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Special Flannelette Bargain

A splendid fine soft flannelette in stripes and checks and of unusual value,

8 cts.
per yard.

Just the thing for Women's and Children's wear. Would be good value at 12 cts. per yd.

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g a large selection of Dresses in plain, striped s, at following prices:

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d all ages. The rompers ar below regular prices, re at specially attractive a very large range of d plain materials.

white matt
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striped matt,
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HANCE!
THAT
blished Business
he House
r Street. Owners retiring
ply to
. & T. COOK, Water Street.

men together who were getting ky in a trench nearby. He will a great loss to us in this campaign one could always depend upon to pull things out of a tight cor-

asino Theatre.
"The Third Degree."

oth the remarkable "Third De-" and the beautiful "Lily of the ley" will bid adieu after to-ht's performances. These splendid tures having played to capacity iences. On Monday, the great y entitled "The Wolf," and writ-by the famous novelist Eugene er will be produced. This is in-f a wonderful effort and must not issed by lovers of first-class pic-s.

SPRING CLEAN!

Have You Prepared for it?

WE HAVE AND ARE FINISHED.
COME AND SEE.

The thrifty housewife will not be happy unless the best cleansing materials are used in order to make
THE WORKER LIGHTER
and
THE HOME BRIGHTER.

WHAT Soaps, Powders and Disinfectants are you using?
Get the Best—It is the cheapest when HEALTH & CLEANLINESS are concerned.

Sunlight Soap.

None Better. No Rubbing. No Scrubbing. A child can use IT.

Lifebuoy Soap.

The lifebuoy thrown in the Nick of Time saves life. So does LIFEBUOY SOAP.

To-morrow—No! this very day ask your dealer for Lifebuoy Soap.

LEVERS Genuine Carbolic Soap
For Clothes, Linen, Flannels and Blankets.

Old Home Soap and Fine Pale Soap.

In bars for scrubbing.

Monkey Brand Soap.

Cleans and Polishes at the same time.

VIM.

If there's anything you find difficult to clean—TRY VIM.

LUX.

For Lace Curtains, White Goods, or other delicate fabrics.

Sunbeam Soap Powder

Should be in every household, for it gives every satisfaction.

Y Z (Wise-Head)

Royal Disinfectant Soap Powder.

Proves itself the friend of HEALTH.

Swan Soap.

White Floating for the nursery.

Soft Soap.

(In Tins and Kegs.)

It may be used for all purposes such as Table Crockery and Cutlery, Kitchen Utensils, Cooking Vessels, &c., &c., where pungent soaps would be objectionable and unpleasant. ITS quality is uniformly the BEST.

Toilet Soaps

of many kinds.

Zulu, Lullaby, Velvet, Starlight, Plantol, &c., &c. All bearing the name of LEVER, as well as Domestic and Industrial is a guarantee of PURITY and EXCELLENCE.

"Scrubb's" Cloudy Ammonia.
"Zotal" Disinfectant Fluid for Toilet Room, Drains and Sinks.
"Jeye's" Fluid is far more efficacious than Carbolic Acid, and is non-poisonous.
"Sapolio," "Bon Ami."
"Silver Smith's Soap."
"Goddard's" Plate Powder.
"Wellington" Knife Polish.
"Chiver's" Cloth & Carpet Soap.
"Globe" Metal Polish.
"Splendo" Metal Liquid Polish.
"Adam's" Furniture Polish.
Liquid Veneer.
Washing Soda Lye, Whiting.
"Dustbane."
"Linoleo."
"Silva Putz."
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Porcella.

Brushes.

Scrubbers, Stove, Shoe, Daubers, Kalsomine, Whitewash, Brooms, Hearth and Whisks.

Ellis & Co.,

Limited.

203 Water St.

W. A. ELLIS, Agent,
Lever Brothers, Ltd.,
Port Sunlight.
apr27,6i,eod

At the House.

FRIDAY, April 30th.

The Colonial Secretary tabled the report of the International Grenfell Association.

