comes to the troops. "You'll eat no more fat bacon," they called ; "you've had your at Lame Deer, as if to cover him. " The last breakfast." Suiting his tactics to the chief, who was a big, powerful fellow," said nature of the ground, General Miles deployed all his force, keeping no reserve, and set the men at climbing up the steep hill- he suspected treachery and thought, 'I'll sides, now through gullies filled with snow, and now over the slippery ice. Despite the ground.' My horse started back, and Lame drag of their heavy clothing, they reached Deer's bullet, whistling by, killed a soldier the crests, and there, facing the Indians on equal ground, at length drove them through the mountains. Big Crow, their charged the hills, to which the Indians had medicine-man, had told them his medicine retreated, keeping up the pursuit for eight was so strong that the whites could not kill miles. Among the killed were Lame Deer them ; and he may have had faith in it himself, for, coming out in front, he ran about other warriors; and the band, under other in a circle of perhaps a dozen feet in diam- leaders, afterwards surrendered at the ageneter, shaking his gun. "It was a dare-devil cies. As for the captured horses, they thing to do," said the General, "but Indians were used for mounting the Fifth Infantry, sometimes try it, perhaps counting on the constant change of position to protect them." Shot after shot failed to hit him, but at length a bullet brought him down; and then a panic spread through the camp. The end of the battle and the flight of the Indians took place in a blinding snow-storm.

Miles sent Brughier to Crazy Horse's camp, with a demand for his surrender; and during the spring that chief, with Little Hawk, Little Big Man, The Rock, and more than He outran the force that General Howard two thousand Indians, gave themselves up at had on his trail, escaped from Big Hole, the agencies; and about three hundred more, under Two Moons, Hump, White Bull, and Horse Road, at the cantonment. Sitting Bull had found refuge on Canadian soil.

VIII.

WHEN spring opened it was learned that one band, mostly Minneconjous, under Lame Deer, was still out, along the Rosebud. Early in May, therefore, General Miles started after them, using as scouts some of his surrendered Sioux and Cheyennes. A hard and secret march enabled him to surprise Lame Deer's village, of fifty-one A brilliant charge of the Second Cavalry lodges, at the mouth of Muddy Creek. battalion, under Tyler, cut off the herd of Desiring to avoid bloodshed, the General eight hundred ponies; and then battalions directed Lieutenants Casey and Jerome to of the Seventh Cavalry and Fifth Infantry, charge through the village, cutting off the under Hale and Snyder, headed by the herd, while another body of troops, follow- Sioux and Cheyenne scouts, under Lieuing more deliberately, was to call out that, tenant Maus, charged directly into the vilif the Indians would throw down their arms, lage. The heroic attack was resisted with their lives would be spared. This was done, a valor as heroic, and in a short time Cap-White Bull making the demand for surren- tain Hale, Lieutenant Biddle, and twentyder, while General Miles rode up and held two soldiers were killed, and four officers out his hand to Lame Deer, saying : "How, how ?" and Lieutenant Baird, of his staff, in them being Lieutenant Baird, of the General's like manner grasped Iron Star's hand,

Just then a scout foolishly pointed a rifle the General, "jerked away his hand from mine, and reached down for his gun, as if send him, at any rate, to the happy huntingnamed Stringer, just behind me."

The troops at once opened fire, and then and his chief warrior, Iron Star, and twelve

IX.

ONE of the noblest figures in Indian history, and one of the greatest warriors, is the Nez Percé Chief Joseph. In this same year, Returning to the cantonment, General 1877, he had resisted attempts to put him and his band on the Lapwai reservation, in Western Idaho, and had sought to carry all his people hundreds of miles to Canada. where General Gibbon fought him, and again from General Sturgis, who engaged him in the Yellowstone Valley. Sturgis had been sent out by Miles ; and when the latter, on the evening of September 19th, heard what had occurred, he started the same night with all the available force of the Tongue River cantonment, to head off Chief Joseph before he should reach the border.

> Hard marching brought the command, on the last day of the month, to Joseph's village, in the Bear Paw mountains. It lay within the curve of a crescent-shaped bank, in the valley of Snake Creek, and the warriors occupied the beds of adjoining ravines. and thirty-eight soldiers wounded, among staff. One gallant charge by Captain Carter,