

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B. MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1907.

5

**MEN'S SPRING HATS**  
**NOW OPEN**

Our stock is chosen from the Best English, Canadian and American factories.

See our \$2.00 Styles.

Special attention paid to the Young Men's Trade.

**F. S. THOMAS,** Dufferin Block,  
539 Main Street, N. E.**THORNE BROTHERS**

Spring Styles Men's Hats.

Hand-made clear Nutria Derbys, which means the best of fur, with pure silk trimmings and good quality leather sweat bands.  
Smart Derbys for young men, \$2.00 to \$4.00.  
Varsity Soft Hats, \$1.50 to \$2.00.  
Our "Scott" Hat—none better—\$4.00.  
Silk Hats, \$4.00 to \$5.00. All direct from the factories.**THORNE BROS., Hatters and Furriers,**  
93 KING STREET.**DO YOU KNOW**  
**W. J. NAGLE & SON**

146-148 Charlotte St., (Cor. Duke)

sell new and used Furniture, Stoves, Carpets and General House Furnishings Goods, and that all their used Furniture is put in thorough repair before selling. No broken or defaced goods, but all bright and fresh, like new.  
We also buy household goods from a kitchen table to the entire contents of a house.**WESTERN ASSURANCE CO.**  
Est. A. D. 1851.**Assets, \$3,300,000**  
Losses paid since organization  
**Over \$40,000,000.****R. W. W. FRINK,**  
Manager, Branch St. John, N. B.**TO STEAM USERS**  
**Patent Grate Bar**

Suitable for any type of Boiler.

Perfect Combustion obtained with about 20 per cent. less fuel. And practically No Ashes.

**QUEEN'S HOTEL,** Montreal, 19th January, 1906.

Messrs. the Vulcan Smoke Consumer and Fuel Economiser Co.

Gentlemen: We take pleasure in stating that we have equipped two of our boilers with your Patent Grate Bars, and find that they give entire satisfaction, producing complete combustion and effecting a saving of about TWENTY PER CENT. in fuel.

Yours truly,  
D. RAYMOND, Manager.**WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.****The Vulcan Smoke Consumer and Fuel Economiser Co.**

18 St. John Street, Montreal

R. JARDINE, Agt. for Maritime Provinces, P.O. Box 255, St. John, N. B.

**YOUR AD. HERE**  
Would be read by thousands every evening**THIS WILL BE A BANNER WEEK**  
**AT OAK HALL BRANCH**

Because we are giving the best clothing values in Saint John. Everything in the house in the winter stock is subject to a rousing discount.

It is impossible to give all the details, but the stock is rich with bargains for men, young men and boys.

This sale presents to you wonderful saving opportunities. Our reductions are from our original prices, which were 25 per cent. lower than other stores prices, because our original prices are based upon our work as manufacturers.

**MEN'S OVERCOATS**

Overcoats that were \$ 6.00,	Now \$ 4.80
Overcoats that were 8.00,	Now 6.40
Overcoats that were 10.00,	Now 7.95
Overcoats that were 12.00,	Now 9.60
Overcoats that were 15.00,	Now 11.95

**MEN'S SUITS**

Suits that were \$6.00, \$7.00,	Now \$ 4.75
Suits that were 8.00, 9.00,	Now 6.55
Suits that were 15.00,	Now 9.55

**BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS**

Boys' Two-Piece Suits, were \$1.50,	Now \$ 1.20
Boys' Two-Piece Suits, were 3.50,	Now 2.80
Boys' Two-Piece Suits, were 5.00,	Now 4.00
Boys' Three-Piece Suits, were 3.50,	Now 2.80
Boys' Three-Piece Suits, were 6.00,	Now 4.80
Boys' Reefers, were \$1.50,	Now 1.20
Boys' Reefers, were 3.00,	Now 2.40
Boys' Ulsters, were 4.00,	Now 3.20
Boys' Ulsters, were 5.00,	Now 4.00

This is a sale of wonderful saving opportunities and you shouldn't miss any of them. Everything in our store is marked at a reduced price.

Remember this sale ends SATURDAY, March 9th—an early choice is a decided advantage.

**OAK HALL BRANCH,**  
695 Main Street, Scovill Bros. Limited, St. John, N. B.**GOVERNOR TWEEDIE WILL**  
**BE SWORN IN TOMORROW****Attorney General Pugsley Will Then be Called Upon to Form**  
**New Government -- Hon. C. W. Robinson to be New**  
**Member of Cabinet.**

Ottawa, March 3.—The Hon. Samuel J. Tweedie, premier of New Brunswick, was appointed lieutenant-governor of the province as yesterday's cabinet meeting. Mr. Tweedie will be sworn into office at Fredericton on Tuesday next.

Rodolphe Boudreau, clerk of the privy council, left last night for Fredericton. He will be there on Tuesday to administer the oath of office to lieutenant-governor Mr. Tweedie.