Petitions were presented by Mr. Stone, from New Melbourne on the subject of roads; by Mr. Clift, from the Anglo-Newfoundland Development Co., Grand Falls, with reference to the matter of the Resolutions before the House in connection with the Agreement between the Government and the Nfld. Products Co.; and by Mr. Morine, from the Albert E. Reed Co., of Bishop's Falls, on the same subject; and also from several sections within the Humber area on the matter of the conservation of the rights of property owners in these sections.

Mr. Morine asked for a copy of the grants of water powers to Penn Co., in Junction Brook.

The Seal Fishery and Logging Bills passed the third reading, after which the House went into a Committee of the Whole on Supply.

Mr. Coaker called the attention of the Committee to the recent appointment of Mr. M. A. Devine, as Clerk of the Peace in succession to Judge Knight, on the grounds that a legal man would have been better qualified for the position.

The Premier cited instances where laymen had filled the position satisfactorily in years gone by.

Mr. Morine endorsed what Mr. Coaker had said and reminded the Premier that brilliant exceptions were not sufficient to justify such appointments, as many complicated cases have come before the court in recent years.

When on the matter of estimates for magistrates, Mr. Clapp asked if a magistrate had yet been appointed for Bonne Bay.

The Premier replied that the delay in the appointment was due to the fact that the Government was endeavouring to secure a doctor for Bonne Bay, who would fill the position of magistrate as well.

Mr. Clapp considered such an appointment unfair to such a large territory.

Messrs. Coaker and Morine were of the same opinion, the latter stating that he thought a doctor would be incompetent to settle cases that usually came before the court at Bonne Bay in relation to fishery matters.

The appointment of Mr. Somerton as Magistrate at Trinity was also dealt with by several members of the Opposition, and a transfer was suggested.

When the reading of the estimates for the Police Department came up, Mr. Lloyd called the attention of the House to incidental information concerning some possible changes, given out by by the Minister of Marine and Fisheries during the course of his speech on the day previous. To his mind the Minister had hinted at some of the doings of the inner circles of the Government, and he would ask the Premier if any changes in these departments—particularly in regard to the Inspector General of Police were in contemplation.

The Premier replied that no changes whatever were under consideration at present.

Mr. Lloyd said that the House was under the impression that the way has been prepared, as canvassing has already been going on in this direction.

The Premier, in reply to Mr. Lloyd, said there would be no change before the House met next year.

Mr. Coaker called the attention of the House to the leniency shown in the recent fox cases that had come before the court, and which were dismissed for lack of evidence. He said that the want of evidence was due entirely to lack of proper prosecution.

Mr. Kent asked if the Government had given consideration to an increase in the wages of the policemen and firemen. He spoke of the small wages given to the officials of this most necessary part of the Civil Service. He said that with regard to this matter he had received the same answer for the past three years, and the men of the Constabulary were not yet getting a living wage.

Mr. Coaker endorsed the remarks of the Leader of the Opposition, and also called the attention of the Committee to the Government's indiscriminate advertising.

Mr. Kent referred to the delay in the publication of the debates of the House and a discussion followed, the speakers being Messrs. Morine, Higgins, Currie, Coaker and the Premier. It was suggested the matter of publishing the debates more promptly will have due consideration next week.

The Committee then rose from Supply, and a few minutes later went into Committee on the Resolutions relating to the Agreement between the Government and the Newfoundland Products Co. Mr. Lloyd occupied the attention of the committee till 6.30 p.m., when the Committee reported progress. The House then adjourned until Monday, at 3 p.m.

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

A CLEARANCE SALE
of SILK and SATIN
Underskirts!

We are clearing out Our Entire Stock of SILK and SATIN UNDERSKIRTS.

Good Style Garments that have the air of grace and beauty.

In materials of Plain and Brocaded Satin, Plain and Moire Silk.

Colors are some of the most favored for the coming season.

The variety of style is extensive enough to satisfy the most critical.

$3.25 to $4.75 Values | Selling for $2 75 | $5.00 to $8.00 Values | Selling for $3.75

The ROYAL STORES, Ltd.

