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BOARD FOR ONE OR TWO LADIES TO ROOM together where no other boarders are kept; references exchanged. 154 Little Richmond street.

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Our teas are bought by a competent judge, who does not have to accept the testimony of any wholesale man about the quality. Consequently stores handling our teas say they double their business.

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When a man finds his customers dissatisfied with the teas he sells, it is natural for him to resort to any means to keep his trade. The only successful way found, so far, is to keep James Laut's famous teas in stock for your customers.

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A large assortment of Travelling Caps in Silk and Tweed, very light.

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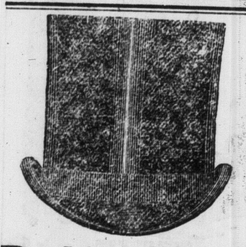

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We are closing out—
Men's Straw Hats at Cost.
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Boys' Helmets at Cost.
All our light Summer Goods sold at cost this month, as we are making arrangements to have our new Fall Goods early in August.

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From P. Slaght, Esq., Advertising Agent of the G.W.R.R. Bulletin, London, Ont.

LONDON, Aprill 18, 1882.

This is to certify that I was suffering very severely from a cold, which had continued about three months, which caused me to cough terribly and raise large quantities of mucus from the lungs. After trying various remedies I applied to Dr. M. Hilton Williams, January 28th, 1882, who prescribed for me, and after using his remedies for ten days I was entirely cured, and I can recommend his to any who may be like afflicted, believing it to be the only true method of treating lung diseases.

P. SLAGHT,
Adv. Agent G. W. R. R., London, Ont.

From Rev. B. F. Austin, A.M., B.D., Principal Alma Ladies' College, St. Thomas, Ont.:

ST. THOMAS, Ont., Jan. 3rd, 1882,

M. HILTON, WILLIAMS, M.D.:

My Dear Sir,—In September last I contracted a severe cold which settled upon my lungs quite seriously, affecting the left one. I had a very bad cough, accompanied by expectoration indicative of Pulmonary Phthisis. My strength decreased and spirits sank very low, and when I called upon you I was in doubt whether any medical treatment would avail in my case. Under your treatment I have already recovered my wonted strength and health. My strength has increased, my cough has ceased, and in every way I feel much benefitted by your treatment.

You are at perfect liberty to use these statements as you please.

Very sincerely yours,
B. F. AUSTIN,
Principal Alma Ladies' College,
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It is especially desirable that all who have need of medical aid, either from catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, or consumption, should make early application. The patient at a distance, who cannot come here for treatment, can, after examination, return home and pursue the treatment with success. But if impossible to call personally for an examination, write for a "List of Questions," and "Medical Treatise." Address

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C. P. LENNOX, SURGEON DENTIST, 204 Yonge street. Best plates $8. Vitalized air used in extracting; teeth filled with gold warranted for ten years.

DENTAL SURGERY—111 CHURCH STREET—open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Anesthetics administered.
J. STOWE, L.D.S. F. J. STOWE, L.D.S.

A Life for a Life.

TOMBSTONE, Ariz., July 14.—Three desperados, who had participated in the killing of three men, were killed in Sonora by a band of pursuing citizens.

A DESOLATE CITY.

A Third of Alexandria in Flames.

2,000 MASSACRED.

The English Force in Occupation.

MANY LOOTERS SHOT DOWN

Arabi Outside the Pale of Humanity.

THE KHEDIVE SAFE

Terrible Loss in the Egyptian Ranks.

THE TURKISH MINISTERS

Have Determined to Send Troops to Egypt.

SKETCH OF ARABI BEY.

The Suez Canal Closed—The Movements of the Pretender—Desertion of His Troops—The Latest News from the Scene of Operations.

LONDON, July 14—Four hundred and fifty of the household cavalry leave England to-morrow week. Their destination is unknown. The Times says of the massacre of the Europeans: "By this last outrage Arabi has

PUT HIMSELF OUTSIDE THE PALE OF HUMANITY.

