LETTER FROM BISHOP LOGUE OF BAPHOE.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

The following is a letter from the Rt. Rev. the Bishop of Baphoe to Father Cadigan, P.P., of Onslow, Que., acknowledging the receipt of fifty-six dollars ($56), being the amount of a collection taken up in St. Bridget's Church, North Onslow, on Patrick's Day for the Irish poor:—

LETTERKENNY, 23rd April, 1883.

My Dear Father Cadigan,—

I have duly received your very kind and sympathetic letter with the accompanying draft for $56. I beg to thank you most sincerely for both. I beg also to thank your warmhearted Irish flock who have so fitly honored the feast of our National Apostle by an act of genuine charity.

It is well for our poor destitute people that they find sympathy among those of their own race and faith. Were it otherwise their case would be hopeless. English statesmen give them a choice between the poor house and the emigrant ship. English charity seeks other fields for its exercise. Though I make no distinction of creed where I find real want, I believe I could count on my fingers all the English Protestants from whom I have received any aid for the people. We have received very large contributions from England and Scotland for the relief of distress, but they were chiefly made up of sums collected in Catholic churches from poor Irish workmen. The United States, where so many of our people have found a home, supplies our chief means of providing for the wants of our poor sufferers. You and your good people are among the few who have sent aid from Canada, but I believe if the real state of the people were known we should have had liberal help from our countrymen in Canada also.

I fear the condition of the people will go from bad to worse during the summer months. At present all the resources of the people and all the funds supplied by public charity, have been exhausted in the endeavor to get down a crop; but how the people are to be kept alive till the crop matures is a question of which we must leave the solution in the hands of Divine Providence.

Please to convey my heartfelt thanks to your good people, assuring them that the poor sufferers for whom they have shown such sympathy shall not fail to pray fervently for them and for their institutions.

Praying that God may bless you and your charitable parishioners, I am, dear Father Cadigan,

Yours most faithfully,
†MICHAEL LOGUE.

CIRCULAR

ADDRESSED TO THE IRISHMEN OF THE COUNTIES OF CARLETON, RUSSELL, LANARK, RENFREW, PRESCOTT, OTTAWA, PONTIAC, AND ARGENTEUIL.

OTTAWA, May 8th, 1883.

SIR,—At a public meeting of Irishmen of this city, held on the 7th May, for the purpose of co-operating in the movement to present a testimonial to Charles Stewart Parnell, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

1. Moved by P. Baskerville, M.P.P., seconded by the Rev. R. M. Barrett, O.M.I., supported by the Hon. Senators Howlan and O'Donohoe, and

Resolved, that this meeting of Irishmen and their descendants, called to aid in the national movement for presenting Charles Stewart Parnell with a fitting testimonial for his eminent services to his country, hereby endorses heartily the noble declaration of the Bishop of Waterford, that the critical nature of recent occurrences renders imperative such a demonstration in favor of Mr. Parnell. The malevolent charges levelled by insinuation against him of complicity in the murderous outrages which have appalled all civilized society, impose on the Irish people the two-fold duty of first repelling indignantly such foul imputations, and secondly, of expressing, in an unmistakable manner, their unabated confidence and faith in the wisdom of the constitutional policy so energetically and successfully pursued by Mr. Parnell as the leader of the Irish Parliamentary party.

2. Moved by J. L. Dowlin, seconded by Mr. Martin Battle, and

Resolved, that a subscription list be immediately opened, and kept open for four weeks, and that the Rev. M. J. Whelan, P.P. of St. Patrick's is hereby appointed treasurer of the fund.

3. Moved by Mr. Martin Battle, seconded by Mr. John Casey, and

Resolved, that an opportunity be afforded to the Irishmen of the neighboring counties to unite with us in this national tribute, and that the Chairman and Secretary of the meeting, with the Treasurer of the Fund, be authorized to issue a circular soliciting their contributions.