McMurdo's Store News.

SATURDAY, May 1st, 1915.

We have this year, as usual, a very representative stock of the finest American Cabbage Seeds. Many observers say that American Cabbage Seeds grow specially well in this country, the seeds suiting soil and climate admirably. Among these seeds are Early Spring, Early Summer, Early Jersey Wakefield, Succession, Drumhead, Flat Dutch, and Winningstadt. All of these in their several ways, are first class cabbage, and we think it will pay anyone to grow these special seeds. Price 30c. an ounce.

Wedding Bells.

On April 12th, at St. Patrick's Church, Halifax, N. S., by the Rev. Father Courtney, a very pretty wedding took place between Harry Chapman, of Halifax, and Miss Nora Codner, of St. John's, Newfoundland, daughter of John and Elizabeth Codner, of Pleasant Street. The bride who was handsomely attired was assisted by George Randall and Eileen Kerwin, both of Halifax, and carried a bunch of orange blossoms. To show the popularity of the bride and groom, they were the recipients of many costly and useful presents, including some from friends in Newfoundland. The honeymoon is being spent at Quebec; they will both visit the bride's home the coming autumn.

LOCAL ARRIVES.—The local from Carbonear via Brigus arrived in the city at 12.25 p.m. to-day.

EXPRESS ARRIVES.—A passenger special from Port aux Basques with foreign mails arrived in the city at 2 p.m. to-day.

TOOK FISH CARGO—The Furness Liner Roanoke sailed at noon to-day for Liverpool taking a large outward cargo of fish.

B.I.S. SMOKER.—At the B. I. S. Club Rooms last night, a smoking concert was held, a large number of the members and their friends being persent. Some of our best known artistes took part in the programme and a pleasant time was spent.

PROSPERO'S QUICK TRIP.—The s.s. Prospero left St. Joseph's at 9 a.m. to-day and is due here this midnight, under ordinary conditions. The ship only left here at 4 a.m. on Sunday last and is making one of the quickest trips on record on the western route.

REIDS' BOATS.—The Argyle sailed from Placentia on the Merasheen route at 2 a.m. to-day; the Bruce left Port aux Basques at 1.50 p.m. to-day; the Kyle arrived at Port aux Basques at 9 a.m. to-day; the Sagona left Grand Bank at 11.40 a.m. to-day, going west.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA.

Delicate Young Girls, Pale, Tired Women

There is no beauty in pallor, but proof of plenty of weakness. Exertion makes your heart flutter, your back and limbs ache, and you sadly need something to put some ginger into your system. Try Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they make you feel alive, make you want to do things. They renew and purify the blood—then come strong nerves, rosy cheeks, laughing eyes, robust good health. You'll be helped in a hundred ways by Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which are an old family remedy of great renown. Thousands use no other medicine and never have a day's sickness of any kind. Get a 25c. box to-day. Sold by all dealers.

I have known parents who considered their children little more than puppets to be directed at their will. They did not, in their stupidity, seem to realize that the emotions of these little folks were far more real and tragic to their small minds than many a sorrow suffered by older people.

A child's grief is very, very real. You who have weathered storms have ever the memory of conquered sorrow to afford you to hope for overcoming a present trouble. A child is not capable of such soothing philosophising, and so even a tiny trouble makes its horizon very dark indeed.

A man who loves children, and who has a wonderful understanding of childhood's pleasures and pains, said: "There is no sadness like the sadness of childhood."

"OURS" IN THE WEST END.

There was a packed house as usual at the cozy little theatre. All new pictures just arrived from England, the finest ever shown in this city. The two little singers in their charming Japanese costume received great applause. The show will be repeated to-day. The children's contest at Rossley's East End Theatre at to-day's matinee. Send the children; a good entertainment is assured; three prizes given.

EVERYDAY ETIQUETTE

A friend of mine and myself recently attended a dance given at a private home. Is a party call necessary. If so, how soon after the entertainment?" asked Morris.

"A call should be made on your hostess within two weeks after the date of the entertainment," answered his friend.

