

THE HAMILTON TIMES

SATURDAY, FEB. 1, 1908.

CHARITY'S TASK.

The problem of the relief of indigence in the community is beset with many difficulties. This is especially so in large centres, where individualization of cases is not easily to be made. It is to be feared that a laudable desire to prevent hardship sometimes results in a community's efforts having a pauperizing influence which tends to cultivate the evil sought to be avoided.

We should not like to be misunderstood. In large communities there are always cases which appeal for instant help and which beneficence must not delay in rendering. Those cases of the sick and helpless poor do not admit of an inquiry into the why of their condition; humanity's first act must be to relieve their immediate distress and in such a way as to conserve health and comfort. But beyond these there is a large class, the treatment of which demands discrimination.

It is to be remembered, too, that not all the suffering poor permit their condition to reach the knowledge of the public. There is a class of poor people who will bear much before they will appeal for help. They suffer in silence, wearing their fingers to the bone, as long as they can earn a pittance. Perhaps some of our well-to-do people little think how incapacitated men struggle along from year's end to year's end, barely able to maintain life, yet with honorable determination not to seek charity. Too often this class will endure the real pains of poverty—of want of the necessities of life—before they give any sign of their condition to their neighbors. In deed, cases have been known where such persons have actually perished in silence when a word, a hint, would have opened the springs of charity.

It is well that in casting about to discover what Plenty can do to relieve Want, this deserving class of our unfortunate fellows should not be overlooked. But there is in every community, and especially in large cities, a numerous class that does not concern itself too closely with industry and frugality. It is a "crassshopper" class. If it works—which it does semi-occasionally—it is to supply itself with the means of present creature enjoyments. The future can take care of itself. Doesn't the world owe it a living? Haven't some foolish people who worked steadily and hard and saved their money, accumulated wealth? If poverty overtakes it, won't these people save it from suffering? This class has a joyous life while money is easy, when the pinch comes it is usually the first to line up in seeking donations from public charity. It becomes a heavy burden upon the community and it offers to the charitable, a problem of no small difficulty.

Lastly, there is the large class with which charity is sometimes concerned, the really industrious, but for the time unfortunate and out-of-work class. This is thoroughly deserving of the community's help. That is, not to say that the people should open the public purse and dole out to each so much per diem. Very far from it. To do so would be neither wise public policy nor just and considerate towards the recipients. All they ask is that they should be given a chance to help themselves. It should not be denied to them, and the best interest of all are to be served by enabling those willing to be their own helpers to exercise their industry in that direction. We should carefully guard against any course which would break the spirit or degrade the manhood of any in the community. The purpose of our assistance should be to uplift.

Briefly, then, we have to consider three classes of needful: The victims of misfortune, who are helpless to aid themselves, and who must be promptly succored; the idle and the improvident, who are too prone to depend upon the industrious and frugal, and for whom help should be accompanied with conditions of earning the assistance given; and the large class, eager and willing to work for what they need, and who ask only an opening to earn a living. Obviously, to treat all these alike would be a mistake, and would result not only in waste of effort and abuse of charity, but in educating to imposition on the public. Great discrimination is necessary if we are to secure the best results. It will require all the care that individuals, the charitable societies and the public officials entrusted with this duty can exercise to avoid imposture and to ensure that really deserving cases which shrink from public gaze are cared for. We think, however, that if proper judgment is exercised the demands upon public charity for the first class that we have described will not be extraordinarily large. The second class should be required to earn its bread. As for the third class, the City of Hamilton should see that it does not want. It has work enough to do, and which it must pay for, to make the task of supplying the wants of a few out of work, needful men, willing to labor in return for necessities immediately required, one of little difficulty.

Oh, yes! It will be a "brighter educational day" for the Ontario teachers when on them is placed the onus of passing on pupils in professional and other courses without examinations—that is, of course, if the teachers are infallible, and the parents and pupils are all models of justice and consideration. But, if not—

THE TIME FOR CAUTION.

