A Girl's Account of Her Dinner a Windsor Castle.

St. James' Gazette.

We arrived so late at Windsor Castle that there was no time to do anything but set to work and dress at once, so as not to be late for dinner.

Of course, you must be aware that it takes much longer to make a full court toilet than to put on an ordinary dinner dress; and I really don't know which would have been worse—to be obliged to much longer to make a full in the hope that she would condescend to address one. I must admit that this was the very last thing that I hoped for; and as I thought it highly improbable that she would speak the Queen in an unfinished condition or to keep her Majesty waiting. However, we were not late. My maid and I worked hard; and really, at the end, when I surveyed myself in a tail cheval glass, I could not help decling that I looked rather nice. I was all in white—my mamma says that white my mamma says that white suits me and I really. that white suits me, and I really think it does and the length of my train set off the height of my slender figure, and the white feathers nestled very becomingly in my dark hair. I knew that I was looking my very heart, but my heart was hearing of my learner and the white feathers nestled very becomingly in my dark hair. I knew that I was looking my carried on by one person. In spite very best; but my heart was beating uncomfortably fast, and though I had uncomfortably fast, and though I had looked forward to dining with the Queen as quite the most delightful thing in the world, now that the moment had arrived, I would have given worlds to have been able to escape from the order! However, there was from the ordeal. However, there was no help for it; so I followed my mamma into the grand corridor, and we proceeded slowly in the direction of the dining-room, which was right at than usually solemn, and I was very

It was a wonderful place, that corridor. Imagine an endlessly long lofty as I had half hoped, to the drawing-apartment, lighted by tall windows rooms. However, the evening was looking out into the court-yard and extending round two sides of the great quadrangle. On the inner side innumerable doors opened into suites of rooms of all kinds—guest chambers, including a special suite for the Prince and Princess of Wales, and another known as the tensery construction which is given to tapestry apartment, which is given to other distinguished visitors, like the Empress Frederick, or the Duke of Connaught; the Queen's own bedroom and bouldor, the three drawing-rooms, the buyents and conductive the property of the propert the private and state dining-rooms, her. And so my dinner party endand the suite devoted to the use of
Princess Beatrice. On the outer side,
in the spaces between the windows,
were huge pictures representing in an unofficial way. events of the reign. An immense number of portraits adorned the walls, which were beautifully wainscoted in Queen again. ing was treated in cream and gold in a most artistic design. As for the china, it was perfectly wonderful, and there were quantities of it in the most exquisite of cabinets. I was told later that there was one set of Rose du Barri which was worth £30,000, and that many of the sets were practically priceless. I wanted to stop and gloat over all the wonderful and beautiful things which we kept on passing: and especially should I have passing; and especially should I have liked to look for the bust and Bible of the good and gallant Gen. Gordon, which I knew were placed somewhere in the corridor; but my mamma called to me peremptorily whenever I loitered, and so I was obliged to hurry

We turned round the angle of the corridor, and then the second arm of it opened before us with its long vista of windows, portraits, pictures, and cabinets. About a quarter of the way down we perceived a small group of people standing near one of the doors. These were evidently the other guests. As we came nearer we re-cognized several faces, and one dear the ways and wonders of Windsor. "We shall not dine in the state dining-room," he said, "but in the oak room, which is the Queen's private dining-room, and there she always receives her guests when the party is under sixteen. That is the door, the one near the picture of Lord Beacons-field." He told me further that Princess Beatrice's rooms were by far the most beautiful in the whole castle, and they were full of the most exworks of art. The Queen's own rooms were magnificently furnished. but the style was stiff and antiquemore grand than comfortable. Her tollet service was one of the curiosities of the castle, for it had belonged originally to Queen Anne. Another curtosity was a wonderful clock in the state apartments, which went for a year when wound up, and kept ex-cellent time. A third was a marvelous malachite vase, which had been given to the Queen by the horrid Emperor Nicholas of Russia, and was taller than a man. He was going on to tell me about some of the portraits, when the master of the household and several other officials came toward us and directed us to arrange ourselves in two rows along the corridor, the ladies on one side and the men on the other. My mamma, who was the most important lady present, stood curlinest away from the door of the oak room, and I stood next to her; from which it was evident, that I was the next most important person, though I was certainly the youngest, and two of the other ladies were wives of Ministers.
We waited for a few minutes in this

