

The Advertiser

PUBLISHED BY JOHN CARRAN IN 1896.

London, Saturday, Oct. 17, 1896.

What Is "Offensive Partisanship?"

A satisfactory definition of "offensive partisanship" would fill a long-felt want.—Toronto Globe.

There is really no difficulty in defining "offensive partisanship."

An offensive partisan is what an inoffensive partisan is not.

An inoffensive partisan, prior to his appointment to the civil service, may have been a strong party man—an active political worker. But, if he wishes to avoid the fate of the offensive partisan, he has the good sense to regard himself as a servant of both political parties.

An inoffensive partisan may still hold to his views in regard to public policy, and he may uphold them by his vote; but he will not be so foolish as to go canvassing for the party of his choice, or frequent its committee-rooms, or in any way interfere in a campaign.

An inoffensive partisan will recognize that, as a civil servant, he is an anomaly in a political campaign—that there are always plenty of fighters without him. He will not enter actively into politics, unless he desires to become an offensive partisan, and take his chances of going out of office with his party.

An inoffensive partisan will recognize that the Canadian people will never permit their servants to inaugurate the American system, by means of which the civil service—the men in the pay of the public—largely control elections.

The civil servant who takes a common-sense view of his duty to the whole public will never fear dismissal on the ground of offensive partisanship. To him the definition is perfectly clear—"offensive partisanship" is the needless interference of a civil servant in public affairs, to the prejudice of those who pay him his salary.

The estate of a Montreal firm which failed last summer yields one cent on the dollar! On an indebtedness of \$9,272 88, there is only \$92 73 to be divided. The members of the firm should be presented with this princely balance on condition that they never again run the risk of producing such a lamentable exhibit of business incapacity.

The Penitentiary Killing.

There is a disposition on the part of a number of our contemporaries to admit politics in the demand for an investigation into the killing of a convict in Kingston Penitentiary. It is an absurd plea, which under no circumstances should be allowed to hold good. We know not the politics, if he had any, of the convict, neither do we know of the officers who ordered his killing.

What we do know is that the man was not killed in self-defense, as is ordinarily understood; that is, he was not slain because one or other of the officers would have been killed if he had not been taken off. He was locked in a cell, out of which it was impossible for him to get; and he was killed because, in a frenzy—a maniacal frenzy, one of the witnesses called—it—he expressed his determination to resist being taken from the locked cell to a place of punishment. The question to decide is, Was it right to kill him under such circumstances? Might not the tragedy have been avoided, if the prisoner had been first permitted to remain in his cell for a period to reflect over the folly of his declared resistance to the decree of the warden?

Being out of office, some Conservative orators and newspapers are preaching "blue ruin." They profess to believe that Canada is going to the dogs. But this great Dominion is all right. Give it a little time.

A Peculiar Campaign.

The election to fill the vacancy in the representation of South Essex in the Legislature, caused by the death of Hon. W. D. Balfour, has developed an odd condition of affairs.

Mr. Auld, the Liberal candidate, is supported in the contest by the Premier and members of the Government. They have visited various parts of the constituency, have espoused their policy, and challenged a fair discussion of their record.

The candidate of the Conservative convention, on the other hand, has not received the support of one of the leaders of the Provincial Opposition. Messrs. Whitney, Marter, Ryerson, et al., are conspicuous by their absence. Perhaps they find it difficult to decide on common ground for opposing the new Ontario Ministry, just as the Ontario Ministry is fighting among themselves.

It is apparent, too, that Mr. Scratch, who was put up by them, is chary about allying himself too closely with those whose candidate he is. He now poses as an independent, in hopes doubtless to gain some Liberal votes by a show of indisposition to sail in the same boat as Mr. Whitney and Mr. Marter have taken.

Support is given to this view by the failure of the opponent of Mr. Auld to seriously object to the policy of the Ontario Government, as outlined by Premier Hardy and his colleagues. On one or two local issues only does Mr. Scratch attempt to discredit the Administration, and it has been child's play to meet the criticism.

Mr. Scratch apparently does not hope for election on the record of his leaders as statesmen, or he would not attempt to make believe that he has little use for them. His attitude is a tribute to the strength of the Government in this western district.

The other day, Mr. Andrew Carnegie, the Pittsburgh millionaire, performed the opening ceremony in connection with a new library and institute at Auchtermuchty (Scotland). In his address he remarked upon the many traits which bound the English-speaking race together, and speaking as one who knew both countries, said that all that was now needed to secure a cordial alliance between the two was a thorough knowledge of the qualities of each other.

The Two Styles of Writing.

