

STARVATION FACES
BRUSSELS PEOPLE

Germans Have Difficulty in Finding Rations for Them.

BELGIANS UNDAUNTED
People Indorse King Albert's Resolve to Resist All German Offers.

[Canadian Press.]
LONDON, Sept. 29.—9:05 p.m.—The scarcity of food in Brussels has raised a grave problem, according to R. C. Hawkins, who has just returned from Belgium, where he completed arrangements for the transferring of a number of wounded Belgian soldiers to England.

"The situation in Brussels is one of great uncertainty," said Mr. Hawkins tonight. "There is the gravest danger of starvation. Food is scarce, and 150,000 people are applying for rations which the German administration is finding it difficult to supply. There is the further danger that the workmen of the city may rise in revolt against the German administration. Mr. Hawkins was greatly impressed by the spirit of the Belgian troops at Antwerp. Regarding conditions there, he said:

"Terrifying the Germans.
"Every night a sortie is made, and every morning brings its quota of dead and wounded, sometimes as many as 1,000, making a heavy drain on the garrison, but the usefulness of these expeditions cannot be exaggerated. The German outposts are reported as almost terrorized, and a night passing without some of them being picked off, or some of their supply trains being blown up. As these incidents tend to upset the carefully planned arrangements of the German army, the Belgians at Antwerp have been nicknamed the 'Black rats,' on account of their destructive nocturnal activities.

Victims Chiefly Civilians.
"It is remarkable that in spite of the vigor of the military operations, the greater portion both of killed and wounded are civilians. The Germans undoubtedly have tried to strike terror to the hearts of the people of Antwerp in order that the determination to hold out to the end might be shattered, but the firm resolve of King Albert to resist all German offers has endeared him to the hearts of his people, and they are content to follow his lead. This was shown when His Majesty refused even to receive the last German deputations.

Took Red Cross Funds.
Mr. Hawkins added that the Antwerp hospitals were full, and the fact that the Germans, with their occupation of Brussels had annexed the Belgian Red Cross organization, including its funds, left its Red Cross branches in great difficulty. Consequently the Belgian Government gladly accepted the proposal that convalescent wounded soldiers, while owing to the nature of their injuries, would be unable to rejoin a color, should be brought to England.

COL. GORDON ALIVE,
BUT IS A PRISONER

Commandant of Gordon Highlanders Was Twice Reported Killed.

[Canadian Press.]
LONDON, Sept. 29.—2:10 a.m.—Col. W. E. Gordon, of the Gordon Highlanders, and aide-de-camp to King George, who have been twice reported killed, is a prisoner in German hands and in good health. This news was conveyed to the British war office through the American ambassador at Berlin, James W. Wilson.

Col. Gordon, who won the Victoria Cross in the Boer war, was in command of the Gordon Highlanders early in September, when they were surprised. They advanced towards a German detachment in the mistaken belief that it was a French picket, and many of the Highlanders were shot down. One regular who escaped said he had seen the body of his colonel among the dead.

SIXTEEN MORE OFFICERS
IN THE CASUALTY LIST

LONDON, Sept. 29.—3:46 p.m.—The following casualties among British officers have been reported from headquarters at the front:

Killed, 3; died of wounds, 5; wounded, 8; officers previously reported missing who have now rejoined their commands, 4.

A Way Out
of High Prices

The demand from Europe for food is boosting prices and cost of living increases.

In spite of the heavy demand from abroad, the price has not advanced on

Grape-Nuts

This healthful food, made of the finest wheat and barley, is fully cooked, easily digested, and with cream or good milk is an economical, delicious dish for any meal the year around.

—sold by Grocers.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

HUGHES' MESSAGE
TO SAILING TROOPS

Says the Canadian Contingent Goes to Fight in Righteous Cause.

LOOKED UPON AS MARVEL
Work of Preparing For Trip Set Pace To Be Kept Up.

[Canadian Press.]
QUEBEC, Sept. 29.—The following farewell message was issued in pamphlet form by Col. the Hon. Sam Hughes, minister of militia, to the contingent before it sailed to Europe:

Where Duty Leads.

"Six weeks ago when the call to arms came, inspired by that love of freedom from tyranny dominant in the British race; actuated by the knowledge that, under British constitutional responsible Government, you enjoyed the utmost of human liberty; you promptly responded in overwhelming numbers to that call.