In discharge of the duty thus placed upon them, the undersigned request that you will kindly exert yourself in taking up subscriptions in your vicinity, which, with your own, please forward to the Treasurer at your earliest convenience, as the list closes on Saturday, 2nd June.

J. A. MACCABE,
Chairman.

F. B. LATCHFORD,
Secretary.

M. J. WHELAN,
Treasurer.

VINDICTIVE LAW IN DUBLIN.

M'CAFFREY'S PUNISHMENT FOR PLEADING NOT GUILTY.

DUBLIN, May 14.—After Mullett's sentence yesterday the court adjourned on the stated understanding of bringing up for trial the prisoners charged with conspiracy only. The Judge was on hand at the appointed time today, and the jury were promptly in attendance.

Edward O'Brien, Thomas Doyle and Edward McCaffrey were arraigned for having conspired, combined, confederated and agreed to kill and murder certain persons named in the indictments. There were several counts [illegible] ving the charge in formal verbal terms. [illegible] en and Doyle pleaded "guilty." McCaffrey [illegible] t in a plea of "not guilty," to the [illegible] disappointment of the Crown counsel. [illegible] here is where the sharp [illegible] nes in. The Attorney-General [illegible] tor General, Mr. Murphy, Q.C., [illegible] eral, the Solicitor [illegible] Anderson, Crown Solicitor, and Mr. [illegible] for several minutes, at the [illegible] consultation [illegible] Caffrey was again ordered [illegible] end of which E. [illegible] ponderous indictment, to stand forward. A [illegible] licity in the murder charging him with com[illegible] the Phœnix Park on [illegible] of Thomas H. Burke th[illegible] as read, and the [illegible] Saturday, May 6, 1882, [illegible] gs. In a loud [illegible] prisoner was put to his plea [illegible] voice he said not guilty. [illegible] by attorney or counsel concerned for you? [illegible] comes

Prisoner—No, sir; [illegible] proceeding [illegible] pre- upon me unexpectedly. I ask for time to [illegible] pare, or that counsel may be assigned to [illegible]

Judge O'Brien, after conference with counsel for the prosecution, ordered the prisoner to be put back, the trial to be postponed to next week and a new jury panel to be summoned meanwhile.

THE IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE

DETROIT, May 14.—The Executive Council of the Irish National League of America, met here to-day and issued an address to the Irish American Societies and all the friends of Ireland. It says the Convention of the Irish race assembled at Philadelphia has passed into history. The Land League having been forcibly suppressed in Ireland, the Irish people are still rising intellectually above the force and tactics of their oppressors and formed themselves into a new organization, the Irish National League, preserving the aims of its predecessors, enlarging its scope and gathering within its lines the entire population with the exception of a foreign garrison and its beneficiaries. The Land League of America whose glorious, if brief, career shall be forever remembered as the splendid testimony of devotion of a sea-divided race to its distressed kindred, with the other Irish American Societies, entered the convention for the purpose of uniting all the elements of the Irish race in America more efficiently to aid their countrymen at home. The convention solemnly organized the Irish National League of America, and thus inaugurated the most compact, cohesive and inspiring movement of time for the promotion of an object at once humane and political. That object is the restoration of self-government to a people whose poverty frequently descends to famine, and is always on the verge of it. It is not due to the soil, but it is the result of the blind viciousness of a hostile foreign power, which, annually draining out the naturally created capital, maintains a system of terror and lawlessness, ruinous of peace and a fatal barrier, in the way of industrial and social development. The substitution, by legitimate means, of national self government for this coercive and destructive force is the chief aim of the Irish National Land League. The Council, in compliance with the duties imposed upon it, requests all Irish American benevolent, temperance, military, literary, social, patriotic and musical societies, represented in the Convention, or desirous of affiliating with the Irish National League of America, to immediately send to the Secretary, at No. 81 Clark street, Chicago, their full name, with time and place of meeting, name and Post Office address, their President and Secretaries, that they may be supplied with a platform, rules of organization and literature to be issued in future by means of which the closest union between this country and Ireland will be constantly maintained. Each society will continue its special work under its own name, but as the members of the Irish National League will each be designated as branches thereof we request that all societies belonging to the League and intending to join it, shall meet on the evening of June the 5th for the purpose of ratifying the proceedings of the convention and suggest that in addition appropriate addresses on the platform of the Irish National League of Ireland and the platform of the Irish National League of America be read. We earnestly appeal to the men of our race, not members of societies, conscientiously to consider the critical condition of their kindred in Ireland. The platform of the Irish National League is one upon which all reasonable men of Irish blood can honestly stand together. Its method is one by which all can work vigorously and efficiently together. Its object is sanctioned by the highest morality and the experience of mankind demonstrates that it may be achieved by persistent, determined and united effort. The sympathy of our American countrymen we earnestly invite for the just claims of our country whose people in America and Ireland have been from the earliest dawn of the rebellion in the American colonies to the latest hour of American independence their staunch and stalwart allies. The Council directed the Treasurer to remit to Alfred Webb, or such other designated treasurer or trustees, £1,000 as frequently as that sum is received by him. Smaller sums, however, shall be remitted, if, in the judgment of Mr. Parnell an emergency arises requiring more frequent remittances.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

