

*Carnata*, Pack., was originally described from California, and is, I believe, a good species rarely taken. I have one specimen in fair condition, which I take to be Packard's species. Forms of *polygrammata*, Hulst, frequently bear this name in collections. If I can separate it correctly, then it does not belong here, but is a near relative of some of our smaller Hydriomenidæ.

*Tessellata*, Pack., does not belong in *Coenocalpe*, because it is a true *Marmopteryx*, having the fore tibiæ strongly spinose at apex. When Dr. Hulst so classed this species he must have had before him a specimen similar to one I placed under that name in an article on Arizona material in Bulletin No. 1, Brooklyn Institute Museum. They are both brilliant species, and have a superficial resemblance, but ought not to be confused in future. Recently I have received from Provo, Utah, two specimens of the real *tessellata*, taken in June of this year by Mr. Tom Spalding. A description follows of the Arizona species, under the name of

*Stamnodes splendorata*, n. sp.—Expanse, 30 mm. Palpi short, stout, creamy-brown, beneath white, tinged with deep rose-pink. Front cream-brown, a line of pure white above clypeus. Collar and vertex whitish, tinged strongly with rose-pink. Antennæ, thorax, body above, and along costa of primaries, creamy-brown or *café-au-lait* colour, the latter indistinctly checkered with dull white. Ground colour of all wings a brilliant golden-orange, intensified apically and toward outer margins. On primaries one-third in from apex a series of jet black, short strigæ, form a band, which, broad at costa, and reaching diagonally toward margin, makes a point and ceases at vein 4, where it is joined by another line of similar strigations from the extreme apex, enclosing costally an irregular rounded orange spot. A single line of like strigæ, between the veins, extends from apex to vein 4, just within margin. No marginal lines. Fringes long, pink, cut at veins with creamy-brown, rather broadly opposite veins 1 to 4, and between all veins, tipped with a patch of pure white. Secondaries without markings of any kind, except some shadowy strigations of cream-brown near apices, and with fringes paler than on primaries. Beneath, the primaries along costa and at apices are a rich creamy-brown, the former cut with four blocks of pure white. The black strigæ reproduced as above, but the enclosed rounded spot is a deep rosy pink cut with white strigæ. Extending in an outward curve from costa, one-third