Thirty-Three Thousand on Way.
"Twenty-three thousand men were accepted by the Motherland. Today upwards of 55,000 are en route to do duty on the historic fields of France, Belgium and Germany for the preservation of the British Empire and the rights and liberty of humanity.

"Last of power; the subjugation of inoffensive and law-abiding neighbors; autocratic aggrandizement have caused this war. In its cause the allies are guiltless.

"Belgium and Holland have long excited Prussian ambition for ownership. Prussia desired extension toward the Euxine and Aegean Seas—Belgium and Germany were to guard, rapine and misery in the train.

"It has long been predicted that when the Kiel Canal would be completed, Germany would begin a long-dreaded war. The Kiel canal was completed early in July. War began before the end of that month. Germany was found absolutely ready and waiting. Great Britain, Belgium and France were unprepared. Three weeks elapsed before the regular armies of the latter countries could take the field.

A Marvel.
"Soldiers, the world regards you as a marvel. Within six weeks you were at your homes, peaceful Canadian citizens. Since then your training camp has been secured; three and a half miles of rifle ranges twice as long as any other in the world were constructed; fences were removed; water of the purest quality was laid in miles of pipes; drainage was perfected; electric lights were installed; crops were sown; vestments and bridges were built; ordnance and army service corps buildings were erected; railway sidings were laid down; woods were cleared; sanitation was perfected in rifle shooting and today are as fine a body—officers and men—as ever faced a foe. The same spirit as accomplished that great work is what you will display in the war fields in Europe. There will be no faltering, no temporizing—the work must be done. The task before you six weeks ago seemed herculean—but it has been successfully accomplished. So follow the same indomitable spirit, you will triumph over the common enemy of humanity.

Success is Certain.
"That you will render a splendid account of yourselves for king and country is certain. You come of the right breed—English, Scotch, Irish, French, Canadian, German and American—and courage and steadfastness are proverbial. In South Africa your presence was a guarantee of success. So in this most righteous struggle on the part of Britain, when side by side with soldiers from the motherland stand the free men from the dominions beyond the seas; when Australians, New Zealanders and South Africans, Hindus and Europeans and Canadians tread the soil of Europe then will the Prussian autocracy realize the gigantic power of liberty.

"And all it all you will never forget that you are not on the innocent and lovely people of Germany. Your aim is the overthrow of tyranny and aggrandizement. Every man among you is a free-will volunteer. Not one has been invited. No more typical army of free men ever marched to meet an enemy.

"Soldiers, behind you are loved ones, home, country, with all the traditions of Britain; with all the traditions of loyalty and loyalty; love of king and constitution. You bid adieu to those near and dear to you. You sing:

"I go, then, sweet lass, to win honor and fame,

And if I should chance to come gloriously home,

I'll bring a heart to thee with love running o'er.

And then I'll leave thee and the homeland no more.

Will Bear Themselves Well.

"That you will so bear yourselves, individually and collectively, wherever duty may call you, as to win the respect of the foe in the field; the admiration and regard of the good citizens of all lands in which your lot may be cast, and the love and regard of those near and dear at home, is the conviction of all Canadians.

"And when with years and honor crowned

You sit some homeward heath around,

And hear no more the stirring sound

That spoke the trumpet's warning,

You'll sing and give one hip-hurrah,

And pledge the memory of the day,

When to and dare, you all were there.

And met the foe in the morning.

Principles Are Eternal.

"Some may not return and pray God they be few—for such ever will their memory be cherished by loved ones near and dear, and by a grateful country; throughout the ages free men of all lands will revere and honor the heroes who sacrificed themselves in preserving unimpaired the priceless gem of liberty. But the soldier going down in the cause of freedom never dies—immortality is his. What role he whether his resting place may be bedecked with the golden lilies of France or amid the vine-clad hills of the Riviera? The principles for which you strive are eternal. May success ever attend you, and on your return rest assured a crowning triumph will await you.

(Signed), SAM HUGHES,
Colonel, Minister of Militia and Defence for Canada."

GERMAN CLERGY'S
APPEAL AMAZING

Church Heads in Britain Issue a Manifesto in Reply.