(*From our Special Correspondent.*)

OTTAWA, May 8.

A meeting of representative Irishmen of Ottawa was held last night in the St. Patrick's Hall, in response to the summons of Principal McCabe, President of St. Patrick's Literary Society, the object being to take part in the national movement of raising a testimonial fund for Parnell, the Irish leader. Among others present were Senators Howlan and O'Donohoe, Revds. Father Whelan, Father Sloane, Father Barrett, Mr. Baskerville, M.P.P., Messrs. Egleson, Starrs, Battle, C. Higgins, W. J. Lynch. After Mr. McCabe had explained the object of the meeting, Father Whelan was elected Treasurer, and Mr. Baskerville headed the subscription list with twenty-five dollars. The committee appointed to raise the Parnell fund in Ottawa is important enough to serve for all Canada if the people wish to show their appreciation of Parnell and his services, and Father Whelan is just as good a treasurer as Father Walsh. Henry Grattan, for services rendered, was voted one hundred thousand pounds by the Irish Parliament, half of which he accepted. There is now no Irish Parliament, but there is an Irish people.

An anecdote is related of the Princess Louise which does her honor. In a visit Her Royal Highness made the Catholic Hospital since her return to Ottawa she saw a young woman in a sad state from paralysis, and on questioning her found that some time ago her husband was arrested for a serious crime, was tried, found guilty and sentenced to three years, which so affected her that she was permaturely confined, the result being paralysis. On the Princess asking what she could do for her the poor woman begged that her husband might be released. Her Royal Highness, deeply moved, told Dr. Grant, who accompanied her, to see the Minister of Justice in the matter and use her name. This was done, and the man has been released.

OTTAWA, May. 11.

The third volume of the census has been issued and contains a good deal of useful information, which, however, is of so unwieldly a nature as to prevent it being condensed into a mere report. Just fancy, there is over five hundred pages of solid figures; it would take a lifetime for one man to analyze and classify. Ontario, of course, takes the lead in industries, as it does in everything save fisheries and those connected with marine employments. Nova Scotia has the greatest number of vessels and largest tonnage, being 1,960—411,929. Quebec comes next. Ontario has 266,485 proprietors, owning 23,309,981 acres; Quebec 175,731 proprietors, owing 18,600,878. Ontario has 473,906 horses, 116,392 colts and fillies, 23,263 working oxen, 782,243 milch cows, 596,661 other horned cattle, 221,163 sheep, 53,087 swine. Quebec has 225,006 horses, 48,846 colts and fillies, 49,237 working oxen, 490,097 milch cows, 490,119 other horned cattle, 377,801 sheep, 47,256 swine. Prince Edward Island is, in proportion to size, the largest yielders of agricultural produce. It produced last year 888,814 bushels of wheat, 119,363 of barley, 3,538,219 oats, 90,548 buckwheat, 2,603 of corn, 6,042,191 potatoes, 1,198,407 turnips, 4,200 other roots, 143,791 tons of hay, and of grain and clover 15,247 bushels, which is good for an Island having an area of little over a million acres. The yield of Quebec Province was 2,018,994 bushels of wheat, 1,751,639 barley, 19,990,205 oats, 430,242 rye; peas and beans, 4,170,456; 2,041,670 buckwheat, 6,961,016 potatoes, 990,838 turnips, 159,043 other roots, 414,046 tons hay.