The new governor in religion is a Presbyterian, and is prominently connected with St. Andrew's church, Chatham. Hon. William Pugsley, D. C. L., the new premier, is of Loyalist descent. His father, Daniel Pugsley, settled at Cardwell, Kings county. Dr. Pugsley was educated in the public schools in Sussex and at the U. N. B. His student course at the latter institution was brilliant. He graduated in 1888 with the degree of B. A., and, applying himself to the study of the law, was admitted to the bar June 27, 1892. Subsequently he was appointed reporter and editor of the decisions of the supreme court en banc, which position he held for ten years.

In 1898 he ran his first successful election for the local house, a vacancy having been caused by the death of Dr. Vail, and on March 3, 1897, he was unanimously chosen speaker of the house. In this position his wide knowledge of law, his unflinching tact and good judgment and soundness of decision gained him the respect and confidence of all parties. In May, 1899, he was sworn in as a member of the executive council and appointed solicitor general, which office he held till 1900, when he resigned.

In 1899 he offered as a candidate in the dominion general election on the independent ticket, but was defeated. In 1900 he was elected to the local house. The following year he accepted office as attorney general in the Dominion administration. On Sept. 27, 1900, he was re-elected for Kings county with a majority of 829 and again was re-elected in 1903. Dr. Pugsley commands a national reputation as a lawyer.

He was married Jan. 6, 1876, to Miss Fannie Parks, daughter of the late Thomas Parks, at one time a prominent merchant of this city. There are two sons. Hon. Clifford W. Robinson, the new member of the government, was born near Moncton, Sept. 1, 1886, and is 41 years old. He was educated in the county of Westmorland and graduated with his degree of B. A. from the University of Sydney in the class of 1886. For three years after that he was engaged as bookkeeper with a Moncton firm, but gave that up to study with C. A. Steves and his brother, the late A. L. Robinson. He afterwards studied with Hamilton &amp; Wilson in this city, and was admitted an attorney in 1892 and barrister the following year. In 1892 he opened law offices in Moncton and in 1897 he was a candidate for their appointment of his abilities by electing him to the town council. He filled the office of councillor for two years and in 1907 he was still further honored by being elected to the majority by acclamation.

In the dominion elections of 1896 he was elected to the county of Westmorland with H. A. Powell, M. P., but was defeated by 15 votes. In the bye-election for the local house in 1897 he was a candidate for the same constituency when he was elected by acclamation. Hon. Mr. Robinson appears to be a growing disposition on the part of the directors of large companies doing business both in Canada and the United States, to take the public into their confidence. This tendency will certainly be welcomed by the public generally, and more particularly by the brokers whose business it is to buy and sell the securities of these companies, and whose opinion is constantly being sought regarding their value.

On general principles, it would seem that joint-stock companies which have to rely upon the public for their capital, should be willing to keep the public posted as to the condition of the company. Yet the utmost that many of the institutions can be prevailed upon to do is to issue an annual statement.

The promoters of these companies, regarding whose prospects the promoters had much to say when the organizations were first launched, and who were willing to pay thousands of dollars for prospectuses and advertising, suddenly, when the stockholders' money is required to be put into a business, it may be that every few days an announcement of some wonderful occurrence will be made, but if once twelve months the public learns a few facts directly bearing upon the situation, they will have done well.

Many companies state that it would be prejudicial to their business to allow the public and their rivals to know what was going on. Some also say that it is none of the public's business.

These replies, as the growing tendency towards publicity shows, are insufficient. Neither the public nor the company would ask any company to give out such information as would give competitive companies an advantage over them. The free advertising a company would get from allowing the public to know, periodically, what the business was doing, would in all probability more than make up for any disadvantages. Details which might help competitors can be withheld.

As to whether or not the public has any right to know what is going on may depend somewhat upon the character of the company. They should be pardoned for hesitating information concerning such companies as are regularly listed on the stock exchanges. The very listing of these companies shows their desire to give an advantage of some kind from the public. If it is for the purpose of facilitating the buying and selling of shares, to state that the public has no right to inquire what the company is doing is a weak answer.

If the company is not listed, even fuller information is generally asked by intending purchasers. A speculator will buy and sell almost anything on an exchange for a turn on his money, but when he buys off the exchange he knows that the stock must show intrinsic value or he will not be able to dispose of it. To say that the public has no right to know, is to drive away many friends, lest one enemy may enter.

There are at present several stocks on the Canadian exchanges about which very little, in addition to the information that the last annual statement showed a certain result, is known. While a member of the Monetary Times staff was discussing this topic with a broker, a customer made inquiries regarding one of these stocks. The broker replied that he could not recommend it. He knew nothing against it, and nothing in its favor. The directors gave him no information which would permit him to judge of its present value, and he could not recommend a stock such as that for an investment. This is the reply which

son was re-elected in the general elections of 1890 and 1903. He was twice speaker of the house, having been elected to that important position in the third assembly, in 1901, and again in 1903.

Hon. Mr. Robinson married on Oct. 2, 1890, Miss Annie M. Hinson, of Boringdon (Eng.).