EMPHATIC AS TO STAND
German Theologians Could Not Have Known the Situation.

[Canadian Press.]
LONDON, Sept. 29.—In reply to the appeal addressed by German theologians to "Evangelical Christians Abroad," a manifesto was issued here today, signed by the heads of the established Church of England and by Nonconformist leaders, justifying England's action in connection with the European war.

The manifesto refers to the authors of the German document as "men of whose honesty, capacity and good faith there can be no question," but expresses amazement that such men should commit themselves to a statement concerning the political causes of the war which depart so strangely from what seem to us to be plain facts in this grave hour of European history.

It is upon these facts we rest our assured conviction that for men who desire to maintain the paramount obligation of fidelity to their king and to their duty in defending weaker nations against violence and wrong, no duty is clearer than that which our country has taken.

After reviewing the negotiations that preceded the war, the manifesto continues:

Could Not Have Known.
"We can only suppose, incredible as it seems, that those honorable and gifted men who signed the German appeal were unaware of the obligations by which we were bound and of the story of the negotiations."

After expressing the hope that the time will come when it again will be their privilege to work with the German theologians in behalf of Christianity, the signers of today's manifesto add:

"There must be no mistake about our position. Eagerly desirous of peace, foremost to the best of our ability to promote a close fellowship between England and Germany, we nevertheless have been driven to declare that there is no peace, no principles of truth and honor are more dear."

We have taken our stand for international good and for the safeguarding of small nations for the world, and for the essential conditions of brotherhood among the nations of the world."

Among the signers of the manifesto are the Archbishops of Canterbury, York and Armagh; the Bishop of London; the Rev. R. J. Campbell, Dr. John Clifford, the Rev. P. R. Mavor, Dr. Campbell Morgan and Dr. Robertson Nicholls.

LONDON GROWING
MORE CHEERFUL

Feling of Quiet Confidence Increases, Not Without Justification—No Excitement Evident.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Through the closely-drawn censorship has not permitted the publication of any definite news beyond that contained in the official bulletins concerning what is happening in France, nevertheless the prevailing tone of the military, official and other good sources of information is one of quiet but confident confidence.

Information from quarters which have always been reliable sources that this confidence is not baseless nor unjustified. There is no evidence of excitement or jubilation, for Englishmen of the better-informed classes are not apt to forget the lesson indicated in the new slogan of Tommy Atkins: "It's a long, long way to Apperley."

It is recognized that the great struggle cannot and will not be ended without appalling losses, but the present outlook, it is felt, is better than had been expected by the most sanguine of those in authority, and a cheerful confidence that excellent news will soon be forthcoming from France is now the order of the day.

GERMAN SOLDIERS WENT
INSANE LACKING FOOD

Severe Suffering Related Concerning Retreat From France.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—3 a.m.—According to a Rotterdam dispatch the Daily Mail, private information from Berlin says that before the retreat to the western frontier the German commissariat broke down completely.

For a fortnight a majority of the German troops lived on bread and water. So great was their suffering that large numbers entered the hospital with nervous breakdown; many became insane.

OSCAR CANNOT GO
TO THE FRONT AGAIN

ROME (via London), Sept. 30.—2:10 p.m.—An official statement issued in Berlin and received here says: "Prince Oscar, who has heretofore been reported as ill in a hospital at Hamburg, is pronounced by specialists to be suffering from a heart affection, from which he will recover, but it is said that he must not resume his military duties, as he could not stand the strain."

"Prince Joachim, who was recently wounded, is expected to be able to return to the front in October. The other sons of the Emperor are all well."

SR AS. WHITNEY
IS SAID AT REST

Body Reposes at Morrisburg in Family Plot.

AN IMPRESSIVE SERVICE
Special Train Met by Many People at Stations en Route.

[Canadian Press.]
MORRISBURG, Ont., Sept. 29.—The remains of Sir James Whitney were buried this afternoon in the cemetery adjoining the Whitney Memorial Chapel near his birthplace at Williamsburg.

Through the passing of the years many of Sir James Whitney's early associates had been removed from the scene, and the crowd that gathered today was largely composed of those who had known him during the later years when he was climbing up the political ladder. At his graveside his brothers and these relatives, by blood mingled with duty, stood in a row, representing the official and domestic life of Canada from every class.