Ontario produced 7,213,024 spring wheat, 20,193,067 winter wheat, 14,279,841 barley, 40,209,929 oats, 1,598,871 rye, 9,434,872 beans and peas, 841,649 buckwheat, 8,096,782 corn, 18,893,986 potatoes, 33,856,721 turnips, 6,479,222 other roots, 2,038,659 tons hay, 173,219 grass.

It is now formally settled, Parliament will be prorogued next Friday.

To the Editor of THE TRUE WITNESS:

Dear Sir,—During the past few days we, the Catholics of St. Malachie d'Ormetown, have been greatly favored. Through the zeal and untiring efforts of our worthy pastor, Rev. N. E. Demers, who had two beautiful paintings, viz., Immaculate Conception and St. Joseph with the Infant Jesus, size 5x11, feet, hung in our Sanctuary. Both highly adorn our little Chapel and reflects much credit on the able gentleman, the Rev. Mr. Harel, of Montreal, who portrayed and delineated such beautiful specimens of art. We have also the Table of St. Malachy, patron saint of the parish, which was prepared by the same gentleman, and hung for our Christmas festival last year.

Our Divine Lord, in the distribution of His many choice gifts, favored us more highly in granting us a good Forty Hours' Devotion. To day terminates the holy exercises of this grand *fete*, and, assuradly, it was a success. It was gratifying to witness the devotedness and piety with which some seemed to be inflamed. At intervals old age, as well as youth, was seen to be silently wending their way to the little village chapel, to adore and reverence the Lord of Hosts. Our worthy pastor, who deserves commendation for his zeal and energy in promoting our spiritual interests, as also his *confreres*, Revd. Messrs. Woods of Huntingdon, Archambault of Hinchinbrooke, Valade of St. Stanislaus, and Gagnon of St. Louis, were much pleased to see such a goodly number of the congregation approach and partake of the Blessed Eucharist during those days of grace.

The music, under the auspices of the Revd. Messrs. Valade and Demers, P.P., was truly grand.

SUBSCRIBER.

St. Malachie d'Ormstown, May 13, 1883.

SCOTCH NEWS.

At Edinburgh, on Saturday last, before Sheriff Rutherfurd, Catherine Mortimer or Mackay, a widow, living in Bakehouse Close, was convicted of failing to educate her daughter Agnes, ten years of age; and as she would not consent to allow the girl to be sent to an industrial school, the sheriff ordered the woman to be imprisoned for five days.

The committee have resolved that a part of any surplus available from the receipts of the forthcoming gathering at Stamford Bridge Grounds, on 14th May, be voted to the Lord Mayor's fund for the relief of the destitution in the West Highlands, and on account of the urgency of the case they have already contributed £25 to that fund from the balance in hand.

A contingent of the Salvation Army has made its appearance in Westray, one of the Orkney Islands, and the members have greatly surprised the islanders by marching through the islands to the strains of accordions and tambourines and the customary hallelujah choruses. The Salvationists all belong to the fisher boats that have come from the south to prosecute the cod fishing.

On Monday morning a miner named Robert Simpson, residing in Armandale, was accidentally killed in No. 5 Pit, Woodend Colliery, belonging to Coltness Iron Company (Limited). Deceased was engaged at his usual work when a large stone, supposed to weigh about eight tons, suddenly fell upon him, killing him instantaneously. This is the second fatal accident at the same colliery within a week.