position and then somebody bustled in and announced that the Queen was coming. My heart began to thump violently and a curious thrill crept down my back—and then there was her Majesty in the black dress and white cap and small coronet which are so familiar to us. Then I

anyone can see the difference be-

and other laundry soaps, but you'll know the difference when you use

Greater Comfort

it because it cleanses with

Less Labor

tween the twin-bar of clear, pure

At a

Glance

realised that while I was staring my mamma was courtsying; and so, quite overcome by shame and confusion, I courtesied, too—as low as possible to hide my blushes, and not at all in my best style, which my mamma used to say was quite ewan-like; but anyhow had I just sufficient sense to take Mr. Politicus' arm when he offered it to me, but otherwise I must have behaved as if I had got softening of the brain. However, I discovered later that it did not matter, because it was not considered etiquette to speak loud or talk much, and the proper thing really was to keep one's obliged to rush into the presence of to me when there were mamma and carried on by one person. In spite of my intense awe, I almost burst out laughing at the sight of mamma sitting up so mum and saying so little. But after all there was a marvelous sameness between this and other dinners, when the first impressions had worn off a little. The plate was gold instead of silver, the servants were in scarlet and gold liveries, and there was the Queen! But otherwise the the extreme end in the Prince of glad when the Queen rose and we all Wales' Tower. followed her in silence. After dinner we adjourned to the corridor, and not, shorter in consequence, for the Queen We left the castle early on the following morning and did not see the

LOST FORTY PLUNDS.

An Illness That Almost Carried Away an Only Child.

She Suffered Terribly From Pains in

From the Arnprior Chronicle.

Perhaps there is no better known the 10,000. man in Arnprior and vicinity than Mr. Martin Brennan, who has resided in the town for over quarter of a central transfer and the flowers of Melanthus transfer and transfe in many a political campaign in North
Lanark. A reporter of the Chronicle
called at his residence not long ago
and was made at home at once. During a general conversation Mr. Brennan gave the particulars of a remarkable cure in his family. He said:
"My daughter Eleanor Elizabeth who back trouble, rheumatism and heart disease She also became terribly nervous and could not sleep. We sent for a doctor, and he gave her medicle which seemed to help her for a time, but she continued to lose in flesh until she was terribly reduced. When first taken ill she weighed 100 pounds, but became reduced to 60 pounds, losing 40 pounds in the course of a few months. For about two of a few months. For about two years she continued in this condition, were highly esteemed. in the newspapers the wonderful cures effected by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, we decided to give them a trial. Before she had finished the first how we noticed that her are boxes more she had regained her former weight of 100 pounds and was as well as ever she had been in her life.

The cloves of commerce are the unexpanded flower buds of Caryonacticus (Myriaceae), a

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directdue to either of these causes which pepper. Pink Pills will not cure, and in hundreds of cases they have restored patients to health after all other remedies had failed. Ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and take nothing in sition and qualities it resembles ordinated in the sun. in chemical composition and qualities it resembles ordinated in the sun. else. The genuine are always in-closed in boxes, the wrapper around ary black pepper. which bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." May be had from all dealers, or sent postpaid on receipt of 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2 50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

ACONCAGUA, the highest peak on the Western hemisphere, is to be attempted again this fall by Mr. E. A. tempted again this fall by Mr. E. A. Fitzgerald, who explored the New Zealand Alps, If he succeeds in getting to the top, which is 23,200 feet above sea level, he will beat the highest mountain-climbing record, Sir W. M. Conway's 22,600 feet ascent of Pioneer Peak in the Himalayas. Dr. Gussfeldt has tried Aconcagua, but got into trouble with his guides, and had to turn back 2,000 feet from the summit. Mr. Fitzgerald will have in summit. Mr. Fitzgerald will have in his party the Swiss guide Zurbriggen, who accompanied him in New Zealand, and was with Conway in the attacks, and immediately before the attacks, and gen-

