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CLOSING SCENES MONDAY IN OBSEQUIES OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

Body Now Rests Beside that of Her Beloved Husband in the Mausoleum at Frogmore—Pathetic Incidents in the Closing Ceremonies.

Windsor, Feb. 4.—The last honors have been paid to Queen Victoria. Her body now rests near that of her husband in the mausoleum at Frogmore. The final ceremonies were more of a funeral and pathetic character than any of the obsequies which preceded them. Shortly before 3 o'clock, in the presence of the royal mourners, the Grenadier Guard of honor lifted the coffin from its temporary resting place in the Albert Memorial chapel and placed it on a gun carriage. In the meanwhile, the Queen's company of Grenadiers, drawn up in the quadrangle, presented arms and wheeled into line, their rifle muzzles pointing to the rear, at the reverse, and, with slow measured steps, marched towards the castle gate. At the head of the procession was a band playing Chopin's funeral march.

Slowly the cortege passed under the massive archway onto the long walk, which was a mass of black brilliantly edged with scarlet. Life Guardsmen kept the crowds back. In place on the gun carriage was the same regalia which had attracted the eyes of millions since the march to the grave began at Osborne. Close behind walked the King, Emperor William and the Duke of Connaught, wearing dark military overcoats and plumed cocked hats and looking pale and sorrowful. In similar dull attire were the kings of Portugal and Belgium. All heads were bent. The blue and gray of the German princes redeemed the royal group from perfect sombreness of color. Behind these walked Queen Alexandra and the royal princesses, veiled. The Queen carried an umbrella, but the others had their hands folded. As the last trio of the veiled women passed out of the castle there came two boys dressed in bright tartan kilts and velvet jackets. Between them was a young girl, her fair, loose hair glittering against the crepe of her mourning. Two of these were children of Princess Henry of Battenberg, and the

other was little Prince Edward of York. His tiny legs could hardly keep pace even with the slow progress of the mourning band.

The coffin was borne from the gun carriage by the Grenadiers, the pipers ceased their dirge and the choir, moving forward, commenced to sing, "Yes, Though I Walk Through the Valley Before."

The inside of the mausoleum being reached they sang "Man That's Born of Woman," while the royal family took their places around the coffin, the dome of Victoria's tomb echoed with the sad strains of "Lord, Thou Knowest."

The bishop of Winchester, standing on the platform surrounding the marble figure of the prince consort, on which rested the Queen's coffin, read the committal prayer and the Lord's prayer. Then the choir sang "Sleep Thy Last Sleep," the dean said the collect.

A short, solemn silence followed, broken by the sweet cadence of Stainer's "Amen," and then King Edward and Emperor William, the visiting kings and princesses and the Queen and the princesses filed before the bier and passed out to their carriages.

Service in the Morning. King Edward, King Alexandra, Emperor William and others of the royal family attended the services beside the coffin at an early hour this morning. Dismounted life guardsmen in their scarlet cloaks, the white plumes in their helmets glistening in the sun, kept the route clear from the castle slope. Amid the bare boughs of trees below the mist arose from the damp earth, trampled into mud by the uneasy few thousands; the air was damp and cold.

Hundreds of people poured into Windsor throughout the morning and at 9 o'clock the long walk was already black with spectators, mostly from the surrounding country, waiting for a last glance at the coffin containing the remains of Queen Victoria.

MESSAGE FROM KING EDWARD VII. Acknowledges Sympathy From Colonies and Dependencies--Trusts in Our Devotion and Loyal Support--Will Work for the Welfare and Security of the British Empire.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The King has sent the following message to all the British colonies and dependencies:

"To my people beyond the seas: The countless messages of loyal sympathy that I have received from every part of my dominions over seas testify to the universal grief in which the whole empire now mourns the loss of my beloved mother.

"In the welfare and prosperity of her subjects throughout Great Britain the Queen ever evinced a heartfelt interest. She saw with thankfulness the steady progress which, under the wide extension of self government, they had made during her reign. She warmly appreciated their unfailing loyalty to her throne and her person, and was proud to think of those who had so nobly fought and died for the empire's cause in South Africa.

"I have already declared that it will be my constant endeavor to follow the great example which has been bequeathed to me. In these endeavors I shall have confident trust in the devotion and sympathy of the people and of their several representative assemblies throughout my vast colonial dominions. With such loyal support I will, with the blessing of God, solemnly work for the promotion of the common welfare and security of our great empire over which I have now been called to reign.