On Monday a man named Wm. Littlejohn, 23, laborer, residing in Berryhill, was killed instantaneously while engaged at his work at the screen at Meadowhall Colliery, belonging to the Glasgow Iron Company. He was engaged shifting a full waggon, and had just got it in motion when he attempted to pass through between the full and an empty waggon. He, however, got caught between the buffers of the two waggons.

The first distribution of meal, oats and potatoes among the destitute of the parish of Portree was made at Portree on Monday. There was a large number of applicants from all parts of the parish. The committee, after ascertaining the condition of each applicant, were enabled to give one bag of potatoes to each of the 66 persons; ½ boll (three bushels) oats to 35; and ½ boll of meal to 30, according as they prefered either. The distribution goes only a short way towards relieving the distress, judging from the number of applications received. The Lord Mayor of London is to send 60 tons of potatoes to be equally divided among the parishes of Portree, Snizort, Kilmuir, Duirinish, Strath and Sleat.

In the Tain Sheriff Court on Tuesday, proof was led in an action of damages for breach of promise of marriage, at the instance of Mr. Donald Munro, merchant, Nigg, against Miss Helen Sturt Anderson, Cromarty. All the arrangements for the marriage were completed, notice of it being given to the registrar and the names duly posted up. Miss Anderson said she did promise to marry pursuer, but that she afterwards declined doing so, as she heard that he was so drunk one night in an hotel in Cromarty that he was lying on the floor all night with a rug thrown over him to keep him from catching cold, and also because he was abusing her character and telling lies about her. She had no love for him; she only pitied him. She never said that she would marry him in his stockings should he have nothing else, and she never promised to stock a farm for him. She had letters from him, but she burnt them, as they were not worth keeping. Pursuer, in his evidence, said that defender often told him she was fond of him, and he was fond of her. The marriage day was fixed, and at her request he went for the registrar and had the papers made out. He failed in business, but she knew that quite well before she agreed to marry him. She promised to take a farm for him. Her conduct in stopping the marriage greatly injured him. Such a case would injure anyone, were it only to see the matter in the newspapers. He had felt nervous since, and could not sleep at night. (Laughter.) The further hearing of the case was adjourned. Damages are laid at £500.

The central body of the Parnell Land League of New York has enrolled itself in the new National League.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Since Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil has become celebrated, a number of unprincipled persons have been endeavoring to palm off Electron and Electric Oil for the genuine DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL. Beware of these similar named articles. If their originators had any faith in the healing properties of their own medicines they would, like honest men, give them a name of their own, and not try to sell them on the reputation of another; but as they know their preparations have no merit, they resort to the most unprincipled means of selling them by getting a name as near as possible to *Eclectric*. We therefore ask the public when purchasing to see that the name Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is on the front of the wrapper, and the signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, the proprietors for Canada on the back.

Finance and Commerce

FINANCIAL.

TRUE WITNESS OFFICE.
TUESDAY, *May* 15, 1883.

The money market is unchanged. Call loans on stocks are made at 6 to 6½ per cent. Commercial paper is 7 to 8 per cent. according to quality. Sterling sixty-day bills between banks 8¼ to 8⅞ premium, counter 9 to 9⅛ premium, demand 9⅛ to 9⅝ premium. Currency drafts on New York were also weaker at ⅛ to ¼ premium.

Today in New York stocks were weak. Canada Pacific stock opened at 62 and sold down to 61¼. St. Paul and Manitoba sold 128, 127, and then at 127¾. Money loaned at 3½ per cent.

The local stock market was extremely dull, scarcely any business being accomplished this morning. Considering the trifling demand the market was fairly steady. Duke of Manchester Northwest Land stock closed a little higher at noon at 73s bid, 76s asked. Other stocks presented no changes of importance.

Stock Sales.—2 Montreal 202; 4 do 202¼; 15 Merchants 125½; 6 Molsons 124¼; 15 Dundas 82¾; 150 Pacific Railway stock 62½; 10 Richelieu 79½; 30 do 79¼; 68 do 79.

