

THE LIBERAL CONVENTION.
The present indications are that the liberal convention which is to be held in this city on the 20th inst. will be a large and representative one. The people in this county as well as in other parts of Canada are awakening to the fact that something must be done to lessen the burdens of every day living. The policy of high taxation which for years has been grinding the very life out of the chief industries upon which the people of New Brunswick have to mainly depend for a living, will be tolerated no longer. The great things which were promised, and re-promised and promised again by the authors of the old national policy have in every instance failed to materialize. The people are beginning to realize that at last that they cannot live in peace, and their eyes are also being opened to the fact that they cannot hope for anything more substantial from the party in power. While Mr. Foster and other members of the government are going around interviewing the protected manufacturers of the various cities of Canada as to their opinion of the policy of protection, the farmers and the lumbermen, the ship-builders and the fishermen, and the great army of consumers are passed over as unworthy of notice. That this class have an interest in the policy of the country in which they live, and of which they form the most important part, is ignored; the manufacturers only are to be consulted, and their interests only are to be considered. The mandate was long since put forth that the old policy of high protection and high taxation is to be maintained in the future as in the past; and while there may be another "readjustment" of the tariff, while the duty which under the last "readjustment" was taken off the salt and put on the salt-cake may be taken off the salt and put on the salt again; while the duty which was taken off the fruit and put on the crate, may be shifted back again from the crate to the fruit, the duty will be there just the same. The government has no intention of going back on the monopolists and the combiners; they have been bought with a price and the goods have been delivered. The people, however, who have been ignored by the ministers of the crown on the question of tariff reform, cannot be ignored at the polls. When the government next ask the people of Canada to ratify its policy by their votes, the people will have their say. To this end the liberal party of Canada, to whom alone the country must look for relief from the burden of over taxation, is embracing the earliest opportunity to take the people into its confidence, and to offer them the needed relief. At the general convention at Ottawa on the twentieth of June the policy of tariff reform will be adopted by the liberal party as the platform upon which they will fight for the people's rights in the next general election. In spite of the desperate efforts of the Tory party to again deceive the people under a pretence of reforming the tariff, the lines between the two parties will be sharply drawn. The people who vote to keep the present administration in power for another term, will be voting to retain the present system of high taxation in principle, as well as in all its injurious and obnoxious details. Those who vote for the liberal candidates will say that they desire tariff reform and a lessening of the burdens of living, as well as an honest administration of the affairs of the Dominion.

The time to begin the agitation in earnest is none too soon, and the liberal conventions which are called for the various counties during the present and coming months are the proper places in which to begin the campaign which will undoubtedly end in the return of the liberal party to power at the next general election. Let there be a good attendance of those interested in this matter in the temperance hall in this city, on the 20th inst.

We very heartily approve of the ideas advanced by Henry Chestnut, with respect to the adornment of this city through the means of trees and flowers. The city is beautifully located, allowing special opportunities for neat and tastefully decorated streets, mounds and lawns. Many citizens have handsomely laid out their own surroundings, and it is difficult to see why the whole city should not unite in an effort to make the various street corners and other places where opportunity allows, pleasant to see instead of, as sometimes happens, gathering places for refuse of various kinds. Mr. Chestnut makes a plain statement of what can be done, and the cost is very small. Perhaps it would be a good plan to call a meeting and have the question directly set before the citizens.

All visitors to Fredericton agree that it is a clean, tidy, well kept city. With a little work in the direction pointed out by Mr. Chestnut our attractions may be advanced ten fold. If the city were all well taken pride in it, and there will be abundant funds forthcoming to accomplish all that is necessary. All that is required is a beginning, the complete work will follow naturally. THE HERALD will be pleased to aid in forwarding the project.

The home rule bill having passed its second reading, the great fight has begun in earnest. The opponents of the measure have adopted the scheme of moving amendments to every feature of the bill on its passage through the committee, in the hopes of embarrassing or wearying out the government. The great old man seems determined, however, to be neither embarrassed nor wearied in well doing, and every effort to create division in his solid phalanx of supporters has been fruitless. That he will carry the bill safely to a third reading is already a foregone conclusion. The real battle will commence when the measure reaches the house of lords. The voice of the people of Great Britain and Ireland will ultimately and finally dispose of the home rule bill one way or the other.

