Guelph Evening Mercury

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 21, 1873

Death of Sir Geo. E. Cartier.

The announcement of the death of Sir George E. Cartier, in London, on Tuesday morning, at two o'clock, will be read with surprise, for the word lately received in Canada in regard to his health was of a reassuring character, and led to the hope that he would soon return to his native land with restored health and vigour. But it was not to be, and throughout this vast Dominion the news of his death will be received with regret. It appears, from a despatch received from Sir John Rose, on Tuesday, after his death, that he took a relapse on Tuesday last, and gradually grew worse until at last the disease from which he was suffering—dropsy—gained the mastery, and death relieved him from his sufferings. As soon as the news was received in Montreal every demonstration of respect for the deceased, and regret at the news of his death, was manifested, and preparations are at once to be commenced for his funeral. The body will leave England in charge of his brother-in-law, Mr. Cuvillier, by the steamer on the 29th inst., and will be honoured by a public burial in Montreal, where he resided for so many years.

The deceased has been so long and so closely identified with the politics of Canada as to claim a prominent place among our memorials of the dead. He himself often referred with justifiable pride to the fact that he was lineally descended from the illustrious Jacques Cartier, who discovered Canada. Sir George was born at St. Antoine, in the County of Vercheres, on the 6th September, 1814. He received his education at the College of St. Sulpice, in Montreal, entered upon the study of law in the office of Mr. Rodier, and in 1835, having been called to the bar, commenced to practice law in that city. He soon succeeded in establishing an extensive and lucrative practice, which through all the years of his public life he and his partners retained. He began early to take an interest in politics, and in common with most of the young men of promise in Lower Canada, he sympathized with Mr. Papineau, the great champion of constitutional liberty. These ardent young politicians were also at that time deeply imbued with republican principles, and when the rebellion broke out in 1837, in Lower Canada, Cartier espoused the popular side, and joined the rebels. He was soon proscribed, and a price set on his head. The rebellion was soon crushed. Lord Durham was sent out to make full inquiry into the causes which led to it, and his report dealt the death blow to oligarchy in Lower Canada, as well as to the iniquities of the Family Compact in Upper Canada. The union of the two Provinces followed, responsible Government was firmly established, and the country from that time—1841—commenced its career of prosperity.

Sir George first took his seat in Parliament in 1848, having been elected for his native County, Vercheres. He continued to represent that constituency till the general election in 1861, when he contested Montreal with Mr. Dorion, and defeated him. He first took office in 1856 as Provincial Secretary, in the LeNabb Taché Administration. In May of the same year, when Sir Allan McNabb retired, and the Taché-Macdonald Government was formed, Mr. Cartier became Attorney-General for Lower Canada. In November, 1857, the Macdonald-Cartier Administration was formed, with John A. Macdonald as Premier, Cartier leading the Lower Canada section of the Government. In 1858, when the infamous "double shuffle" took place—for which Cartier was as much to blame as his colleague, John A. Macdonald—a slight change was made, and it was then known as the Cartier-Macdonald Government, which retained power till 1861, when it was defeated, and was succeeded by the Macdonald-(John Sandfield) Sicotte Government, which was soon after changed to the Macdonald-Dorion Government, and retained power till 1863. In that year the Conservatives came back to power, the Macdonald-Taché Administration was formed, with Cartier as one of its leading members, and they held office till 1864, when the Coalition was formed, which carried Confederation. Until that time he continued to hold the position of Attorney-General for Lower Canada, and after Confederation he became Minister of Militia, which office he held till the time of his death. He sat for Montreal till the general election in 1872, when he was defeated by an overwhelming majority, and was afterwards elected for one of the constituencies in Manitoba. He was made a Baronet shortly after Confederation, in recognition of the services he had rendered in bringing about this union.

The deceased Baronet was essentially a party man. He soon saw the folly of the hot-headed revolutionists of 1837, and when he entered Parliament he espoused the Conservative side, and soon became the recognized leader of that party in Lower Canada. During the troublous times from 1851 till 1864, he sternly opposed every concession to Upper Canada in regard to representation by population, and by the hold which he had on his followers—by keeping them ever united in a firm phalanx he obtained a power and an ascendancy over his colleagues, and in Parliament, which destroyed all opposition, and secured for his Province whatever legislation he desired. The Rouge party, led by Mr. Dorion, manfully opposed him, but they were much inferior in point of numbers, and fought at a great disadvantage, from the fact that the Catholic hierarchy and priests invariably threw their influence in favor of Cartier, and thus in every contest insured his success.