Afternoon stock sales—125 Montreal 193, 175 do 198¼, 94 regular 202½, 24 Merchants' 125½, 20 Richelieu 79½, 100 Gas 174¾.

This afternoon the stock market was very dull and closed steady.

In New York this p.m. money closed at 3 per cent. Canada Pacific at 61⅞, and St. Paul and Manitoba at 127.

NEW YORK, May 15, 1 p.m.—Stocks irregular. Am Ex 91½; C S 64¾; D & H 109¼; D & L 124; D & Hg 49; Erie 35⅛; pfd 76; H & St Jo 43; pfd 94; L S 109; L & N 49; M C 93; M O P 103⅜; J C 77½; N P 50⅛; pfd 87⅛; N W 132½; pfd 150; N Y C 120¾; P M 41; Rdg 54; St P 97½; pfd 103½; St P, M & M 127¼; U P 95; W U 82½.

N.Y. BANK STATEMENT—May 12.

The weekly statement issued to-day is as follows:—Loans decrease, $56,400; specie increase, $4,252,900; legal tenders increase, $803,500; deposits increase, $6,626,800; circulation increase, $4,800; reserve increase, $3,399,700.

BANK OF MONTREAL STATEMENT.

The following is the official document out to-day:—

Balance of profit and loss account 30th April, 1882	$ 215,403 68
Profits for the year ended 30th April, 1883, after deducting charges of management and making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts,	1,556,788 56
	$1,772,192 24
Two dividends of 5 per cent. each	$1,200,000 00
	$ 572,192 24
Carried to Rest account	$ 250,000 00
Balance of profit and loss carried forward	$ 322,192 24

Note.—Market price of Montreal stock 30th April, 1883, 200¾ per cent, equal to $400.50 per share.

COMMERCIAL.

WEEKLY REVIEW — WHOLESALE MARKETS.

The trade of the city has not been much more active this week, the cold, backward season having quite a depressing effect on the clothing, dry goods and other important branches. The commerce of the port is rapidly increasing, many vessels of the spring fleet having reached here. Reports from Chicago and Kingston state that large quantities of Western grain are coming on to Montreal for shipment, and we look for a large export trade in cereals this summer. Immigrants continue to pour into our ports on their way to Ontario, Manitoba and the Northwest, and experienced traders look upon the commercial prospects of the Dominion with increased confidence.

IRON AND HARDWARE.—The market has ruled dull. The iron brought by the first steamers was sold ahead, which leaves stocks here within former narrow limits. Buyers, in fact, adhere to the old, careful policy, and when orders are given they are based solely on some urgent want which must be filled. We quote Coltness $22; Gartsherrie, Summerlee, and Langloan $21 50; and Eglinton $19.

Warrants are cabled firmer at 47s 6d. Bar iron has been in small demand with an occasional round lot to break the monotony. We quote $1 90 to $2 for ordinary quality. On the other side the demand still drags, but prices rule firm, latest quotations being £6 10s to £6 12s 6d for bars, £6 17s 6d to £7 for hoops, and £7 17s 6d to £8 for sheets. In this market sheets are quoted at $2 50 to $2 75; hoops at $2 30 to $2 50; and boiler plate at $2 65 to $2 75. Tinplates have remained quiet and unchanged. Round lots of I C charcoals, to arrive, can be obtained at $5, without cross specifications, and lots ex store at $5 25. Cokes are quoted steady at $4 40. Ingot tin is steady at 23½c to 24c. Copper is barely steady in London at £69 10s, here the market is quoted at 18½c to 19c. Lead is cabled weak at £12 15s to £12 17s 6d, with sales here at 4c. Spelter is unchanged at 4½c.

