

AUSTRIAN BLOOD FLOWED

It was a bloody affair, gore oozing from the wounds of the three contestants, Pres. Peti Sklihan and George Korpuk, and a fellow-countryman, Basil Manchuk, and the buggy business was all pulled off at the spring, summer, autumn, and winter home of Manchuk, Centre ave. The net result was the soldiers were fined \$20 and costs apiece for assaulting Manchuk. The bunch had been intimate, said intimacy finding its source or origin in the bottle. This, according to the soldiers who were down on the book as Austrians, accounted for their visit. Manchuk appeared as if he had been through a large-sized meat chopper. One of the cuts of his forehead was shaped like an iron cross. The balance of his head looked like a tree stump after picnickers had finished carving their initials on it. His overcoat looked as if a dog, interested in woollen goods, had been making an inspection. The heads of the men in the dock will need some time to recover their pristine contour and beauty. Manchuk said the soldiers had first asked for whiskey, then for \$500. He claimed that both had knives. And his wife, via interpreter

Shontoff, said she dropped in just as the prisoners were "cutting off" her husband's head.

The tale of the defence, conducted by Austin Ross, was quite different. The prisoners put all the blame on Manshuk, who, they said, insulted the King's uniform and accused them of going to kill his darling brothers. They claimed that Manchuk was the only one to use a knife. The police found no knives within a radius of half a block. The inference remained that the gallant souls had been trying to eat each other. Mr. Ross pointed to the bloody scars on his clients' bodies, one at a time, after the fashion of a lecturer on anatomy, and called it "an equal battle." Assistant Crown Attorney McFadden didn't see it in that light, and reminded Magistrate Ellis that Manchuk had been attacked in his own house.

The soldiers were fined \$20 and costs of 60 days. They paid.

A ROMANCE

The consuming ambition of Lawrence Kirkham was to get into the newspapers, to see there a fine picture of himself, and a story of heroic deeds, and to lean back and think of the hundreds of thousands of people who would regard him as a dashing, daring hero. To achieve this fame he bedecked himself in naval uniform, three gold bars, signifying wounds received during action, and to cap all, he decorated his manly chest with the D. C. M. Thus equipped he sallied forth to find an impressionable newspaperman, and he didn't have to go further than the corner of Yonge and Melinda. Next day's issue of the *Globe* contained a nice half-tone of himself and a glowing story of his famous exploits on H. M. S. *Byrnie*. But his fame was short-lived. To-day the gay trappings of distinction were stripped from his youthful person. The fierce light of cold fact pierced his stately grandeur, and he stood revealed before the police magistrate as a poor sailor, but a first-class romancer. As a matter of fact he served on H. M. S. *Niobe* from Jan. 4, 1917, to Jan. 25. Then he joined H. M. S. *Pembroke*, became an invalid and was discharged Aug. 5, 1917. There is no record of any service on H. M. S. *Byrnie*, and he dreamed all his wounds, which would spare him a lot of pain.

"A chap like that prevents decent men

from getting jobs," said Magistrate Kingsford. "He'll be fined \$25 and costs of 60 days. This will be a warning to other humbugs."—Police Court News in the *Toronto Telegram*.

DISCOVERY OF GREAT HERRING FISHERIES IN FAR NORTH WATERS OF CANADA

The discovery by the Stefansson expedition of great herring fisheries in the Far Northern waters of Canada is announced in a statement which was issued through the Naval Department the other day.

The statement asserts that an abundance of herring has been found along the arctic coast of Canada, east and west of the mouth of the Mackenzie River, and that this will have an important bearing on Canadian Northwest Fisheries. If the difficulties in transportation can be overcome, the herring fisheries discovered may develop rapidly.

DRIED FISH

Since many factors in the dried fish trade have been looking for a weakness in this market, the condition lately developed in Newfoundland as well as in Porto Rico and Cuba was no surprise to the trade. Although the local market shows no signs of a weakening, there is expressed the opinion that dried fish generally is due for a decline. This view is not shared by all factors in the trade here, but those far-sighted merchants who have foretold conditions in the past seem to be of one mind on the subject. Soft cured codfish in Newfoundland has reached a very low level and stocks are not selling. With heavy stocks of hard-cured codfish on hand, merchants and shippers in St. John's are reported to have little immediate business in sight. The European situation is none too hopeful at present, for Norwegian codfish is already in many markets and it has found a demand where other supplies have not. There are indications that some Norwegian cod, perhaps a heavy supply, will be exported to this country within the next few months. Supplies of codfish, haddock, hake and pollock are generally light in New York and holders are not making any concessions in prices because of their inability to procure desirable lots to replace those now on the spot. Most grades offering through this market are held at the quoted prices of a few weeks ago; and, despite the weakness in the West Indies there is no cutting of prices as yet. Newfoundland and American Porto Rico are held at \$70@71 for medium, while large have reached \$78 in some instances, but not for this market. Cuban codfish remains at the levels of a few weeks ago, with few offerings. There is a supply of haddock available, but little hake and pollock. On these latter grades prices are held firm.—*Fishing Gazette*, New York.