A lot of good reading will be found in the report printed in this issue of the meeting of the aldermen with Chief Engineer Bothman, of the Hydro-Electric Commission, last evening. The stage has been reached in which the utmost care must be exercised. Some statements made last night clearly proved what the Times said during the power campaign about statements being made on the public platform, in support of the by-law, which would not be found to be true. We have no desire now to find fault with anything that has been done. The by-law met with the ratepayers' approval, and it is our only desire that the very best interests of the city will be served in the long run. With that end in view it is wise that every step should be carefully considered now. It would be good policy for the city not to rush into anything that will tie the city's hands. Ald. McLaren, a strong advocate and supporter of the by-law, takes the proper stand when he advises the Council not to contract for power until it knows exactly where it stands in the matter of plant. It is quite clear that, even if a start were made to-day, it would be the spring of 1909 before Hydro-Electric power would be available for use in Hamilton. Many things now unforeseen may happen in the meantime, and it is well to have a free hand. The idea of having a conference of municipalities interested is a good one, and it should be held before the city enters into a contract. If, as some of the aldermen contend, the city is committed to a municipal power plant, there should be no fear about the city's ability to get power whenever the plant is ready.

THE CITY'S BALANCE SHEET.

Pre-election assurances that the civic overdraft for 1907 would not be more than \$14,000 or \$15,000 are made to look quite sickly in the light of the City Treasurer's statement, printed in this issue. The city was once more enabled, by collecting a good deal more from water users than value for the service given; by obtaining a large sum from the Street Railway Company that was not looked for, being the payment of long disputed accounts, and by receiving more through the medium of the Police Court and the City Hospital than had been looked for, to keep the net overdraft down to \$42,000, although the civic departments expended their appropriations by \$65,000. When money is tight and there are such small appropriations for road repair and construction work, water extensions, and other necessary improvements, it is not a pleasant thing for the Council board to face a deficit of \$42,000 to begin with, and know it has to be made up out of this year's revenue. The city fathers spent a little over a million and a quarter dollars last year, 20 per cent. of which was made up of water rates, and over 50 per cent. general taxes. The completion of the report for 1907 clears the way for the estimates for this year. To allow the spending committees what they are reasonably entitled to expect and to keep within a 20-mill tax rate looks like a more difficult proposition than ever.

A VOICE FROM DUNNVILLE.

The Hamilton Times, which in the recent campaign, urged the electors to vote only for straight Liberals as a protest against politics in municipal affairs, displays hypocrisy which has been exposed so often that it has long since ceased to deceive anyone but itself. The sincerity of its course may be judged from the fact that not one of the professional independents in the field received a good word from it, although several of them were capable and experienced men of its own stripe of politics. As we pointed out in an article which the mud-slinging of that influential journal, for lack of more convincing argument, described as "bigoted bosh," the separation of partisan politics from municipal affairs is very beautiful in theory, but the hypocrisy of the Times and its party has done more than anything else to render it impossible in practice.—Dunnville Gazette.

In a former article the editor of the Gazette, who was formerly on the staff of the Hamilton Herald, impudently endeavored to place the whole blame on the Liberals of Hamilton for the mixing of politics with civic affairs—the Tories were the guileless innocents and the Grits the scheming rascals. We tried to show our bucolic friend that he was talking nonsense and that that sort of talk made it all the more difficult for decent people to fight the evil that has been forced upon the city by the Tory executive. The Gazette, of course, knew that it was misrepresenting the situation in Hamilton, and it also knew the difference between supporting men pledged to vote for party first and the city next, and men who refused to recognize politics in civic affairs. The Times did not oppose the Tory candidates because they were Tories, but because they were pledged to do the best of the Tory Executive instead of the citizens of Hamilton. The Gazette is in error when it declares that "not one of the proposed independents in the field received a good word from" the Times. It recommended several of them to the favorable notice of the electors. The Gazette would be in better business were it to try to remedy the evil instead of trying to defend those responsible for it. Many thanks for the kind compliments so gracefully expressed by an old friend.

In Toronto the other day an estate which was being wound up realized from the assets nearly \$6,000, but when the law costs, fees, etc., were paid only \$512 remained to be distributed among the 288 creditors—about 3½ cents on the dollar. Still that is nearly enough to dine the creditors and enable them to pass a vote of thanks over the wine to the considerate chaps who remembered them at all.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

That snow storm meant work for the unemployed.

It is one thing to make charges of scandal in connection with timber limits, but quite another thing to prove them. Wait for the proof.

Complaints reach us of horses being left standing in the streets without any covering these cold days. Such treatment of dumb brutes is criminal.

There would be little poverty in Canada to-day were it not for the strangers within our gates, attracted thither by the prosperity of the country.

The Spectator suggests that the Health and relief departments of the City Hall be put underground. Now listen to the noise Dr. Roberts and Mr. McMenemy are making.

The Spectator seems to be disgruntled because some political capital is not to be made out of the cases of distress in Toronto and some other cities. It does not seem to comprehend that the organs that would gladly attempt such a task see too clearly that it would be futile. In the words of the Toronto News: "The present condition is happily not chronic, but a crisis, and should be dealt with accordingly."