## Flowers as Food

Varieties That Are Regarded as Edible in Various Parts of the World,

Scientific American

In many parts of India the flowers of a saponaceous tree, Bassia latifolia or mahwah, forms a really important article of food. These blossoms, which are succulent, and very numerous, fall at night in large quantities from the tree and are gethered control. from the tree, and are gathered early in the morning and eaten raw. They have a sweet but sickly taste and odor. They are likewise dried in the sun and sold in the bazars. The Bheels dry them and store them as a staple article of food, and so important are they considered for this purpose that when on expeditions for these tribes, when unruly, a threat is made by the invading force to cut down their Bassia trees. The menace most commonly insures their submis-

sumed in large quantities by the natives of Guzerat, etc. The Parsees and hill people eat the flowers both raw and cooked, often with the addition of grain, and make sweetmeats of them, A single tree will afford from 200 to 400 pounds of flowers. The blossoms of another species, B. longifolia are employed in a similar manner by the natives of Malabar and Mysore, where it abounds, they are either dried and roasted and then eaten, or are bruised and boiled to a jelly and made into small balls, which are sold or exchanged for fish. rice, and various sorts of small grain. The flowers of the Judas tree, Cercis Siliquastrum, of Europe have an agreeable acid taste, and are sometimes mixed with salads or made into fritters with batter, and the flower buds are pickled in vinegar. The flowers of the American species, C. Canadensis, the red bud, are used by the French-Canadians in salads and

An ardent spirit like whisky is dis-tilled from these flowers, and is con-

The flowers of the Aubitilon esculentum bencao de deos, are used in Brazil as a boiled vegetable. The flowers of Moringa pterygosperma, the horseradish tree, are eat-en by the natives of India in their with jewels. In Paris white gloves

The large and snowy flowers of plant has obtained the name of nasturtium.

The young calices of Dillenia scabrella and D. specioso, which are swollen and fleshy, have a pleasantly acid taste and are used by the inhabitants of Chittagong and Bengal in their curries, and also for making jelly.

The flowers of Rhododendron aboreum are eaten by the hill people of India, and are made into a jelly by the European visitors. Yet poisonous properties are usually ascribed to the Back, Heart Trouble and Rheumatism

Species of this genus, and it has been said that the R. Ponticum was the Recovery-How It Was Brought About plant from whose flowers the bees of Pontus collected the honey that produced the extraordinary symptoms of poisoning described as having attack-

tury, and has taken a foremost part in many a political campaign in North so full of honey that the natives of

"My daughter, Eleanor Elizabeth, who is now 14 years of age, was taken color, whence the plant is called the the Ascot races. very ill in the summer of 1892 with seaside grape. The pulpy calyx has back trouble, rheumatism and heart an agreeable acid flavor and is ed-

her health in a most delicate state, and we had very little hopes of her known from remote antiquity, differs ever getting better. Our hopes, what in a remarkable manner from all the little we had, were entirely shattered other varieties of the cabbage tribe, when she was taken with a second attack far more serious than the first.
This second attack took place about the latter being used, the flower buds the latter being used to be about the latter being used. two years after the first. We now and fleshy flower stalks, which form fully made up our minds that she themselves into a firm cluster or could not live, "but where there is life head varying in size from four to son, unless the action of the heart can there is hope" and, seeing constantly eight or more inches in diameter, here be immediately accelerated, the very

Well as ever she had been in her life. Her back trouble, heart affection, rheumatism and sleeplessness had all disappeared. She now enjoys the best of health, but still continues to take an occasional pill when she feels a little out of sorts, and so it passes away. Mrs. Brennan, together with the young lady, who is an only child. the young lady, who is an only child, were present during the recital, and all were loud in their praises of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mr. Brennan also stated that he had used the pills himself, and believed that there was no other medicine like them for building up a weakened system or driving away a wearied feeling; in fact he thought that as a blood tonic they were away ahead of all other medicines. aromaticus, another plant of the same order, may be advantageously substi-

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly upon the blood and nerves, building them anew and thus driving disease from the system. There is no trouble due to either of these causes which

Long pepper is furnished by the im mature spikes of flowers of Chavica Roxburghii, which are gathered and

Laughter as a Symptom of Disease.