The coming general assembly of the Presbyterians at Washington will have before it for settlement two great and fundamental questions of religious doctrine. Dr. Briggs and his school of Biblical scholars say that the Bible is a collection of Jewish writings of unknown and undiscoverable authorship. Dr. Dix has said very truly that if the theory of the authorship of the Bible be sustained the next generation will be unbelievers indeed. The coming assembly of Presbyterians will be one of the great convocations of Christendom. Its special task will be to determine the authority of the Bible. It will also deal with the question as to the future accountability of man. The convention will be held this month, and it is said, will only be second to the Westminster confessional convention.

HARTFIELD.
MAY 1.—Spring has come at last and nature is again awaking and with its soothing power, your correspondent will endeavor, when there are any events of importance to chronicle, to attend to them.

While I am writing I see the men passing the school house going on the stream for J. K. Pinder and other firms. A good rain would make a lively time for stream drivers.

Mrs. Shadrach Stairs is very low with congestion of the lungs.

The personal property and effects of estate of Henry McFarland, late of Campbell Settlement, deceased, were sold at public auction on the premises on Thursday, 27th April. The property included six cows, one farm wagon, one light wagon, mowing machines, horse rakes, plows, harness, sewing machine, stoves, tables, chairs, and all other personal effects. Although the traveling was a goodly number were present and all that were sold went at full value. Mr. Aaron Hickey, one of the heirs to said estate forbade the sale. James T. Masten was auctioneer.

Alonso Chapman's two boys went to the United States last week.

Azella Emglen, one of the school girls of West Waterville district, No. 17, about the 15th or 16th of March, went at noon to a little lake near the school house and was standing looking at the lake when all at once a lighted lantern rose out of the lake and a hand holding the lantern up. So bright was the light that it shone on her apron. She got frightened and ran away from the lake to the school house.

Alonso Chapman shot a hawk at a distance of one hundred and ten yards.

PENNIAC.
MAY 10.—Ploughing has been begun in earnest by our farmers. Elsi and Warren Gilmore were the first to begin.

Wm. Walker recently lost a fine yearling colt, and the other day Sam Minnie lost one of his cows.

As the children were on their way to school Monday morning they met a little English boy who gave his name as Geo. Hall. His story is that he was stolen from his home in England and brought to America; that since his arrival he has been wandering about through the woods with nothing to eat. He appeared all famished, and the scholars, out of compassion, shared their dinners with him, when he started to Maryville to look for employment. He is fourteen years of age, if the little fellow's story be true, it is to be hoped that somebody will give him a home.

There was no service in the Methodist church Sunday owing to rev. Mr. Lodge being absent from this circuit.

A union Sunday school, referred to in our last, was organized on Sunday, April 30th. The officers are: Superintendent, Miss A. Goodspeed; asst. supt., Spafford Wade; secretary, J. H. Wade; librarian, C. N. Goodspeed. The attendance is very good, and with an efficient staff of teachers the school cannot fail to be of benefit.

Rev. G. W. McDonald, of Woodstock, lately had a short visit to the home of Thomas Goodspeed.

Our roads are, with a few exceptions, as dry as in summer time.

The frogs have got thawed out at last; ditto the mosquitoes. We have been visited by a few pioneers.

BLACKVILLE.
MAY 10.—Prospects for driving begin to look brighter, we have had quite a rain storm and the water is quite high.

Miss Ida Gracie intends making a stay of a month or so. She was called home by the death of her father, and will remain for a time.

We are glad to see that W. J. McLaggan has returned from his trip to the other side.

Our blacksmith has lost his apprentice. He took the "Yankee fever" and it carried him away to the land of gold.

Miss Lottie Underhill, who teaches in Derby, paid her friends in this place a flying visit last week, returning to her school by the C. E. R. on Saturday evening.

The mill is going and makes quite a stir in our quiet place. The masons have finished the building of the furnace.

The Sons of Temperance are talking of holding a public entertainment. They are doing a great deal of good in a quiet way.

Messrs. Sturgeon, McLaggan and Walls, are getting their lumber rafted and to market. They have quite a number of men employed.

HARVEY STATION.
MAY 11.—We have had considerable cold backward weather this spring, but the past two or three days have been warm and spring-like, and the farmers are busy getting the seeds into the ground.

