

as I find Coulson on diseases of the bladder, reports three cases as having occurred in the practice of Sir Henry Sloane and one in that of another gentleman.

There is, however, another feature in this case, which, added to the facts above detailed, makes it really, so far as I can discover, perfectly unique. The child is constantly drawing similar hairs, from 8 to 10 inches long, from her mouth. These are frequently coated with bloody mucus. There is no calcareous matter attached to the hairs found in the urine. The fluid is of a specific gravity of 1018, and contains neither blood, pus, nor mucus globules. I may add that I have discovered these hairs in the child's urine passed in my presence. I have never seen her draw any from her mouth, but some of the lady visitors have, and moreover, I can rely implicitly on the report of the Matron.

If you consider the case of sufficient interest, you will oblige me by inserting it in your journal.

Quebec, 27th August, 1873.

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Case of Acephalus monster of seven months foetation, occurring in a primipara, by FRANCIS W. SHIRRIFF, M.D., L.R.C.S.E., Huntingdon, Quebec.

The following case of acephalus monster may prove of interest to your readers. It occurred lately in my practice, and I may state that it is the first case of the kind I ever met with during a practice in this country of over forty years.

On the 17th October, instant, I was called to visit a young married woman who was in the 7th month of pregnancy and was then supposed to be in labour. Stated that she had enjoyed uninterrupted good health, since the commencement of her pregnancy until the 13th, when after a journey of 13 miles in a waggon she felt sore all over, and