From Austria comes a curious account of a man suffering from a ner-vous disease that manifested itself in paroxysms of laughter. The patient, whose case was described before the Psychiatric and Neurological Society of Vienna, was 30 years of age and had been subject for three years to fits of laughter, which occurred at first every two or three months, gradually creasing in frequency to sixteen times a day. We quote a notice of the case from the Medical News: "The attacks occurred especially between 9 in the evening and 6:30 in the morning, and in greatest frequency between 5 and 6:30. Some occurred also during the and afterward, the man was perfectly well. The attacks set in with a sens Dr. Gray's Hair Tonic and Dandruff of formication (tickling sensation) ariscure, 25c, at Anderson & Nelles' drug ing from the toes of the left foot, and the patient would fall to the ground

unless he could reach some place to lie down. When this feeling reached the level of the left nipple the patient lost consciousness briefly, for two seconds, he estimated. Then followed tonic spasms \* \* less pronounced on the right than in the left. Often the patient lay upon his face. The mouth and eyes were closed spasmodically, the eyeballs turned upward; the pupils were dilated and unresponsive to light. At the height of the attack the patient at first smiled, and then the patient at first smiled, and then laughed aloud without other sign of merriment. The entire attack occupied about two minutes. On two occasions there was protracted loss of con-sciousness. The patient had suffered numerous injuries from falls, and his numerous injuries from falls, and his tongue presented several scars. \* \* \*

At the age of 15 years the patient had suffered injury to several fingers, of the right thigh, and of the right side of the face. He had for a year or more, several years before his attacks. more, several years before his attacks began, indulged in alcohol to excess, and had been much depressed by the death of his father.

### SOME LONDON COWNS.

Dresses Now Worn by the Leaders in British Society.

Correspondence Chicago Tribune. White is the popular color in London, and the majority of the gowns seen at Ascot were of white or cream color, in every imaginable material. There were quantities of foulards, muslins, figured and spotted. There and there were any number of grass lewn gowns in the fashionable Holland tone, some trimmed with white, some with black, some with vests o pale tinted chiffons, and others lav-ishly trimmed with Luxeuil lace. Figured taffetas were popular and were trimmed with lace and satin. Bolero jackets, cut short and braided with lace, have evidently come to stay; there were any number of them worn. Hats profusely trimmed with flowers prevailed. Some bonnets were worn, but English women as a rule affect hats. Parasols were profusely trim-

have no black stitching; here in Lon-The large and snowy flowers of don the black stitching is popular. Tropoeolum majus, the Indian cress Dainty ruffles for the neck in chiffon or nasturtium, are frequently used, along with the young leaves, as a salad. They have a warm taste, not unlike that of the common cress, and it is from this circumstance that the plant has obtained the name of na-A few of the handsomest tollets were in black, richly embroidered in gold, and trimmed with bright colors. Skirts were cut in the Godet style, and are less full than those seen earli-

er in the season, and the box plait fronts are quite passe. One of the prettiest gowns seen at the races was of pale blue batiste over silk, the skirt of which was trimmed with tucks, frills and rows of Valenciennes lace. The corsage was a mass of the same lace, and the tops of the sleeves were made to correspond. The vest was of white Brussels net, and the collar and cuffs of

pale blue satin. A blue satin belt finished the waist. Another lovely gown was of white and yellow silk, with sprays of roses scattered through it. Lace and chiffon gracefully arranged were used as trimming. The neckband, collar and cuffs were of platted yellow satin. Perfectly plain white canvas duck and cloth suits were worn with sai-

season, and was certainly a feature at

dent of the Northwest.