Messrs. Sprule and Hurd of Madam, were here last Saturday, their object being to start a Court of Foresters in this place. They addressed quite a large meeting in Taylor's hall in the evening. Quite a number of young men signified their willingness to join, and it is probable that a court will be organized in the near future.

Squire Taylor has purchased a fine driving horse from J. E. Coburn, who is selling out preparatory to moving to Boston.

Mrs. J. E. Coburn has been seriously ill with dropsy, but is somewhat improved.

A. W. Coburn, who has had a severe cold, is able to be out again.

There is a great demand for young pigs here at present. Buyers from Charlotte county, are buying up all they can get, and are paying large prices. The people in this neighborhood who want pigs, are having some difficulty to get them.

SCOTCH SETTLEMENT.
MAY 8.—There is every appearance of very late farming this spring, owing to the great amount of frost in the ground and the continued cold weather. A great many who have mows are getting low and are anxiously looking for the grass to start, and the leaves to burst forth.

W. Allen and son, who have been running their shingle mill at full speed, lately have nearly all of the cedar at their mill converted into shingles.

The candy party held in the school house here on Thursday evening, April 27th, was very well attended considering the bad state of the roads. The young folks of the place were all there as well as some of the older ones.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Yexxa are rejoicing over the arrival of a young daughter.

Drivers report very low water for driving. Wm. and F. Long have had a crew at work on the Macnaque for some days, but their lumber has not made an appearance yet.

NARROW ESCAPE.—Roy Yexxa, a nine year old son of Sherwood Yexxa, driver on the Gibson branch of the C. P. R., was rescued from drowning this morning at the mouth of Nashwaak by Mr. Robinson. The youth was on a small raft which parted, and only the activity of Mr. Robinson prevented a drowning. The boy was none the worse after his impromptu bath.

TRYING TO BADGER GLADSTONE.
The Tories Resume Their Obstructive Tactics in the Commons.
LONDON, May 9.—The house of commons resumed its session to-day as a committee of the whole on the Irish home rule bill. G. C. T. Bartley, conservative M. P. for North Leicestershire, moved to insert the words "subordinate to Parliament" in the first clause of the bill, so as to make the clause read, "On and after the legislative day there shall be in Ireland a legislative subordinate parliament." etc.

Prime minister Gladstone said that Mr. Bartley's motion implied a disbelief in the assurances of the government, and therefore overstepped the bounds of parliamentary rules.

Mr. Bartley appealed to the chairman to say whether the amendment was in order or not.

The chairman decided that the words were admissible.

Mr. Gladstone therefore denounced the amendment as obviously intended to pass a slight upon the Irish legislature, and implying distrust of that legislature on the part of parliament.

G. J. Goschen, formerly chancellor of the exchequer, accused the government of practically evading the question of imperial control over the Irish legislature. Mr. Goschen said that, if Mr. Gladstone was in earnest in his alleged proposal to make the imperial parliament supreme, he would not hesitate to accept the amendment.

Col. Sanderson, conservative M. P. for Armagh, asked Mr. Gladstone what machinery in the bill enabled the nominal supremacy of the imperial parliament to be enforced. All the machinery that he could see in the bill was Irish, beyond the control of the imperial parliament, and would not work at all.

After considerable debate the amendment was rejected by a vote of 292 to 257.

William Redmond, Parnellite M. P. for East Clare, moved that the Irish legislative assembly be called a parliament, instead of a subordinate parliament, etc.

Mr. Gladstone opposed the motion on the ground that the paramount assembly ought to be called a parliament, as distinguished from the body to which the parliament delegated certain powers.

William Sanderson, liberal M. P. for Newington, Walworth, who showed a disposition to vote against the second reading of the Irish home rule bill, but finally voted with his party, is about to retire from parliament, in deference to the wishes of the constituents, who are displeased with his course.

Mr. Morley said that the distinction between parliament and legislature was merely a matter of sentiment, without material significance.

Mr. Labouchere, leader of the radicals, remarked that, while not regarding names but things, he knew that Irish sentiment would be gratified if the assembly in Dublin were called a parliament. He therefore advised the prime minister to accept the amendment. The vote against the amendment was 466 to 40.

