

TYPES OF BRAIN CELLS OCCURRING IN AMENTIA.

(Drawn as seen under $\frac{1}{8}$ inch oil-immersion lens.)



FIG. 1.



FIG. 2.



FIG. 3.



FIG. 4.



FIG. 5.



FIG. 6.



FIG. 7.



A. F. Tredgold del. 1908.

FIG. 1.—Incompletely developed nerve cells (neuroblasts), from layer of small pyramids of frontal cortex.

FIG. 2.—Incompletely developed nerve cell, from middle pyramidal layer of motor cortex.

FIG. 3.—Neuroglia cell; from a case of sclerotic amentia.

FIG. 4.—Incompletely developed nerve cells, from layer of middle pyramids of frontal cortex.

FIG. 5.—Atrophied and distorted medium pyramidal nerve cell; from a case of sclerotic amentia.

FIG. 6.—Medium pyramidal cell from frontal cortex, undergoing subacute degeneration; from a case of secondary amentia.

FIG. 7.—Medium pyramidal cell from frontal cortex, undergoing chronic pigmentary atrophy.

FIG. 8.—Pigmented cell of hippocampus; from a case of amentia with epilepsy.