LEATHER.—Market heavy, with pretty full receipts. Former values are retained in every case, but buyers of round lots could obtain better terms. Sole leather is quiet, as also is black leather. The only movement of importance in splits is the shipment of a large lot to England where the value is relatively higher. We quote:—No 1, Spanish sole, 25c to 26c; No. 2, 23c to 24c; No. 1, China sole 22c to 23c; No 2, 20c to 21c; No. 1, Buffalo sole, 22c to 23c; No 2, 20c to 21c; No 1, slaughter, 27c to 28c; English sole, 46c to 48c; rough hide for belting, 32c to 34c; harness, 25c to 30c; waxed upper, 33c to 37c, as to quality; grained, 25c to 38c; Scotch grained 36c to 38; buff, 14c to 16½c; pebble, 12½c to 16c; ordinary to choice splits, 22c to 28c, and under juniors 16c to 19c.

GROCERIES.—The tea market is inactive. Buyers do not appear inclined to purchase at sellers' figures. About 400 pkges of low grades were sold at from 13½c to 14c. Rice—The demand is very large and prices of last week are fully maintained at $3 50 to $3 60 as to quantity and quality. Spices—The market is firm and fairly active. We hear of sales of black peper at 15c to 16c; white pepper is steady at 26c to 27c; cloves, 26c to 28c; nutmegs, 60c to 75c, and pimento, 10½c to 11c. Salt remains firm and a fair trade is reported. Prices remain unchanged. Factory filled $1 40 to 1 50 per bag; half bags, 70c to 80c, and quarters, 40c to 50c. Sugars and syrups—There has been more animation in the market this week and sales have been large. Prices have stiffened up an ⅛c in consequence. We quote:—Granulated 8⅞c to 9⅛c; crushed, 8⅞c to 9⅛c; Paris lumps in boxes, 9½c to 9¾c. Yellows range from 6¾c to 8c as to samples. Syrups range from 45c to 65c per Imperial gallon. Fruits—A small domestic movement is reported. Valencias are held at 6½c; currants 6c; Sultanas 11c to 12½c; Eleme figs 15c to 16c; filberts 8c to 9½c, and Tarragona almonds 13½c to 15c. Molasses are not in very great demand; several small lots of Barbadoes changed hands at from 45c to 47½c. Trinidad is quiet at 43c to 44c.

FISH AND OILS.—Prices for the former are nominal. Lake Superior white fish, $6 50; trout, $6 50; British Columbia salmon, $16 50 to 17; North Shore salmon, $19 to 20. Canned fish have been in moderate request at unchanged rates. Lobsters, $1 12½ to 1 15, as to brand. Oils—The general market is dull, buyers and sellers being several points away from each other. Steam refined seal is held at 95c without important movement, and new to arrive at 70c; pale seal at 74c to 75c. Cod oil is well maintained at 65c for "A" Newfoundland, and 60c to 62c for "A" Halifax. Cod liver oil at $1 70 to 1 75. Raw linseed at 70c to 72c; boiled do. at 72c to 74c.

HIDES AND SKINS.—The situation is very similar to that of last week, if anything there is a somewhat firmer tone. Sales of Nos. 1 buff and upper western hides are mentioned at 9c to 9½c, and of No. 2 at 7¾c to 8c. Dry salt hides have been dealt in at 16½c to 17c for No. 1, and 14½c to 15c for No. 2 Green butchers' hides have remained steady at $7, $6 and 5, for Nos. 1, 2 and 3 respectively.

