

# The Klondike Nugget

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**NOTICE.**  
When a newspaper offers its advertising space at a nominal figure, it is a practical admission of "no circulation." THE KLONDIKE NUGGET asks a good figure for its space and in justification thereof guarantees to its advertisers a paid circulation five times that of any other paper published between Juneau and the North Pole.

**LETTERS**  
And Small Packages can be sent to the Creeks by our carriers on the following days: Every Wednesday and Saturday to Eldorado, Bonanza, Hunter, Dominion, Gold Run, Sulphur, Quartz and Canyon.

MONDAY, APRIL 1, 1901.

## THE END CROWNS THE WORK.

On the fifth of July, 1898, in the fifth issue of this paper after its publication had been begun, the opening gun in the fight which has since been waged against the ten per cent royalty tax was fired. The Nugget was the only paper in Dawson which sought to represent the public thought of the community and for more than a year this paper stood single handed and alone in demanding from the government complete abolishment or at least a substantial reduction in the royalty tax.

For a period of almost three years the Nugget has maintained the attitude originally assumed in the matter and today we have the satisfaction of recording the fact that a substantial victory—a victory which will be far reaching in its effects—has been won. There is no longer any doubt respecting the matter—official confirmation of the private advices recently received has arrived and the royalty has been cut in two. It is a matter of intense satisfaction to the Nugget to contemplate the part which it has played in this work. In season and out of season this paper has steadfastly applied its efforts in the direction of attaining from the federal government the rights which it was evident must be granted to the miner and prospector before the development of the resources of this territory could fairly be said to have begun.

This work, undertaken, as noted above, almost single handed and alone, has been participated in finally by almost every person having substantial interests in the territory. Men who at first were apathetic because they believed nothing could be done, came around at last to the point where they pulled off their coats, figuratively speaking, and threw their entire energies into the work.

Others who supported the government's attitude simply because they feared to go on record as opponents of any governmental policy, were brought finally to see that a change must be brought about or the territory was doomed.

The local officials, after acquainting themselves thoroughly with the conditions case, one after another, to realize that something must be done, and their influence has been a potent factor in securing the concessions which one after another have been granted during the past eight months.

We doubt very strongly if an instance can be noted where a better or more successful fight has been made for recognition of the rights of a new country.

Changes have been made in the mining regulations which many people maintained in 1898 would never be made. Concessions have been granted to the miner and prospector which it was claimed, and claimed by those who were in a position to know whereof they spoke, would never be granted and at the present time we have the highest of authorities in the United States paying the Canadian government the com-

pliment of giving to the Yukon territory the best mining regulations in the world.

This is what has been accomplished since the fifth day of July, 1898, when the Nugget originated the first systematic effort to gain the recognition for this territory to which it is entitled. The results of this work speak for themselves. The Nugget does not lay claim to the entire credit for what has been accomplished, but we are well satisfied with the part which this paper has performed.

The fight for the rights of the Yukon territory to which this paper promised its every assistance in its initial number has been fought out to a successful conclusion. We congratulate the people of the territory that our mutual efforts have been so gloriously crowned.

Carnegie has given away to public libraries and charitable institutions almost as much money as the total output of this territory for one year.

To the News re Capt. Woodside: De mortuis nihil nisi bonum.

How many times were you fooled.

## CRIMINAL DOCKET.

### Speedily Handled by Judge Dugas Today.

The territorial courts resumed business this morning after a week's vacation. Before taking up the criminal cases Justice Dugas rendered decisions in the case of Criterion vs. Lynch, dismissing the case with costs. In the case of Burns vs. Atkinson judgment was given for plaintiff.

Madame Renio was called to the prisoner's box and charged with being engaged in the practice of witchcraft, sorcery and other black arts by means of which she is said to obtain her living other than in accordance with the law which says, "By the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread." She pleaded not guilty to the charge and as the crown had no evidence to offer, she was dismissed.

John Langeon charged with stealing \$62.50 from a roadhouse at Gold Run pleaded guilty and was given four months at hard labor and instructed to leave the country at the expiration of his term.

Howard Morgan was also called on the same charge, but as there was no evidence against him, his case was dismissed.

Gilbert Sherwood charged with stealing six spruce boards valued at \$15 from John McCloud's tent pleaded not guilty, but the evidence as produced by the crown was so conclusive that the justice found him guilty and sentenced him to one month at hard labor.

Justice Craig sat in chambers this morning and a large number of motions for trial were heard by him.

