

into 24 pills; "one to be taken three times daily." (p. 165) The tincture of aconite should be given in the ordinary doses, from two to four minims of Fleming's tincture, and its effects carefully watched." His favorite local application is chloroform in the form of ointment. "In very obstinate cases the chloroform may be combined with the Iodide of Lead, as follows:—R Iodidi Plumbi, gr. xii; Unguenti Cerae Albae, ʒi; Chloroformi, m viii ad xii; Glycerinae, fl ʒi; Misce." (p. 167.)

Scoriasm and Lepra, he properly regards as one and the same disease. There is probably no cutaneous affection, scabies excepted, of more frequent occurrence in Canada than this scaly disease. Its inveteracy, occasionally resisting every description of treatment, is well known. Statements, then, from good authority, holding out prospects of aid from new remedies, or new combinations of remedies that have been already employed, are entitled to our earnest consideration. Dr. Neligan still entertains the opinion which he expressed in 1849, regarding the inappropriateness of the exhibition of mercurials in this eruption. "From my own experience" he says, "I do not think that mercurial preparations in any form are generally applicable for scaly diseases, except in the local forms appearing in children, and I have not unfrequently seen their use followed by an aggravation of the symptoms. I have consequently, for some years back, substituted for Donovan's solution a compound in which mercury is replaced by the iodide of potassium; this mixture may then be termed an *Ioduretted solution of the Iodide of Potassium and Arsenic*; it is prescribed in the following form:—R Liquoris Arsenicalis, m lxxx; Iodidi Potassii, gr. xvi; Iodinii Puri, gr. iv; Syrupi Florum Aurantii, fl ʒ ii. Solve. Forty minims may be given three times a day in simple water, or in any tonic or diaphoretic vegetable infusion or decoction, as individual circumstances may indicate, and the dose gradually increased to eighty minims. In cases in which from any reason it may be advisable not to prescribe arsenic, the Fowler's solution can be omitted from the above mixture, and unless in the inveterate forms of the eruption, or when it has been of very long standing, the iodine preparations, should in the first instance be tried alone." (p. 185.)

M. Cazenave has lately recommended the carbonate of ammonia in doses of about two and a half grains from one to three times a day. When it occasions diarrhoea, preceded by head-ache, lassitude, colic, &c., its use is to be suspended for a few days.

Oil of turpentine, first introduced by Dr. Nicholl into the treatment of purpura, was strongly recommended by our author in an essay published by him in the 28th vol. of the first series of the "Dublin Journal of Medical Science." His "additional experience," acquired since then, "is fully confirmatory of the views then propounded. It must be given in doses sufficiently large to act as a purgative—from one to two ounces ac-