He must be followed and his army dispersed It is satisfactory to know that the British preparations are complete, and that we are ready to carry out the will of Europe if no other nation be found to do the work."

Admiral Seymour telegraphs: "I occupied Ras El Tin Palace with marines, and spiked the guns of six batteries opposite. The city is still burning, but I am clearing the streets. The

KHEDIVE IS SAFE

in his palace, which is garrisoned by 700 marines."

ATHENS, July 14—The report that the government has expressed its readiness to join with a corps of 7000 men in the intervention in Egypt is confirmed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 14.—The Turkish ambassador at London has telegraphed that Earl Granville informed him that

ENGLAND IS COMPELLED TO PROCEED

vigorously against the Egyptian rebels, but that the sovereign rights of the sultan will be in no way prejudiced.

ALEXANDRIA, July 14.—The number of persons massacred by the mob is estimated at two thousand.

The firing heard off Alexandria yesterday was done by marines and soldiers dispersing plunderers with gatling guns. The small detachment first landed had to wait for reinforcements before they were able to push to the centre of the town. There was some

SHORT SHARP FIGHTING.

No water could be procured owing to the stoppage of the works. There are some French ladies among the fugitives rescued yesterday, also the Egyptian prefect of police who succeeded the instigator of the massacre in Alexandria on June 11. There are not enough sailors and marines to occupy all the streets.

Some field-pieces were landed yesterday, with marines, at Ras El Tin fort. The khedive's Ras El Tin palace was looted shortly before the marines arrived. A whole

BATTALION OF ARABS WAS BLOWN UP

in one forte during the bombardment. The fire is still raging. At least two miles of houses are burning. More than a third of the city appears to be in flames.

Col Long, the African explorer, now acting as American consul, and a party of men entered the city yesterday, followed by a battery of gatlings, which engaged the rear guard of Arabi's army. The prefect of police was very much frightened, and sought Col Long's protection. Col Long saved him from the fury of the English soldiers, maddened at the recollections of the massacres of the 11th of June. It is now stated that

FIFTEEN HUNDRED ARABS WERE KILLED

and two thousand wounded during the bombardment.

BUFFALO, N.Y., July 14.—The Courier says: "England's war for the control of the Suez canal is certain to have one result which our British friends probably have not anticipated. The bombardment of Alexandria has effectually and for ever disposed of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. The people of the United States are determined that if a canal connecting the Atlantic and Pacific is to be built their government shall control it. The idea of a partnership with Great Britain in the management of the proposed work, if ever it is broached again, will be emphatically repudiated. Such a partnership practically existed between

ENGLAND AND FRANCE

with regard to Egypt and the Suez canal, but the events of the past few days have put an end to it.

ALEXANDRIA, July 14.—General Sir Garnet Wolseley is expected at Port Said on Sunday. If Arabi makes a stand at Rosetta and Damanhour, Sir Garnet will have to proceed to Alexandria. The mariners who spiked the guns found fifteen Armstrong guns of the newest pattern, some disabled. Beneath one were seven dead bodies. One hundred and fifty marines hold the arsenal gate. At the custom house gate are 190 marines with a gatling gun, who will remain all night. The

MARINES KILLED MANY LOOTERS.

A crowd with a green flag rushed down the principle street of the Arab quarter shouting. The governor tells the people not to leave, but being panic stricken they do not heed him. It is reported six persons were massacred at the French consulate. The khedive will embark from Ras-el Tin Palace on a Turkish ship. Rear Admiral Hoskins sailed for Port Said in the Penelope.

THE FIRE IN THE CITY IS

still increasing, and men are seen running about with torches completing the work of destruction. Arabs are still looting the town. Admiral Seymour had determined to land a force, but refugees informed him that 9000 Egyptians occupied a position out of the city ready for an attack, while Seymour could only land 300 men. He therefore instead of landing the men ordered the city to be fired over in order to frighten the rioters. Twenty armed Europeans who escaped the general massacre were told by a Pasha whom they met on their way through the town that the Egyptian killed numbered over 600. The English and French

CONSULATES WERE BURNED.