While a loyal adherent to the British Crown, he was at all times a staunch advocate for the rights and claims of his French-Canadian countrymen. Right or wrong he stood up for them at all times. He opposed representation by population because he felt that it would place the French-Canadians at the mercy of the English-speaking portion of the Confederation, and he felt that it was only by the union of the countrymen would be secure, and it was only when he saw that it could no longer be withheld, and that Confederation was inevitable, that he had the good sense to give way, and to go heartily in for the new order of things. He was endowed with indomitable perseverance, great tenacity and courage, and a pluck that had more of the British than French element in it. Although he fought long and bitterly against Upper Canada, yet he was a frank, fearless enemy, candid and out-spoken, and for this he earned the respect even of those who were oftenest battling against him. In the early history of his career, he gave his valuable assistance in abolishing the Seignorial Tenure, making the old Legislative Council elective, secularizing the Clergy Reserves, establishing Normal Schools in Lower Canada, and last, but not least, the codification of the civil laws of Lower Canada. Although for years regarded as an enemy to Upper Canada, he yet retained the respect of many in this Province for his out-spoken frankness, and for the courage and skill which he manifested in the guidance of his followers, and in carrying out his own ends in the Government, and for years to come he will occupy no mean place in the political history of the country. He leaves no son to inherit his title, his family consisting of two daughters, who with his widow survive him.

Mr. Coffin, of Nova Scotia, is to be sworn in as Howe's successor, at the close of the session.

NEW GOODS JUST TO HAND

At John A. Wood's,

Along Eight and Lower Wyndham street.

From Edinburgh, Scotland
1 case Mackenzie's' Albert Biscuits,
1 " " " Argyle "
From New York
1 case Paraffine Candles,
5 bags Old Government Java Coffee,
Fine Natural Leaf Virginia Tobacco.
From Montreal:
50 doz. Guinness' Dublin Porter,
50 doz. Guinness' Blood Porter,
50 doz. Tennants' & Allsopp's Ale,
15 cases 1 pints, pints, quarts and magnums finest brands Champagne,
6 doz. Liebig's Extract Beef,
2 cases Dundee Marmalade,
2 cases assorted Jams and Jellies,
1 case Curacoa,
1 case Raspberry Vinegar,
2 barrels Pickled Onions,
2 barrels mixed Pickles,
25 cases Peaches and Tomatoes,
2 cases Pickled Salmon.

AGRICULTURAL

Implement Works and Foundry

IN GUELPH

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

The undersigned has been instructed to offer for sale, on the ground, on **Thursday, the Twenty-second Day of May, 1873,** the Agricultural Implement Works Foundry and other property of Thain, Elliott & Co., in the Town of Guelph.

The sale is made in consequence of the dissolution of the Partnership.

The property consists of:

Parcel one: Lot Number 1031, on the Eramosa Road, and south bank of the River Speed, in the Town of Guelph, with Stone Factory 30x60, three stories high.

Stone moulding shop, 40x64.

Stone blacksmith's shop, paint shop, sheds, &c.

There is also thereon erected a first-class two-story stone dwelling house, 30x40, with stone kitchen attached.

Also, the following machinery:

One 12 horse power Engine and Boiler complete almost new.

One Iron Turning Lathe and tools, 8 feet bed.

One Iron Turning Lathe and tools, 18 feet bed.

One mortising and boring machine

One Daniel's Planer.

One Vertical Drill and rose bits for same.

Together with a large quantity of other machinery and tools for making patterns of various kinds of Agricultural Implements.

The foregoing property will be sold in one lot.

This sale presents a favorable opportunity for acquiring an established manufacturing business in complete working order, in one of the best agricultural sections, and in one of the most flourishing towns in Ontario Guelph possessing unrivalled railway facilities, having the Grand Trunk, Great Western, and Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railways.

There will also be offered for sale at the same time and place, 3 Lots on Perth street, Guelph, viz: Lots 7, 8, and 9, with buildings thereon. These Lots are situate on the north bank of the river, and are admirably adapted for manufacturing purposes.

Sale to commence at one o'clock, p.m.

The property can be viewed at any time before the day of sale. Immediate possession will be given, and a good title made to purchaser.

Terms, which are liberal, will be made known at time of sale, or on application to the Vendor's Solicitors, Messrs. Guthrie, Watt & Cutten, Guelph.