**THE BOOMCO.**  
St. John River Log Driving Company Will Take Over the Fredericton Concern.

At a meeting of lumbermen held in the board of trade rooms Saturday afternoon an agreement was come to with regard to the affairs of the Fredericton Boom Company now in liquidation. It was decided to give support to an act, to be introduced at the present session of the legislature, vesting all the property of the boom company in the St. John River Log Driving Company, and that the liabilities of the boom company should be paid by an issue of bonds secured by lien on the property so taken over, repayable at the rate of \$2,000 a year with interest on the bonds outstanding.

It is understood that the liabilities of the boom company amount to about \$80,000. This arrangement has been agreed to by the boom company, the People's Bank and the liquidators and it is said the bill authorizing the transfer of the property will be prepared and introduced into the legislature within the next few days.

Previous to the meeting the matter was mentioned before Chief Justice Tuck in chambers, J. D. Hazen, K. C., and J. F. Winslow appearing for the liquidators and Messrs. Barnard Ewing and Sanford for the lumber interests.

It is understood that the chief justice intimated that he would approve of the liquidators conveying to the St. John River Log Driving Company all the property in its holding belonging to the boom company on the lumbermen paying to the liquidators a sum sufficient to pay the indebtedness of the People's Bank, and all other liabilities of the boom company, including the cost of the winding up proceedings.

There appears to be a growing disposition on the part of the directors of large companies doing business both in Canada and the United States, to take the public into their confidence. This tendency will certainly be welcomed by the public generally, and more particularly by the brokers whose business it is to buy and sell the securities of these companies, and whose opinion is constantly being sought regarding their value.

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**MEN WISHING**  
**A NEW SPRING SUIT****Will Save Money**  
**BY BUYING EARLY**  
**... AT ...****WILCOX BROS.**

Dock St. and Market Square.

**Why Be a**  
**Dyspeptic?**

No matter how serious your case, how long you have suffered or what medicines you have tried, do not give up hope until you have tried

**McMillan's**  
**Dyspepsia Cure**

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Fine Shirt and Collar work. Will collect and deliver promptly. Try me.

Estimates Furnished and Contracts undertaken for all kinds of

**ELECTRICAL WORK**

Best Materials and Superior Workmanship.

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Fire and Marine Insurance.

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**VROOM & ARNOLD,**

160 Prince Wm. Street. Agents.

The International

**TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION**

Something of the History of the

Oldest Trade Organization in

the World.

The great strike in the book and job printing industry, in which the International Typographical Union of North America and the United Typothetae of America have been pitted against each other for eighteen months, has attracted considerable attention to trade-union methods and the history of trade organizations. The International Typographical Union, which was founded in 1851, and had a successful and progressive existence since that time. Previous to 1851 there were many local associations or unions of printers, and a convention of these local associations was held as early as 1834. The International Typographical Union is recognized as a conservative organization, and this is borne out by the effort that was made by the officers of the union to peacefully adjust the eight-hour convention with the employers before the strike was entered into. This strike has been a marvel of financing. The International Typographical Union has a membership of about forty-seven thousand, and with the exception of about fifty thousand dollars, these forty-seven thousand members have raised by assessment more than \$3,000,000 for the conduct of their strike for the eight-hour day. The assessment was at first 50 cents per week, then 10 per cent. of all wages earned. The 10 per cent. assessment was effective for nine months. It was then reduced to 7 per cent., later to 5 per cent., then 3 per cent., and beginning with March 1 has been reduced to 2 per cent. The method of levying the assessment is a worthy of explanation. It was not placed by a convention, nor by the officers of the organization. The proposition was submitted to a referendum vote. The proposal to levy 50 cents per week received a majority of seven thousand votes, and the proposal to levy a 10 per cent. assessment received a majority of more than thirteen thousand votes. The International Typographical Union also conducts a home at Colorado Springs, known as the Union Printers' Home. This institution was erected and is maintained by the International Typographical Union for its aged and distressed members. Thus far the union, in erecting and carrying on this part of its philanthropic work, has expended more than five hundred thousand dollars in about twelve years' time. There are at the present time at the Union Printers' Home about one hundred and fifty inmates.

Local typographical unions also have their benefit features, such as caring for sick members, assisting those who may be temporarily out of work, and burial funds which are contributed by all members. Along these lines thousands of dollars are expended every year.

The headquarters of the International Union are located in Indianapolis, Indiana, and the officers of the organization are continually sending out pamphlets descriptive of the Union Printers' Home and explaining the methods of the union.

James M. Lynch is the president and J. W. Branwood secretary.

"Preventives" will promptly check a cold or the Grippe when taken early or at the "mezz stage." Preventives cure seated colds as well. Preventives are little candy cold cures. Tablets, and Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., will gladly mail you samples and a book on Colds free, if you will write him. The samples prove their merit. Check early Colds with Preventives and stop Pneumonia. Sold in 5c and 25c boxes by Drug-gists.

**WEDDINGS****Begin--Warren**

Miss Ethel G. Warren, formerly of this city, but now a resident of Boston, was married on Feb. 21 to James E. Begin, Lynn (Mass.) Rev. A. F. Black, pastor of the Tremont street M. E. church, performed the ceremony at the bride's home. A reception was held after the wedding. Mr. and Mrs. Begin will reside in Lynn.

A man never knows what love is until he has smelt powder.