ship-building, it is called Juniper. The wood of the American Larch is superior to any species of pine or spruce, and unites all the properties which distinguish the European species, being exceedingly strong and singularly durable. Turpentine is never extracted from it in America, as is done from the native species in Europe. The American Larch is a magnificent tree, with a straight, slender trunk, eighty or one hundred feet in length and two or three feet in diameter. Its numerous branches, except near the summit, are horizontal or declining. The bark is smooth and polished on the trunk and longer limbs, and rugged on the smaller branches.

Black (double) Spruce—Abies Nigra.—In Canada, this spruce is called Epinette Noire, and Epinette à la bière. The knees of vessels are generally formed of black spruce, and immense quantities are annually sawn in New Brunswick into deals (or planks three inches thick) for exportation. From the young branches is made the salutary drink known as "spruce beer." The twigs are boiled in water, a certain quantity of molasses or maple sugar is added, with a little yest, and the mixture is left to ferment. The "essence of spruce" is obtained by evaporating to the consistence of an Spruce beer is an effectual preventive of extract. The fishermen of Newfoundland and the scurvy.