YORK MILLS.
MAY 11.—The ladies of York Mills held a fancy sale and envelope social in the new hall belonging to the farmers' trading company, on Tuesday last, and a very enjoyable evening was spent. The fancy goods were disposed of by auction, and the tickets for the quilt were drawn. Master Ward Lister was the happy possessor of the lucky number. Then each young man sought the fair owner of his pile or basket, by the number contained in his envelope. Coffin was served by the month. Each one went home satisfied with the pleasure of a good time. The sum of \$24.25 was realized, and is to be devoted to the purpose of purchasing a library for the Sabbath school.

AROUND THE WORLD.
The Week's Events in Brief—The Cream of Our Exchanges.
The British Imperial Institute was opened Wednesday by Queen Victoria with a brilliant ceremony.

Toronto Empire intimates that Hon. Mr. Foster intends to stay a week in New Brunswick when he comes.

The retirement of Michael Davitt from parliament deprives that body of a most earnest and devoted advocate of home rule.

The dwelling house of Mr. Wm. Potts, at Potts' mill near Buctouche, with nearly all its contents was destroyed by fire on Monday of last week.

It is officially stated that the Earl of Aberdeen has been appointed governor of Canada in place of the Earl of Derby, about to retire from office.

The Telegraph Publishing company are applying for a change of venue to Gloucester county in the libel suit of rev. A. F. Thompson against that paper.

The British squadron weighed anchor at 11.45 Wednesday and slowly steamed down between two lines of warships in the Hudson river and proceeded to sea.

Apoahqui, a prosperous little village about five miles on this side of Sussex, was visited by a bad fire on Thursday morning which destroyed eleven buildings.

His Honor Mr. Justice Fraser has appointed Tuesday May 30th, as the date of the beginning of the Bathurst school investigation, at the county court house in Bathurst.

A bill has been introduced into the Ontario Legislature providing for the taking of a plebiscite on prohibition. The bill enacts that a plebiscite be taken on the first Monday in January next.

A Kingston, Kent county correspondent writing under date of the 9th inst. says: Jeremiah Collins, well known throughout the county, was found dead in his bed on Monday morning, by George Brooks and Thomas Whelan.

Clara Louise Warren, wife of George A. Sproul, grocer, of Bangor, hung herself with a clothes line in the cellar on the 9th. The husband found her hanging dead at dinner time. No cause is known. She was 43 years old.

An uprising in Cuba is said to have been subdued by the government buying off the leaders. U. S. officers at Key West, however, believe that filibusters from that country are going to Cuba to revive the insurrection.

Advices from Great Britain by mail state that the "Haber" market continues dull, and all stocks have a downward tendency. No chartering has been done yet for Quebec to the Clyde, and no tonnage appears to be wanting.

Arrangements for the banquet to Hon. Mr. Foster are about completed. Sir Adolph Caron and Hon. Messrs. Daly and Curran have signified their acceptance of invitations. Hon. Messrs. Bowell and Angers are expected to be present.

The body of Joel Miller, one of the three young men drowned last November while goose shooting at Campbelltown was found Wednesday at Lower Beauceville, while floating down the river. It is exactly six months since they were drowned.

Wm. Cameron, of St. John, sought to grow suddenly rich by circulating bad money for good, and as a reward for his pains he will have to spend the next three years in Dorchester penitentiary. The "green goods" business is a poor one, down to earth.

The Evening Standard of New Bedford says it is reported on what is considered good authority that another hatchet will be brought forward in the Borden case, has been found at Fall River. Officials in that city will neither deny or confirm the report.

The house of commons Wednesday were in committee on the Irish home rule bill. They rejected by a vote of 295 to 244 the motion of T. W. Tussell, Liberal-Unionist, that the portion of the bill providing for a second chamber of the Irish legislature be eliminated.

While a baptism was being conducted in German street Baptist church, St. John on Sunday, a pigeon that had become imprisoned in the church by some means, flew down alongside of the candidates. The incident was told, added much to the impressiveness of the service.

Fine morning about dawn over his Miramichi down-river district on Wednesday, and saw signs of illegal fishing. He made another visit the next day to the same waters, and found six stands of bass nets, all of which he seized. He was expected back so soon.

