TURKEY'S ACTION MEANS PROLONGATION OF WAR AND ADDED HORRORS FOR MILLIONS OF PEOPLE

TERRIFIC GERMAN RUSHES RESPONSIBLE FOR GREAT LOSS OF LIFE TO ENEMY

s Take Advantage of Invaders Waste of Men and Push
Steadily Forward—Germ an "Bull Headed" Tactics As-Allies Take Advantage of Invaders Waste of Men and Push tonish British and French Soldiers.

Paris, Oct. 30, 11.41 p. m.—Officers returning here from the battiefield degrow out of the series of furious consists of the extreme left wing lying near the coast, as well as in the neighborhood of ypres and Arras. Everywhere, they say, the Beigian, French fields of the extreme left wing lying near the coast, as well as in the neighborhood of ypres and Arras. Everywhere, they say, the Beigian, French for created the Allies always still farther acks so full of vigor that they carried the Allies always still farther because of the Allies always still farther because at the Allie

DENMARK NEEDS

Rain was falling in torrents, a gale was blowing and the seas were mountainous when the vessel hit the rocks. Distress rockets immediately flared above the Ropilla, attracting the coast guards, but as the sea continued violent, it was possible to launch only two boats from the shore. These boats brought back all the people they could carry. Most of the ship's boats were crushed in the attemp to launch them and only one got away, bearing a handful of survivors. Even these had to be dragged upon the beach, as the boat capsized in the break-

AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED LOST

BRITISH KILLED

IS PROTESTING

TRYING TO HOSPITAL SHIP ROPILLA CRASHES ROCKS; OVER 100 LIVES LOST

Another Version of Penang Incident - Claim Enemy's Cruiser Flew Russian Flag When She Entered Harbor.

When She Entered Harbor.

Paris. Oct. 30. 11.14 p. m.—Advices received here today show that it was the French torpedo boat destroyer Mousquet which, with the Russian cruiser Zemtchug, was sent to the bottom yesterday at Penang, Strait Settlements, by the German cruiser Emden.

Another version of the affair is given in the Matin. This says that the Emden entered Penang, disguised as a Russian warship, frying the Russian colors and skilfully concealing her identity until she got well into port.

Then, according to the Matin's correspondent, the Emden suddenly holsted the German flag and opened fire on the Zemtchug, which, taken by surprise and unable to defend herself, was sunk in a few minutes.

The Emden then dashed out to sea with the Mousquet courageously following her. The torpedo destroyer tried to torpedo thee ruiser, but the fight was too unequal and the Mousquet was sent to the bottom.

The correspondent adds that all the cruisers of the Allied fleet are now pursuing the Emden.

The Minister of Marine, in an official announcement of the affair, says the survivors of the Mousquet were picked up by the Emden before the German cruiser departed from the scene. The number of men rescued was not given.

GREAT BRITAIN

London, Oct. 30, 11,35 p. m.—The official press bureau at 11.15 p. m. issued the following statement of conditions in the western theatre of the war:

"Severe fighting continues with little intermission along the Allies' line, especially towards the north. The German resistance is stubborn and fierce counter-attacks are made by them frequently.

"Nevertheless the British are steadily gaining ground, in a counter-attack one brigade delivered a brilliant bayonst charge, accounting for many of the enemy, whose losses throughout the fighting are heavy."

FRANCE

Paris, Oct. 30.—The following official communication was issued tonight:

"In Belgium, according to the latest advices, there is nothing to report in the region of Nieuport or Dixmude.

"On our left wing the enemy has directed violent attacks against the front of the British troops, and on the two banks of the La Bassee Canal, without obtaining any success.

"There has been a recrudescence of activity in the region of Rheima and along the heights of the Meuse at the south of Freenes-on-Woevre."

GERMANY

Berlin, via London, Oct. 30, 6.45 p. m.—An official statement, issued by the German army headquarters this morning, says:

"Our attacks to the south of Nieuport and to the east of Ypres are being successfully continued. Eight machine guns and 200 British soldiers have been captured.

