

giving stability to the monarchical power, were now no longer necessary, and they were accordingly recalled.

Q. What accounts were received from India during the year?

A. A very numerous body of the natives, called Pindaries, having resisted the British power in that extensive empire, the Marquis of Hastings, the governor, undertook a vigorous campaign against them, and had the satisfaction of reducing them to obedience, and adding considerably to the British possessions there.

Q. What melancholy circumstance happened at the close of this year?

A. The death of her gracious Majesty Queen Charlotte. A year had scarcely elapsed since the Princess Charlotte was consigned to the tomb, when death summoned the virtuous consort of the venerable and afflicted sovereign from a sublunary world to the mansions of everlasting bliss. Her long life had been devoted to her domestic duties, and amid the cares, the vices, and the follies of a court, she was an example of conjugal affection and parental tenderness...

Q. When and where did the queen die? and what was her age?

A. Queen Charlotte died at Kew, on the 17th of November, 1818, aged seventy-five, having been married to His Majesty fifty-seven years.

Q. What events of a political nature took place in England during the year 1819?

A. The country was in a state of considerable agitation from the large and numerous meetings of the populace, who were styled Radical Reformers, which at length terminated very fatally at Manchester.

Q. Relate the circumstances attending it.

A. On the 16th of August an immense multitude of persons assembled at Manchester, with banners