"A chap like that prevents decent men

BUY U.S. SAVINGS STAMPS

revolution caused by the scarcity of red liquor, the people threw out the Storting Congress body and elected a new set of delegates, who were pledged to reinstate the liquor traffic. Speaking of the scarcity of food and other necessities of life, Mr. Lyndsig said that no one more than 10 years old in that country was permitted to drink milk, and that last winter no fuel of any kind was available. There is no gasoline, and motor cars are driven by carbide gas, the manufacture of which requires little fuel.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

[The opinions of correspondents are not necessarily those of the BEACON. This newspaper does not undertake to publish all or any of the letters received. Unsigned communications will not be noticed. Write on one side of paper only. Communications must be plainly written; otherwise they will be rejected. Stamps should be enclosed if return of manuscript is desired in case it is not used. The name and address of the writer should be sent with every letter as evidence of good faith.—Editor BEACON.]

PROTECTION FOR DEER ON DEER ISLAND

Deer Island, Jan. 27th, 1919.

Editor "BEACON":
Sir—
Would you please grant me space in your valuable paper to call the Chief Game Warden's attention to violation on Deer Island, of the Game Law, in regard to the hunting and killing of deer? About four years ago a family of deer took up their residence on Deer Island, and that family has grown so that at present it numbers some eight or ten. It has been reported that parties from Eastport, Me., with two hounds, have hunted and killed one or two of the deer. Now the good people of the Island would like to have these deer protected in such a way that hounds or gunners would not disturb them for some ten or fifteen years. There has been notices posted up through the centre of the Island, warning gunners hunting deer to look out for the Game Warden on the island; so it is supposed that there are Game Wardens looking out for the gunners, so if these law breakers get caught they can blame no one but themselves. Trusting, Mr. Editor, that the Chief Game Warden will take this matter up more fully, and that the deer may have perfect protection for the next ten or fifteen years from hounds and hunter, I thank you for this favor.
Yours Respectfully,
F. W. RICHARDSON.

ADVICE TO PTE. JARVIS WREN

To the Editor of "THE BEACON":
Sir—When Private Wren wrote the war-letter from Germany recently printed in your paper he seems to have had a mind for general fault-finding and swearing at large. One in that mood should keep as far as possible from writing materials, lest he do himself an injustice. Who in his normal mind would care to be held responsible for the following:—"Although war has its horrors, peace has them also, and I am beginning to think those of peace are worse?" One would think that he desired to reverse Sherman's aphorism by substituting the word "peace" for "war." As for the Belgians he seems to dislike; they are no more nearly perfect than the rest of us. Their country was ruthlessly invaded, their property destroyed, and their women and children subjected to untold indignities. During the first rush of invasion the civilians fought back with any weapons they could get, and we respect them the more for it; but Brand Whitlock, the American Minister, says they did not "snipe the army of occupation," and the majority of us believe him.

The amusing part of Pte. Wren's letter is the complaint as to the condition of his underclothing. The old fellows who have knocked about lumber camps for half a century or so, know that while there is an excuse for a soldier being infested with "cooties" or "bolshheviks," when he is in the trenches, there is none for him when he has little else to do but keep clean. Then, if he associates with "bolshheviks" he is either ignorant or indifferent and deserves no sympathy. There are many remedies available to one who has access to a drug store; but he who has not, may, with the aid of a little gasoline or kerosene, put the enemy out of business in a very short time. In this world the Lord only helps those who try to help themselves, and Lord help those who can't or won't.

Though Pte. Wren is right in the war-zone, he seems to be laboring under a strange delusion. An armistice is not a peace (see any good, bad, or indifferent dictionary), as he seems to think. He is one of an army occupying an enemy country. As such, any man of open mind and common-sense can see that "court-courteous aloofness" is the only correct attitude. Pte. Wren seems to want to mix up with the Germans and have what he mistakes for a good time. While we

cheerfully admit that a bolshevik-inhabited Canadian is, in our opinion, plenty good enough for any German drawing room, it is no place for him if he is a soldier. A soldier should be a soldier first and a society-man afterwards. When the war is over, and the enemy disbanded, no one (but the Germans) will hinder him from going back to the kind, gentle, and hospitable people we hear of, and "having it out" with them socially, to his heart's content. But now, he is on the Nation's business, and should bear himself as one who is faithful to his trust.