"In the Argonne forest our troops have occupied several blockhouses and points of support.

"To the northwest of Verdun, the French attacked without success. In the other parts of the western war theatre, and in the eastern arena, the situation is unchanged."

BELGIUM

Havre, via London, Oct. 30, 11 p.m.—The Belgian minister of war has received the following from the headquarters of the Belgian army:
"During the night of the 28th and 29th, the enemy again attempted to seize by surprise, the southern end of the bridge at Dixmude, but was repulsed.
"During the day of the 29th, our front was subjected to a heavy bombardment. Moreover, the enemy made two infantry attacks, one against the right of our army division and another and very violent one against two brigades mixed with other army divisions. The enemy was repulsed with very heavy losses.

"On the other parts of the front the firing was intermittent during the day. To the south of Dixmude the Germans lost ground near Lughem, Mercken and Bisschoote, where the French offensive is progressing in the south of Paschendalle. The Germans, who had assumed the offensive, were repulsed and lost ground south of Becelaere. South of the River Lys, the situation has undergone no great change, but meanwhile the French have succeeded in progressing on various points of the front.

"The numerous prisoners taken give testimony to the accuracy and destructive observates of the firm when the succeeded in the second of the second of

RUSSIA

Paris, Oct. 31, 1.25 a. m.—The Havas Agency has received the following official communication concerning the flighting in the East, as issued by the war office in Petrograd:

"Severe fighting along the East Prussian front continues. Our troops have repulsed repeated German attacks in the region of Bakalbjevo, Beyond the Vistula our troops are on the heels of the rear guard of the enemy on the Lodz-Yawighvost front. A number of artillery parks and aeroplanes have been apptured.

"In the region of Tarnovo the retreating Austrians were attacked October 29 by our troops, which crossed the Vistula south of luzesoff. Caught under a cross-fire the enemy sustained a considerable loss in killed or wounded, and left a thousand prisoners in our hands.

"The Austrians in the Carpathians are showing great activity around Turka."

A SERIOUS COMPLICATION

ROUMANIA WITH ITALY

Roumania has indicated, in official communications, that she will ally herself with Italy in whatever course the latter takes. The Bulgarian government is understood to be friendly to Turkey and Austria, though recent reports have spoken of the wavering attitude of the government at Sofia, because of popular demonstrations in behalf of the Entente.

Striking differences of opinion developed today among the diplomatic representatives here as to the probable future course of events in Turkey and the Balkan countries. In some quarters it was suggested that Turkey must have had some assurance from Greece that the latter would remain neutral, before she would dare to attack Russia. One of the military attaches, only recently in Constantinople, held that Bulgaria would line up against Turkey, for the reason that while the government of the former country was pro-Turkish, the people were strongly Russian in their sympathies.

Some of the British officials pointed out that even if war actually broke out between Russia and Turkey, England would not necessarily be involved. It was recalled that England did not declare war upon Austria until it was established that Austrian troops were fighting in France, thereby enabling the latter country to invoke the aid of its ally because she was being attacked. It was admitted as possible, in the event of an actual invasion of Russia by Turkish forces, the British government might have to respond to Russia's call for help.

Persons familiar with the geographical conditions of the countries scout the idea of the Turkish invasion of Egypt. The Turkish amy could not be transported by water to Egypt in the face of the allied fleets, and the hot deserts, peopled by hostile Arabs could make it almost impossible to march an army overland.

Special Values in Millinery For Friday and Saturday

Black Shapes of fine quality velvet, dozens of smart new styles, all are adaptations of the correct fashion types for fall and winter, 1914, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$3.00 each.

Smartly Trimmed Velvet Hats, especially trimmed for today and tomorrow, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and upward.

Very latest for young ladies, Velvet Caps. These come in black, navy and cardinal, \$1.50 each.

"LIDS FOR KIDS"

Children's Trimmed Felt and Velvet Hats, all the wanted colors, 50 cents each, The greatest hat

Everything in the latest trimmings, all at special prices.