**They Do Say—**  
That the stampede to the Anderson and McRae & Williams concessions got a wrong hunch.

That Harry Hershberg's guessing contest on the opening of the river is assuming large proportions.

That H. H. Honnen is doing an immense freighting business these days.

That the entertainment being prepared by the Arctic Brotherhood is going to be the best ever given in Dawson.

That the iceberg growing on the hill is a curiosity.

That there will be a building boom in Dawson this summer.

That more gold will be taken from the mines this year than ever before.

That the wind yesterday blew up the river.

That the law which prevents a man doing wrong makes it easier for him to do right.

That every man who attends the smoker at the public library tonight is assured a fine time.

That the cold snap we have had the last two days will give the freighters a chance to use their sleds a little longer.

That the stages to Grand Forks are drawn by four horses attached to them new instead of two.

That the Ottawa government played the citizens of the Yukon a great April fool's joke by reducing the royalty on the placer output to five per cent.

That owing to the strong north wind today the practical jokers have not been very much in evidence.

We are making a specialty of creek orders and guarantee satisfaction. Cribbs & Rogers, the druggists.

See the "Mermaid" at Savoy.

### 1901 - MAY - 1901

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**JUST FOR FUN**  
As you know we are having a little guessing contest. If you can tell nearest the time the ice will go out in front of Dawson we will give you  
A Tailor Made Suit  
A New Hat  
A Pair of Shoes  
A Fine Shirt  
Two Collars  
A Pair of Cuffs  
A Necktie  
It Costs Nothing to Guess.

## ... WELL WORTH SEEING...

WE HAVE UNPACKED the finest line of Spring Clothing ever seen in Dawson. Tailor made goods—every garment made with the same care and attention to detail as though specially made for you by a high-priced merchant tailor. As you walk along First Avenue you can see some of the same back of our plate glass windows. If you are at all particular about your personal appearance you might find it advisable to drop into our store where we have a most varied stock of all that is desirable, not only in clothing but in all other lines relative to a gentleman's wearing apparel.

OPPOSITE WHITE PASS DOCK **HERSHBERG**

## GAME WARDEN MAKES REPORT

### Which Shows Wholesale Illegal Slaughter of Caribou.

Saturday morning Major Wood received a report from Mr. A. C. Cleare, who was appointed by the council as game guardian for the Klondike district.

Mr. Cleare's report states that he left Dawson on the 9th of March and proceeded to Ross creek, a tributary of the south fork of the Klondike, a distance of about 100 miles from Dawson.

This creek, he says, is the center of the hunting ground in that district. There he found that, notwithstanding the season had been closed for two months, large quantities of caribou were being killed. As soon, however, as the hunters heard that the game warden was in the district they ceased hunting. He found also that the hunters were acquainted with the law as it now stands and had killed the game expecting to market it before the 1st of April. He then proceeded across the divide to the north fork of the Klondike and found practically the same conditions, although the number killed was not so great, owing to the large percentage killed there during the fall.

He estimates that during the winter there were about 45 hunters at the head of the Klondike and 15 at intermediate points, and altogether there was about 100 tons of game killed, 80 per cent of which was caribou and the balance moose and sheep.

He estimates that 43 per cent of these were killed during the closed season. Most of the game has been marketed, but there are still several tons at different points which the hunters expect to sell on the creeks.

He states that from his observation and inquiries he finds that the game is getting farther and farther back in the hills, and if the present rate of slaughter continues it will only be a short time when it will be very scarce.

Major Wood was asked if the report would effect the decision of the council with regard to extending the time for the disposal of game, and he said that in view of the open violation of the law it was his opinion that the council would not be disposed to be as lenient as they otherwise would have been.

### White Man Lynched.

Chicago, March 10.—A dispatch to the Record from Carthage, N. C., says: L. J. Jones, Dr. M. E. Street, David Andrews and William Harding, well known citizens of Eastern North Carolina, were arrested last night and lodged in jail charged with being responsible for the horrible death of Silas Martindale.

The jail of Moore county was broken in yesterday by a mob of 50 men, who secured Martindale—confined on a charge of assault—and hanged him to a tree. The jailer was forced to give up the keys of the cell. Martindale was hanged just outside the corporate limit. He was choked to death, and from indications about the scene it is supposed the lynchers raised and lowered him many times in order to extort a confession.

Martindale was said to have attacked Mrs. Brewer, a school teacher, living near Carthage. Mrs. Brewer informed her husband of the attack and he soon gathered a mob.