Crowds Waited in Rain.
The special train did not reach Williamsburg until nearly 5 o'clock. The railway runs immediately behind the churchyard, which fronts on the St. Lawrence River. A cold, drizzling rain had been falling for an hour, but the crowd waited patiently, for the most part followed the remains on foot.

The casket was supported by a detachment of the 4th Hussars, and Fifty-Ninth Highlanders, and a detachment from the Fourth Hussars bore the floral tributes.

Only a few stops were made on the trip down, the first at Cobourg, where a few friends met the train. At Belleville, where a stop was necessary to change engines, about 250 people visited the car where the remains rested. At Kingston, Breckville and Prescott the same demand was made by people who had waited at other places as the train rushed through, several groups stood with bared heads in silent reverence.

Impressive Ceremony.
Of all the ceremonies of the day, perhaps the service in the small chapel by the river was the most impressive. It was in charge of Rural Dean Carson, rector of the Morrisburg Parish, and he was assisted by Rev. M. G. Peck, a Unitarian minister of the parish; Rev. Canon Arthur Lewis, a more remote rector of the church; and Rev. V. L. Quertain, of Renfrew.

The regular ritual of the Anglican Church was followed with practically no change, it seemed particularly fitting that the closing hymn for a life so full of vigor and activity should be "Now the Lord's Work is Ours." Sir James Whitney lies adjoining the plot in which his father, mother and brothers are buried, on a slight slope facing the great St. Lawrence in the midst of a country rich in historic anecdote and pioneer traditions.

Government Railway Stops.
NORTH BAY, Sept. 29.—Out of respect for the late Sir James Whitney, the whole system of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway from North Bay to Cochrane ceased operations for five minutes, from 2:55 until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

CANADA TO ENFORCE
NEW FISHERY LAWS

Will Not Wait Longer To Hear Decision of U. S. A.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
OTTAWA, Sept. 29.—Owing to the failure of the United States to approve of regulations governing the taking of fish in the international waters, the Canadian Government is about to serve notice that it resumes its liberty of action.

A controversy has been between the two countries six years ago for the appointment of a joint commission to frame fishing regulations applicable to boundary waters from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Dr. Starr Jordan, representing the United States, and Prof. Prince, representing Canada, were unable to agree on regulations. Canada approved of them, but the United States failed to do so owing chiefly to objections from Maine fishermen.

In 1912 Canada gave notice that unless the regulations were approved at the next session of congress, Canada would resume its liberty of action. The chance of administration in the United States influenced Canada to delay at that time.

However, it has been decided that there is no prospect of the United States putting the regulations into effect, so the Canadian Government has now served notice that it proposes to make such amendments to the existing fishing regulations for the Canadian portion of the boundary waters as may be deemed best.

FARMERS ARE VERY BUSY.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
L.L.D.—Farmers are working all through this district have been taking full advantage of the fine weather, and are well along with their work. Many fine new silos are being erected.

RELIEF AT ONCE
CURE CERTAIN

Conclusive Evidence That Dr. Chase's Ointment Cures Itching Piles.

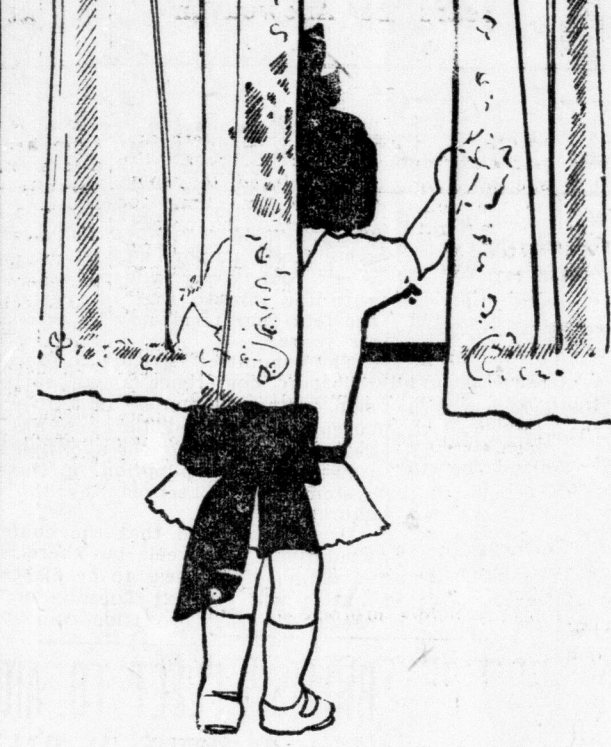
Mr. John G. McDonald, Pictou, N.S., writes: "I used Dr. Chase's Ointment for itching piles, and found that it was completely cured, and can recommend it highly to all sufferers from this disease. You have my permission to use this letter for the benefit of others."