A discussion is in progress between Mr. Howard Champlin, supervisor of writing in the public schools of Cincinnati, O., a disciple of the Spencerian system of writing, and Mr. Newlands, of Kingston, an earnest advocate of vertical writing, a trial of which is proposed for the public schools of this city. Mr. Champlin wrote as follows:

"The only claim that our vertical advocates make for their style of writing is that it is generally true that when slowly drawn out with cramped-finger movement it is more legible."

Mr. Newlands replies with this challenge:

"Let us see if he has any faith in his own assertion. Mr. Champlin has had charge of the writing in the Cincinnati schools about the same length of time we have been teaching vertical writing. His senior pupils will have been training in sloping writing about twice as long as ours have in the upright hand, and he has many times the number of schools to select from that we have. I challenge him to submit his pupils to any fair and reasonable comparative test of speed."

All disinterested advocates of the respective systems should see to it that the challenge is accepted. There is much room for improvement in the writing of the average graduate of our public schools.

MR. OWEN AS HAMLET.

A First Class Performance of Shakespeare's Masterpiece—A Good Audience.

A large audience greeted Mr. Owen in "Hamlet" at the Grand last night. It was a gratifying token of the favorable impression he created on the first night, and a pleasing indication of public taste for the legitimate drama. The performance gave the utmost satisfaction. The ideal Hamlet never yet trod the boards, but Mr. Owen sufficiently approximated it to please the judicious. He looked the part, and he spoke his lines with commendable clearness and with good accent. He was a more robust and corporeal Hamlet than Walker White-side, the last exponent of the role here, who affected an air of brooding melancholy, and whose performance was more strictly classical; but Mr. Owen was far less tedious, and his enunciation far more distinct. In fiery declamation he was particularly effective, and won more than one recall. The play was abridged with good judgment to bring it within proper limits, and as the usual orchestral interludes were omitted, the curtain fell at a reasonable hour. Mr. Owen received competent support. Miss Ashton made a pretty and sympathetic Ophelia. Mr. Amey's Polonius was perhaps too dignified, but as the gravedigger his comedy was good. As the King, Mr. Keenan left little to be desired. Tonight Mr. Owen concludes his engagement with "David Garrick." It is to be hoped he will make a return visit.

NOT NEAR A SETTLEMENT

A Statement on Behalf of the Striking Laborers—The Union and Mr. Hayman.

On behalf of the striking laborers, the following statement was handed yesterday to The Advertiser by officers of the union:

"The strike between the building laborers and Contractor John Hayman is as near an end as it was two weeks and a half ago. The deputations which waited on Mr. Hayman last Tuesday night did not tell him that the union had met and decided he was right in saying that pulling down brick walls was not specially their work. The deputations told Mr. Hayman that he could pull down old buildings with union or non-union men, but he must reserve the concrete and drain work for the former. Mr. Hayman considered the concrete and drain work was for the union laborers, but he wanted to work a 'scab' in with them to do the work. To this the union men could not assent, for if they did, it would be always the same as it is now—whenever Mr. Hayman would get ever his rush of work the union men could go and the scabs would be kept on. Mr. Hayman has got another summer ahead of him, and we will then see who will come to time first—the union or him. Mr. Hayman was satisfied when the trouble began if we would let him

pull down walls with whatever labor he chose, but when the union gave him that privilege he just wanted a little more. If we had given him that 'little more' it would not be long before he would want all. Mr. Hayman is one of the best union men in the city when he is rushed with work, as he was when he had four of the public schools to build this summer, and had this trouble begun then he would not have held out five minutes, as it would have been impossible for him to get men outside the union. As for the union men wanting Mr. Hayman to discharge his scabs and take them back, there is nothing in it. Not a union man wants to work for him, therefore the strike is as near a settlement as it was the day the men were called from their work."

Spot Dead in His Sleep.

A Somnambulist Mistaken for a Burglar and Killed.

Warning Failed to Awake Him—One Bullet Did the Business.

New York, Oct. 17.—When John Krueger went to bed Wednesday morning he put \$100 under the pillow. Beside it was a revolver which Krueger always kept handy. Krueger is the owner of a saloon at No. 1,338 Gates avenue, Brooklyn. He lives with his wife on the floor above the saloon. There is a third story to the building occupied by Henry Kuentz and his family.

Krueger had a hard day's work on Tuesday, so when he closed his saloon and went to bed he dropped right off to sleep. About an hour after he had crept into bed he was awakened by the sound of an opening window. In an instant he was all alert.

Mr. Krueger's bedroom opened into the kitchen, which has three windows leading to the roof of an extension. It was one of these windows that was being tampered with. Krueger grasped the revolver. Out in the kitchen, which was dimly lighted by a small lamp, he could just make out the form of a man close by the opened window. The intruder pulled the latch down carefully and then started on tip-toe towards Krueger's room. As the man passed through the door, Krueger could see that he was dressed, as if he had just come from bed.