(Signed) "EDWARD."

The sun was shining brightly. The final obsequies promised to be as stately as the initial stages. The representatives of the royal families arrived from London at about 1 o'clock and drove to Windsor Castle.

The streets of the old town were still hung with wreaths, sadly faded since Saturday. The stores were closed during the interment.

The Last Stage. From the Albert Memorial chapel to the

mausoleum, nearly a mile from the great gate of the castle, there is a steep slope of 500 yards, at the bottom of which is the lodge gate and a fence. On the castle side of this were hundreds of ticket-holders. On the other side, where the long walk commences, the public was massed. At 2.45 p. m. Sir Walter Parrat and his choir walked down the steps through the crowds to the mausoleum; then minute guns commenced firing, the Windsor church bells tolling solemnly, and the strains of the band, gradually growing

stronger and stronger, echoed from the castle quadrangle. At 3.15 p. m. the procession passed slowly out of King George's arch. The gun carriage with the coffin was supported by the late Queen's equerries and household, flanked by the same officers as appeared in Saturday's ceremony in London.

Following the coffin walked King Edward, the Duke of Connaught, Emperor William, the King of the Belgians, and Prince Henry of Prussia.

Britain's Monarch Speaks to the Empire—King of the Belgians Leaves for His Own Country—Salisbury Has an Audience With King and Kaiser.

London, Feb. 4.—King Edward has gazetted the following to his subjects throughout the empire: "To my people: Now that the last scene has closed in the noble and ever-glorious life of my beloved mother, the Queen, I am anxious to endeavor to convey to the whole empire the extent of the deep gratitude I feel for the heart-warming and affectionate tributes which have everywhere been borne to her memory."

After alluding to the "common sorrow," the King concludes by again pledging himself "to walk in the footsteps of the late Queen in the fulfillment of my great responsibilities."

The King-Emperor has sent a special message to the people of India and a greeting to the ruling chiefs of the native states.

Salisbury Has Audience With King. London, Feb. 5.—Lord Salisbury had an audience of King Edward and Emperor William at Windsor Castle yesterday.

German Court Mourning. Berlin, Feb. 4.—By command of Emperor William the court will remain in mourning for three months in memory of Queen Victoria.

King of Belgians Departs. London, Feb. 4.—The King of the Belgians left for Belgium this evening. At the railway station the police removed a man who had been acting strangely and who was suspected of having some design against the king.

Queen to Be Honorary Colonel. London, Feb. 4.—The Times this morning says it is informed that the Kaiser has appointed Queen Alexandra to be honorary colonel of the Prussian regiment of Dragoons, of which the late Queen was honorary colonel. Previous reports had said that the appointment had been conferred upon King Edward.

Reports of the Queen's Death. New York, Feb. 2.—In response to certain inquiries as to the facts concerning

the reports of the Queen's death received in this country on January 22nd, and the claim that the Associated Press reports were not the earliest authentic ones, the following statement is made: "The Queen's death occurred at 6.50 Greenwich time, which was 1.84 eastern standard time, 12.34 central standard time, and the first bulletin was sent from the death chamber at 6.45 p. m. Greenwich time (1.49 p. m. New York time). The Associated Press was received in New York at 1.29 eastern standard time.

It is quite true a report was sent out and published in several cities of the country an hour earlier than this, and to justify this premature announcement the claim has been made that the Queen really died from one to two hours earlier than the moment fixed by the official report. An exhaustive investigation has been made and develops the fact that all these claims that the Queen died at any other hour than that officially named is an impudent falsehood.

The London newspapers of January 23, which may be had in any of the leading cities of this country, fixed the time of the death, without exception, at 6.50 p. m. and say that the first announcement received in London at 7 o'clock. I published not only the bulletin of physicians, but the despatches of Arthur Balfour, first lord of the tree and Charles T. Ritchie, the home secretary, all of which fixed the precise time of the Queen's death at 6.50 p. m. and say that the Queen has just arrived."

It became necessary in the de their fraud for those who prematurely published the announcement to go statements of the physicians and a despatch to the archbishop of bury, fixing the time of its tra at 5.25 p. m.

ASKED TO DIE.

Twelve Chinese Named for Punishment.

TO EXECUTE THEMSELVES.