Mr. James M. Douglass, Superior Junction, Ont., writes: "For about six years suffered from piles, and often could not work for two or three days at a time, so great was the suffering from pain and itching. Doctors treated me in vain, and I tried many treatments, but none came. Dr. Chase's Ointment cured me, and for several months I have had no return of this annoying ailment."

Sale of Clothes Baskets.
Large Willow Baskets, 75c, 88c and 98c.
Basement.

SHALLMAN & INGRAM

Take West Side Elevator
Direct to Restaurant.
Fourth Floor.

SALE OF SWISS AND
IRISH POINT
CURTAINS

Two Hundred Pairs
Of Manufacturer's
Overmakes

This is an exceptional offering at this time—a most fortunate pick-up by our buyer when at the factory the last trip to Europe, and perhaps the last opportunity for such a purchase for some time to come. There are 200 pairs in the total assortment. All dainty designs in the popular Irish Point or Swiss Net Curtains, in which our customers will share to the fullest extent the reductions made in each and every case from factory prices in this group clearance.

These Curtains are displayed in Dundas street window today, where you may get a correct idea of the styles, and the tickets will tell the story of the values.

BLEACHING TIME

The Dew Is On the Heather.
This is the season of the year to get perfect bleaching—heavy dew and light frosty nights. Buy your Grey Cottons and Sheetings and start the bleaching now SEE THESE SPECIALS.

COTTON DEPARTMENT

A limited quantity of Plain and Twill English Unbleached Sheetings, one of the very best imported sheetings, fine, soft, clean finish. 72 inches wide. Price 32¢ yard

About 400 yards Good Factory Sheetings, easily bleached. Comes in two widths 72-inch, at 27¢ per yard; and 80-inch at 32¢ per yard

One bale only of Yard-Wide Factory Cotton, especially good value, full 36 inches wide. Price 10¢ per yard, or 40-yard bolt for \$3.75

Our 40-Inch Factory Cotton, an exceptionally good cotton for sheets or slips, fine thread, very clean, 40 inches wide. Price, 14¢ per yard, or 40-yard bolt for \$5.20

Samples to Mail Order Customers on Request.

Pure Irish Damask Bordered Table Cloths

Popular Prices—Special \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$2.75

Sixty-five only, with napkins to match, all brand new and fresh from the linen mills in Belfast, Ireland. The designs are choice and qualities extraordinary for above very low prices.

The Embroidered Pillow Cases noted below are also worthy of your immediate attention. Ten dozen only.

20 only, Extra Heavy Damask Tablecloths, in pure Irish linen, extraordinary value, in several choice designs. An opportunity to procure a most serviceable and absolutely 1A1 Linen Damask Cloth. Special, Size 2 yards by 2 yards. Price \$2.00

Also 20 only. Sizes 2 yards by 2½ yards. Price \$2.50

14 only, Double Damask Cloths, in two choice designs, shamrock; also shamrock with spot centre. Exceptional value. Special, Size 2 yards by 2 yards. Price \$2.75

Napkins to match, hemmed ready for use, 27 inches by 27 inches. Price \$4.00 dozen

EMBROIDERED PILLOW CASES, \$1.00 PER PAIR.—Ten dozen beautiful Embroidered Pillow Cases, in good heavy linen, finished cotton, very closely resembling the all-linen slips, in choice designs, 2½ inches by 46 inches. Hemstitched and scalloped. Extra value \$1.00 pair

ALL LINEN ROLLER TOWELS, 25¢ EACH.—25 dozen All Linen Kitchen Roller Towels, in nice firm weave, good drying and wearing quality, assorted red borders, also grey and white stripe, 2½ yards to roller. Special 25¢ each

LINEN CRASH 12½¢ yard.
200 yards Heavy All Linen Crash Roller Towelling in 18-inch width. An excellent quality usually sold at 15¢ yard. Makes splendid tea towels, pure linen, free from lint. While it lasts. Price 12½¢ yard

Afternoon Tea, 3 to 5:30.
Salmon Salad, Bread and Butter and Cup of Tea or Coffee, 15c.