The Labor leaders had many things to ask of the Government yesterday. One of the most important was that of technical education. From the Premier's response to the deputation it is seen that a commission to consider the question may be appointed, showing that the Government is not averse to giving the matter favorable consideration. Technical education is one of Canada's crying wants, and it is hoped the Dominion Government will be able to do something to put it within the reach of the youth of the land. But that should not relieve the Provincial Government of its duty in the premises.

The rapid increase in the number of out-patients at the City Hospital raises some interesting problems. Just who are to receive treatment free, is not the easiest of questions, and even if a considerable part of the money which goes to support the hospital comes out of taxes, it would be fair neither to the taxpayers nor to the physicians of the city that hospital treatment should be free to all. When we pass beyond the treatment of the really needy, trouble begins. Emergency cases must be considered, of course, and the helpless must be helped; but who shall authorize the man who can pay his way to charge the public for his doctoring?

Hon. J. S. Hendrie made a very interesting statement yesterday in the course of an interview. "The Federal Ministers," he said, "admitted that the Dominion Railway Commission has no power to do the same work the Ontario Board is doing." When the Federal Ministers made that admission they virtually admitted that local railways ought to be under the control of the Provincial authorities.—Herald.

The Young Men's Christian Association has almost come to a standstill for want of room in its present building, and it has made an appeal to the public to come to its aid and help it out of the difficulty. A new and larger building is needed, which would entail an expenditure of, say, \$100,000 or more. The question is, will the citizens put their hands in their pockets and hand over that amount? The directors are doing the work, running the institution, but they cannot be expected to put up the money. Is the Y. M. C. A. worth that much to the city? We think it is, and a good deal more. What the directors ask for is that some one set the ball rolling. If some rich Christian friend would head a subscription list with perhaps \$20,000, the directors would buckle down to the job of raising the needed amount, trusting to others to come to their assistance.

OUR EXCHANGES

Must Have Whitney's.

(Kingston Whig.)

Hamilton must not let this talk of technical education under federal auspices deprive it of the technical college which the Whitney Government promised.

The Spouters.

(Brookville Times.)

A Hamilton paper announces that the most productive gas gusher in Ontario has been found near Leamington. We take it for granted that the gas gushers of the House of Commons are not included in that statement.

Steam Heated.

(Toronto Star.)

Some of the advertised cold waves this season were steam heated in transmission, but this last one was not.

The Poor Merchant.

(Montreal Gazette.)

A municipal ice plant has been recommended at Ottawa. If it is, when it comes, there should be added municipal bakeries and municipal butcher shops, with municipal feed yards and municipal groceries, that ancient

and once honored but now nefarious individual, the merchant, would have his opportunities so curtailed that he would be a comparatively insignificant evil.

Made Them Hot.

(Toronto Telegram.)

Canadians did not really feel the cold yesterday because they were kept warm by the tendency of their blood to boil over at Kipling's allusions to their native land as Our Lady of the Snows.

Razoring Women.

(Toronto Mail and Empire.)

Slashing women with razors is a fine old foreign sport that should be very severely dealt with when practised in Canada. We shall be interested to see if the law considers it a more serious offence than the stealing of money from letters.

In Sympathy With Gibson's Work.

(Toronto News.)

The fact that only four girls remain in the Mercer refuge and that nearly four score have been placed in good homes under satisfactory environment is an achievement of which any man might be glad to tell, and it shows the Provincial Secretary in entire sympathy with the noble work which Hon. J. M. Gibson and Mr. Kelso inaugurated some years ago.

Winnipeg's Luck.

(Montreal Gazette.)

It has been discovered in Winnipeg that the city will lose some \$20,000 a year in taxes through the telephone system having been taken over by the Province. Other municipalities will lose in proportion, and the total of their losses will be included in the cost of the working of the system. The thing is a mere nothing, however, to a place which pays 6 per cent. on the money it borrows, and which can feel it has struck a telling blow at the head of corporate enterprise within its bounds.

Roosevelt's Special Message.

(Buffalo Courier.)

President Roosevelt's special message sent to Congress yesterday, urging "additional legislation as regards certain of the relations between labor and capital, and between the great corporations and the public," was an intensely emphatic reiteration of the Roosevelt policies. In both Senate and House it created a profound impression and was the talk of all. Some of its passages were cheered on the floor of the House by members of both political parties.

CHURCHES TO-MORROW.