Meeting Today to Settle the Matter--Opposition to Prince Tuan's Punishment--American Missionary Arrested by German and French Troops.

Peking, Feb. 4.—Tomorrow will be held the first joint meeting between the foreign envoys and the Chinese plenipotentiaries. Only Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching have plenipotentiary rights. The other Chinese have merely the status of advisers. All rumors and reports that large numbers have been listed for punishment are without foundation, as only 12 provincial authorities have been named. These Chinese will be requested to punish commensurately with their misdeeds. There is a private understanding that at least half of them will be executed or requested to commit suicide, while the others must be banished or imprisoned. The real subject liable to cause delay is the punishment of the officials of Chi-Li, regarding which the envoys have not reached an agreement. There is little doubt that the Chinese plenipotentiaries will agree so far as the provincials are concerned. Without doubt Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching have been ordered to protest to the utmost against the execution of Prince Tuan or any prince of the blood royal. This is a source of disagreement among the envoys, many of whom feel that, if Prince Tuan goes unpunished all others ought to go free. The Chinese plenipotentiaries profess to be unable to understand how Prince Tuan can be punished while his son is the heir apparent. British and American telegraph linesmen report having seen what they believed to have been a number of armed Chinese, at least 2,000, at Chink yesterday between Tung Chow and Ma Tow. The military authorities think, however, that the soldiers were a body of German troops. The matter will be investigated. The Rev. W. S. Ament, one of the missionaries of the American board of foreign missions, was recently arrested with seven British subjects by German and French troops near Tung Chow. He was charged with endeavoring to extort money from the Chinese villagers. The British subjects were released but Mr. Ament was held. He says he was merely trying to settle the affairs of the church there and he has applied to Mr. Conger to request Gen. Chiffre to send cavalry to release him. The matter has been referred to Count Von Waldensee.

QUORUM AT OTTAWA.

Members Arriving for Parliament Opening.

NO OPPOSITION LEADER.

Sir Hibbert Now Said to Be After It--C. M. B. A. Decides on August 27 for Annual Convention at Niagara--Trustees Met Yesterday in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 4.—(Special)—There is a quorum of House of Commons here to-night and by tomorrow evening the great majority of senators and members will be on hand ready for the opening of the following day. The formal opening, which will be, this year, robbed of all its gay attractions, will take place on Thursday. Among those who reached here from the west tonight was Sir Hibbert and Lady Tupper. Sir Hibbert is said to be after the leadership, but he is regarded as an impossibility. If any one is selected outside of Ontario it will be Lorden of Halifax. The fact is that the party has got no leader and this is acknowledged by Conservatives and Liberals alike. The matter will be discussed at a caucus tomorrow night. The Catholic Mutual Benefit Association will hold its annual convention at Niagara Falls, beginning on August 27, 1901. Today at a meeting of the trustees this was decided upon and a number of claims were considered. The trustees who attended were Hon. M. F. Hackett, St. John, N. B.; J. A. Chisholm, Halifax; P. J. Rooney, Toronto; Ed. Ryan, M. D., Kingston; Hon. F. R. Litchford, Ottawa, and S. R. Brown, London, Ont.

THE GOEBEL CASE.

Youtsey, Convicted of Shooting Kentucky Ex-Governor, to Be Sentenced Today.

Georgetown, Ky., Feb. 4.—Counsel for Henry Youtsey, convicted in connection with the Goebel case and upon whom sentence had been suspended temporarily, today dismissed the motion, filed after the conviction, to try Youtsey as to his sanity. The prisoner probably will be sentenced tomorrow, when he will be brought from Louisville jail.

Senator Allen Better.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—(Special)—Senator G. W. Allan, who for several days has been seriously ill, is much improved tonight, being reported out of danger.

WANTS TO KNOW.

Presbyterian Clergymen to Query Government.

"STATE" CHURCH MATTER.

Rev. John McKie of Kingston Will Ask Why Battermen and Cadets Attended St. George's Cathedral Memorial Service, and As to Proclamation Reading.

Kingston, Ont., Feb. 4.—(Special)—Rev. John McKie, of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, purposes asking the government upon whose authority battermen and cadets were ordered to attend the Queen's memorial service in St. George's cathedral, Saturday; also on what authority the proclamation of the Queen's death and the King's accession was read by his excellency's representatives at St. George's cathedral door instead of on Market square. The evangelists are greatly aroused over the seeming attempt at state churchism.