With apologies for designs on your space,
I am Sir,
Very truly yours,
L. I. FLOWER.
Central Cambridge, N. B.

THE WOMEN'S CANADIAN CLUB

The third monthly meeting of the Women's Canadian Club was held in Paul's Hall, on Thursday evening, Jan. 23rd, the President in the chair. The meeting opened by singing, "O Canada." The minutes were then read and approved. Mrs. Andrews then, in a few brief words, introduced the speaker of the evening Mr. W. F. Hatheway of St. John.

Mr. Hatheway recalled pleasant memories of earlier visits to St. Andrews. On one occasion he had the pleasure of sailing from St. Stephen to St. Andrews in the sloop manned by Capt. Stinson, and the next day was taken to Robbinston by the noted ferryman, John Rice. He announced that his subject would be a trip through the Dardanelles from Athens. His lecture was a real delight to all lovers of the best in literature, and recalled to many present the dear old stories of the classics—learned in school days. As he took his hearers in thought along the straits, he told many incidents of ancient days which had occurred at nearly the same place where our soldiers gave their lives so gallantly in 1915-16 at Gallipoli. He recalled the story of the wooden horse in which the wily old king concealed himself and his troops, and thus gained entrance to the city of Troy. Also the story of the beautiful Helen, after whom Cape Hellas was named, and the love story of Leander and Hero.

Mr. Hatheway referred to the fact that over one hundred years ago Byron, although he loved the Greeks dearly, had condemned them for the same inertia that characterized them in the war just closed. The speaker described Constantinople as the most beautiful city in the world, as viewed from the hills behind the city, but on closer inspection it loses much of its beauty. In 1453 this city was taken by Mohamed, and since that time has been under the rule of the Turks. At this time cannons were first used, being made of wood.

An incident was related concerning a lady from New Brunswick, Dr. Travers, who was doing Red Cross work in the little town of Nish; it was captured by the Bulgarians and she was compelled to work for them.

The speaker dealt briefly with the little country of Serbia which, situated between the Austrians and Bulgarians, has suffered greatly in the recent war. A very beautiful idea was advanced that the lordly rivers flowing through this country, influence the character of the people; thus the Rhine developed the character of the Teutons, and the Danube that of the Austrians. It is to be regretted that the strength of character thus developed was not used in a better way. At the close of the lecture a vote of thanks was moved by Mrs. R. D. Rigby, and seconded by Mrs. Charles Mallory. The Chorus Club sang "The Rose of No Man's Land," after which refreshments were served and a social hour enjoyed. The County Councilors were present, and before the close of the meeting presented the Club with the sum of \$6.90 in appreciation of the kind invitation which had been extended to them to attend the meeting. A vote of thanks to the Councilors was moved by Rev. Thos. Hicks, and seconded by Mr. Geo. Babbitt. This was responded to by Mr. McAllister, of Milltown. At a recent meeting of the Executive Committee, the sum of \$25 was voted for the Salvation Army drive. Also a very hearty vote of thanks was extended to the men of the town who had so kindly assisted in collecting waste paper.

TOM MOORE, LABOR LEADER, ENDORSES WAR SAVINGS PLAN

HUMBLE "QUARTER" IS NOW BEING MOBILIZED IN THE SERVICE OF THE COUNTRY.

Tom Moore, president of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, is to-day by reason of his position, the recognized leader of organized labor in the Dominion. He is also a man of international standing. The advantages of the War Savings plan are obvious to him, as the following statement shows:

"During this Reconstruction period the question of eliminating unemployment is one of the vital problems, and the Government, by the carrying on of essential public works, etc., can materially help and thus stabilize the labor market. In order to do this money must be forthcoming. The pre-war methods of financing were found unequal to the requirements of war time, and regulations imposed by other countries made it necessary to secure money direct from the people of Canada. The sale of Victory Bonds was instituted and the marvellous success achieved proved the value of the policy of placing the purchase of these within the reach of the greater number by introducing the low denomination of fifty dollars.

"Even greater success can be achieved by still further reducing the minimum amount which can be subscribed and Canada has now decided, through its War Thrift Stamp Saving scheme to offer opportunities by which not only the men and women, but the children of the country, can help to provide the money which is still urgently needed to carry on. The humble 'quarter' is at last being mobilized into the country's service. All should lend their aid and make the aggregate sum secured so large as to prove for all time that the workers of Canada can finance their own undertakings."

