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Must Not Include Japs

British Columbia May Have Free Hand in Dealing With the Chinese.

But Imperial Interests Are to Be Considered With Regard to Japanese.

Ottawa, July 26.—The publication in this correspondence of the position which Hon. Joseph Chamberlain has taken in connection with Japanese immigration has revived a report that the Dominion government will disallow the anti-Japanese and Chinese legislation passed by the Legislature of British Columbia in July, 1900. The time for disallowance does not expire until September next. Although no definite action has been taken by the administration there is no doubt but that Imperial interests will demand their disallowance. On this point Mr. Chamberlain, in his recent cable, was pretty clear.

The Dominion government is willing to give British Columbia a pretty free hand in dealing with the Chinese, but as long as it insists on including the Japanese, such acts will certainly be vetoed. The two acts of 1900 are clearly of this character. One prevents all companies incorporated by the British Columbia Legislature from employing Mongolians, and the other is an act which provides an educational test to exclude Mongolians.

Trip Abandoned.
Hon. Clifford Sifton has abandoned his Yukon trip this summer. He has some Northwest and British Columbia matters to attend to which will prevent him going.

ORDERED FROM RUSSIA.
George Kennan, the American Author, Has Until To-night to Leave the Country.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—A high Russian police officer called upon George Kennan, the American author and lecturer, who is in the city on his way to the country by 10 o'clock this (Friday) evening. Mr. Kennan was not allowed to leave his room in the interim, but he was contentedly reading the paper.

This action by the Russian authorities is taken under the law giving the minister of the interior authority to expel undesirable foreigners. The notice served upon Mr. Kennan characterized him as "untrustworthy, politically."
Mr. Kennan has informed the United States minister to Russia, Charles Menzies, of this action of the Russian authorities, but has not asked Mr. Towner to intervene in the matter. Mr. Kennan, in 1881, published his "Siberia and the Exile System," the results of an investigation made in Siberia in 1885-1888. This work attracted wide attention and was translated into most of the European languages.

NOTES FROM VANCOUVER.
Assay Office Opened To-day—Witness in Gold Cases Alleges Perjury.

Vancouver, July 26.—The wages of the Canadian Pacific blacksmiths have been raised from three to seven cents per hour. An attempt was made to increase this and trail on a special schedule, but this was disallowed.

News has been received in a telegram from the Skeena that a big run of fish has started there and continues to be filling up fast. The Indians of Kildispey village are putting in a telephone system from Hazelton to that village.

The Dominion government assay office was opened this afternoon.
Pelozo, a witness employed by Ed. Gold in the recent cases against holders of gold licenses, has made an affidavit in which he swears that the evidence in the cases was largely perjury and the result of a conspiracy to close up certain mines.

T. G. Holt, formerly partner of McKenzie & Mann, has brought a suit against Thos. Dunn for the delivery of \$5,000 advanced by Holt for part purchase of the Albern property, owned by Col. Hayes.

IN LETTERS OF LIGHT.
How Citizens of Toronto Will Be Invited to Visit Buffalo.

Buffalo, July 26.—In letters of light, sent across the sky, the citizens of Toronto will soon be invited to attend the Pan-American exposition. They will receive the invitation with a reply flashed by Buffalo across the black night sky. The signal will be answered from a natural elevation back of Toronto, 300 feet above the level of the lake.

BOUND FOR MAURITIUS.
Date and Duchess of York Sailed From Fremantle To-day.

Fremantle, West Australia, July 26.—The steamer Ophir, with the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York on board, left here to-day, bound for Mauritius.

OPEN FOR TRAFFIC.
New York, July 26.—The Brooklyn bridge was opened to general traffic this morning.

Fosburg Acquitted

Judge Stevens Ordered the Jury to Bring in Verdict of Not Guilty.

Accused Was Tried on the Charge of Having Shot His Sister.

Pittsburg, Mass., July 26.—At the opening of the court to-day in the Fosburg trial Judge Stevens instructed the jury to bring in a verdict of not guilty, and this was done, ending the trial. The jury did not leave their seats.

The verdict was received with shouts of applause, which the court immediately suppressed. The demonstration, however, was one of the most remarkable that has ever occurred in a court of justice.

Judge Stevens in ordering the jury to bring in a verdict of acquittal said: "Mr. Foreman and Gentlemen: During six days we have listened to a painful recital of one of the saddest tragedies ever presented to a jury. A beautiful girl, just budding into womanhood, was shot down and her brother has been accused of the crime. The government has endeavored to prove that the girl was not shot by burglars; it has endeavored to exclude all other members of the family from the affair; and, third, to prove that the shot was fired by her brother, Robert S. Fosburg."

The trial has proceeded somewhat in the form of an inquest, and has been tried with great pains on the part of the government and the defense. There has been a desire to obtain proof and so a great deal of evidence has been introduced and admitted without objection, which might have been excluded under the strict rule of the law. I think I ought also to say to you that it is due to the chief of police, who has stood by this prosecution, that in the view of the court he has tried to do his duty with a single eye to ascertaining the truth.

