

be elected, 10 members by ECOSOC and 10 members by the FAO.

Subject to the approval of the FAO Council and ECOSOC, it will be the task of the Intergovernmental Committee to draw up the conditions and procedures for the establishment and operation of the programme. In the administration of the programme, attention is to be paid to establishing adequate and orderly procedures on a world basis for meeting emergency food needs and emergencies inherent in chronic malnutrition, as well as to assisting in preschool and school feeding and implementing pilot projects with the multilateral use of food as an aid to economic and social development. The Committee is also charged with ensuring that adequate protection is given to commercial interests generally and to producers in developing countries.

The remainder of the paragraphs in Part I of the resolution are, generally speaking, provisions required to make the programme operational on the part of the United Nations. These include directions to the intergovernmental committee which are intended to give it the widest measure of discretion and freedom to develop the conditions and procedures on which the proposed programme should be established and operated, subject, of course, to the final approval of ECOSOC and FAO council.

Paragraphs 2 and 3 specifically approve the establishment of the intergovernmental committee and request ECOSOC to elect 10 members thereto, taking into account the need for balanced representation. Paragraph 2 also approves the establishment of a joint UN/FAO administrative unit.