W. S. G. KNOWLES,
Auctioneer.

Guelph, April 22nd, 1873. 16d-2awdo

MRS. PASS, Dressmaker, begs to thank the ladies of Guelph and vicinity for their hitherto very liberal patronage. Begs to announce that she is now prepared to undertake all orders entrusted to her care in the newest fashions. Ladies desiring patterns can have them with the latest English, Canadian and American novelties at moderate prices. Several apprentices wanted. Premises—Norfolk Street, two doors east of St. Paul's Church.

Guelph, April 22nd, 1873. m3m

1873 THE LION! 1873 THE LION!

GREAT COMMOTION IN THE DRY GOODS TRADE

and a Tremendous Rush at our Mantle and Millinery Rooms.

On all hands we hear of dull trade: "Nothing doing," says Tom, Dick, and Harry, but it is not so at THE LION. Times better than ever. Still great bustle and activity at the leading house. The spring trade is opening beautifully, thus encouraging us to greater endeavors in the public weal; and the reason of our success is apparent. Our Goods are all direct from the manufactory, and none can do a successful business only those who buy from first hands, for which our Establishment has long been noted, and has raised the standard of our House (combined with the energy of the proprietors of the firm) to the present proud position, and more especially for the last two years, so that our daily sales are almost equal to the combined trade of the same character in the Town of Guelph.

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

Our Millinery is a complete success this spring, the taste inherent displayed by Miss McDonald is captivating all hearts, and places her high in the ranks of first-class Milliners. Combined with the genuine popularity of Miss Sutherland, thus making our rooms the centre of attraction.

5 cases New Hats and Bonnets, registered styles, secured only for our House; 3 cases, third lot, of those splendid Black Silk Parasols, supplied with the double sword---the only ones in Guelph.

$4,000 WORTH of New Plain and Shot Silks, lovely shades, combining all the latest tints, amongst them will be found many of the new azorean green, real gems in color and brightness.

2 cases New Dress Goods this week from Bradford, Eng.; 2 cases New Fresh Black Goods.

Another arrival of 500 pieces more of the best Prints, light and dark, worth 16 cents: we will sell them off at 12½ cents.

GUELPH, MAY 19, 1873 dw3m

CHANCE & WILLIAMSON.

New Advertisements.

CHOICE MIXED TEA

For 50 Cents per lb.

11 lbs GOOD SUGAR for $1.00

J. E. McELDERRY

2 DAY'S BLOCK.

ALL THIS WEEK

Will be Devoted to a Grand Display of

NEW DRESS GOODS

AT THE

FA HIONABLE WEST END!

Opening this Morning---2 cases New Dress Materials, embracing a Large and Select Variety of New and Beautiful Textures for Summer Wear.

☞ *Experienced Dress Makers on the Premises.*

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

Orders for this department are coming in rapidly, and we have found it necessary to engage extra hands. Ladies who purpose ordering this week, will oblige by doing so as early as possible. Our Stock contains everything new and desirable for the season.

A. O. BUCHAM,

Fashionable West End Dress, Millinery and Mantle Establishment.

Guelph, May 5, 1873. dwv

LARGE DRY GOODS STOCK

Offered at Great Bargains.

The Subscribers having bought the entire Stock of Mr. WM. GALLOWAY at a low figure, will sell it off at his late store,

AT AND UNDER WHOLESALE PRICES!

MILLINERY

Will be sacrificed to effect a clearance

MANTLES

If not sold here will be sent to Toronto for auction.

DRESS GOODS

30 per cent lower than former prices.

HATS & CAPS

40 per cent. lower than formerly.

CLOTHING

COATS, $5, $6, $7, and $8	Former prices,	$7.50, $8, $9, $10
PANTS, $2.50, $3.00, and $4	" "	$3.50, $4.50, and $5.50
VESTS, $2, $2.50 and $3.50	" "	$2.75, $4, and $4.50

J. C. MACKLIN & Co.

GUELPH, April 19, 1873. dw

GUELPH CLOTH HALL

White Dress Shirts,

Oxford and Regatta Shirts,

With Collars to match.

Particular attention paid to this Department, and any style of Shirt made to measure, and a

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

SHAW & MURTON,

Wyndham St., Guelph.

Guelph, April 23rd, 1873. 6o

FISHING TACKLE

Fishing Rods,	AT BOND'S.
do. Reels,	AT BOND'S.
do. Baskets,	AT BOND'S.
do. Lines,	AT BOND'S.
do. Hooks,	AT BOND'S.
do. Fly Hooks,	AT BOND'S.
do. Trolling Hooks,	AT BOND'S.
do. Baits,	AT BOND'S.
do. Rod Rings,	AT BOND'S.
do. Rod Keepers,	AT BOND'S.