An accident very odd in its nature, occurred at Quispamsis Tuesday morning. The three-year old daughter of George Gallagher, an I. C. R. sectionman was struck by an outgoing Halifax train. The child was sitting on the track and was struck by the locomotive and her legs taken off.

A prominent Moncton merchant was in St. John Thursday buying, among other things a number of lacrosse sticks. He says that lacrosse will boom in Moncton this year, and, in addition to the lacrosse, a cricket team will be put in the field which will endeavor to capture the maritime province championship.

The Brunswick hotel banquet Scott act case was brought to a conclusion Thursday afternoon. No further evidence was given, but a conviction was made for second offense and a fine of \$100 and costs incurred. The convicting order was obtained outside the banquet. Mr. McSweeney will appeal.

Kupke's machine shop, carriage factory and blacksmith shop, Andover, were burned Wednesday night about 8 o'clock. The fire originated near the furnace from a smouldering spark. Mr. Kupke's loss is very heavy. He had just got in his spring stock and a car load of coal, all of which, together with fifteen light carriages, were completely destroyed.

In the Supreme court, Wednesday at Newburyport, Warren S. Dearborn, who with Oscar B. Hubbard was charged with burning a dwelling in West Newbury in which James L. Addison and his son perished, was today found guilty of arson and sentenced to life imprisonment. Hubbell, who turned State evidence, goes free. Dearborn was much affected by the sentence.

Warren G. Butterworth, aged 70, of Warren, Mass. committed suicide Thursday afternoon by shooting himself through the head with a rifle. His daughter Emma, aged 29, in trying to prevent her father from doing the rash act, received a bullet in her brain after it had passed through his head. She died soon after. Mr. Butterworth, has been in ill health of late and despondent. Insanity is supposed to have been the cause.

A sensational shooting took place Tuesday forenoon on Beaver Hill Hill, Montreal. The victim is a young woman, a member of a stranded opera company, whose name is said to be Laura Bridgeman. She was walking up the street when she met her husband, Courland F. Bridgeman. He asked her if she would come back and live with him. She refused and he forced her into a doorway and shot her twice. She will not likely recover.

SEEDS.
Our stock of Field, Flower and Garden Seeds, has been completed by late arrivals. We again have a supply of the Chantenay and Ox-heart Carrot.

C. FRED. CHESNUT
Apothecary,
2 doors above Barker House
Queen St., Fredericton.
April 14th, 1893.

THE FLAG STILL FLOATS.
LOOK OUT FOR IT.
LUCY & CO.
Have been weekly in receipt of Large Packages and Cases of Goods comprising:
Boots Shoes and Rubbers,
Men's Youth's and Children's Clothing,
In Suits and Separate pieces, also Hats, Caps and a large variety in Men's Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Valises, Rubber and Waterproof Coats, etc.

Do not buy until you examine these Goods.
Yours respectfully,
LUCY & CO.
F'ron, April 29, 1893.

DR. MURDOCK'S
COMPOSED OF
Tar, Senega, Wild Cherry, etc.
A Certain and Speedy Cure for
Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Tickling in the Throat, Shortness of Breath, and Diseases of the Throat & Lungs.

GEORGE H. DAVIS,
Agent, Fredericton, N. B.

Elegant and Durable.
We have received to-day a
CAR LOAD OF FURNITURE,
Comprising Bedroom Sets, Tables, Lounges, etc., all New Designs, well finished and sure to be Satisfactory. Goods offered at the Lowest Living Profits.

Bedroom Sets, \$12 to \$100.
Also daily expected, a Full Line of
English and German Crockery,
which will be opened to the Public in the store lately occupied by W. T. H. Fenety. Intending purchasers will do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

E. H. ALLEN & CO.
Telephone 225. OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK
FUTURITY STAKES.
To be trotted on Moncton Driving Park on AUGUST 30th and 31st, 1893.

Open to Colts owned in the Maritime Provinces on or before January 14, 1893.

Stake No. 1, for Trotting Foals of 1892.
Stake No. 2, " " " " 1891.
Stake No. 3, " " " " 1890.
Stake No. 4, " " " " 1889.

CONDITIONS:
The fee in each stake will be twelve dollars, payable as follows: \$3.00 on 1st March, when nominations close; \$4.00 on 1st June, when animals nominated must be named, breeding, sex, color and ownership given, and final payment of \$5.00 one week before the race. All colts must nominate any number of eligible colts or fillies in either Stake, but can only start one animal in each class.

