mm), 100; width at base, 50; width at summit, 118. IBB much wider than high. BB and RR about as high as wide. Armfacet .62 of R. x supports 3 tube-plates. Proximal columnal pentagonal.

Lower Wenlockian, Lindström's bed c, Gotland

Of the two cotypes one is lost; the other, which should be regarded as lectotype, is in Riksmuseum, Stockholm, lettered α (Crin. Gotland, p. 121).

BRITISH SPECIES.

Botryocrinus ramosus.

Botryocrinus ramosus, Bather, 1891, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (6) VII, p 394.

Dorsal cup incompletely known, apparently a wide cone, with plates slightly rounded and RR not conspicuously projecting. Height (? 10. mm), 100; width at base, ? 60; width at summit, 115. IBB uncertain. BB slightly higher than wide. RR wider than high. Arm-facet .9 of R. x supports one tube-plate. Proximal columnal unknown.

Upper Wenlockian, Upper Wenlock Limestone, Dudley. Holotype in British Museum, No. 57217.

Botryocrinus decadactylus.

Cyathocrinus (sp. 2) decadactylus, Salter, 1873, 'Cat. Cambr. Sil. Foss. Cambridge,' p. 123.

Cyathocrinus (sp. 3) quindecimalis, Salter, 1873, op. cit., p. 124. Botryocrinus decadactylus, Bather, 1891, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (6) VII,

P. 395

Dorsal cup elegant, rapidly widening above in a concavo-convex curve. The plates show slight traces of axial folding, and RR project slightly. Height of cup (6.5 mm.), 100; width at base, 51; width at summit, 128. All plates wider than high. Arm-facet from .48 to .85 of R. x supports 3 tube-plates. Proximal columnal obscurely pentagonal.

Upper Wenlockian, Upper Wenlock Limestone, Dudley.

The specimens to which Salter attached his MS, names are in the Sedgwick Museum, Cambridge, England, numbered a 494 and a/495 respectively; but since they do not show the characters even of the genus, it seems better to select from among