This is the first time in 50 years that a white man has met death at the hands of a mob in North Carolina.

We have everything in the line of spring medicines. Cribbs & Rogers, next E. O.

Any kind of wine \$5 per bottle at the Regius Club hotel.

For choice meats go to the Denver Market.

Kodaks bought and sold. Goetzman.

### Mrs. Nation's Newspaper.

Topeka, Kan., March 10.—The initial number of Mrs. Carrie Nations' paper, the "Smasher's Mail," is interesting. It is a four-column, sixteen-page paper, of neat appearance, containing several half-tone illustrations of various scenes during the late joint crusade. Mrs. Nation says in her salutatory:  
"I have no apologies to make for having Nick Childs for the publisher of the Smasher's Mail. Our Savior ate with publicans and sinners to do them good. The servant is not above his lord. This paper shall be as its name, the Smasher's Mail. I shall put into the columns the letters I get from all over, even those I get from across the water. Those wishing to say anything through the columns of the Smasher's Mail must put it in the form of a letter and use brevity, the soul of wit, for I reserve the exclusive right as editor."

On the fourteenth page is found a picture of the negro, Nick Childs, the publisher. Underneath are these lines: "Business manager of the Smasher's Mail, and the plain dealer who went to the relief of Mrs. Nation when deserted by the law and order people."

The first page contains an excellent half-tone of Mrs. Nation. The departments under which the letters are published in the Smasher's Mail are:

"Letters from Hell," "Letters From Honest People," "Appeals for Help," "Some Poetry," "Notes and Comments," "Indorsements and Invitations," "Snap Shots," and "Answers to Correspondents."

Some of the paragraphs are:  
"We solicit advertisements of all that is useful and beautiful, and that its use will be to the glory of God."

"Why didn't the legislature pass a law prohibiting prisoners the use of tobacco, whisky or to play cards in jail? Why build again the things which they destroy?"

"I am glad to note that anarchy was indorsed by McFarlan and Sheldon."

"You want to be in the band wagon

with the preachers and the good women. Verity, I say unto you, Mr. Lindbergh, you must be born again."  
"In justice to Mr. Cook and family I will say my confinement was almost pleasant, if it had not been for the cigarette smoke. I have three meals a day and a good bed. It is a first class hotel, beside the Wichita jail house, with its maniacs, cigarettes and green persimmons. The turnkey, Mr. Dool, was kind to me."

### Caskey Interviewed.

J. Harmon Caskey, an old-time newspaperman of Seattle and for two years manager of the Dawson News, owned by Roediger & McIntyre, arrived on yesterday morning's train. "On the way," said he yesterday, "I saw by Daily Alaskan that since I left the Ottawa—officials have given the whiskey men until the 1st of June to shut up shop. I am pleased to say that they need not trouble themselves any further concerning the local management of Dawson."

"When the prohibitory dispatch was received there was no time before the instructions became operative to do anything toward overcoming interference from Ottawa."

"Now it is different. Long before the 1st of June arrives a proposition to incorporate Dawson will be submitted to the people for a vote, and the affirmative will carry. Heretofore all of the big company managers have opposed incorporation, but now they take a different view of the case."

"It is my judgment that ex-Mayor Grant of Victoria will be the first mayor elected in Dawson, and I prefer for clean and efficient administration."—Skagway Alaskan, March 10.

Troxwell and Evans, knockabout truck house, smallest on record, at Savoy.

Creek orders promptly and correctly filled at town prices only. Cribbs & Rogers.

Films of all kinds at Goetzman's.

Fresh turkeys at the Denver Market.

"Whatsoever a Man Soweth, That Shall He Also Reap."

## Why Not Plant a Small Garden?

...WE HAVE CHOICE...  
FLOWER, VEGETABLE AND GRASS

# SEEDS

# S-Y. T. CO.

Second Avenue 'Phone 39

## AMUSEMENTS

### The Standard Theatre

Week of APRIL 1st  
THURSDAY NIGHT  
LADIES NIGHT  
MAGNIFICENTLY STAGED  
GORGEOUS COSTUMES

## "COL. RAVEN"

Special Vaudeville Features  
This Week

## ORPHEUM THEATRE

TO-NIGHT!  
J. H. HEARDE'S "FIRST MAYOR OF DAWSON"  
ED. DOLAN'S "JUST JUSTICE"  
JOHN FLYNN'S "Gaiety Girls in 'King for a Day'"  
Reserved Seats for Matinee at Reid's Drug Store