A party of blue jackets landed at Fort Gabaru and spiked nine guns in position this morning. The Monarch fired at and soon destroyed another battery.

The gunboat Iris has arrived at Port Said, and lies with one broadside bearing on the town and the other upon an Egyptian corvette commanded by one of Arabi Pasha's officers. There are 428 British subjects, 500 Egyptian soldiers, and 200 police at Port Said.

PROCLAMATION FROM THE KHEDIVE.

Twenty-eight Frenchmen in Alexandria during the massacre escaped. Explosions occasionally occurr in the city. A proclamation in Arabic is preparing in the khedive's name, calling on the people to maintain order and on the troops to disband. The khedive, with Dervisch Pasha and some ministers, and the women of the khedive's harem, have arrived aboard a vessel in the harbor. Five hundred loyal troops follow the khedive.

THE CANAL.

It is stated that Arabi has only 4000 very much disorganized troops. Two hundred marines have been ordered to march through the town and shoot all persons rioting. The report that the steamer Glen Lyon is ashore in the Suez Canal and being looted is unfounded. There are no signs of an attempt to block the canal.

TROOPS LOYAL TO THE KHEDIVE.

LONDON, July 14.—In the house of commons Mr. Gladstone stated that the consul at Alexandria, Mr. Cartwright, telegraphed that the khedive had secured the loyalty of the cavalry and infantry guards sent to watch him and would summon the leading Pashas and endeavor to re-establish order. Mr. Gladstone said Cherif Pasha is among those named as having been summoned by the khedive. The financial secretary of the war office stated that gunboats had been ordered to accompany British merchant vessels through the Suez canal if necessary.

ARABI'S TROOPS DISPERSING.

Sir Charles Dilke said that Arabi had fled from Alexandria in a boat by the canal, but it is not known whither. It is understood his troops are dispersing.

ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

PARIS, July 14.—It is stated that the accord between England and France continues. They are expected to come to a definite understanding in regard to Egypt.

EGYPTIAN STOCK.

LONDON, July 14.—Egyptian unified stock has fallen three per cent to-day. The war office has ordered a sufficient number of entrenching tools to be sent to Egypt for the use of the first body of English regulars that lands.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 14.—Last evening in council the prime minister maintained that

ARABI WAS A REBEL

and must be treated as such.

PORT SAID, July 14.—Entrance to the Suez canal has been prohibited.

ALEXANDRIA, July 14, 4 p.m.—The marine artillery has occupied Fort Napoleon, commanding the town. The khedive's yacht has been towed from the dock and is ready to receive him. Fort Marabout today hoisted the Egyptian colors, but lowered them on the British squadron assembling around it. The fleet has been ordered to do no further damage unless provoked.

THE TOWN HAS BEEN TOTALLY RUINED.

The houses from the grand square to the custom house has been plundered. In the square itself, and in other wealthy European quarters there is hardly a building not ruined or still burning. The court house and international tribunal have so far escaped. The anglo-Egyptian bank is also preserved. The streets are strewn with empty clock and jewel cases and similar debris, but very few dead bodies have been found. Two-thirds of the troops deserted during the bombardment. After the khedive's palace was surrounded a party of soldiers entered his apartment and declared that they had orders to

KILL HIM AND BURN THE PALACE.

After long parleying their loyalty was bought by promises of money. They then escorted the khedive to the British authorities at Ras-el Tin. His guard was not allowed to enter the palace with him. All the ministers except Arabi have presented themselves at Ras-el-Tin palace.

ALEXANDRIA, July 14, 5.10 p.m.—A detachment of marines marched through the town. Some plunderers caught in flagrante delicto were summarily shot.

