

British Parliament. The Bill to amend the law relative to election committees, was brought in by Sir Robert Peel, and unanimously approved.

When the determination of the British ministry and parliament to put an end to this detestable traffic at all hazards, is made known to the Government of the United States, we cannot believe that Congress will reach into a collision with all the great powers of Europe, rather than cease to connive at the atrocities perpetrated for the sole interest of a minority of their own citizens.

Mr. Barrow, the agent of the London Dispensary, has been imprisoned at Madrid, for the publication of a translation of the Gospel of St. Luke in the Gypsy language, which appears to be an enormous crime against the political and ecclesiastical Government of Madrid.

UNITED STATES

New York, June 12 (From the Evening Post) During the debate on the Copy Right Bill, Sergeant Telford gave some amusing notices of the late of some recent publications, of which Bulwer, DIsraeli and Capt. Mayratt were the authors.

Newspaper Statistics.—An article in the Courier des Etats Unis of this city, states that England and America have more newspapers than all the other countries of the globe, the number being in Belgium, 84; in France, 750; in England 1200; in America, 3000. In Holland, Switzerland, Russia, Austria, Prussia, Spain, Italy, and in the other countries of Europe, 71. Total 5000, and upward.

India has 27 papers, Australia 17 (both these countries are however under British sway); China one (the Canton Register); Turkey since 1852, has 2 journals; Greece 4; and the Candia Isle has just issued its paper.

A party of ladies and gentlemen were enjoying the midnight moon, eight before last, in promenade in Hanover street on horseback at twelve o'clock.—Boston Advocate.

The ladies in New York have taken to a new exercise that of trundling hoops in the Washington Parade Ground. Hundreds of big and little misses may be seen every afternoon trundling through the park with great speed and animation.

Frontier Defences.—A correspondence between Isaac H. Bronson, member of Congress from this State, and the Hon. J. R. Poinsett, Secretary of War, has been published by the Albany Argus. Mr. Bronson had urged the Secretary of War to display on the frontier a regular force, sufficient to repress and prevent further disturbances and apprehend retaliation, as well as to preserve neutrality. The Secretary replied on the 5th instant, that he had sent to the southern frontier all the troops that could be spared from the points where their presence was still needed; but that he could not spare from our little army now engaged in Florida and the Cherokee country any more men, as the forces of 60,000 were diminished in those quarters without danger to the peace of the country.

We entirely agree in the recommendation of the Secretary of War, and hope good feeling enough will pervade the members of both Houses to induce them to support so desirable a measure. A few additional regiments might easily be raised for a limited period. Six or twelve months—at the expiration of which time, they might be disbanded or continued according to exigencies.

DISPUTED BOUNDARY BUSINESS. The following extract from a letter from Dr. Holmes, just received, shows that all the surveys have arrived on the Aroostook and are now busily engaged in their laborious duties.

GOVE'S SETTLEMENT, SOUTH OF THE ST. CROIX RIVER. June 6th 1853. Dear Sir.—After much toil and tribulation to say nothing of a day's drizzling, we arrived here last night and found that Dr. Whipple had arrived the day before. This Aroostook river is certainly the handsomest stream of water in all Maine, and the land, for the most part, is excellent, though if a man wants a poor farm, he can find it here. I find the growth of the intervals thus far, very different from that on the Sandy river, Kennebec, and Saco. Pine, cedars, &c. which in those places indicate wet cold soil, are found thriving on low intervals and even upland swells.

It is no uncommon thing to see a cedar retaining himself up with a trunk from a foot to a foot and a half in diameter and thirty or forty feet high before he puts out a limb, on high dry soil. I saw you that we came up the East bay and not the Sabots. While our boat was carrying across into Aroostook we saw a high swell nearly a mile long. I took a reconnaissance of the region round about, and discovered a bog in which the waters of the Aroostook and those of the Penobscot or rather the tributary, up which we came, both rise. At any rate this is my present belief.

