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## CONSTITUTION AND RULES OF ORDER

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## Rotes of the ruleek.

The establishment of a school in New York for teaching young women such special branches as phonography, telegraphy, book-kecping, cooking, sewing and type-writing is proposed by MayorGrace. Admission to such a schools, he think, should be from the grammar departments of the various grammar schools, and the partical effect would thus be to relieve to a large extent the yearly pressure upon the Normal College.
Last week Sam Jones paid another visit to Toronto. He lectured in the Metropolitan Church on practical questions. His lectures abounded with characteristic sayings, many of them forcible and not a few that no knowa canon of good taste could include. His advocacy of temperance was certainly very fowerful, and will doubtless be productive of good results. Though an admission fee was charged on each occasion, the building was crowded to its utmost capacity.

Dr. M'Giynn, paster of St. Stephen's Catholic Church, New York, has been cited to appear at Rome to answer before the Pope certain charges brought against him by Archbishop Corrigan, for his campaign speeches in favour of Henry Goorge for mayor, and for advocating his doctrine aganst the rights of property. His friends state that the opintons which Dr. McGlynn entertains are advocated by a number of eminent Catholic clergymen, and that he will not be deposed.

At the Medical Students' Misstonary Conference, held at tie Y.M.C.A. building in New York, seventeen men, fifteen of them being medical students, signed a paper headed by the words, "I am willing and desirous, God permitting, to be a foreign missionary." A weckly consecration mecting will be held hereafter by those seventeen men at the Y.A.C.A. bu:lding en Wednesdays, and it is hoped and expected that a new interest in foreign medical missions may be thus aroused among medical studerts.

In prosecuting their twork in the Province of Quebac the Salvation Army encountered the opposition of the mob. This was effectually checked by the strict application of law. Now they have to encounter another form of opposition. Cardinal'Taschereat issuedia letter which was read in the Roman Catholic Churches, forbidding all Catholics, under pain of committing mortal sin, to attend the Salvation Army services, and enjoining upon them to purchase or accept no more of the Army's devotional publications, and to commit to the flames all such publi: cations as they may already have'in their possession.

A wrizer in the Norlh Carolina Presoyterian says: In 1866 we had 823 ministers; licentiates and candidntes together, 92 ; churches, 1,291; communicants, 68,664 , and about 21,000 scholars in all our Sabbath schools. In 1886 we have 1,085 ministers; licentiates and candidates, 336 , churchic's; $2,2 y 8$, communicants, 143.743, and in our Sabbath schools we have 10,702 teachers, and $88,9,53$ scholars; adding the teachers and pupils, the whole number is 99,665 , lacking or's 335 of being 100,0001 More than four tumes the number reported twenty years ago. We have doubled our communicatis and 6,415 meje 1 and we believe in increasing our ministry.

Ladies of Toronto are taking $z_{3}$ active part in mumespal politics. They are nos tampered by party lines, but are bent on securing ecod men for aldermen. "Temperance and Social Reform" are the objects they seek to promote. In several of the wards they already have effective organizations, and it is certain they will make their influence felt. They will support Mayor Howland fot a second term, which he has every prospect of securing. An effort is being made to contest his clam, but as yet no candidate is in the field. The general impression is that Mr. Howland will obtain a preponderating vote over any one who may be induced to appeal to the electorate.

Tie following story is told by the New York Inde. pendent: Tise late Charles Francis Adams (as is quite natural) grew a little tired of being introduced about, during his busy career, as the "grandson oi John Adams, and the son of the great John Quincy Adams." At a political meeting at which he once spoke several prominent men observed casually that they had with them that day the son and grandson of a President, and when Mr. Adams was introduced, the chairman of the meeting said:: "I am very glad that I can introduce to you to-day the grandson of President John Adams, and son of the great John Quincy Adams." Mr. Adams frowned, smiled and began his speech by saying: "The fact of my ancestry has been referred to several tumes during the evening. I am proud of my father and grandfather; but I wish it distinctly understood that I appear before you as myself, and not as the son and grandson of any man." He then went on and made one of his best speeches.