His Wonderful Catarrhal Powder Cures a Nova Scotia Resident of Catarrhal Deafness.

When heart failure overtakes a perworst results may follow. This is where we hear of so many cases of sudden death from heart disease. The the first box, we noticed that her appetite was slightly improving, and by the time she had used the second box a decided improvement had taken a decided impr elements that constitute Dr. Agnew's place. By the time she had used four the plant is largely cultivated in the disease becomes banished from the system. Mrs. J. L. Hiller, of White-wood, N. W. T., says very plainly that this remedy saved her life. She had been much affected with heart failure, finding it almost impossible to sleep or He down for fear of suffocation. The best doctor's skill in these Northwest Territories was of no avail. She says: "A local druggist recommended a bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. I tried it and with the result that I immediately secured ease, and after taking further doses of the medicine the trouble left me. The fact is, knowing how serious was my condition, this remedy saved my life.

It would be a mistake to suppose that Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will only cure the milder forms of catarrh. It will certainly do this, and with wonderful expedition. But, as in the case of Mr. John MacInnis, of Wathabuck Bridge, N. S., it will cure the worst cases of catarrh. This gen-tleman suffered from catarrhal deafness, but after using one bottle of this remedy, he was able to hear as good as ever. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves in ten minutes, and in a little time permanently cures catarrh of all

I was cured of Bronchitis and Asthm by MINARD'S LINIMENT. MRS. A. LIVINGSTONE.

I was cured of a severe attack of rheu matism by MINARD'S LINIMENT,
Mahone Bay. JOHN MADER JOHN MADER.

I was cured of severely sprained leg by MINARD'S LINIMENT. JOSHUA WYNACHT. Bridgewater.

Lawn Mowers, Razors, Knives, and Scissors sharpened; Stencil Cutting, and general repairing.

W. J. MARSHALL, 897 Clarence St., Duffield Block. Phone 404 ENGLAND'S GREAT MUSEUM.

Statistics Showing the Use Made of It During the Past Year.

London Times. A blue book is just published containing an account of the income and expenditure of the British Museum (special trust funds) for the year ended March 31, 1896, and a return of the numer of persons admitted to visit the museum and the Natural History Museum in each year from 1890 to 1895, together with a statement of the progress made in the arrangement, a description of the collections, and an account of the objects added in 1895. The total number of visitors to the museum in the year 1895 was 542,423, a falling off of more than 36,000 from that of 1894, which, however, was unusually high. The total number of visitors to the reading room during the year was 194,924, being 8,000 fewer than that of 1894, The daily average was 643. The number of volumes supplied to readers was 1405,868 as plied to readers was 1,405,866, as against 1,470,191 in 1894. There was generally a reduction in the numbers of visits of students to the several

departments, as will be seen by comparing the total number, 232,484, with, the 264,864 of the previous year. In-deed, the number for 1895 is smaller than that of any year since 1890. Next to the reading room in popularity come the newspaper room and the department of manuscripts. The number of visitors to the collections in the British Museum' (Natural History) in 1895 was 446,737, a larger number than in any year since 1890.
Of the general progress made at the museum, Bloomsbury, during the year it may be mentioned that the collections of antiques, ornaments in gold and silver, and engraved gems have been rearranged in the new gold ornament room, which has been thrown open to the public. A more scientific arrangement of the sculptures from the site of the Temple of Diana at Ephesus has been taken in hand, and the excavations commed with lace, ribbons, flowers and menced in Cyprus in 1893 have been chiffon, and the sticks were marvels continued on the ancient site of Cur

> Two purchases of more than or-dinary interest were made from funds specially voted by Parliament. The correspondence and papers of Lord Nelson, which were in the possession of Lord Bridport, were secured for £3,000, and the very choice cabinet of drawings by old masters and of early Italian and German engravings formed by the late Mr. John Malcolm, of Poltalloch passed into the hands of

the trustees for £25,000.