Now, Mr. Foreman and gentlemen, a motion has been made that this case be taken from the jury, and it becomes my duty to say to you that in the opinion of the court the government has not furnished proof sufficient to sustain a verdict of guilty against the defendant, and therefore, under the direction of the court, in the indictment of Robert S. Fosburg for killing his sister you will return a verdict of not guilty."

In the court room the crowd, which included hundreds of friends of defendant, broke into loud applause, which the court immediately quelled by sternly raising his finger and commanding the sheriff to see that the demonstration was not repeated.

Robert Stewart Fosburg, the defendant in this case, stood while the foreman of the jury was asked: "What is your verdict?" The reply was: "Not guilty."

Judge Stevens then, in a few words, expressed his thanks to the jury for their careful consideration of the case during its presentation to them. Young Robert Fosburg was then discharged from custody and the court adjourned.

The great crowd rushed to shake the hand of the smiling young man, and it was several minutes before the court room was cleared.

Suspect Arrested.
Washington, July 26.—A man claiming to be Jas. Gray, formerly of Union Pier, Mich., and Chicago, was arrested here to-day on suspicion of being implicated in the Fosburg murder at Pittsburg, Mass.

DISPUTE OVER BOARD BILL.
Negro Killed Miners' Boarding House Keeper and Wounded Another Woman.

Fairmont, W. V., July 26.—Fountain Coplain, a negro, shot and killed Belle Campbell and fatally wounded Mattie Simpson, both white, at Monongah, yesterday afternoon, and ran away. He was later arrested and is in jail here, but he may be lynched at any moment. Belle Campbell kept a miners' boarding house and the shooting was the result of a dispute over a board bill, claimed to be long overdue.

BLAZE NEAR MONTREAL.
Twenty-nine Dwellings and a Convent Destroyed This Morning.

Montreal, July 26.—Thirty-five families are homeless as the result of the destruction by fire of twenty-nine dwellings and the convent at Laprairie, on the south side of the St. Lawrence river, near this city, at an early hour to-day. The loss will be about \$100,000; insurance, \$80,000.

FRENCH FIGHT MOORS.
London, July 26.—A few days ago, says a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Cadix, a battle was fought between the French and Moors near Figuera. It was the result of the French operations to subjugate the tribes south of the Atlas mountains and that while it is true the French were victorious, the Moors assert that the French government has 9,000 troops on the Moorish border.

KILLED BY EXPLOSION.
Batam, July 25.—A terrible explosion of petroleum to-day in the most thickly populated quarter of Batam wrecked the whole center of the town. It is impossible to estimate the loss of life and property, but in both cases this is very large.

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Glenagarry Nomination.
Alexandria, Ont., July 25.—D. M. MacPherson was to-day nominated Liberal candidate for Glenagarry for the legislature. Mr. MacPherson was formerly member for the riding.

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Population of Winnipeg.
Winnipeg, July 25.—The population of Winnipeg is increasing by 250 a month, according to Assessment Commissioner Harris, and now 45,000.

Western Fair.
The big Western Fair opens on Monday. Fourteen coach loads of home-seekers arrived from Ontario and Quebec to-day.

Offered Nomination.
Hon. C. E. Foster has been offered the Conservative nomination in Lisgar, Prairie City Library.

The city finance committee has recommended the acceptance of Mr. Carnegie's offer of \$100,000 for a free public library. The conditions are \$7,500 a year maintenance and a free site.

Proposed Co-Operation.
Ottawa, July 25.—The master bakers are talking of forming a Co-Operative Association and buy all their supplies through association and thus make big savings.

A Quick Change.
Quebec, July 25.—A remarkable change in the weather occurred here from intense heat almost to frost last night.

Grand Orange Lodge.
Toronto, July 25.—By a vote of 8 to 3 the Grand Orange Lodge of British North America yesterday decided not to exclude persons engaged in the liquor trade. The general result of the election of officers was as follows: Grand secretary, N. Clarke Wallace, London; grand treasurer, W. C. Parkhill, Aldershot; grand lecturer, Wm. Cook, Meaford; grand director of ceremonies, R. H. Watson, Toronto; deputy grand chaplain, Rev. C. E. Perry, Toronto; W. W. Leach, Parkdale; H. C. Dixon, Toronto; J. McK. McLennan, Norwood; E. A. Hall, Barrie; J. R. Bell, Lucan; J. J. Gouley, Manitoba; Dr. A. J. Hunter, Orangeville; R. A. Scarlett, Medicine Hat, N. W. T.; J. W. McGill, Victoria; B. C. J. M. Harrison, Manitoba; M. M. B. McPherson, Nova Scotia; deputy grand secretary, Wm. Murray, Danforth; deputy grand treasurer, Lieut.-Col. J. H. Scott, Kincardine; grand auditors, J. H. Delamere and W. H. Stewart; deputy grand lecturers, Ontario East, W. B. McWilliams, Peterborough; Ontario West, J. P. Harper, Hamilton; Quebec, John Cox, Montreal; Manitoba, J. M. Tombs, Carman; Northwest Territories, W. J. Reid, Medicine Hat; British Columbia, John Wallace, Victoria; Newfoundland, Hon. Donald Morrison; Nova Scotia, Donald McDougall.