THE HOUSE FAMED FOR MILLINERY 1, 3 and 5 Charlotte Street

ROBERT THOMSON

steamers, a fine fleet of fourteen vesels, named after historic Grecian battles, and peculiarly adapted to the lumber carrying trade. The venture was successful from the start, and the steamers earned handsome dividends. Trade conditions of the past few years have not been as favorable, and several of the steamers have passed to new owners, and the great firm has of late years been giving more attention to other activities of the business, brokerage, insurance, in which they have bullt up a large connection and steamship agencies, representing here the Allan Steamship Line, the North German Lloyd Line, the Horth German Lloyd Line, the North German Lloyd Line, the Horth German Lloyd Line, and the Furness Line.

Of a quiet, somewhat retiring disposition Mr. Thomson never sought public honors, but was a generous supporter of many philanthropies and showed an especial interest in the young men of the city, who took pleasure in yachting. He was for many years the popular commodore of the R. K. Y. C. Mr. Thomson was most generous to the organization and much of its success and much of the local interest in yachting was due to his patronage and support. Quietly and unostensibly he aided all worth chartites and many there are who will restret his death. A good citizen in every sense of the word, Mr. Thomson married Miss London and moth of its success and much of the local interest in yachting was due to his patronage and that of his firms are the city world-wide prominence. His death is sincerly mourned. In 1870 Mr. Thomson married Miss London and mand the preserve world-wide prominence. His death is sincerly mourned. In 1870 Mr. Thomson married Miss London and mand the preserve world-wide prominence. His death is sincerly mourned. In 1870 Mr. Thomson married Miss London and mand the preserve world-wide prominence. His death is sincerly mourned. In 1870 Mr. Thomson married Miss London and mand the preserve world-wide prominence. His death is sincerly mourned in the preserve world-wide prominence. His death is sincerly Copenhagen, via London, Oct. 30, 9.20 p. m.—An additional casualty list was based by p. m.—Cotton is needed badly in this country and manufacturens are an another a more than an official announcement of the affair, asy the survivors of the Mousquet were formed to learn whether American shippers are now willing of the survivors of the Mousquet were formed to learn whether American shippers are now willing of the survivors of the Mousquet were formed to learn whether American shippers are now willing to trike sending officers killed and fifty wounded. In order to avoid all possibility of a breach of neutrally in connection with shipment, the Danish government has preach of neutrally in connection with shipment, the Danish government has all the state of dead its coffeed its Capsain the Hon.

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EDWARD R. JEWETT

Many expressions of regret for the sudden death of Robert Thomson, head of the shipping firm of William Thomson & Co., were heard yesterday, Although Mr. Thomson had not more holyed the best of health for the last few years he attended to his business duties as usual and on Thursday was at his office and in the evening received friends. Shortly before two o'clock yesterday morning, he took a serious turn and passed away shortly afterward.

Mr. Thomson was more widely known through his business connections than perhaps any other St. John man, and wherever known he was held in the same high regard that the people of St. John entertained for him. His death removes one who played a most important part in the business slife of St. John during its most stirring days, and who, as a private citizen, discharged faithfully and well all the duties and obligations of citizenship.

Mr. Thomson was the eldest son of the late William Thomson, founder of the firm of Wm. Thomson & Co. and was in his 73rd year, having been born on June, 9 1842. At the age of seventeen he went to Liverpool, England, entering the office of Mess. Duncan & Kendall as junfor clerk. After three years spent in learning for him herbods in business Mr. Thomson returned to St. John in 1862 and an adentered his father's office, and in 1870 was admitted as partner. Twelve years a decreased in lumber manufacturing on his was account, having a mill at Milliam Sons, Messers. Robert and John the Stamms his brother, the late John T. Thomson.

It was in the golden age of wooden shipbuilding that William Thomson started business as a ship broker and commission merchant and laid the foundation of what later became the active head. His sacing Mr. Thomson, early realized that steam was driving the saling ship from the start, and the was successful from the start, and the was successful and well known among Maritime Province shipping firm. His sons, Messrs. Robert and John the steamers and recognizing the late of furniture of the firm of the furniture of the firm of t

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