It is stated that Arabi spread all over Egypt a report that the British government was now so circumstanced that it is able to fight on sea only, and because of internal troubles cannot possibly prepare for any great fighting upon land. Within the year, it is reported, Arabi notified his followers there

WAS TO BE A GREAT WAR

and a great battle to be fought soon. It is said he is receiving recruits by thousands. It is reported that great consternation prevails at Cairo over the expected arrival of the army of Arabi, and a massacre is apprehended.

SKETCH OF ARABI BEY.

Arabi Pasha, or Ourabi-Bey, as the Arabs call him, is the son of a prominent personage in the province of Charkireh, in Lower Egypt, and is about 45 years old. He received an excellent education in a military school. He early imbibed progressive ideas, which he has never failed to propagate among his countrymen. After leaving the military school he entered the army and remained for some time in the ranks. Although Ismail Pasha patronized him he did not advance above the rank of major under that ruler. On three different occasions he endeavored to obtain the rank of bey or colonel, but Ismail replied to the person advocating his cause: "If I create him a colonel, he will create a revolt in the regiment under his command in less than six months." The truth of Ismail's words was soon made apparent to his son and successor, Tewfik, who shortly after his accession gazetted Arabi a colonel. Prior to the 2nd of February, 1881, the date of the military troubles, which have resulted in the present conflict, he commanded the Fourth regiment of the infantry of the guard. That Arabi is a man of great determination is evinced by what he has accomplished ever since the beginning of the year. Then he was considered to be the most important factor in Egypt, but not even his warmest partisans would have prophesied that in a few months he would venture to defy openly the whole of Europe and carry on his work of disorganization under the very guns of a hostile fleet, especially despatched for the purpose of overawing him. Not a little of his power is due to his oratorical ability. He is a scholar and is learned in the arts of war. He is loved by his soldiers as a bold and fearless leader and has the good will of the Moslem priesthood, which accounts for the Sultan's hesitancy to take active measures against him, even if he be inclined to do.

The marines who have been patroling the the town embarked in the Bittern this evening. A large party of the British assisted by men from the neutral men of war remain to keep order in the town to-night. It is again reported that Arabi Pasha is outside the town

WITH A STRONG FORCE,

but nothing absolutely certain is known concerning his movements.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 14.—The council of ministers broke up without adopting a definite resolution, but it is said that a pasha visited Lord Dufferin and upon the latter's statements the porte's course will depend.

ALEXANDRIA, July 14.—9.15 p.m.—A strong body of men from the fleet joined by detatchments from neutral ships have gone ashore to stop looting and incendiarism.

Forty refugees, nine of whom were British, make their way to the fleet this morning in a barge in which they had hidden. Later, twenty armed Europeans who had

BARRICADED THEMSELVES

in their houses and escaped massacre arrived. The rioters paid no attention to them as they passed through the streets, being too busily engaged in the work of destruction.

Dervisch Pasha says that but for the opportune appearance on Wednesday of a British man-of-war off Pharos fort the khedive would have been murdered.

LONDON, July 14.—The News' correspondent at Alexandria says: The khedive's coolness and courage never left him during the crisis. The sailors have arrested further progress of the flames at the harem palace. Diplomatists are trying to establish with the khedive a

SEMBLANCE OF A MINISTRY.

The people cannot understand why the Americans, who can only muster a handful of marines, are invited to land men. An officer on shore sent word to the ships that a hundred refugees on Marina are clamoring for food. Biscuit is being sent to them.

ALEXANDRIA, July 14, evening.—All the Arabs are carrying white handkerchiefs on sticks and showing great anxiety to be thought friendly.

General Stone confirms the report that Arabi Pasha ordered the

MURDER OF THE KHEDIVE

and the sacking of the town. Two Arab soldiers have been seized with plunder and will be tried for pillaging. Several Arabs were also arrested with a large quantity of loot in their possession. The Americans landed 60 marines under Captain Cochrane. There are still some Egyptian police on duty helping to maintain order. The soldiers were the first to begin to plunder.

