Points of uncus distinctly separate.

Genus Neolophus, Walsingham.

Wals., Trans. Ent. Soc., Lond., 1887, p. 141.

Neolophus persimplex, n. sp.

Palpi short, erect, reaching to vertex of head, and closely appressed, densely hairy, slightly tusted on the joints, the third joint smoother. Body robust, in size and appearance resembling Pseudanaphora davisellus, Beut., but veins S and 9 of fore wings stalked. Antennæ subserrate, especially towards tips. Head and thorax dark gray. Fore wing pale cinerous gray, mottled with black, heaviest in the centre of the wing, the dark area forming a quadrate or pointed patch on the centre of the inner margin, and a diffuse discal patch, becoming merged in the mottlings along costal edge of wing; area along inner margin lighter gray. Hind wings dark gray. Expanse 22 to 24 mm. Male genitalia with the uncus a single long spine tapering from a broad base, obliquely bent downward; harpes broad, concave, strongly widened at tips, rounded, with a slight projection on the terminal margin.

Nine examples; Huachuca Mts., Arizona; July 16 to Aug. 23 (Dr. W. Barnes); U. S. Nat Mus., type No. 5343.

Genus Ortholophus, Walsingham.

Synopsis of Species.

Uncus single.

Harpes slender, uniform in width, constricted near tip....variabilis.

Harpes broad, spoon-shaped, narrow at base.....piger.

Ortholophus piger, n sp.

Palpi erect, reaching above vertex, free from front, rather smoothly scaled. Fore wings light cinerous, slightly violaceous; an ochreous shade over centre of wing, limited inwardly by a black, mottled line from basal third of costa to above centre of inner margin, and outwardly by a similar line from below outer fourth of costa to opposite centre of outer margin,