We are not to conclude that any one thing or object in society is the chief one, the most important, the necessary, onc, before which all others must give place. Very earnest people, says the Pittsburg Crited Preshyterian, sometimes get filled with an idea or possessed with a new devotion, and then passionate in their wish to do good, declare that they alone are doing any good, or are giving their industries to worthy objects. Not only so, but they have a pity, and sometimes a disgust for the trifing people who refuse to agree with them, or consent to the same impetuous spirit of revolution they are exhibiting. The singieness and concentration are good; nevertheless, the claim that the salone are good is not a right one. There are dozens of questions in society requiring discussion and setlement. the difference between which, as to importance, it might be hard to detect. The broad view that recognizes them all is the right one It preserves the balance of thought, and it saves excitable people from a temptation to extravagance and intolerance.

A meeting of prominent persons look place last week at the Union Keague House, New. York, to establish temperance coffec-houses throughout that city in order to counteract the influence of liquor saloons and bas-rooms, by affording places of resort for labouring people, so that they need not frequent drinking saioons for companionship whth their fellows. Dr. Howard Crosby presided, and Frederick Gore, of London, addressed the meeting, seting forth the suc: cess which coffee-houses. like those contemplated had met with in London and.other caties of Great Brataio, Iudge Arnoux submitted a plan for organizing à
company with a capital of $\$ 150,000$ to begin the move ment, and a committee was appomed to solicit subscriptions for shares. Willam E. Dodge, D. Willis James and Morris K. Jessup are on the committee. This is one of the most important practical methods for promoting the temperance cause in our cities. Ponr labouring people there have no comfortable places to which they can resort, except the liquor saloons, which are always upen for their accommodation; and it is adle to expect them to change their drinking habits, unless we can place them under differens associations.

TuE Glasgow Christian Leader cannot, by its worst enemy, be accused of unduly favouring Romanism. In its exposure of Romish errors it is outspoken and unflinching. There is no political "No Popery" cry at present in Great Britain, but this is how it deals with bigoted intolerance. The secretary of a Protestant workingmen's league somewhere was far left to himself or to the evil one when he obiected to the subscription made for Father, Damien and his poor lepers in the island of Molokai. When a young priest goes to live in a community of lepers, cutting himself off from the world, and exposing himself to frightful suffering of body and mind, every person who makes profession of Christianity should thank God for such wonderful heroism, and go about his own task with a new heat of devotion. When the priest himself becomes a leper, and some friends raise a little money for him and his flock, one would imagine that even the sturdiest Protestant might subscribe. Is it credible that anybody, not insane, could speak of Father Damien as a child of hell whose de:otion is utterly unworthy of praise or even of sespect-because he is "an idolatrous priest of an abominable system"? From such devilish Protestantism as this, good Lord deliver us ! It is as abominable as the cynical atheism of Paur Bert, or the stupid betises of Mr. Bradaugh and Mrs. Besant. And on the whole it does more harm. According to this wonderful "Protestant," it is "unscriptural" to have any sympathy with the heroism of a Roman Catholic. Docs he know that if there is one thing more unscriptural, more unchristian than another, it is the mercilessness of phariseeism ?

Thougr the evils complained of in the following from the Interior are not so conspicuous on this side of the border, not a few of ou: prominent educationalists have called attention to them: Albion W. Tourgee is preaching the gospel of "Rest "in our Western lyceums, and his showing of the wreck and ruin of our American life amid the rush and crash of competution is starting. lif men choose to kili themselves by overwork, there 13 no way of hinderng them. But there is a way of hindering the grinding of young brains into imbecility in our great public schools. There is scarcely a home in all this wide land-none, we are safe in saying, in the cities and villages in which the graded system prevails-scarcely a home in which there is not one littile chald that is undergoing torture by being drawn on the procrustean class bed. Parents everywhere know it, and complain of it-though they do not realize the evils and sufferings involved-and yet they drive and grind on year by year with increasing severity. The prize school of the State is regarded as an honour to the town, and as conferring high distinction upon its teachers. That prize school is the feeder of the lunatic asylums and the grave-yards. It kills both teachers and scholars, and those who are not killed are intellectually maimed for life. Two young ladies who sought employment of the writer of this, and who were asked why they did not continue the occupation of teaching, replied that it was impossible. One had gone so far in nerinus ruin as to lose comnanad of her mind ; the other had lost the ability so sleep. Teaching in the graded schools is sooner os dater death to a womsn. What good is to be ganned ty precipitating the rush and crash of human nerics which storm through the world upon the chuldren and their teaciects? Shall wo never learn mercy and sense?