"Stop, or I'll shoot," Krueger cried out as the man neared the bed. But the intruder made no sign of recognition. As noiselessly as before he moved on towards the bed.

"Stop!" cried Krueger. "I'll not give you another warning."

The next instant there was a flash and a report. The stranger faltered a moment, and a moment fell in a heap upon the floor. Krueger got the lamp from the kitchen. The man on the floor was apparently dead. Krueger ran upstairs and told Mr. Kuentz that he had shot a man. Kuentz accompanied him back to the bedroom and instantly recognized the body.

"That's Mettschele!" he exclaimed. "I thought he was asleep upstairs."

The dead man was Ernest Mettschele, a friend of the Kuentz family. He was a painter and had been out of work. On Tuesday evening he asked Kuentz to let him sleep in his room. Three hours before the shooting he had been drinking in Krueger's saloon. The bullet had pierced the heart and caused instant death.

Krueger went to the Hamburg avenue police station, where he surrendered himself.

"I thought," said he to Capt. Early, "that the man was a burglar, and I shot him to protect my life and property."

It is pretty certain that Mettschele was a somnambulist, and had no idea of what he was doing when he entered Krueger's room. Kuentz said that Mettschele was a habitual sleep-walker. Mettschele's brother, who took charge of the saloon, said that Ernest had been accustomed to walk in his sleep ever since he was a boy. His parents kept a strict watch over him.

BAD "BLOOD."

An Indian Killed His Mother and Sister Near McLeod.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 17.—Two Indian women were killed near McLeod, Wednesday night. The Indian who attempted McNeill's life is the murderer. The victims are his mother and sister. He has taken refuge in a thicket, which is surrounded by Indians and police. He is well armed.

"77"

FOR

COLDS

The South Asks?

"Have you any particular Medicine that is as effective in Curing Indigestion, as '77' is in Curing Colds?" Asks W. H. GALWAY, Radford, Va.

The West Answers!!

"I find Specific No. 10 of the greatest value. I suffered for years from Dyspepsia of the worst kind. I had taken Specific 10 but a few days till I felt like a new man, and gained in a few weeks 30 lbs. in weight. Its action is perfectly marvelous." F. H. PERABEAU, letter carrier, 5857 State street, Chicago, Ill.

"77" Cures Colds, Grippe, Influenza, Catarrh, Coughs, Sore Throat.

No. 10 Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Weak Stomach.

DR. HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC MANUAL OF DISEASES FARE AS YOUR DRUGGIST'S OR MAIL ORDER.

Small bottles of pleasant pellets, fit the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents or five for \$1. Humphrey's Med. Co., corner William and John streets, New York.

Chloriorgold is a positive CURE for DRUNKENNESS

It can be given with coffee or articles of food, will effect a permanent cure, and is a moderate price for an absolute cure. Book Anderson & Nelles, Dundas St. London.

FREE TO BALD HEADS. We will mail on application, free information how to grow hair upon a bald head, and we will then see who will come to time first—the union or him. Mr. Hayman was satisfied when the trouble began if we would let him



AS THE BEST HORSE GETS THE AWARD SO DOES

ECLIPSE SOAP

lead all other soaps. Have you tried it? Send us 25 Eclipse wrappers or 6c in stamps and we will mail you a popular novel.

John Taylor & Co., Manufacturers, TORONTO.

BLOOD POISON

HAVE YOU sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-colored skin, Itch, Bores, Ulcers, Eruptions, etc., for months, years, or even a lifetime? If so, you are suffering from Blood Poison. It is the cause of all these troubles. It is a disease of the blood, and it can be cured. Send us 25 Eclipse wrappers or 6c in stamps and we will mail you a popular novel.

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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

FOR CHICAGO

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TAKE THE GREAT DOUBLE-TRACK HIGHWAY.

Offices—"Clock" corner, E. De la Houcke railway and steamship agent, and G. T. R. depot.

WHITE STAR LINE

Royal and United States Mail Steamers for Queenstown and Liverpool.

BRITANNIC.....Oct. 14, 12 noon
"MAJESTIC".....Oct. 21, 12 noon
"GERMANIC".....Oct. 28, 12 noon
"TITANIC".....Nov. 4, 12 noon
"MEDITERRANEAN".....Nov. 11, 12 noon

From White Star dock, foot West 70th St. Saloon rates—On Teutonic and Majestic, \$75 and upwards; second cabin rate, \$50 and upwards. \$42 50 and \$47 50 round trip, \$50 75 to \$59 25, according to location of berth. Saloon rates on Germanic and Britannic, \$50 and upwards. Excursion tickets on favorable terms. Steerage at lowest rates. Company's office, 41 Broadway, New York.