To each of above stakes, and the purse will be divided as follows: When four or more start in, premiums of 60 per cent. to first, 20 per cent. to second, 10 per cent. to third, and 10 per cent. to fourth. When three start, premiums of 60, 20 and 10 per cent., where two start, 50 and 10 per cent. In any stake where any animal disqualifies the field in either stake will be forfeited to the first money only. In such a case, the remaining colts to start off on same terms as above, the balance of purse to be divided same percentage as above, according to number of starters. Should there be no starters for which any claimant horse stands equal, the horses shall trot one heat for the same under the original conditions of racing with divide money will be permitted.

Division in the racing race will be two hundred yards, in the two-year-old race, one hundred and fifty yards; in the three-year-old and four-year-old race, one hundred yards.

Stake No. 1, will be half mile heats, be 2 1/2 in 3; stake No. 2, mile heats, one 2 in 3; stake No. 3, mile heats, one 2 1/2 in 3, and stake No. 4, best 2 in 3. On all other matters National Rules to govern.

GEORGE McSWEENEY, Manager.

W. E. SEERY, VINEGAR.
Merchant Tailor,
Has Just Received a splendid new stock of
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,
—COMPRISING—
Spring Overcoating,
Suits, and Trouserings,
Which he is prepared to MAKE UP
in the
LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES
AT MODERATE PRICES.
W. E. SEERY,
WILMOTS AVE.

White Wine.
do.
do.
do.
X Cider.
do., and Proof.
PICKLES,
In 10 gallon and 5 gallon Kegs.
Just Stored.
A. F. RANDOLPH & SONS.

JOHN J. WEDDALL.
1893 MAY 1893
"ONYX" STAINLESS BLACK HOSIERY
LADIES' GENTLEMEN AND CHILDREN.
The "ONYX" brand was the first established line of Stainless Black Hosiery. For purity of dye and wearing qualities, it has never been equaled. For sale only by JOHN J. WEDDALL.

BOYS SUITS
OAK HALL.
The Largest Assortment, The Best Trimmed and The Cheapest Goods in the City.
Boy's Suits from 85 cents up.
OAK HALL,
276 QUEEN ST., F'RON, N. B.

NEW BRUNSWICK FOUNDRY
MACHINE SHOP.
McFARLANE, THOMPSON & ANDERSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Buckeye Automatic Cut Off Engines,
CELEBRATED
DUNBAR IMPROVED SHINGLE MILLS.
Improved Rotary Saw Mills, Mill Machinery, Enclosed
Mowers, Ithaca Horse rakes, Stoves and Furnaces,
Railway Castings.

NEW GOODS.
We Have Just Received the Following Goods.
Grey and White Cottons,
Grey and White Shirtings,
Table Linens and Napkins,
Towels and Towellings,
Pillow Cottons and Cotton Sheetings,
Ginghams and Prints, etc.

JOHN HASLIN.
DEVER BROTHERS.
1893-Dress Department-1893

In this department we have given special attention this spring in the selection of both our Colored and Black Dress Goods, and anybody desiring anything in this line will have a nice assortment to select from, as will be seen by the following lines:
Crepons in Plain and Fancy Weave.
Broad Cord in 3 Browns, Fawns and Beiges.
Shot Serges in Beautiful Effects.
Cheviots in Zigzag and Swivel Designs.
Stanley Cloth in All Mixtures.
Cassimere Lengths, only One Dress of a Color or Design.

As these Goods are imported direct from the manufacturers, it will be your advantage to Give us a Call and Get Our Prices before buying elsewhere.

DEVER BROTHERS.

LEMONT & SONS,
Beg to call the attention of the public generally to their Large Stock of Furniture of all kinds, daily arriving, to be sold Low for Cash and MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
44 Baby Carriages 44
Various styles—give your baby an airing in one of them.
English Bicycles.
16 Safeties in Cushion Dunlop and Silverton Closure PNEUMATICS A New Lot just received. Also received a Large Stock of WINDOW SHADES at Lemont & Sons.
HOUSE HAS CLOSED BUT NOT
LEMONT'S.