The provision market is steady. The sale is reported of 50 bbls Western mess pork at $23, and several jobbing lots of Canada short cut were placed at $24. Lard was firm at 15c to 15½c for Western in pails. About 500 bbls pork and 150 pails lard have been shipped to the Lower Ports and Newfoundland during the past week. Eggs are worth 17c. Butter is quiet. A butterine factory is shortly to be started here which will give less chance than ever for farmers to market poor butter. What the trade really wants both for local use and for export, is a fine grade of dairy butter fresh from the factory or churn. At Little Falls yesterday the sales of factory cheese were 3 980 boxes at 10c to 12¾c; in bulk, 12½c; four hundred twenty-five boxes farm dairy at 7c to 12¾c; three hundred and seventy-five packages butter at 30c to 33c for dairy. 24c to 29c for creamery. The market dull. Grain.—A lot of 10,000 bushels Upper Canada peas was sold at 98c, and we quote 98c to 99c. A few cars of rye were sold along the line on the basis of 73c to 74c here. A lot of buckwheat was also sold at 53c f. o. b. on the line and a few cars of oats at equal to 40c here. We quote prices as follows:—Canada red winter wheat, $1 19 to 1 20; Canada white do, $1 14 to 1 15; Canada spring do, $1 16 to 1 17; peas 97c to 99c; corn 64½c to 65c in bond; rye, 73c to 74c; oats 40c; barley at 55c to 65c. Flour.—There being a demand for the SS. "Tintern Abbey," flour was steady, under fair enquiry. As high as $5 10 was asked for large lots of superior. We do not alter quotations, however. Flour is said to be cheap in proportion to the present price of wheat. Sales reported were 125 brls choice spring extra at $5,100 medium bakers' $5, 125 spring extra $4 90, 25 Ontario bags (spring extra) at $2 40 with bags, 125 brls superfine $4 55, 125 do fine at $4. Oatmeal remains firm, ordinary kinds quoted at $5 50 to 5 75 and granulated at $5 90 to 6. Cornmeal was quiet at $3 50 to 3 70, and bran at $19 to 20.

MONTREAL HORSE MARKET.

The horse trade in this city continues to suffer from a lack of offerings, except of poor animals, which are not wanted. Business at College street market has been slow from the cause just stated, but inquiries have been brisk enough for good horses. Mr. Maguire expects three car loads of fine driving and working horses from the West in a day or two, which will be offered in this market. At the Horse Exchange, Point St. Charles, trade has been light. Mr. J. H. Kimball reports the following sales:—One bay draft horse, sold to Mr. Cochrane, of Compton, Que., at $262 50; one bay horse at $155; one do. at $150; one brown mare at $160; one fine pair of carriage horses to Mr. Pope, of Ottawa, at $600; one sorrel gelding at $95; one brown carriage horse at $275; and one imported thoroughbred Clydesdale mare to Mr. John Clarke, Ottawa, at $1,550. The lot of thoroughbreds, which were specially imported by the owners of the Exchange, have been generally admired, several of them in a substantial way, four having already been sold at satisfactory prices. A car load of first class carriage, drivers, and hunters was received from the West this morning and will be sold by special auction sale at the Exchange on Thursday next. Another car is expected in a day or two. Dr. McEachran, V.S., intends shortly to undertake a journey to the West for the purpose of starting a ranche, and he will take with him some fine horses.

MONTREAL CATTLE MARKET.

At Messrs. Acer & Kennedy's yards, Point St. Charles, there was an oversupply of shipping cattle, which were offered in greater numbers than the demand could absorb. Prices consequently were weaker and ½c lower. A fair business was done, however, at from 5½c to 6¼c per lb. live weight, as to quality. Hogs were also more plentiful, and ruled lower at 7½c to 7¾c per lb. live weight. At Viger Market the 200 butchers' cattle offered found a slower sale at easier prices. Choice butchers' cattle brought 6c to 6¼c per lb. live weight, but they were exceptional. Fair to good cattle were in moderate demand at 5c to 5¾c, commoner animals sold at 4½c, and inferior at 4c. Calves were in fair supply and dull at from $2 to $9 each as to quality. Sheep were scarce and in request at from 5c to 6½c per lb. Lambs sold from $2.50 up to $5 each.

BIRTH.

ROCKETT—At St. Julie, P.Q., on Saturday, April 28th, Mrs. M. Y. Rockett, of a daughter.

DIED.

KENT—At Cacouna, on the 6th March last, after a long and painful illness, borne with Christian fortitude, George Kent, aged 68 years. May his soul rest in peace.

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