JOHN M. BOND & CO.,

Hardware Importers,

Guelph, Ontario.

THE MEDICAL HALL

That Magnificent

FOUNTAIN

IS AGAIN

In full Operation

AT

THE MEDICAL HALL.

To the Public:

In again putting in operation our "Zenith" Soda Apparatus, we feel obliged to express our thanks to the Public for the liberal patronage bestowed upon our Fountain last season, and the appreciation of our endeavors to make our "Zenith" similar in all respects to the rest of the Establishment, which has always, and still retains its well deserved character of being the most reliable and leading Drug Store in Guelph.

E. HARVEY & Co.,

Corner Wyndham and Macdonnell-streets, Guelph.

Guelph, May 19, 1873. dw

TOWN OF GUELPH.

Court of Revision.

TAKE NOTICE

That the first sitting of the Court of Revision will be held in the Council Chamber, on

Thursday Ev'g, May 22,

Commencing at half-past 7 o'clock.

JOHN HARVEY, Town Clerk

Town Clerk's Office,
May 7, 1873. dwd

THE Queen's Birthday.

MR. H. K. MAITLAND

WILL GIVE A GRAND

Vocal & Instrumental Entertainment

On the evening of the above day

IN THE TOWN HALL,

When he will be assisted by several well-known ladies and gentlemen of acknowledged talent.

For particulars see program [illegible]

Tickets [illegible] Reserved seats 50 cts.

To Late to be had at the Book and Music stores.

Guelph, May 10th, 1873. d11

NEW ATTRACTIONS

THIS WEEK AT

WM. STEWART'S

New Dress Goods,

New Millinery,

New Sun Shades,

A CHOICE LOT OF

Ladies' Silk Umbrellas;

☞ At 12½ cents, the best lot of PRINTS ever offered here.

NOW IN STOCK,

1000 CORSETS

Come and See them.

Prices to suit everyone.

OPENED YESTERDAY, a case of

Tweeds, 75 cents per yd.

Worth $1.

☞ Lace Curtains

From $1 and upwards, to $10.

WM. STEWART.

Guelph, April 7, 1873 dw

GUELPH PHARMACY.

The Old Store formerly Occupied by A. B. Petrie, re-opened.

Herod & Co., Proprietors.

No expense has been spared in the fitting up so as to make it as a Retail Drug Establishment second to none in the Dominion.

Great care and attention has been paid to the purchasing of the stock, having truly one aim in view: that every article selected should be pure and unadulterated, quality being esteemed of the first importance.

The Stock of Hair Brushes, Toilet Articles and Perfumery, has been imported direct from England and France.

Dyes and Dye Stuffs warranted, and guaranteed to be of the first quality.

None but the most reliable and leading Patent Medicines in stock, obtained direct from the Proprietors and Manufacturers.

A specialty in Cod Liver Oil, direct from Newfoundland. None kept in stock except No. 1, and of the finest quality.

A full assortment of Trusses, Shoulder Braces, Supporters, etc., etc., at the lowest rates.

The retail and dispensing department is under the direct superintendance of Mr. McLeod, Practical Pharmaceutist, who has been for many years engaged at the business in Quebec and Montreal.

Physicians and parties requiring prescriptions may depend on their being accurately and neatly compounded, and prepared from nothing but pure drugs and chemicals.

REMEMBER—*The OLD STORE formerly occupied by A. B. Petrie, re-opened by*

HEROD & Co.

Guelph, May 16, 1873. dw

PASHLEY SELLS CHEAP

Parties requiring WALL PAPER
Are requested to call and
Select the same at the new
House, where is kept on hand a
Large stock of choice patterns.
Everyone's taste can be gratified.
Young and old will find that

Some patterns will please them.
Every purse can be suited.
Looking at their will cost nothing.
Labour of showing goods is a pleasure
So there is mutual profit in

Calling at PASHLEY'S.
He will give you money value in
Everything you purchase
At his Store. Remember the place—
PASHLEY'S Book Store, Day's Block,
Wyndham-st., Guelph.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The co-partnership heretofore existing under the style and firm known as

THAIN, ELLIOTT & CO.,

was dissolved on the 15th May, 1873. All claims against the late firm are requested to be sent in at once, and payment made to the firm will require to be made to the undersigned.

Guelph, May 17, 1873. dww