Juvenal, a Latin author. Kiel, a Prussian port. Knox, the great Scotch reformer Kant, a German philosopher. Lyons, a great French city. *Lettice, a woman's name. Loeds, an English city. Leigh, a Christian name. Lapp, a native of Lapland. Lent, a church fast. Locko, an English philosopher. (Mc) Leed, a Scotch clan. (Mc) Lean, another Scotch clan. Maese, n Belgian river. Meuse. Maine, a German river, an American state. Metz, a French fortress. Mede, a native of Media. Menai, a Welsh strait. Neagh, a large Irish lake. Ney, one of Napoleon's marshals.

Nice, a port in S. France.

Oder, a Prussian river. Origen, one of the Greek fathers. Ouse, an English river. Paine, an English infidel writer. Pesth, a Hungarian writer. Pallas, the ancient goddess of wisdom. Peter, a man's name.

Pascal, a French religious writer-Pole, a native of Poland.

Penn, the founder of Pennyslyania Pitt. a great English et iterman.

juvenile, 1206 young; a youth. keel, the bottom of a ship. knocks, the plural of knock. cant, affected speech. lions, the plural of lion. lettuce,271 a salad herb. leads, conducts, loa, 123 a meadow. lap, to lick up. leant, did lean. lock, a fastening of a door. loud, noisy, lane, a narrow road. maze, a puzzle, muse, 697 to think, to meditate. main, 206 principal.

mace, the wrapping of the nutmeg. mead, a meadow. many, not few.

nay, no.

niece, F., a brother's or sister's daughter. odor,31 a smell. origin, 501 the beginning or source. 0020, to exude.13 pain, bodily or mental trouble. pest,218 a plague, palace, a prince's house.

petre, 385 in the word salt petre. paschal. 1249 belonging to the passover. poll, the head. penn,254 a writing instrument. pit, a hole.