be now very accurately measured-in length, as I said before, $13 \frac{1}{1}$ incles, and $2 \frac{1}{2}$ inches broad, extending from the pubis to the first false rib in an oblique direction, passing backwards. The wound in the scrotum still open, but the communication between the abscess and the extreme opening seems closed.
25th.-Opened the abscess this day, at the pubis. About $\tilde{亏}_{5}$ viij of very fetid, greenish matter escaped; it came away
with a gurgling sound; wound in the scrotum progressing favorably.

27th.-Abscess still discharging ; ordered beer, and a generous diet.

Sept. 2d.-The opening of the abscess has closed; the wound in the scrotum nearly healed.

Sth.-Has resumed work, being quite well.

St. Martin, Isle Jesus,
Sept. 11, 1851.

ART. XXI. - Case of Elephantiasis Arabica of the Penis and Scrotum, by S. C. Sewell, M.D., Edin. L.R. C.S.E., Lecturer on Clinical Mcdicine, University of McGill Coliege, \&cc., \&c. Pierre Houlée, $\mathfrak{x t}$. 23, laborer, presented himself at the Montreal General Hospital, on the 22nd March, 1851, with elephantiasis arabica of the penis and scrotum. Fig. 1, is a very accurate representation of his appearance, taken previous to the operation by Mr. Bucke, medical student, and transferred to wood by Mr. Walker. The scrotum was the size of a new-born infant's head; the penis was elongated, to the extent of twelve-and-
a-half inches, measured fourteen-and-ahalf inches in circumference at the junction with the pubis (1), eight-and-a-half inches at the first notch, which corresponded with the corond glandis; it then increased somewhat bulgingly, and from (2) to extremity (3) it measured uniformly nine-and-a-half inches, terminating abruptly as if truncated. Over the left balf of the body of the penis, the skin was sound ; the right balf was transformed into a tumor, which, like the scrotum, presented a surface covered with large flat tubercles. The prepuce, which was elongated nine-and-a-half inches, consisted of pedicled tubercles on a thickened

No. I.