LETTER OF CONDOLENCE

To Mrs. Lucy Stuart
Lambertville, Deer Island.
Whereas it has pleased God in his wisdom to remove from our midst your beloved husband, Hazen, and our brother we the Officers and members of Eureka L. O. L. No. 129, desire to extend to you our heartfelt sympathy in your loss, which we realize is so hard to bear. The removal of such a life from our midst leaves a vacancy which is hard to fill. We mourn for one esteemed by all and whose memory we shall ever cherish but we pray that the great loss may teach us to look to the Giver of all good for comfort in this deep sorrow remembering always that "He doeth all things well."
MESTY STUART W. M.
ANDREW STUART R. S.
Signed in behalf of Eureka L. O. L. No. 129.

MAJOR AITKEN ON TRIAL

Calgary, Jan. 23—Major R. T. Aitken, Canadian Army Service Corps, brother of Lord Beaverbrook, is being tried here on two charges, first, neglect to the prejudice of good order and military discipline in that he did not inspect the company canteen and see that a proper audit was made, and second that he was using canteen funds. The accused pleaded not guilty to both charges, but admitted that the canteen was not run according to military law and that purchases were made for him, but denied knowledge that canteen funds were used for the purpose.

STANDING OF PARTIES IN GERMAN ASSEMBLY

Paris, Jan. 27.—The Frankfort Gazette gives as the definite results of the elections to the German assembly, 165 Social Democrats, 91 Catholics, 75 Democrats, 38 Conservatives, 22 National Liberals, and 22 Independents.

Wisdom Whispers
"A DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION, FAMOUS FOR MORE THAN 100 YEARS"
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
(Internal as well as External use)
This wonderful old family medicine quickly conquers Coughs, Colds, Grippe, Sore Throat, Croup, Chills, Sprains, Strains, and many other common ills. Soothes, heals, and Stops Suffering
Save by the W. S. S. plan

KENNEDY'S HOTEL
St. Andrews, N. B.
A. KENNEDY & SON, PROPRIETORS.
Beautifully Situated on Water Front. Near Trains and Steamboats.
Closed for the winter.
Rates quoted on application.

THE ROYAL HOTEL
LEADING HOTEL AT ST. JOHN, N. B.
Conducted on European Plan in Most Modern and Approved Manner.
NEW GARDEN RESTAURANT
200 Rooms 75 With Bath
THE RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO., PROP.

EDISON'S SUBLIME GIFT TO MANKIND
As if by a miracle, that master inventor, Thomas A. Edison, has given mankind Music's Re-Creation—not a flimsy imitation, but music re-born, by means of The NEW EDISON
"The Phonograph With a Soul"
which Re-Creates music so faithfully that no human ear can detect the faintest shade of difference between the original performances of the world's greatest vocalists and instrumentalists and Mr. Edison's Re-Creation of them.
HEAR THE NEW EDISON at your nearest dealers.
W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD., Distributors, ST. JOHN, N. B.

2 CARGOES 2 CARGOES
COAL!
EGG STOVE CHESTNUT
All Government Regulations have been removed.
15 weeks more of Winter weather. Why suffer with the cold?
Orders will receive prompt attention. Get a supply now.
Price, \$14.75 per ton
S. B. Stuart & Co.
LUBEC, Me.

BELTED EARL WEDS MISS DYE OF CHICAGO

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Jan. 27—The marriage took place on Saturday afternoon in St. James Anglican church, Sault Ste. Marie, of the third Earl of Dunblane, of Nottingham, England, to Miss Sarah C. Turngren Dye, of Chicago. The Earl and Countess were guests to-day at the New Windsor Hotel, in this city. After a few days in the Algoma district they will visit the bride's home in Chicago. From there they will go to England. The Earl of Dunblane met the Countess first in Chicago, last summer.

The above appeared on the front page of the St. John *Telegraph* on Tuesday, and is an illustration of much news that is published in the daily press from time to time. Who the couple are whose marriage is thus announced, we do not know, but the man is not the third Earl of Dunblane. There never was, and there is not now, any Earl of Dunblane in the British (or any other) peerage, and if there is a man masquerading under the fictitious title he ought to be exposed; and we are surprised that a newspaper so well informed as the *Telegraph* should give currency to such inaccurate news items.—Ed. BEACON.

PROHIBITION A FAILURE IN NORWAY

New York, Jan. 27.—An account of how Norway settled the "bone-dry" question was given yesterday by Brederic Lyndsig, who returned to the United States after six months' sojourn in that country, on the Norwegian Line steamship Stavangerjord, which left Christiania on Jan. 11 and docked at the foot of 30th street, Brooklyn, this morning. "Norway went bone-dry in 1915," he said. "In 1917, after almost a state of

ALL CANADA KNOWS THE HIGH QUALITY OF
Canada Food Board License No. Cereal 2-009 Flour 15, 16, 17, 18
PURITY FLOUR
(Government Standard)
More Bread and Better Bread and Better Pastry
FOR BETTER PORRIDGE USE PURITY OATS
Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited
Head Office, Toronto, Ont.