I understand that there are two or three companies below, all ready coming up along this summer, but learning that there are so many "Yankees" above, dare not come on.

Review of the New York Market. CORN.—Sales of 2000 bushels Old at 16 1/2 cents, cash.

FISH.—Some parts of cargoes of first quality Cod have been taken since our last at 83 7/8, showing a further improvement.

WHEAT AND MEAL.—The Flour market has varied materially since last noticed, the demand being still quite limited for every description, without essential variation in prices.

GRAIN.—We continue without any transactions to notice in wheat of any description. The stock of Foreign consists of 15, a 20,000 bushels, the price of which are held at about \$1.70; there is still, however, but little inquiry for the article, and no disposition in the present state of affairs to accede to the price proffered.

REMOVAL OF THE INDIANS FROM GEORGIA.—We had space yesterday to allude briefly only to the account received here of the final termination of the Indian difficulties in the State of Georgia, which Governor Gilmer thought might possibly lead to Notification on the part of that State. The Indians have been removed in a quiet and peaceful manner from the Territory of Georgia, by the troops of the United States under the command of Major General Scott. The information was communicated to Governor Gilmer by Col. Kennan.

While on this subject we cannot help remarking that the late excitement on the Cherokee question, has all the appearance of a systematic effort to bring the administration into disgrace for the part it took in the removal of the Indians. John Ross was imprisoned into a past patriot, and now we see the Indians quietly leaving their homes in compliance with the treaty, and without any complaint, so far as we know, against the authors of this just and certainly humane policy.

NEW ARRANGEMENT OF THE PACKETS.—The owners of the several Liverpool packets have agreed to an arrangement, by which, after the 1st of July, a packet will sail from each port on the 1st, 7th, 13th, 19th, and 25th of each month.

SON OF THE FRENCH KING.—Prince de Joinville son of Louis Philippe, King of France, about 19 years of age, left home some time ago, and visited various places in Europe, South America, and Cuba, and finally reached the U. States about 29 days since. After passing a few days at Washington, witnessing the debates and receiving appropriate courtesies from American officials, he was to visit Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and the cities of Baltimore and New York, in the latter of which he would tarry long enough to receive the public hospitalities of his countrymen; and immediately repair to Newport, where a French ship is in waiting to take him home.

LOWER CANADA.

Quebec, June 4. General, with the Right Honorable the Countess of Durham and her family, attended Divine Service in the Cathedral Church. The family consists of the Viscount Lambton, the Lady Mary Lambton, the Lady Emily Lambton, and the Lady Alice Lambton. The Countess of Durham landed, her Ladyship has appeared in an open carriage, drawn by a pair of handsome horses, with outriders in splendid liveries, and the whole equipage in a style suitable to her high rank and exalted station of the noble position. Her Excellency generally takes exercise on horseback.

It has been rumored that steps will also be taken to remove the ruins of the old Castle, CASTLE OF ST. LEWIS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Countess of Durham will hold a Drawing Room at the Castle of St. Lewis, on the Evening of Wednesday, the 13th instant, at 9 o'clock. The Ladies who attend this Drawing Room are requested to bring with them two Cards, having their names distinctly written upon them; one of these Cards will be left on the Aide-de-Camp's table, in the Entrance Hall; the other Card will be delivered to the Aide-de-Camp in Waiting, by whom the Ladies will be presented to Her Ladyship.

The Gentlemen who attend this Drawing Room will not be presented to Her Ladyship. Ladies and Gentlemen will appear in Evening Dresses.

By Command of His Excellency, G. COOPER, Colonel and Principal A. D. C.

This is probably the man of war, Seamer reported by Capt Paul last week. The steamer Canadiana, having on board His Excellency Lord Durham, Countess of Durham, and suite, and several officers, proceeded at noon to-day on a pleasure trip round the Island of Orleans.

