

p Pascal, O.M.I.,
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, O.M.I.,
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Gottesgebürerin und
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s dir getreu bleib,
abwendest. Durch

St. Peters Bote,
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In The Wake Of The War

The situation has not much changed during the past week. The German armies have retreated according to program, and the allied forces have advanced correspondingly into the German territories. The German naval units have been handed over to the allies according to the terms of the armistice. Everything points to a fulfillment of the terms of the armistice on the part of the Germans within the required time, Dec. 11th.

The situation in the countries of the Central Powers remains dark. The reports from and about these countries are so unclear and contradictory, that it is impossible to form any reliable opinion about the real situation. They seem to indicate, however, that Bolshevism is becoming stronger in Berlin and the older parts of Prussia, whilst Bavaria with southern Germany with the countries along the Rhine give promise of a more moderate attitude. It is even reported that Bavaria has entirely broken with Berlin.

The former Kaiser has sent in to Berlin his formal abdication, but it is not certain that the former Crown Prince has done the same. In the allied countries the demand for extradition of the former Kaiser and for placing him on trial for starting the war is growing stronger. Even such men as Lloyd George are now advocating such demands. Possibly the election campaign in Great Britain is affecting his attitude. We shall be better able to judge of this after the election in ten days. If a trial of the former Kaiser is really held, it is difficult to see how the appearance of partiality can be avoided unless neutrals constitute the court. Very likely the Pope and other neutrals will have to be called in despite the London Convention before all the questions that will come up can be settled.

President Wilson is leaving for France one of these days to take part in the peace negotiations. He is expected to be away about six weeks, and it is to be sincerely hoped that his great power and influence will succeed in bringing about harmony and a just and lasting peace.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The admiralty has addressed a message of felicitation to the royal navy and the royal marines.

ROME, Nov. 24.—An official decree authorizes the reopening of the Italian commercial bourses on December 2nd.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—After an inspection of the German battleships and cruisers held by the Entente and final settlement of their ownership by the peace conference all the vessels probably will be sunk, as apparently there is no disposition on the part of the Entente to risk the controversies that would be likely in case of an attempted division of them.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 25.—Field Marshal von Mackenzen, former German commander in Rumania, arrived in Berlin Thursday with his staff, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Rhenische Westphalian Gazette. The German troops returning with him met Czecho-Slovak forces at Sillein, Moravia, and were unable to continue the journey by way of Oderburg and were forced to withdraw from Austria by way of Vienna and Passau.

VIENNA, Nov. 25.—Former Emperor Charles, in the course of an interview with the Associated Press today, declared that the situation at Vienna and throughout Austria, was such that not a single day should be lost by the Allies and the United States in helping the people here. He insisted on the danger of Bolshevism unless the country was reconstituted as quickly as possible.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Reports of "wholesale slaughter" against Jews at Brzesko, Galicia, where cellars are reported filled with bodies, and many Jews attempting flight have been shot down in the streets, were received from Copenhagen today, by the Zionist organization.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Hundreds of sailors and soldiers broke through a cordon of police surrounding Madison Square Garden tonight and attacked international agents who addressed a mass meeting at which Bolshevik doctrines were expounded.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—The British naval casualties from the outbreak of the war to Nov. 11th, numbered 29,766, the admiralty announced tonight. These were divided as follows: Killed or died of wounds: Officers, 2,466; men, 30,895. Wounded, missing or prisoners: Officers, 1,042; men, 5,363. In addition 14,661 officers and men of British merchant vessels and fishing craft lost their lives while pursuing their ordinary vocation by enemy action and 3,295 were taken prisoners.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Winston Spencer Churchill, Minister of Munitions, speaking at Dundee, declared that none of the German colonies would ever be restored to Germany, and none of the conquered part of Turkey would ever be restored to Turkey.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—It is understood that the question of the extradition of the former German emperor is being considered by British law officers of the crown who are working in close co-operation with the French authorities. Action was taken immediately after the flight of the former emperor to Holland.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—The French armies marching through Luxembourg today reached the German frontier east of Weiswampach and Heinerschild, according to the war office announcement tonight.

BERLIN, Nov. 26.—Unorganized strikes have broken out in several of the large plants around Berlin. They are wholly local in nature and are the result of demands made by the workers for a fixed rate of daily wage instead of a piece schedule.

Mary, Queen of Purity

Holy Queen, we bend before thee,—Queen of purity divine.
Make us love thee, we implore thee,—Make us truly to be thine.
Thou by faith the gates unfold,—Of the kingdom in the skies,
Hast to us by faith beholding,—Shewn the land of Paradise.
Teach, O teach us, holy Mother, how to conquer ev'ry sin,
How to love and help each other,—How the prize of life to win.
Thou, to whom a child was giv'n—Greater than the souls of men,
Coming down from highest heaven—To create the world again.
O by that Almighty Maker,—Whom thyself, a Virgin, bore,
O by thy Supreme Creator,—Eink with thee forevermore.
By the hope thy name inspires,—By our doom reversed through thee,
Help us, Queen of angel choirs,—To a bliss eternally.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 26.—It is certain that in the course of six weeks a catastrophe will occur in Germany, both as regards the ordinary food stocks and the supplies of livestock. The official announcement has been made in Berlin, according to a dispatch received here, which says that the grain harvest is better than in previous year, but the potato crop is much worse, owing to lack of labor, due to the departure of Russian prisoners.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Numerous steamers will leave Liverpool during the coming week with American troops aboard. The Ascanius will sail tomorrow with 1,530 officers and men of the American Air Forces.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 27.—The German government will invite President Wilson to visit Germany while he is in Europe, says the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—Inquiry among the leading industrialists today drew out the admission that many of the largest plants in Berlin already are being systematically terrorised by the working forces. The latter are demanding exorbitant wage increases, shorter hours and other concessions calculated ultimately to force the employers to shut down. The propaganda of Dr. Karl Liebknecht has been directly responsible for the usurpation of two big plants.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Advance guards of the British forces have reached the Belgium-German frontier in the region between Beho and Stavelot and are in possession of more than 1,400 surrendered German guns, according to an official communication issued tonight. It is announced that approximately 200 German submarines were destroyed during the course of the war. The total number of all types built by the Germans is estimated to have been 360.