Addresing a well-attended meeting of Japanese and foreign Christians, held in Tokio last week to inaugurate an evangelistic movement preparatory to the international Sunday School Convention of 1916, Count Okuma, the Japanese premier, made the statement that Christianity had given Japan, among other things, a nobler conception of womanhood. The Premier made reference to the situation in Europe, saying: 'There must be a wrong conception of the Deity in Germany, otherwise this war could not have come."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

I was very sick with Quinsy and thought I would strangle. I used MINARD'S LINIMENT and it cured me at once. I am never without it now.

Yours gratefully,
MRS. C. D. PRINCE.
Nauwigewauk, Oct. 21st.

Week End Bargains!

ROOM PAPERS.
Big assortment now ready, 5c. to 25c. a piece.

MEN'S OVERALLS.
The famous Red Back, the best Overall in St. John's for the price, 80c. a pair.

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS.
Don't forget our 39c. Shirts, sold elsewhere for 75c.

TOWELING.
Another lot opened, nice and soft, 10c. a yard.

BOOTS & SHOES.
American Iron Wear Boots & Shoes. See window for style and prices.

GO WEST FOR BARGAINS.

The West End Bazaar,
apr30,2i 51 Water St. West.

BUSINESS AS USUAL

Mr. Lloyd Criticizes Salient Features of Products Contract

FRIDAY, April 30th.

MR. LLOYD in approaching the Resolutions before the Committee, said that he did not propose to deal with them as a party question. He was willing to support a reasonable measure that was calculated to foster the development of clearly defined resources of the Colony. He reminded the Committee of concessions granted in the past by both political parties with this object in view and particularly to the Reids during the past twenty odd years. So far little had been done by them in the way of development of the great land grants they had obtained. The Hawsworth concessions were the only ones which so far had resulted in a great enterprise in the interior of the country. Development of resources was the great need of the country.

WE NEEDED IT

to increase our population, our exports and our revenue, and it must be done that public utilities like Education could obtain ampler provision. He would like to see the Education grant doubled if the country could afford it, but at the present stage the country is spending much faster than the revenue is coming in. This is all the more reason why reasonable concessions, if they were calculated to foster the development of our undeveloped resources should favourably be considered. The proposals before the Committee in their present form

WERE NOT REASONABLE

in his opinion, nor was there a clear and unmistakable assurance that definite development would take place in the near future, even were the concessions sought granted. The Reid brothers are named as the directors of the Company known as the Newfoundland Products Co., a fact that that should be taken in careful consideration, not from prejudice against them as promoters, but because of their present large interests throughout the Island. The fact that they have control of the whole railway system, the greater part of the coastal service, and hold millions of acres of land in fee simple call for very serious and weighty consideration of their requests. "It must be distinctly understood," said Mr. Lloyd, "that I do not ask for

A TOTAL REJECTION

of the requests of the promoters. I ask for a close scrutiny of the concessions applied for, the returns for, and the kind of assurances offered to insure actual construction work. I ask for the elimination of highly objectionable features of the contract, and a limitation of it to actual business propositions of development within a reasonable time and concessions really necessary to enable defined industries to be established on a comercial basis. The great manufacturing industries at home owe their success mainly to the natural resources and advantages of the locations where they are established. The moist climate of Lancashire and its coal fields make that country the best location in the world for cotton spinning and weaving. The West Riding Woollen Industry rests on a coal field. The Tyneside, the Clydesdale and the South Wales industries are all dependent on local coal measures. The world has now entered upon an Era of Electricity, and water power is doing the work of coal in supplying electricity for motor power and heating. Electricity is supplying power for transportation and stationary machinery, and supplies heat to operate furnaces for the reduction of ares. Newfoundland and the Labrador are rich in water flow and natural harbours.

WATER POWER WILL BE AS GREAT A RESOURCE TO US AS COAL IS TO OUR FOLKS AT HOME.