James Buchanan Esq. Her Majesty's Consul at New York, arrived here yesterday morning, with despatches from London, for the Earl of Durham, which were forwarded by mail.

The Hon. Lieut. Col. Grey of the 71st Regiment, left town on Friday, with Despatches from the Earl of Durham, for the English Minister at Washington, which are supposed to be upon the subject of the affair of the Peol steamer. Col. Grey was accompanied by two officers of his Regiment—Sir Hew Dalrymple, Bart, and Lord Annesborough.

This day at 10 o'clock His Excellency the Governor General held his first levee, in the magnificent hall of the Government House, the number of the guests was more numerous than at any we have seen. His Excellency arrived at the levee punctually at the hour indicated in the notice which had been given, and the rooms were splendidly fitted. The Bishops of both Churches, with their respective Clergy attended, and the Ministers of other Churches, the Judges, the Gentlemen of the Bar, the military Department, the Officers of the Garrison, and an immense concourse of persons were present, and as the presentation to His Excellency, of all those who had not previously enjoyed that honor, was a great though, it necessarily occupied a considerable time.

ARRIVAL OF CAVALRY.—The transport telegraph at noon yesterday was the 2nd Lt. Captain Lodge—Lieut. Lezer, R. N. Agent—having on board 5 officers, 2 Lieutenants and 3 children, 20 men, 7 women and 11 children, at the 7th of the Queen's Own Light Dragoons (Wentworth). The 7th Light Dragoons on the 2nd May and has had, we hear, a very little success in a disaster of any kind worth mentioning.

MONTEAL, June 3. The 8th Regiment is under orders to march for Upper Canada, to-morrow morning at 6 o'clock. There are various rumors about today from Upper Canada,—one is, that an attempt was made to burn the steamer Great Britain, which I do not believe—others, that two of the individuals who burned the Sir Robert Peel are in custody of the United States authorities. Another rumor is, that a party of 400 men, from the 4th Regiment are to march into town to-morrow morning; and the 71st, from the Island of St. Helena, to-morrow or the day after.

Colonel Rowan is appointed Military Secretary, and Captain Girdle principal A. D. C., to the commander of the forces.—Morning Courier.

Five of the Montreal Volunteer Cavalry accompanied Sir John Colborne to Upper Canada as an escort.—Ibid. We are glad to learn that the adjutants of the different Volunteer Corps have been again restored to the full pay establishment.—Ibid.

MONTEAL, June 11. In another column will be found an account of a public dinner, given at Montpelier to Dr. Nelson, upon the occasion of the adjutant of the 4th Regiment, who is now in the city. We publish it as a manifestation of the spirit that is abroad amongst the population of the United States upon our frontier. Amongst those who are represented as having taken an active part in the festival, we regret to find the names of one or two whose regard for their previous reputation as respectable citizens, might justly have been expected to have made them abstain from any participation in proceedings so disgusting, disgraceful, and offensive, and which may prove fatal to the interest and welfare of their country.

It is melancholy to find young Nelson an actor upon this occasion, and boasting of the part he played at Saint Denis. The youth must be equally devoid of gratitude as of gallantry. He was released after being arrested on account of his youth, and from a belief that the situation of his father, Doctor Wolfred Nelson, would prove a satisfactory lesson to him, but we now see him boasting of his wickedness, and doing all in his power to prejudice against his father the minds of those who may be called to sit in judgment upon him.—Morning Courier.

Quebec, June 6. LORD DURHAM'S FIRST LEVEE.

His Excellency the Governor General held his first levee yesterday at the Castle of St. Lewis. It was more numerously attended than on any former occasion, and not limited with that state and solemnity which have so powerful an influence in inspiring respect for the public authority, without which, whatever may be the form of Government, it is in vain to expect public order and a ready submission to the law.