SPECIAL SERVICES AND SPECIAL MUSIC TO-MORROW.

At Gore Street Methodist Church, 11 a. m. sacrament service. The pastor will preach in the evening on "A Serious Defect."

To-morrow morning in the Gospel Tabernacle, Pastor Philpott will preach on "The Gift of Tongues," a subject that is perplexing many Christians at this time.

Rev. R. Martin, D. D., of Stratford, will preach anniversary services at St. James' Presbyterian Church on Feb. 9, morning and evening. Special music for the occasion.

Services in Erskine Presbyterian Church will be conducted by Rev. S. B. Russell. Special evangelistic service in the evening. Subject, "How Christ Saves." Strangers welcome.

At Simcoe Street Methodist Church Rev. A. Laidman will preach in the morning, and the pastor will preach in the evening. Devotional service and communion in the evening.

The Ven. Archdeacon Clark will preach at Christ's Church Cathedral to-morrow morning, and Canon Almon Abbott, M. A., in the evening. The choir will sing special music at both services.

To-morrow morning at St. Andrew's Church, Rev. W. Harvey Grant, missionary, from Homan, China, will preach. The pastor, Rev. J. A. Wilson, will preach at the evening service.

At MacNab Street Presbyterian Church Rev. Beverly Ketchen, M. A., will preach at both services. Morning subject, "The Moral Obligations of Brotherhood." Evening subject, "Abraham the Warrior."

In Zion Tabernacle the pastor, Rev. F. W. Hollenback, will preach in the morning on the Lord's Supper, and in the evening from John iii, 16. Reception of members at the morning service.

Rev. Robert Atkinson, M. A., of Chesley, Ont., will conduct both services in Knox Church. Sabbath schools and Bible classes at 3 p. m. H. R. Pickup, B. A., will conduct the services in North End Mission.

Rev. B. H. Spence, Toronto, will speak on "The Golden Rule" to the members of the Young People's Societies on Sunday evening in St. John Presbyterian Church. Young people are specially invited to this service.

In the First Methodist Church the pastor, Rev. R. H. Trevelyan, will preach at 11 a. m. on "Some Things About Heaven and the Future Life," and at 7 p. m. on "A Fatal Conjunction," or, "A Good Resolution Spoiled."

At Charlton Avenue Church to-morrow the pastor, Rev. R. H. Bell, B. A., will preach at both services. Morning subject, "Christ's Suffering and Ours," followed by the sacrament of the Lord's Supper; evening subject, "Man Made Whole."

"The Ministry of Life's Trials" will be the subject of discourse by the minister of Unity Church to-morrow evening. In the afternoon at 3.30 the devotional meeting of the Y. P. R. Union will be held. Subject, "Communion." Leader, Mr. Peter Bertram.

Rev. J. K. Unsworth will give a Sunday evening lecture in the First Congregational Church on "Christianity and Health," and will discuss what truth there is in Christ's Science, mental healing, faith cure and the Christian attitude towards psycho-therapy in general.

Rev. J. Roy VanWyck will preach in the Sherman Avenue Presbyterian Church at 11 a. m. on "The Atonement and the Kingdom of God," and at 7 p. m. series of sermons on the "Social Message of Christianity." No. 2, "The Social Aims of Jesus." At 3 p. m. he will address the young men.

In Emerald Street Methodist Church Rev. Dr. Williamson will preach twice. In the morning a love feast will be held at 10 o'clock, with quarterly meeting service to follow. At night the Lord's Supper will be administered and revival service begun, which will continue each evening during the week.

The special missionary services will be continued in Centenary Church to-morrow, the pulpit to be occupied by Rev. W. L. Rutledge, B. A., of the First Methodist Church, London. His morning subject will be "The Supreme Missionary Motive," and the evening "Our

Sensational Piano Sale at Heintzman & Co's.

71 King Street East, Opposite Postoffice

In order to reduce our stock before stock-taking, we intend to cut the price of all our used instruments in half at terms to suit purchasers. Organs that sold for \$75, now \$35. \$50 Organs \$25, payable at 50 cents per week. Pianos as low as \$40 at 50 cents per week. JUST A FEW OF OUR SNAPS:

Dominion Organ
7 Stops
Walnut Case
\$15.00
50c Per Week

Bell Organ
11 Stops
Beautiful Tone
\$24.00
50c Per Week

Bell Organ
With Large Mirror
Handsome Case, Only
\$32.50
50c Per Week

A STOOL WITH EVERY INSTRUMENT

Firth-Hall Piano
Rosewood Case
\$42.50
50c Per Week

Chickering Piano
Only
\$57.50
50c Per Week

Vose Piano
Was \$150
Now **\$75.00**
75c Per Week

Every Instrument Guaranteed for 5 Years

HEINTZMAN & Co., King East. 71

Opportunity and Obligation." Appropriate musical services by the choir, with a short organ recital after the evening service.