The additions to the reading room consist of 34,837 volumes and pamphlets, 70,394 parts of volumes, besides maps and pieces of music, while the number of newspapers published in the United Kingdom and received under the Copyright Act during the past year has been 3,098, comprising 205,-646 single numbers.

The most remarkable acquisition made during the year was that of 1,014 editions and translations of the "Imitation of Christ."

DISTRESSING MALADY.

REV. J. M. McLEOD, REV. J. M. McLEOD,
Zien Church, Vancouver, B. C.—"It is
nearly three menths since I finished the package of K. D. C., and though I have for more
than twenty years suffered from Indigestion that one package seems to have wrought
a perfect cure. Since taking your remedy I
have not had the slightest symptom of a return
of my old enemy. It affords me much pleasure
to recommend K. D. C. to the numerous family
of dyspeptics as the best known remedy for
that most distressing malady."

Sold by druggists at 35c and \$1 per bottle.

X\*

RECIPE.

For Making a Delicious Health Drink at Small Cost. Adams' Root Beer Extract.....one bottle Fleischmann's Yeast.....half a cake 

Dissolve the sugar and yeast in the water, add the extract, and bottle, place in a warm place for 24 hours until it ferments then place on ice, when it will open sparkling, cool and delicious.

The root beer can be obtained in all drug and grecery stores in 10 and 25 cent bottles to make two and five gallons. ywt 12 to 2 0 Clock.

MEN'S DINNER, 25c -AT-

BUSINESS MEN'S

Hub Restaurant.

For a Refreshing Drink and delicious ice creem you should visit our parlors. We make a specialty of supplying picnic parties. Cooked ham always on hand.

## JOHN FRIEND 117 Dundas Street.

Reid's Hardware LAWN HOSE,

HAMMOCKS Prices to suit all.

JAS. REID & CO 118 (north side) Dundas Street.

**ALLAN LINE** 

Navigation and Railways

# Royal Mail Steamships, Liverpool, Call-

ing at Moville. Quebec, July 26 Aug. 2 Aug. 9 Aug. 15 Numidian.....July 25 Numidian.....July 25
Parisian.....Aug. 1
Parisian.....Aug. 1
Parisian.....Aug. 2
Parisian.....Aug. 8
Mongolian.....Aug. 8
Mongolian.....Aug. 25
Numidian.....Aug. 29
Passengers can embark at Montreal the previous evening after 7.
The Laurentian carries first cabin only from this side. The Mongolian, Numidian and Laurentian will not stop at Rimouski or Moville.
New York to Glasgow on State of Nebraska July 24.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First cabin Derry and Liverpool, \$52 50 and upwards; return \$100 and upwards. Second cabin, Liverpool, Derry, London, \$34 and \$36 52. Steerage, Liverpool. Derry, Relfast, Glasgow, London, at lowest rates, everything found.

AGENTS—E. De la Hooke, "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas, Thos. R. Parker, southwest corner Richmond and Dundas stress, and F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond street

Navigation and Railways

# GRANDTRUNK The Seaside and While Mountain Special

The Finest Train in the World

Commencing Wednesday, June 24, and ever following Wednesday during July and Augus 1866, a special vestibuled train, composed c sleeping, parlor and diping cars, will leav Ohicago (Dearborn station) at 5 p.m., runnin hrough to Portlans, via Niagara Falls, passing through London at 5:20 a.m. Thursdays.

Full information at "Clock" Corner and

Royal and United States Mail Steamers for Queenstown and Liverpool. \*TEUTONIC.
BRITANNIC.
\*ADRIATIO.
GERMANIC.
\*TEUTONIC.
\*Superior second cabin a ... Aug b Superior second cash accommon these steamers.

From White Star dock foot West. Saloon rates—On Teutanie and Mand and upwards; second cash rates, Mar Teutonic, \$40 and \$45; round trip \$38 90, according to location of berates on Germanic and Britannic wards. Excursion tickets on fav Steerage at lowest rates. Comma Broad way, New York.