The Bishops and the Clergy of all religious denominations, the Judges and Magistrates, the learned Professors, the Civil and Military Officers, the Merchants and Citizens generally, all seemed anxious to pay their respects to the new representative of the Crown, commissioned to restore peace, and to trust, prosperity and happiness to these Provinces.

The general opinion seems to be that we shall be governed, and well governed, a thing we stood greatly in need of; that individuals and partial interests and ambitions will be made to yield to the general interest, and the welfare of the Provinces permanently conciliated with the interest of the great Empire of which it forms a part.

The high Commissioner to whom this duty is assigned, must, however, have time to acquire the necessary local knowledge. He is entitled to the full confidence of every good

subject of the British Crown, by which he has been selected, according to his lawful prerogative. We have nothing to fear, under the British Government, subject to all the respectful duties of the British Constitution and laws, and we trust that the industrious and peaceable inhabitants of this Province will be permanently relieved from the dissensions and anarchy produced by men pretending to fear, and to abandon the progress of the Bar of England, and we trust that the industrious and peaceable inhabitants of this Province will be permanently relieved from the dissensions and anarchy produced by men pretending to fear, and to abandon the progress of the Bar of England, and we trust that the industrious and peaceable inhabitants of this Province will be permanently relieved from the dissensions and anarchy produced by men pretending to fear, and to abandon the progress of the Bar of England.

We have received the first number of the Canadian Quarterly Agricultural and Industrial Magazine, published by Mr. T. D. Moore, for his able and public spirited exertions in favor of agricultural improvement. It consists of 72 pages, 8vo., and is intended to be continued quarterly.

We have hitherto received reports on the agricultural affairs of Canada through the newspapers, but they will in future be given periodically in the above Magazine; as there is a great number of subscribers engaged in agriculture, we shall by these reports before them as they appear, from which the state of our crops in New Brunswick may be compared with that in Canada.

The following extracts are from the agricultural Report, dated 26th May, 1853.—

AGRICULTURAL REPORT FOR APRIL AND MAY.—The month of April was cold and frosty throughout, and the spring work was scarcely commenced before the 1st of May.

Many farmers in the District of Montreal have sown much less wheat this year than usual; others have not sown any. For the last three or four years they found what to be a very uncertain crop, owing to the ravages of the wheat fly, which have soon been destroyed, and are generally said to have been destroyed by the 10th or 15th of May, as these weeds so long in a wet and unsuitable state for working except on light lands that were well drained, and judiciously ploughed into well sown ridges last fall.

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rough knowledge of the higher principles of jurisprudence. On account of his eminent qualifications for the office, the accident of his presence in England under circumstances which enabled him to leave it for a short period, was considered a happy one. It would have been impossible to induce any gentleman of an equal order of talent to abandon his prospects at the Bar of England, and to accept of a position in a remote and unprosperous part of the world. The prospect of an honorable and useful career, and the prospect of a mission so exalted and important as will give the political constitution of these Colonies upon a final basis of harmony and prosperity, were the inducements of Mr. Taiton to accept the appointment offered to him.

It is stated that Sir George J. Vernon of Upper Canada, and a Col. Engineer, have surveyed a site for a fort at Niagara, Queen's Falls, and that fortifications will be erected at those places.

The Grand Jury came into Court for the presentation of a remarkably full character. The vice and immorality of the productions adapted of gambol and sport are brought forth to the reduction of tavern licenses attended.

From the Montreal Herald, June 13. His Excellency the Earl of Durham has ordered instructions to be issued for the present, that the improvements in the harbor which he has engaged in, shall be discontinued. Various rumors are in circulation in consequence, but none that are generally true. Lord Durham has directed the delivery to the French Ambassadors of the prisoners concerned in the burning of the Sir Robert Peel, and if it is not completed with the American Government, he will take upon himself the responsibility, as he has the power of declaring war between Great Britain and the United States, and will proceed as soon as England is in a proper state.