DESERTION FROM ARABI'S ARMY

is rife. The sailors now occupy all the gates. They have been ordered to disarm all the soldiers and shoot the looters. The populace are being encouraged to return to their homes. The Penelope has sailed for Ismailia. The fire continues with unabated fury. All evidences go to show that the Egyptian gunners were directed by French and Italian artillerists.

LONDON, July 14.—A correspondent on the Condor says that women were seen firing houses with petroleum in Alexandria.

A Constantinople correspondent says that the council of ministers at midnight decided that efforts should be made to effect an arrangement of the Egyptian question and if the efforts failed

TURKISH TROOPS SHOULD BE SENT

to Egypt. The porte received a telegram from Cairo stating all was quiet there.

ALEXANDRIA, July 14.—All the ships have sent ashore every man that can be spared. The marines were landed at the request of the khedive. Arabi sent away by the railway thousands of women and children. All able-bodied males were ordered to join the army.

A Toronto Sport in Trouble.

From the St. Catharines Journal.

Joseph Elemonge, of Toronto, was arrested at the Grand Central hotel in this city Thursday night. He is charged by George Rogers with having obtained from him at the last foot race here the sum of $50 under false pretenses. The defendant obtained bail until Monday next when a hearing will take place.

A Mysterious Case.

From the St. Catharines Journal.

About seven weeks ago a young woman named Martha Fryer, who resided with her parents in Merritton, left her home, telling her mother that she was going off for a short visit to some friends and would be back in two or three days. Since then nothing has been heard of the whereabouts of the girl. A few weeks ago the body of young woman was found in the Niagara river, and Mrs. Fryer left Merriton on Thursday to see if she could identify the remains as it is possible the girl has met with foul play. The missing girl is about 20 years of age, good looking, well mannered and affable, and bore a good character.

The Phœnix Park Murders.

LONDON, July 14—The two men, O'Flaherty, arrested in the county of Kerry, Ireland, on suspicion of being concerned in the Phœnix park tragedy belong to London and are brothers. One of them Mathias, is the proprietor of the Wellington hotel. They left here on the 22nd of May, and so of course are innocent of the crime.

The Duty on Fancy Goods.

MONTREAL, July 14.—The wholesale dry goods merchants of the city held a conference here to-day with the minister of customs with a view to have the customs duty on fancy goods levied specifically instead of by ad valorem. The minister decided to allow the duty to remain as it present for another year, when a change would be made.

Irish Counties Under Repression.

DUBLIN, July 14—The Gazette has proclaimed the counties of Cavan, Leitrim, Longford, Westmeath, Sligo, Roscommon, Mayo, Tipperary, Kilkenny, Waterford, Limerick, Cork, Clare, Kerry, Louth and Dublin, and the cities of Limerick, Cork, Waterford, Kilkenny, Dublin, Londonderry, Galway, Drogheda and two baronies in Monaghan and two in Armagh under repression.

John Bright Said to Have Resigned.

LONDON, July 14.—The press association understands on the best authority that John Bright has resigned his position in the cabinet.

It is positively stated that the government has informed the opposition whips of the resignation of Bright.

Bright's resignation was owing to his dissent from the government's Egyptian policy. He found the government committed to a course of action he was unable to approve.

BULLDOZING A CIRCUS.

Paying Tribute to the Mail—Why that Paper Made It Hot for Robinson and Ryan—Please Send me Twenty-five Tickets.

A World reporter yesterday interviewed Mr. Louis Dryer, one of the proprietors of Ryan & Robinson's circus, in regard to the treatment given this organization by the Mail newspaper and its evening reprint the News, both the property of the one company of which C. W. Bunting is the managing director. From what Mr. Dryer said to the reporter it is evident that Ryan & Robinson's circus is made to suffer for the sins of others. It appears they did not give the Mail as much advertising as was given to the Globe, and in order to teach all other circuses a lesson, the Mail people determined to make an example of this organization, so that hereafter any other circus coming into the country would find it to its advantage to first come and fix things with the Mail. But their attack on Ryan & Robinson's is not enough for that. In Toronto at their performances yesterday Mr. Dryer says they played to full and appreciative audiences.