SHALLMAN & INGRAM

WELSH ARMY OF FIFTY
THOUSAND TO BE RAISED

Thirty-Six Thousand Already Recruited in Two Shires.

[Canadian Press.]
CARDIFF, Wales, Sept. 29.—At a big meeting held here today, over which the Earl of Plymouth presided, David Lloyd George, the chancellor of the exchequer, spoke of the Government's intention to raise a Welsh army of 50,000 men.

Mr. Lloyd George, who delivered a rousing speech, said that Glamorgan-shire already had recruited 24,000, and Monmouthshire 12,000. He frankly told his hearers that the recruits were not going out for a picnic but for a stern enterprise which would involve hardships, wounds and danger, but he added, a vast majority would return and would have glorious memories to the end of their lives—memories that they would not barter for all the gold in the Bank of England.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer pointed out that under conscription, Wales would be compelled to contribute a quarter of a million men, but that a voluntary army of 50,000 men would be just as good as a forced army of five times that number.

WOMEN'S RIGHTS
AGAIN REJECTED

Methodist Conference Fails To Give Necessary Three-Fourths Vote.

[Canadian Press.]
OTTAWA, Sept. 29.—Through a special committee of the general conference of the Methodist Church reported to the conference this afternoon in favor of giving to women the equal rights with laymen in the administration of the church, it was voted down.

By the terms of the constitution governing the conference any matter affecting a radical change in the constitution requires a three-fourths vote of the total vote cast. A standing vote was taken first and resulted 200 for and 102 against. Some of the delegates called for the yeas and nays with the result that a slight change in the vote was noted: this time 194 yeas and 98 nays were recorded. The latter vote was, of course, the decisive one. Thus to have carried the report 220 votes were required.

Third Time Turned Down.

This is the third time the general conference has turned down the ques-

New Arrivals in Wash Goods.

Just received a shipment of British Crepes and Voiles, Irish Dimities in white for underwear, waists and dresses. We have secured a good variety, and these goods are very much in demand.

27-Inch White Crepe, very soft. Price per yard 15¢

42-Inch White Crepe, in five different qualities for underwear or dress purposes, at 25¢, 30¢, 35¢, 50¢, 65¢ per yard

40-Inch Crepe, with self stripe, in white, at 55¢ per yard

40-Inch Crepe Voile, with raised cord, at 50¢ per yard

42-Inch Lace Voile, very pretty for waists or dresses, at 50¢ per yard

42-Inch Plain Voile, very fine weave. Price 35¢ and 50¢ per yard

40-Inch White Ratine. Special at 45¢ yard

Large range of Check and Stripe Dimity for Waists and Children's Wear. 27 inches to 32 inches wide. Price, per yard, 18¢ and 25¢

Special line of Imported Crepe Seersucker for sacks and kimonos, neat patterns, in colors of grey, mauve, champagne, pale and sage blue, and pink. 27 inches wide. Price, per yard 18¢

New shipment of American Serpentine Crepe for sacks and kimonos, fast washing colors, 30 inches wide. Price per yard 25¢

In Restaurant Tomorrow,
Roast Chicken Dinner, 35c.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25¢

CATARRH POWDER 25¢

is sent direct to the diseased parts by Improved Blower. Heals the inflamed mucous membrane, stops the flow of pus, and cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. A box 25¢, a box 50¢, a box 75¢, a box 1.00. All dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase & Co., Limited, Toronto.

WE STOCK A FULL LINE OF

Woodbury's Toilet

Articles

AND

Jergens' Soaps

GEO. A. McLACHLAN

DISPENSING CHEMIST.

Phone 594. 390 Richmond

Sixth Casualty List

For German Navy

LONDON, Sept. 29.—6:30 p.m.—Telegraphing from Copenhagen, the correspondent of the Evening News says that the sixth German naval casualty list gives the names of one killed and 31 officers and 49 men missing.

PRESENTED WITH DISHES