GERMAN DUTIES.
Berlin, July 26.—The Reichsanzeiger to-day publishes a draft of the new customs tariff law and the customs rates. The tariff bill stipulates that in any new commercial treaties entered into by Germany the duties shall not be lower than 3 marks on iron, 5 marks on wheat, 3 marks on barley and 5 marks on oats. The duties on grain, provisions and cattle are as published last week by the Stuttgarter Beobachter and already published in the Associated Press from Berlin, with the exception of potatoes, which are exempt.

TO DIMINISH TUBERCULOSIS.
London, July 27.—At the final meeting of the British congress on tuberculosis, held to-day under the presidency of Lord Derby, resolutions were adopted in favor of legislation towards the suppression of expectoration in public places, and recommending the notification of the proper authorities in case of phthisis and the use of pocket spittoons, asserting that these sanitary provisions were indispensable in order to diminish tuberculosis.

A resolution was adopted expressing the opinion of the congress that the health officers should continue every effort to prevent the spread of tuberculosis through milk and meat, and that as the doubts concerning human immunity from bovine tuberculosis raised by Dr. Koch were of vital importance to the public health and the agricultural interests of the country, the government should immediately institute a rigid inquiry into the identity of human and bovine tuberculosis.

Other resolutions passed endorsed the educational work of the national societies toward the prevention of tuberculosis and invited legislation in support of this work.

The appointment of a permanent committee to collect evidence for public literature and recommend means for the prevention of tuberculosis was advocated. The members of this committee are to be nominated by the various governments from national societies.

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Company's Position

Manager McNeill, of C. P. R., Willing to Discuss Situation With the Strikers.

Says the Strike Is Practically Over in the Old Pro- vinces.

Winnipeg, July 26.—Vice-President McNeill, of the C. P. R., who leaves on Tuesday for the Coast, after attending the opening of the Winnipeg fair, said:

"As matters stand just now the trackmen's strike in the old provinces is practically over, but in Manitoba and the Territories, our old trackmen who want to go back and new men whom we are employing, are intimidated and driven off at many points. Intimidation is carried on by a few strikers whom nothing can satisfy, and by irresponsible persons in smaller towns who, I am sure, in no way represent the true state of public opinion."

"Then, again, meetings are being held and wild resolutions passed by irresponsible persons, which are telegraphed all over the continent to the immense injury of Manitoba, outsiders being led to believe that this part of the Dominion is in a state of anarchy and that it will be impossible to get the present magnificent crop to market."

"The intimidation to which our trackmen is subjected extends to our labor which we are bringing in, the upshot being that we are prevented from building certain branch lines and extensions that are sorely needed. I venture to think that if the farmers and stockkeepers at the places referred to would calmly reflect on the situation, they would perceive that they are quite as much interested as the company in getting the strike settled, in order that the crop may be promptly moved and the general business of the country handled as it ought to be in this period of prosperity."

"The company's position with respect to the strike is simply this: If any of our men, trackmen or otherwise, think they can get higher wages with constant employment elsewhere, we are willing and ready to help them obtain it. But considering that we are paying our trackmen higher wages than any other road in Canada and than any roads in the United States operating in similar territory, we feel that the attempt to get higher wages at this particular time is a huge drop on the part of the men, and that we are entitled to the support of every man who has anything at stake in Canada."

"I am ready now, as I have been from the beginning of the trouble, to meet the strikers and discuss the situation, but it is only right that they should understand the position for all, that the company does not intend to submit to unjust demands. As I have said, the question is one in which the people of Manitoba have really more interest at the present time than the company."

In continuation of report made by the Toronto Evening News special correspondent, July 22nd, regarding the situation of the C. P. R. trackmen's strike in Ontario, the following report is made: C. P. R. trackmen at work in Ontario: Between Toronto and Windsor, 131; between Toronto and Montreal, 127; between Toronto and Owen Sound, 101; should be 80. Total, 359; should be 452. Deficiency in Ontario, 93.

Yesterday the C. P. R. trackmen were back at work all along the line between here and Owen Sound. The News correspondent, in making the trip found men at work on every one of the 23 sections of the division. Altogether 101 were counted along the track, although the regular summer force is only a foreman and three men to every section, or 80 in all.

The whole of Mr. Hallaway's division from Toronto Junction to Owen Sound is in first rate condition, and every section is well divided, and shows signs of contentment. The work has been done on it within the last few days.

The following is the number of men, including the firemen, sent at work on each section yesterday by the News correspondent: Section 2—Weston, 5 men; 3—Woodbridge, 6; 4—Kleinburg, 14; 5—Bolton, 14; 6—Mono Road, 4; 7—Caledonia, 5; 8—Melville Junction, 5; 9—Orangeville, 10; 11—Shelburne, 4; 12—Dundalk, 5; 13—Proton, 2; 14—Fletcher, 10; 15—Markdale, 2; 16—Berkeley, 1; 17—Holland Centre, 3; 18—Chatsworth, 5; 19—Rockford, 3; 20—Owen Sound, 6.

This includes the News investigation into the state of affairs