At James Street Baptist Church the pastor will preach morning and evening. 11 a. m. "Discipleship as a Life Career." 12.15, believers' baptism. 7 p. m. "Sermons on Fundamental Questions"—No. 3, "What is the Life Worth of the Gospel We Profess?" 8.15, reception of new members and Lord's Supper.

In Central Church service in the morning will be conducted by Mr. Sedgewick, and in the evening by Rev. W. H. Grant, missionary from Homan. Harold Hamilton will sing a solo in the morning and Mrs. Frank MacKellan will sing in the evening. The quartette and choir will sing at both services.

DR. TORRANCE'S DEATH.

Noted Presbyterian Divine Passes Away at Guelph.

Guelph, Jan. 31.—The citizens were shocked and surprised to learn this afternoon of the death of Rev. Robert Torrance, D. D., which occurred at his residence at noon to-day. In fact, only a few intimate friends knew that he was ailing. On Sunday evening he conducted services at the Homeview sanatorium. It was a nasty day for a gentleman of his years to be out. Monday he was confined to bed, and medical attendance was called in. The doctors pronounced the trouble angina pectoris, a distressing and serious form of heart trouble. He was able to be up and about the house yesterday, not anticipating anything serious. This morning his condition became critical, and he passed away at the hour mentioned.

Dr. Torrance was 86 years of age. He was born at Market Hill, County Armagh, Ireland. He spent his boyhood days

about Wighton and Glen Luce, Scotland, and came to Toronto with his parents in 1845. He was licensed to preach at the age of 22 years, and was called "the boy preacher." When he came to Canada it was as a missionary of the seceding Church of Scotland. Soon after arriving in this country he declined a call to a Toronto congregation, and for one year after his arrival in Toronto travelled in his missionary work on horseback through western Ontario from Toronto to Goderich. He was called to Guelph and was ordained and inducted on Nov. 11, 1846, and remained as pastor until 1882, when he retired. He had been clerk of the Presbytery altogether thirty years, and was in 1898 Moderator of the General Assembly. He had been Moderator of the Presbytery and Synod of Toronto and Kingston, and for a number of years convenor of the Assembly's Committee on Statistics, having compiled the report for many years. He had as well been convenor of the Committee on Distribution of Probationers for fifty years.

For many years he was connected with Knox College, where he was appointed as examiner in Hebrew and Greek exegesis in the ordinary course, and examiner in Latin and Greek for the bachelor of divinity degree. In appreciation of the great work that he had done, the college conferred on him, in 1884, the degree of Doctor of Divinity. He celebrated his golden wedding in 1904, and on Nov. 11, 1896, he celebrated his jubilee as a minister, when he received congratulations from the Presbyterian Church all over Canada.

Mrs. Torrance survives. The members of the family are Mrs. Nichol, Guelph, and Mrs. John D. Higinbotham, Leithbridge, daughters; Messrs. W. B. Torrance, assistant general manager of the Royal Bank, Montreal; R. L. Torrance, manager of the J. B. Armstrong Manu-

facturing Company, Guelph. The funeral is to take place on Monday afternoon.

ALL'S FOR THE BEST.

All's for the best! be sanguine and cheerful. Trouble and sorrow are friends in disguise. Nothing but folly grew faithless and fearless. Courage forever is happy and wise.

All's for the best! if a man would but know it. Providence wishes us all to be blest. This is no dream of the pundit or poet. Heaven is gracious, and all's for the best. All's for the best! set this on your standard. Soldier of sadness or plights of love. Who to the shores of despair may have wandered.

Away, wearyd swallow or heart stricken dove. Providence tenderly governs the rest. And the frail bark of his creatures is guided. Wisely and warily—all's for the best.

All's for the best! then fling away terrors. Meet all your fears and your foes in the van. And in the midst of your dangerous errors. Trust like a child, while you strive like a man.

All's for the best! unbiased, unbounded. Providence reigns from the east or west. And by both wisdom and mercy surrounded. Hope and be happy, that all's for the best. By the late Anna Hawkesworth Armstrong, June 4th, 1851.

West Huron Liberals have nominated Mr. William Proudfoot, K. C., for the Legislature. Mr. M. G. Cameron, the present member, declining to stand.

