

REJOICING AT TORIO.

BOOKERS SHORT A BOOKERS TO THE ANALYSIS OF THE

Burst of Flames and Smoke

Storts People in Theory

Towards Citis.

Not Ying Pob. Dec. Comment of the Comment o

The Attorney-General moved the sound reading of the bill to amend the Judgments Act, 1899. He explain the objects of the bill in a few wor. The gist of the bill is as follows:

Section 7 of chapter 33 of the Strutes of 1899, being the "Judgments A 1899." is hereby amended by striki out the words "but a motion may made to the Supreme court or a judthereof in chambers," where they occ in the eighth and ninth lines thereof and by substituting therefor "but application may be made to the Supreme court of a judge of local judge thereof. The said act is hereby amended adding thereto the following section:

"11B. All the proceedings which make had and taken before a judge of the Supreme court under this act and all the suppreme court under this act and all the supreme court under this act and all the suppreme court under this act and all the supprements the suppr be had and taken before a judge of Supreme court under this act and all powers which may be exercised by judge of said court upon or in countion with such proceedings, may, which is the judgment has been recovered in Gonnty court, be had and taken before and be exercised by the judge or juniudge of the County court in which judgment was recovered, and all foregoing provisions of this act shimutatis mutandis, apply to such preedings."

LEGISLATURE (From Tuesday's Daily.) NIGHT SITTING.

JUDGMENTS ACT.

Hon. Mr. Wilson moved the secon areading of the bill to amend the Count Courts Act. He said those acts need ed not only amendment, but consolidation. They had not been done site of the coupying his present position a year hence. Everything that facilitated the transaction of legal business was in the interest of the public. The purpose of the present bill was to amalgamate the two County courts of Victoria and Nanaimo for the greater facility of business. It was proposed sooner or later to establish a County court for Atlin.

Mr. McInnes had hoped that Hon. Mr. McInnes had hoped that Hon. Mr. McInnes had hoped that Hon. Mr. Wilson was working up to a withere had been two County court districts on Vanconver island, and now it was proposed to wipe out the Nanaimo county court, something that he objected to very strongly. Nanaimo enjoyed today greater prosperity and was more important than it was fiften years are COUNTY COURT ACT. county court, something that he objected to very strongly. Nanaimo enjoyed to day greater prosperity and was more important than it was fifteen years ago. As a resident of that district he protested against any such action, and it would rouse a great deal of resentment in the northern half of the island. He accused the Attorney-General of trying to usurp the functions of the Dominion government, which alone had authority to appoint County court judges. He then drew attention to the congested condition in the County court of Victoria, and said that Supreme court judgess should be empowered to sek any County court judge to come in and take the County court work here. He said the bill was objectionable to the people of the northern portion of Vancouver island, and a slur on the federal authorities.

for the County of Victoria at the request of any judge of the Supreme court and." The bill was reported complete with amendments. To be considered next sitting.

FRAUDS AND PERJURIES. TRAUDS AND PERJURIES.

The Attorney-General moved the second reading of the bill for the prevention of frauds and perjuries and for prevention of many fraudulent practices, which are commonly endeavored to be upheld by perjury and subornation of perjury. Read a second time and committed, Mr. Hall in the chair. The bill was reported complete without amendment. Adopted, bill read a third time and passed.

S. A. W. LAND GRANTS. The chief commissioner moved the second reading of the bill to amend the South African War Land Grant, 1901. Head a second time and committed, Mr. Macgowan in the chair. The bill was reported committed with a manufacture of the second committed o rted complete with amendments. Re-to be considered next sitting of

LILLOOET SEAT.

port to be considered next sitting of the House.

LILILOOET SEAT.

The Premier moved the second reading of the bill to qualify Mr. Archibald McDonald to represent the Lillooet electoral district. He recalled the case of Mr. Prentice and dwelt upon the bad points of that question. All he asked for Mr. McDonald was that the House be generous enough to overlook the mistake of the government agent. Before the election he resigned his office under the government, but acting at the advice of the government agent he worked as road foreman during September and Octiber, but never drew a cent of pay for that time. If there was one member of the opposition who objected to this bill the Premier was unwilling to proceed with the bill. After prorogation he proposed, if this bill passed, to bring on a bye-election in Lillooet, and he would consult the wishes and convenience in the matter for he felt convinced that the more the Liberals took an interest in the election the higger would be the majority for the Conservative candidate.

Mr. Macdonald (Rossland) reciprodated the happy remarks of the Premier to not he tour of Lillooet. The opposition on hearing of the case of Mr. McDonald had sat nearly the whole session and the opposition had no desire to insist upon him being mulcted in the \$15,000 or \$16,000 to which he had laid himself liable. The Liberal Association of Lillooet, also, had declared that he odvantage should be taken of Mr. McDonald's mistake. He had, therefore, much pleasure in supporting the bill. Though the letter of the law had been broken, they felt convinced that the spirit of the law had not been broken, they felt convinced that the spirit of the law had not been broken, they felt convinced that the spirit of the law had not been broken, they felt convinced that the spirit of the law had not been broken, they felt convinced that the spirit of the law had not been broken, they felt convinced that the spirit of the law had not been broken.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE ENQUIRY.

Mr. Clifford moved the adoption of the report of the select committee's report on the construction of Government on the construction of Government house.

Mr. Macdonald discussed the phraseology of the report, which he challenged s
as incorrect and not in accordance with
the directions of the original resolution.
He contended that the arbitrators in t
soling beyond the scope of the enquiry in
had exercised their right to enquire into a
matters relevant to the enquiry. He
could not see what the chairman of the
committee expected to gain by having
the House reaffirm its resolution and directions.