When the advertising agent of the circus called on the Mail he saw Mr. Dyas and that gentleman said as much as to give him to understand that unless that paper got the same advertising patronage as the Globe they would make it hot for them. The circus people thought they knew their own interest best, and they put their money where they thought it would do most good. While the Mail got a very fair amount of patronage from the circus and at their own rates, the very next day they went out of their way to attack the circus and its performance. They sent a man to Hamilton and attacked it at the point which was sufficient evidence of their spleen, and when the circus came to town yesterday the donkey engine of the Mail came out with a most uncalled-for attack. Here is a sample quotation:

The News is a paper that doesn't express its views on such entertainments in accordance with the number of "complimentary" tickets distributed.

This is one side of the case. "Here," said Mr. Dryer, "is the other side of the case," and he presented the following document:

MAIL OFFICE, Friday 14th.

T. Edmund Krumbholz, Esq., treasurer Ryan & Robinson's circus:

Dear sir,—Will you please give bearer twenty-five tickets—about eight or ten for reserved seats and oblige,

ALEX. P. LOWRY,
City editor, the Mail.

P. S.—Mr. Bunting, manager of the Mail company, informed me last night that you promised to supply us with tickets.

A. P. L.

The Mail not only got its usual number of tickets with the advertisement and the News also their share but they had the cheek to send up for an additional twenty-five after denouncing the circus in both of their papers. What I don't understand, said Mr. Dwyer, is that the Mail people should want so many tickets for what they consider a poor show. But the best answer to the Mail, continued Mr. Dryer, is the opinion of our patrons. We played last night to crowded houses and everybody was pleased, and if we can do a business like this we don't care for the Mail or its bulldozing arguments. We are going through the country on the merits of our show, and we know the people will fustain us.

TRADES AND LABOR DEMONSTRATION.

Extensive Preparations—The Committees Earnestly Working—A Large Turnout Anticipated.

A full meeting of the several delegates from the various unions constituting the Trades and Labor council appointed as a demonstration committee was held last evening.

After reading the minutes a communication was read from Oshawa, asking for information as to hotel accommodation etc. A reply was ordered. A resolution was carried to advertise for tenders for the privilege of selling refreshments—one or more booths up to the number of five, specifying the price to be paid for each. A resolution was also carried asking for a special tender for the privilege of furnishing dinner, irrespective of the other booths.

A deputation from the gold and silver gilders, represented by Mr. Quarantine, as unorganized labor, and also from the union gilders who are not represented at the council as yet as well as representatives from the piano-makers were present, all anxious to learn how and where they are to take part in the demonstration. Full instructions were given. Unorganized bodies take precedence in the procession in the order of their request after the regular unions.

A scarlet badge was adopted for the members of the council and blue badges for the committee.

The railway committee reported that they were met by the different railway officials in a gentlemanly manner and had secured low rates to those coming from a distance to take part in the celebration.

A sub-committee are busy at work arranging the program of games and amusements, together with the prizes to be given. Judging from the lists returned the prize list will be extensive and valuable.

The positions in the procession will be taken up as drawn for, and are as follows: Trades and Labor council, tailors, plumbers, iron moulders, varnishers, sailors, carpenters, bakers, printers, bricklayers, wholesale shoemakers, laborers, cigar makers, stonecutters, Knights of St. Crispin, stonecutters, plasterers, woodworkers, harness-makers, painters, tinsmiths, gold and silver gilders, piano makers. It is estimated that from eight to ten thousand at least will take part in the procession, independent of all who may otherwise attend at the exhibition grounds.

Taking into consideration numbers, trade emblems, decorated conveyances, bands of music—of which there will be a number from a distance—and other appurtenances