With respect to movements in the city of New York, we learn that Capt. G. Stone of the 1st Infantry, left the city yesterday afternoon in the steamer Switzer for Albany, and thence for Saratoga Harbour, with two hundred United States troops.

Toronto, May 31. We learn that the guards have been increased, and pickets placed where none had been before. The York militia have been called out, with the view of selecting from each regiment one hundred effective men for active service, and the volunteer corps or high-guard, whose services have for some time been dispensed with, are again ordered to be in readiness. The "Queen's Own," commanded by Colonel Kinnear, have proceeded to the Niagara frontier, to be stationed at Drummond'sville. The 5th Regiment was hourly expected at Toronto from Montreal. All these preparations are said to indicate that there is some stirring, and that the Government must be in possession of some information to induce these precautions not known to the public.—British Colonist.

Peterborough, N. S., June 12. "THE BIRDS IN THE WOOD"—A tragedy has recently occurred, which too surely evinces that there are yet persons in the world, as cruel and as hard-hearted as old "Uncle Hester."

The Quebec Mercury of Tuesday contains a notice of the different members of the new Executive Council. We have only room to extract what is said of Mr. Turton, which gentleman the Herald of Montreal has termed "a four-rate lawyer and first-rate reprobate."

The other Secretary to His Excellency, Mr. Turton, is a gentleman of the highest legal attainments. He holds the first place, and has the most lucrative practice (averaging \$20,000 a year) at the bar of the Supreme Court at Quebec, of which he has been a distinguished member for fifteen years. He held the important and responsible office of Advocate General in the Administration of Lord Aulbertin in India, by the appointment of Lord Combermere. Accidental circumstances led to the resignation of Mr. Turton with the mission of Lord Durham. He had been selected as Agent to certain European petitioners of Madras and Bengal against a set of the Local Government, in a matter of so much importance, and involving considerable wealth, and the state of his own health, with the desire of taking his family to England for education, concluding he was induced to go to England.

Having accomplished all the objects of the petitioners in a shorter space of time than was anticipated, he was solicited to accompany the Earl of Durham, to whom he had been long previously known, for the purpose of giving him the aid of his experience as a practical lawyer in the courts, and those

These were the words of the girl, and from the tenderness and sincerity with which she expressed herself, we are led to believe her statement to be correct. The children have every attention paid to their comfort, by Mrs. Anderson, by whom they were found, and we trust that she will be rewarded for her benevolence, and that she will be provided for otherwise.—Athenian and Farmer.

Great preparations are making throughout the Province of Nova Scotia, to celebrate Her Majesty's coronation in Halifax a considerable sum has been received, with which to furnish a day's recreation and levity to the more humble and less favored part of the community; and in St. John's will be

provided, that a similar feeling.—Sentinel. We are informed that the Hon. JAMES BLACK is appointed to the Council of the Province, and that in that body as senior member. We learn that our City Corporation having three men ousted on Council—one on King's, and one on Queen's Street, and one on Queen's Street.

Scarcity of Bricks.—We notice the progress of several buildings the course of erection in this City suspended, owing to the impossibility of procuring a sufficient supply of bricks to keep the workmen employed. For a few cargoes of Bricks is the urgent present; for unless a large number of our mechanics are compelled to seek employment elsewhere.

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THE STAGE. SAINT ANDREWS, SATURDAY J. Charlotte County. HARRIS HAYES, Esq. P. Director next week. R. F. D. Hours of business, from 11 o'clock and notes for Discus with the Cashier on or before they may meet. Aims and Black. Commission next week. Saint Stephens. WILLIAM PORTER, Esq. Director next week. G. D. Phillips and notes for Discus with the Cashier on or before they may meet. Bank open from 10. LATEST DA. LONDON. LIVERPOOL. EDINBURGH. PARIS. BRISTOL. GLOUCESTER. BIRMINGHAM. MANCHESTER. SHEFFIELD. NEWCASTLE. YORK.