals, and that they are furnished with weapons so powerful as the long teeth in their upper jaws, we may well be surprised to learn that their habits are peaceful and inoffensive. The uses to which their tusks are applied, are the scraping of shell-fish, and other prey, out of the sand, and from the rocks. If, however, they are irritated by provocation or attack, these animals are sometimes exceedingly furious and vindictive. When surprised on the ice, the females first provide for the safety of their young ones, by flinging them into the sea, and conveying them to a place of safety; they then return to the spot from which they were attacked, for the purpose of revenging any injury they may have received. They will sometimes try to fasten their teeth on the boats, in order to sink them, or will run under them in great numbers, and try to over-set them—all the while roaring and gnashing their teeth in a dreadful manner. They are very fond of one another. A wounded Walrus has been known to sink beneath the surface of the ocean, rise suddenly again, and bring with it multitudes of others, who have united with it in an attack on the boat from which the insult came.

These animals often crawl on the shore, and are killed by the inhabitants, for the sake of their skin and fat. Fifteen or sixteen

hundred have often been killed at once. They are then skinned, and the coat of fat that surrounds them is taken off, and dissolved into oil. The skin is cut into slices, two or three inches wide, and exported to America for carriage-traces, and to England for glue.

The teeth of the Walrus, which weigh from ten to thirty pounds each, are used as ivory; but these animals are chiefly valuable for their oil. A very strong and elastic leather may be made from the skin. They frequently weigh from 1500 to 2000 pounds, and yield from one to two barrels of oil each.

BIOGRAPHY.

CARDINAL WOLSEY.

Thomas Wolsey, a celebrated cardinal, was the son of a butcher at Ipswich in Suffolk, and born there in 1471. After finishing his education at Oxford he became tutor to the sons of Grey, marquis of Dorset. Making his way at court, he gained the favour of Henry VII. who sent him on an embassy to the emperor, and on his return made him dean of Lincoln. Henry VIII. gave him the living of Torrington in Devon, and afterwards appointed him register of the garter, and canon of Windsor. He next obtained the deanry of York, and, attending the king to Tournay in France, was made bishop of that city. In 1514 he was advanced to the see of Lincoln, and the year following to the archbishopric of York. He was at this time in the zenith of power, and had a complete ascendancy over the mind of the king, who made him lord chancellor, and obtained for him a cardinalship. He was also nominated the pope's legate. His influence and income were prodigious, and he lived in a princely style; but having given offence to the king by not promoting his divorce, he fell into disgrace, and his property was confiscated. In 1530 he was seized at York, but died on his way to London, saying, "Had I served my God as faithfully as I have the king, he would not have forsaken me in my old age."

THE VILLAGE.—No. 11.

JEM TURNER.

Habits of regularity are excellent things, and he who is regular and industrious, even in the lowest employments, is sure to derive advantage. The mechanic who is most at-

tentive to his business, will meet with the most encouragement; and the boy and girl who are found as regular and industrious to-day as they were yesterday, will be freely trusted to-morrow. Those who are irregular, and given to change, seldom prosper.

I never saw an oft-removed tree,
Nor yet an oft-removed family,
That thrive so well as those that settled be.

Among many instances of this, poor Jem Turner affords one. I had not seen Jem for seven years, until yesterday. The cold wind was blowing from the north, and the leaves from the oak tree which stands at the corner of Perk n's close were flying in the air, when a poor ragged razor-grinder stopped at the cottage-door, with his apparatus for grinding. As I wanted a few knives and other things ground, I went to the door with them. "Master Jenkins," said the poor fellow, "I see that you are alive and looking hearty yet!" "Why, yes," replied I, "through mercy I am in good health, surrounded with a thousand blessings, for which I cannot be too thankful." At first I had not taken much notice of the face of the razor-grinder; but when he spoke to me as though he knew me, I looked at him more attentively, and then I saw that it was Jem Turner. I never knew a great deal of Jem Turner, though his father and mother once lived in the village, for Jem was not much at home with them. It was said that his mother-in-law did not treat him kindly; but how that might be I cannot tell. Many things are reported of mothers-in-law which are not true; but they too often lack that affection and kindness for their husband's children, which they feel for their own. When Jem had finished the things I had given him to grind, I told him to come into the cottage, for that it was my dinner-time; he did so, and sat down to some cold beef, bread and cheese, and home-brewed beer. After I had asked the Father of mercies to bless the provisions he had bestowed, so that the repast might not only strengthen our bodies, but also dispose our spirits to his service, we began our meal. After we had finished our repast, and returned thanks I asked Jem to give me an account of himself, since he left the village; and this he did cheerfully, as near as I can remember, in the following words:

"It must be more than seven years ago since I went off with Tom Parker to Bristol, to get on board ship. I had not a comfort-