For further information apply to EDWARD DE LA HOOKE

SOLE AGENT FOR LONDON. Office—"Clock," corner Richmond and Dundas.

Single Fare for Round Trip TO MEXICO CITY, MEXICO.

On Nov. 6 and 9. Via the Fast Passenger Line, the MICHIGAN CENTRAL

This is an opportunity of years. You will do well to take advantage of it. For routes, rates and all information call at the city office, 365 Richmond street. Phone 205.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. HUNTERS' EXCURSIONS

Round Trip Tickets will be issued at SINGLE FIRST-CLASS

TO ALL POINTS MONTREAL, N. B. PENETANG.

ALSO TO ALL POINTS SEVEN TO NORTH BAY, AND ALL POINTS MONTREAL, N. B. PENETANG.

OCT. 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, NOV. 2

All Tickets Good to Return Until Dec. 15th, 1896.

Full particulars from any C. P. Ry. Agent. THOS. R. PARKER, City Passenger Agent, 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond. City office open 7 a.m.

ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamships, Liverpool, calling at Montreal.

Montreal. Quebec. Laurentian.....Oct. 17
Gonzalez.....Oct. 24
Sardinian.....Oct. 31
Nunidia.....Nov. 7
Parisian.....Nov. 14

Passengers can embark at Montreal the previous evening after 7.

The Laurentian carries first cabin only from this side of the Atlantic. The Gonzales, Nunidia and Parisian will not stop at Rimouski or Montreal.

New York to Glasgow via California Oct. 30.

RATES OF PASSAGE. First cabin Derry and Liverpool, \$25 00 and upwards; return \$50 and upwards. Second cabin, Liverpool, Derry, London, \$34 and \$36 25. Steerage, Liverpool, Derry, Belfast, Glasgow, London, at lowest rates, everything found.

AGENTS—E. De la Houcke, "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas. Thos. R. Parker, southwest corner Richmond and Dundas streets, and E. & J. Clarke, 118 Richmond street.

Saturday Night Fair

From 7 to 10 O'clock.

CHAPMAN'S

HOSE—Ladies' Heavy All-Wool Cashmere Hose, double soles, heels and toes, worth 50c.

Saturday Night 38c

HOSE—Boys' Heavy All-Wool Ribbed Hose, double heels and toes, worth 25c.

Saturday Night 20c

HOSE—Children's Ribbed Worsted Hose, worth 40c.

Saturday Night 30c

TIES—Ladies' Colored Silk Windsor Ties, worth 25c.

Saturday Night 15c

HAIR PINS—Crimped or plain, worth 3c per box.

Saturday Night 5 for 5c

TONGS—Ladies' Curling Tonge, large and small sizes, worth 8c.

Saturday Night 5c

GLOVES—Ladies' Cream and Natural Chamolli Gloves, worth 85c.

Saturday Night 65c

JERSEYS—Ladies' Fancy Colored and Black Golf Jerseys, worth \$2.

Saturday Night \$1 50

VESTS—Ladies' Scotch Lambwool Vests, cotton warp, worth 75c.

Saturday Night 55c

NIGHT GOWNS—Ladies' Fancy Striped Flannelette Night Dresses, trimmed with silk embroidery, silk ribbon, worth \$1 25.

Saturday Night 82c

VEILING—Colored Silk Veiling, worth 25c.

Saturday Night 20c

SILKS—Colored Knitting Silks, worth 25c.

Saturday Night 18c

TOP SHIRTS—Men's Heavy All-Wool Knit Top Shirts, worth \$1.

Saturday Night 79c

SHIRTS—Men's Black Sateen Shirts, fast colors, worth 65c.

Saturday Night 39c

JACKETS—Men's Heavy All-Wool Cardigan Jackets, worth \$1.

Saturday Night 69c

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS—Men's Heavy Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, worth 40c.

Saturday Night 30c

HATS—Men's Fine Fur Felt Fedoras, Black and Brown, worth \$2.

Saturday Night \$1 25

TIES—Gents' All-Silk Four-in-Hand Knot Ties, worth 20c.

Saturday Night 2 for 25c

SOCKS—Men's Fine Ribbed Black Cashmere Socks, worth 50c.

Saturday Night 3 for \$1

SOCKS—Men's Heavy All-Wool Working Socks, worth 25c.

Saturday Night 3 for 50c

HANDKERCHIEFS—Men's Large Hemstitched Cambric Handkerchiefs, worth 15c.

Saturday Night 3 for 25c

SHIRTS—Boys' Heavy Wool Shirts, worth 60c.

Saturday Night 35c

GIMPS—One table of Gimps and Braids worth 15c.

Saturday Night 5c

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TRIMMINGS—One table of Astrachan Trimmings, nice range of patterns and widths.

Saturday Night 10c

SKIRTS—One table of