For further information apply to

EDWARD DE LA I SOLE AGENT FOR LOND Office-"Clock," corner Richmond

MONTREAL

Leave Toronto Every Tuesday and Saturday 3. p.m.

for Montreal, calling at Kingston Brockville, Cornwall and Prescott, passing through the Thousand Islands by daylight. Fares, cabin \$7.50; return, \$14, including meals and berth FRANK B. CLARKE.

Agent-Richmond street, next "Advertiser"

# L. E. and D. R. R.

(CORRECTED JULY 1, 1898.)

Going South—Trains leave London, 6:25 a.m., 10:05 a.m., \*2:30 p.m., 5:25 p.m., 7:16 r.m., 11 p.m. Trains arrive at Port Stanley, 7:25 a.m., 11:05 a.m., 6:26 p.m., 8:15 p.m., 12 p.m. Going North—Trains leave Port Stanley, 7:45 a.m., 1 p.m., 7:25 p.m., 9:35 p.m. Trains arrive at London, 8:45 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 5:08 p.m., 8:27 p.m., 10:35 p.m. \*Arrives at St. Thomas 3:05 p.m., depart 4:30

# EXCURSIONS

\_\_\_\_TO SALT LAKE CITY, Utah. AUGUST 5th and 6th. AUGUST 17th OMAHA, Neb.,

CLEVELAND, O., AUGUST 22nd AT SINGLE FARE for the round trip, via the

## MICHIGAN CENTRAL "The Niavara Falls Route."

For routes, rates and all particulars call at the City Office, 395 Richmond St. Phone 205. JOHN PAUL, City Agent, O. W. RUGGLES, Gen. Pass. Agent. Can. Pass. Agent.

ASK ABOUT THEM.

# RATES

ESS. "Athabasca" From OWEN SOUND Every Monday, 3 p m. ESS. "Manitoba" From OWEN SOUND Every Thursday, 3 p.m. Direct for Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Fort William.

ESS. "Alberta" From WINDSOR Every Saturday, 3 p.m. For Sarnia, Mackingo, Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Fort William. Connections at Ports of Call with Railroads diverging. Also with all Local Boat Lines. To reserve your berth and get full information, apply to any Agent, or C. E. McPHERSON. Assistant General Passenger Agent, 1 King street THOS. R. PARKER, city Passenger Agent, 161 Dundas street. corner Richmond street. City office open 7 a.m.

MERCHANTS' LINE. SPRINKLERS, etc. PORT STANLEY TO MONTREAL.

Calling at Cleveland, Toledo, Vindsor, De troit, Toronto. Kingston, Brockville and Prescott, passing the Thousand Islands in daylight Fourteen days beautiful trip. The Rates Are the Lowest On This Continent.

for Tickets include meals and berth. For folders, tickets, and to secure berths, apply C. C. Young, Lake Erie Hailway, or Frank B. CLARKE, passenger agent, Richmond street next "Advertiser."

AMERICAN LINE New York—Southampton (London—Paris). Twin screw U. S. mail steamships. Salling at 10 a.m.
Salling at 10 a.m.
First cabin \$60 and upwards; second cabin \$40 to \$50. NEW YORK. July 29 | ST. LOUIS....Aug. 12 PARIS......Aug. 5 | ST. PAUL....Aug. 19 RED STAR LINE. New York to Antwerp.
L cabin \$50 and upwards; II. cabin \$38 and

L cabin \$50 and upwards; II. cabin \$33 and upward.

NOORDLAND... Wednesday, July 29, noon.
FRIESLAND.... Wednesday, Aug. 5, noon.
KENSINGTON....... Wed., Aug. 12. noon.
WESTERNLAND.... Wed., Aug. 19, noon.
International Navigation Company.
Pier—14, North River. Office—6 Bowling
Green, N. Y. Agents—Thos, R. Parker, southwest corner Richmond and Dundas streets; E. De la Hooke, corner Richmond and Dundas
streets: K.B.Clarke, 416 Richmond St., London.