We should therefore conserve them carefully to get the best we can out of them.. We should husband them economically and grant them for fair and assured returns. We should not hesitate to grant such portions of them as may be necessary to develop any particular section of forest land or ore beds. If the Reid Brothers can show us that they can develop a definite section of the land they hold if they are granted certain water power concesions, we should give it to them, but at a price, and that price should be the return of other land of which they own millions of acres and reasonable exemptions from taxation might well be granted them. We should be prepared to examine each contract as a practical business proposition. If the Reids will lay before us full details of what is necessary in the way of water power and extra mineral grants to start carbide, fertilizers and sulphite works here, and give a definite undertaking that they will commence construction within two years and spend Five Million dollars within 5 years on construction work, on developing water power, building furnaces, factories, piers, etc., to make an output of calcium carbide, ammonium phosphate, ammonium nitrite and sulphite pulp, we should lease them such water powers within the Humber drainage as is in our power to demise, without injuring others interested in this water-power, on condition that if they fail to make this outlay on these works within five years,

THE DEMISE AND CONCESSIONS SHOULD BECOME VOID.

But no more water-power should be granted than is ample for the particular industry to be enterprised. The Contract before the Committee does not come within the proposition I have laid down. The concessions asked are unreasonable, and excessively unreasonably large, and there is no assurance within the confines of the contract that a ton of calcium carbide, fertilizer or sulphite pulp will ever be made in Newfoundland by this Company. The main undertaking of the Company so far as the Island of Newfoundland is concerned is set forth in clause 18 of the Contract. No definition is given of what the business or operations shall be. No condition exists that the Company shall actually construct a Coke oven, Carbide furnace, Nitrogen furnace, fertiliser plant, sulphite works. 'Tis true they are to begin construction within two years, but what they shall begin to construct is not stated, nor how much expenditure shall be recognized as a beginning of construction. 'Tis true, the Newfoundland Products Company are bound to spend Five Million dollars in the way of business and operations within five years. But the Articles of Association give a wide scope to the business and operations of the Company. The business can consist of acquiring properties and interests now held by the Reid Nfld. Company, and if the Newfoundland Products Company spend Five Millions in taking over their interests

IT WILL SATISFY THIS CONTRACT

and allow them to retain the demises of water-power, the grants of limestone, the taxation exemptions and other concessions, without spending a dollar on any plant at Bay of Islands for fertilizers, etc. This transaction so far as the Reid Brothers are concerned would be merely the transfer of their interest from one Company to the other, just as if one man transferred a dollar from one pocket to another pocket in his pants, and the results achieved by them would be colossal in the way of obtaining these concessions, but for Newfoundland the returns would be nil. The powers placed in the hands of the Company outside the Humber drainage are the most objectionable feature of the contract and should not be given. These powers would enable them to obtain control of most all the water powers in the Island, although they are not needed for any industrial plants at Bay of Islands, and although they do not undertake to set up any industries in connection with them. They would give them an absolute control over all development of forests and mines in the interior, whether they owned the latter or not. These concessions must be cut out. There must be no faltering about these, as they are

CALCULATED TO THROTTLE EVEN THE INDUSTRIES ALREADY ESTABLISHED THERE.

On this occasion I have no time before the committee rises to deal with the Labrador concession. In conclusion I would draw attention to the temptation held out to the Reid Brothers by the contract to transfer the landed interests of the Reid Nfld. Co. to the Newfoundland Products Company not only for the purpose of satisfying the conditions relating to expenditure to make the contract valid for all time in regard to Newfoundland, but also from the fact that the Reid Nfld. Co. may be taxed on improved land, whereas such land if transferred to this Company would be for ever free from taxation. The matter of exemption from taxation I cannot dwell upon now. In short however I would say I consider the exemptions proposed are unreasonable and should not be granted. Exemptions for a reasonable time might be granted. As regards the contract as a whole, in its present form it should be rejected. Modified on the lines suggested it may be entertained. Let the Reid Brothers make us a fair business proposition. Let them offer us fair returns for reasonable concessions. I am prepared for a square deal, but I am prepared to oppose the contract in its present form to the full extent of my strength.