PARIS, Nov. 28.—King George, accompanied by the Prince of Wales and Prince Albert, arrived in Paris this afternoon.

VIENNA, Nov. 28.—"Provided the Allies extend immediate help the Austrian republic will be able to arise from the position it is in at present," said Dr. Joseph Redlich, former minister of finance, to the correspondent of the Associated Press today.

ROME, Nov. 28.—The epidemic of grippe in Italy during Sept., October and November added to the difficulties of the food supply,

Canadian News

Saskatchewan

REGINA.—The editorials of the Hon. Walter Scott in his newspaper the *Moose Jaw Times*, of which he has recently again assumed the editorship, are creating a profound sensation here. He powerfully denounces the Union Government at Ottawa as having entirely neglected to prepare itself for the peace conference, which he rightly declares will have the greatest possible consequences on the whole future of Canada. He expresses the fact that Sir Robert Borden and most of the Canadian Delegation quietly slipped away for the conference three days before ever the armistice was signed, without consulting the people or even parliament on the matters to be laid before the peace conference.

OTTAWA, Nov. 29.—Orders in council placing restrictions on the issue of passports and the embarkation of women travelling to the United Kingdom have been rescinded.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—Bavaria will open negotiations for a separate peace with the Entente Allies, according to an Exchange Telegraph company from Zurich, which adds that the rupture between the governments of Berlin and Munich is now complete.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 30.—The Hungarian government has decided to intern the whole of Field Marshal Mackenzen's army of 170,000 men, in accordance with the demand of the French government, it is reported from Budapest by way of Berlin. Von Mackenzen has declared he would yield to the decision.

BERLIN, Nov. 30.—The German government has proposed to

Alberta

EDMONTON.—The Alberta legislature will meet toward the end of January, according to Premier Stewart, who announced that it had been practically decided to call the next session shortly after the third week of the new year.

A large land slide occurred on the G. T. P. main line at Shero, 34 miles east of McBride, B. C. Three men were killed and twelve badly bruised and limbs broken. The slide carried the steam shovel that was working at that point a quarter of a mile before it upset.

WINNIPEG.—The health authorities had already ordered the removal of the influenza ban, when the number of new cases suddenly increased to an alarming extent. As a result the ban had to be put on again.

Paul Macken of Winnipeg, who had stolen \$1000 from his intended bride, Dora Glowacki, when charged with the theft by her, returned \$500 and then cut his throat in her presence.

CURLING.—A southeast hurricane, blowing 95 miles an hour, and accompanied by a tidal wave, swept the west coast of Newfoundland causing heavy losses. Virtually all the waterside property in this vicinity was swept away. Huge seas swept over Channel head light house, blinding the light 100 feet above the sea level. The damage is estimated at \$250,000.

STRASSBURG.—Nine residents of the town of Bulyca, including some of the Victory Loan committee, answered to charges of disturbing the peace. The charges were preferred by John Kaltenbrunner, who complained that the accused had disturbed the peace when they paid a visit to his home, also that one member of the visitors had caused damage. After hearing the evidence the magistrate dismissed eight cases, but assessed the costs of the court on the men brought up, and the ninth person was fined \$5.00 and costs and \$1.00 damages to the property of Mr. Kaltenbrunner.

ROSTHERN.—The Bank of Montreal here was recently closed all week, the entire staff being victims of the epidemic.

PRINCE ALBERT.—Victor Carmel and Jean Baptiste St. Germain, the bandits accused of the double murder of James McKay, and Corporal Horsley, were captured in a straw stack at the farm of Charles W. Young, on the bank of the North Saskatchewan river, six miles east of Prince Albert. They were in a state almost bordering upon collapse, from hunger and exposure, and were taken without a struggle. A "Moonshine" distillery was found on the premises at which they had committed the murder. After their capture, Gervais, their accomplice, stated to the police that a third murder had been committed by them.

GENEVA, Dec. 1.—Dr. Wilhelm Muelhner former director of the Krupp works at Essen, has been recalled to Berlin by the new German government. He will be offered a post in the government.

REGINA, Dec. 1.—Members of the first Saskatchewan depot battalion now on harvest leave will not be required to report back to demobilisation centres for discharge but will be released from military service "by mail." It was announced in orders Saturday night. Men on unexpired conditional leave will also receive their discharge without reporting back unless they desire to make claim for pension in which case they will be called in.

NEWFOUNDLAND