UNNATURAL CHILDREN.

Father Beaten to Unconsciousness by Son and Daughter.

Rockland, Me., Feb. 4.—Royston Mank and his sister Mabel, their ages being given as 19 and 16 respectively, were arrested this afternoon on the charge of cruelly beating their father, Edward Mank, a civil war veteran. A police officer found the elder Mank almost unconscious in a woodshed and the appearance indicated that there had been a fierce quarrel.

A Fiendish Act.

Wallington, Del., Feb. 4.—William Cooper, a negro of Hackman, Sussex county, is a fugitive from justice on the charge of murdering his wife and five-year-old child. The murder of the child was most atrocious. Cooper came home drunk yesterday afternoon and began quarrelling with his wife. Pulling out a revolver he shot and instantly killed her. He then seized the child, who was a girl, carried her to the woods, where he swung the little one by the feet, and beat her head against a log until she was dead.

German Banker Reported Missing.

Berlin, Feb. 4.—It is reported from Kell that Siegfried Hoes, a local banker, has fled to the United States after embezzling 300,000 marks.

MURDER CHARGED.

The Suspect in the Mosher Case Arraigned.

CONVICT TESTIFIES.

Said the Prisoner Graffam Had Outlined a Plan of Robbery Such as Was Carried Out in Mosher's House--Mrs. Mosher to Go On the Stand.

Portland, Me., Feb. 4.—In the municipal court today before Judge Hill, Edward Graffam was arraigned on the charge of murdering Clifford Mosher of Gorham, Saturday, January 12. He was cool and collected and his position did not seem to cause him much uneasiness. The court room was crowded with people, every seat being occupied and every available spot of standing room being taken. Witnesses were introduced tracing the negro hands, who is held as one of the principals in the crime, from Hopedale, Me., to South Framingham, Boston, Mass., to South Framingham, Boston, Mass., Portland and Westbrook where the pair were seen on the night of the crime. The witnesses agreed on the general description of the two men and many thought not all of the identifications were positive. One of the chief witnesses for the state was Joe Kelley, a state prison convict, who testified that Graffam outlined to him the plan of a robbery such as occurred at the Mosher house. The state's case disclosed little that was very new. The hearing will be continued tomorrow morning when Mrs. Mosher, the mother of the victim and who was present when the attack was made on her son, will go on the stand. The defence will probably introduce no testimony.

BAD STORM IN ENGLAND.

Telegraphic Communication Interfered With--Railways in Trouble.

London, Feb. 5.—A snow storm in the west of England has seriously interfered with telegraphic communication between London and the United States. From five to nine land lines are down and the railways are working with the utmost difficulty.

Quarrymen Strike.

Youngstown, Ohio, Feb. 4.—Quarrymen to the number of 1,000, employed by the Carbor and Bessemer Limestone companies, today struck against a reduction from 20 to 17 cents per ton.

SOUTH AFRICA.

Estimated There Are 19,000 Boers in Commando.

RECENT CASUALTIES.

French is Sweeping the Enemy and the Driving Operation is Going On Under Other Leaders--Another Strathcona Horseman Dead--Canadian Dangerously Ill.

London, Feb. 5.—The Pretoria correspondent of the Times estimates that there are 19,000 Boers still on commando and says that more British troops are required. The De Wet-Knox Engagement. London, Feb. 5.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, wiring Sunday, says: "It appears that in the action between General Knox and General De Wet, near Senekal, the Kaffrarian Rifles sustained about 100 casualties. "Three Boer invading columns are now moving toward the Orange River. It is believed that Piet Botha's force of 2,000 men, with seven guns from Smithfield, has crossed into the colony." Chasing the Boers. London, Feb. 4.—General Kitchener in a despatch from Pretoria, dated Feb. 3, says: "French's column, in driving the Boers east, captured a fifteen pounder and picked up parts of a second gun disabled by our fire. "The commandoes in the Colony are being hustled. The Midland commando is being chased by Haig in the direction of Steadville. Sixteen of them have been killed by our men." Making Sure of Ammunition. Lorenzo Marquez, Feb. 4.—In view of the possibility of a Boer raid all the ammunition surrendered by burghers at Komatipoort has been loaded on lighters moored in the bay. Strathcona Horseman Dead. Ottawa, Feb. 4.—(Special)—A cable to the governor general from Sir Alfred Milner under date of Feb. 2, announces the death, from enteric fever, of 381, Pte. Fenner, of Strathcona's Horse. Pte. Fenner came from Scarborough, England. Canadian Ill. Ottawa, Feb. 4.—(Special)—The cable from Sir Alfred Milner says that Pte. Ambridge, of Winnipeg, is dangerously ill at Springfield.