Mr. Rolfe, E. Kemmer, a mining man, was charged at Toronto with the theft of \$11,119 from Messrs. McCrae, Chandler & McNeill, railroad contractors.

All the engineers, firemen and electricians in charge of the Moose Jaw power house have lost their positions through resigning or being discharged.

Monday, Feb. 3, 1908 SHEA'S Bargain Day

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Our Greatest Winter Clearing Sale

Thousands of dollars' worth of thoroughly dependable goods will be offered on Monday Bargain Day at less than the manufacturer gets for them—Merchandise we wish to clear out before stock-taking—Come out to the early sales at 8.30, it will pay you abundantly.

Early Sale of Dress Goods and Silks 59 and 89c Values for 25c

Sharp at 8.30, for 90 minutes only, we will put on sale hundreds of yards of Dress Goods and Silks, the dress goods tweeds, in good colors, mohairs, lustrous, Panamas, serges, voiles, and cream and fancy colored waistings, worth 59 to 89c. The Silks are plain and fancy weaves of glorias, plain satins in a great variety of shades, and are worth 59 to 75c. Sharp at 8.30 and until 10 o'clock, and not a minute longer, it goes on sale for, per yard 25c

Two of the Best Bargains in Blouses We Ever Offered

\$1.00 and \$1.25 Waists for 39c

\$1.50 to \$2.00 Waists for 59c

Women's Waists, made of wrapperette print, saten, lawn and fancy wool materials, open front, long sleeves, worth 75c, \$1.00, and \$1.25, all on sale Monday to clear, at each 39c

Neck Furs at \$1.95 Worth Up to \$6 Women's Underwear 19c Worth 35c Knitted Skirts at 39c Worth 60c
A fine lot of them, Marmot, Hare, Possum, satin lined, trimmed with tails; Stoles and Throws. Women's Underwear, Vests and Drawers, in good, heavy, fleece lined kind, also a quantity of Flannellette Drawers, in stripes. See these early. Only a dozen or two left for Monday, good, dark colored German knit Underskirts, warm and comfortable. Buy these early; not many of them.

White Quilts Worth \$1.50 for 75c

Only 50 of them, so they can't last long, good double bed size, Marcelline weave, white quilts, heavy weight and nice patterns, regularly sold for \$1.50, on sale Monday at 8.30 for each 75c

Men's Underwear at 35c

Men's Fleece Lined Shirts and Drawers, in all sizes, worth 50 and 55c, Monday bargain day each 35c

Bargains in Mantle Department

Women's Skirts at \$1.50

Made of splendid tweeds and plain cloths, some of them handsomely embroidered, worth \$3.00 to \$3.95, on sale to clear for each \$1.50

Women's Coats at \$4.95

Made of good warm cloths and heavy tweeds, loose back styles and semi-fitted, partly lined, good full length, worth \$10 and \$12.50, on sale to clear for each \$4.95

Children's Coats—A Slaughter

Beautiful Cream Mohair Broadcloth Coats, warmly lined and well made, with h capes and without capes, worth \$4.00 to \$6.50, on sale in two lots, for . . . \$1.95 and \$2.95

Window Shades Worth 40c for 29c

Good quality of Opaque Window Shades, in green, cream and white, mounted on excellent self-acting spring rollers, 6 feet by 37 inches, worth 40c, Monday, Bargain Day, each 29c

Sample Ends of Lace Curtains 1 1/2 Yards Long—A Nice Lot to Clear at Each 15c

Lace Curtains on Sale
A quantity of Lace Curtains that have been used as samples and are a little dust soiled, regular \$1 to \$5 values, on sale to clear at HALF PRICE.

BARGAINS IN STAPLE DEPARTMENT

Mill ends of Bleached and Cream Table Linen, in useful ends for tea towels, runners or to cut up into table napkins, worth 40 to 50c per yard, for end . . . 10c
Mill ends of 1 to 3 yards Bleached Damask, worth 50 to 65c, for, per yard 12 1/2c
Mill ends of fine Huck Toweling, good lengths, worth 15 and 18c, Bargain Day, per yard 10c

Butchers' Linen, worth 25 and 30c, in ends for, per yard 12 1/2c
36-inch Wrappette, worth 17c, for, per yard . . . 9 1/2c
32-inch Wrappette, worth 12 1/2c, for, per yard 6 1/2c

Saturday Night Sale

This evening we will sell 40 and 50c Black Cashmere Hose, from 8 to 9.30, at, per pair 25c