BOSTON FIRE.

Big Blaze in National Bank Building.

RESCUED FROM DEATH.

Screaming Woman Seen in a High Window--As Firemen Place Nets for Her to Jump in She Falls Back Into the Burning Structure--Three Alarms In.

Boston, Feb. 5.—The Boston firemen were turned out of bed at 1.29 this morning by a wicked looking blaze in the upper stories of the First National Bank building, 17 State street, opposite the Old State House. The fire appeared suddenly and before the alarm struck it burst through the roof and mounted many feet in the air, lighting up the sky and scattering sparks falling for half an hour it appeared as if quite an area of property was threatened. Scarcely had the firemen arrived when shrieks were heard from the janitor's wife as she jumped out of one of the windows on the Devonshire street side of the building. A life net was quickly dragged beneath the window by scores of willing hands. But in a minute or two the screams ceased and the woman was seen to fall back into the smoke. In the meantime the firemen had raised a ladder to the fourth story and five brave men dashed up into the smoke and managed to grasp their way up through the building to the fifth floor where they found a woman unconscious on the floor, while beside her lay her 17 year old son. The pair were quickly brought through the building to the street and sent to the hospital. The boy regained his senses before the ambulance arrived. The fire was confined to the upper stories of the building occupied by a few lawyers' offices, the lower portions, including the bank, merely suffering damage from water. The janitor was in the lower portion of the building when the fire broke out and he with several policemen vainly endeavored to get up the stairs to the upper floor but were beaten back by the smoke, shouting like a mad man when the restaurant was reached. A fierce fight followed between the restaurant men and Mrs. Nation's defenders. Many personal encounters took place but the police seemed without power to stop it. Finally in despair they arrested Mrs. Nation and took her to jail. The crowd followed her and the restaurant was left unattended. Mrs. Nation was not injured.

Insurance Rates to Increase.

Montreal, Feb. 4.—(Special)—The Canadian Fire Underwriters have decided to make a general increase in fire insurance rates throughout Canada.

HATCHET BRIGADE.

Mrs. Nation Suffers Her First Defeat.

NOT HER WATERLOO.

Fight Took Place When the Smasher and Six Assistants Attacked a Restaurant--Police Could Not Stop the Row and Arrested Mrs. Nation.

Topsick, Ky., Feb. 1.—Late this afternoon Mrs. Nation and six other women fought hatchets and started after John, followed by a crowd of 1,000 people. In front of one place a dozen strong men had assembled to look the hatchets from Mrs. Nation and one of her assistants. A scuffle ensued. The police method Mrs. Nation and her companions to the police station on the charge of disturbing the peace. Mrs. Nation thus met her first defeat in her seldom-sustained career. Later at the police station she laughingly declared that it was by no means her Waterloo and she would soon again be at her chosen work. Mrs. Nation was formally charged with disturbing the peace. With six women each armed with new hatchets she started out at 3 o'clock to wreck a restaurant where liquor is also dispensed. There a free-for-all struggle between restaurant people and wreckers was begun and the greatest excitement prevailed for a time. Mrs. Nation was disarmed but insisted orders to her followers to occupy the onslaught. The hatchet brigade was stampeded, however, and not another hand was raised against the obnoxious restaurant. Mrs. Nation was led away to the station on a charge of disturbing the peace and was followed by a jeering crowd. At a meeting of the hatchet brigade in the United Presbyterian church this afternoon Mrs. Nation announced that a raid would be made on a drug store and a joint at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning. Then came the counter move and a determination to wreck a joint immediately. Surrounded by half a dozen women, all armed with hatchets, Mrs. Nation led the way down Kansas avenue. She was followed by thousands of people who tramped behind and before her in the deep snow, shouting like a mad man when the restaurant was reached. A fierce fight followed between the restaurant men and Mrs. Nation's defenders. Many personal encounters took place but the police seemed without power to stop it. Finally in despair they arrested Mrs. Nation and took her to jail. The crowd followed her and the restaurant was left unattended. Mrs. Nation was not injured.