

Guelph Evening Mercury

VOL. VII. NO. 191 GUELPH, ONT., CANADA, MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 16, 1874. PRICE TWO CENTS

Business Cards.

STEPHEN BULL, Architect, Contractor and Builder. Planning Mill, and every kind of mill work prepared for the trade and the public. The Factory is on Quebec street, Guelph. dw

OLIVER & MACDONALD, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, &c. Office—Corner of Wyndham and Quebec Streets, up stairs, Guelph, Ont. dw

GUTHRIE, WATT & CUTTEN, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Guelph, Ontario. dw

WILLIAM J. PATTERSON, Official Assessor for the County of Wellington. Office—Opposite Town Hall, Guelph. dw

F. STUBBY, House, Sign, & Ornamental Painter GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER. Shop next to the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham Street, Guelph. dw

LEMON & PETERSON, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public. Office—Brownlow's New Buildings, near the Registry Office. dw

A. LEMON, H. W. PETERSON, CHAS. LEMON, 1 County Clerk and Attorney

IRON CASTINGS Of all kinds, made to order at

CROWE'S IRON WORKS, Norfolk Street, Guelph. dw

MONEY TO LEND, On farm security, at eight per cent. No commission charged. Apply to

FRED. BISCOE, Barrister, &c. Guelph. dw

MONEY TO LEND, In sums to suit borrowers. No solicitor's fees or commission charged. Apply direct to

GUTHRIE, WATT & CUTTEN, Guelph. dw

RICE'S BILLIARD HALL, In the Queen's Hotel, Guelph, opposite the Market. The room has just been refitted in splendid style, the tables reduced in size, and everything done to make it a first-class Billiard Hall. Guelph, Nov. 3rd, 1873. dw

CASH FOR WOOL, HIDES, SHEEP SKINS, CALF SKINS, AND WOOL PICKINGS. The highest market price paid for the above at No. 4, Gordon Street, Day's old Block, Guelph. Plasterers' hair constantly on hand for sale. **MOULTON & BISH,** Guelph, Jan. 1, 1874. dw

ENGRAVING. Gold and Silver Plating Office—Dundas Bridge. Orders left at either Messrs. Savage or Fringle's Jewellery Stores, Wyndham street, will be promptly attended to. **T. O. OLDHAM,** Guelph Dec. 15, 1873. dw

HOTEL CARD. The Right Man in the Right Place. Thomas Ward, late of the Crown Hotel, begs to inform the travelling public that he has acquired possession of the Victoria Hotel, next door to the post office, where he hopes by courtesy, attention and good accommodation to merit a fair share of public patronage, both from old and new friends. The best of Liquors, Wines, Cigars &c., constantly on hand. A good hostler always in attendance. Remember the spot—next door to the post office. **THOMAS WARD, Proprietor.** Guelph, Dec. 11, 1873. dw

PARKER'S HOTEL, DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE MARKET, GUELPH. First-class accommodation for travellers. Commodious stabling and an attentive hostler. The best of Liquors and Cigars at the bar. He has just fitted up a room where Oysters will be served up at all hours, in the favorite style. Pickled Salmon Lobsters and Sardines.

RAYMOND'S SEWING MACHINES Family Sewing Machine (single thread) " Hand Lock Stitch (double thread) No. 1, Foot Power, " No. 2, for heavy work. Furnished with plain tables, half, or Cabinet Cases, as required.

CHARLES RAYMOND, GUELPH, ONTARIO.

PRIZE DENTISTRY. **DR. ROBERT CAMPBELL,** Licentiate of Dental Surgery, Established 1864. Office next door to the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, Wyndham Street, Guelph. Residence—opposite Mr. Boulton's Factory, Quebec Street. Teeth extracted without pain. References—Drs. Clarke, Tuck, McGuire, Henry, McGeorge, Cowan, Guelph; Drs. Buchanan and Phillips, Toronto; Drs. Elliot & Meyers, Dentists, Toronto. dw

W. M. FOSTER, L.D.S., Surgeon Dentist, Guelph. Office over E. Harvey & Co's. Drug Store, Corner of Wyndham & Macdonnell-st., Guelph. Est. Nitrous Oxide (laughing gas) administered for the extraction of teeth without pain, which is perfectly safe and reliable. References kindly permitted to Drs. Herod, McGuire, Keating, Cowan, and McGregor, Guelph. dw

PLASTER AND SALT. The subscriber has on hand 500 tons of the best Caledonia and Paris Plaster and Lead Salt. Also on hand, seed grain of all kinds. The highest price paid for potatoes and turnips. **GEO. BARKER,** Gordon street, near the G. T. crossing, Guelph, Feb. 27, 1874. dw

New Advertisements.

WANTED—A girl to act as Nurse and Housemaid. Must be competent and have good references. Apply to Mrs. West, near the Great Western Railway Station, Guelph. 14-111

GIRL WANTED—At the Confectionery Store of Wm. Walrod, next to A. B. Petrie's Drug Store. 18-101

DRESSMAKERS WANTED. Four experienced Dressmakers wanted immediately for the Fashionable West End. Apply to Miss Morrison. 18-101

\$10 REWARD. The undersigned will pay the above reward to anyone who will give such information as will lead to the full conviction of the guilty party who cut the breast straps off the harness of his buggy harness on Wednesday evening last, while his horse and buggy were standing at the Great Western Railway station in this town. **GEORGE ANDERSON,** Guelph, March 15, 1874. 24

AGENTS WANTED—To sell Rights for one of the best articles now in use. Real live agents can make splendid wages. Apply to A. Armstrong, corner of Wood and Bridge streets, Guelph. 18-101

TEACHER WANTED—For a Junior Division of one of the First Classes in the Public Schools, Guelph. Salary \$175 a year, payable quarterly. To enter upon her duties on the 1st of April. Applications with qualification to be lodged with the undersigned by the 20th inst. **ROBT. FORBANCE, Sec. B. S. T.** Guelph, 15th March, 1874. 64

3000 bushels Turnips at 5c. per bushel. Apply to **JAMES SIMPSON,** Near the Great Western Station, Guelph, March 12, 1874. dw

ALL PARTIES having claims against the Estate of William Brownlow will please hand them in before Saturday, the 21st instant, after which date each creditor will be paid *pro rata*. **MIL DOWD** JOHN HUBBSMAN, Trustee. dw

NOTES STOLEN—The public are hereby cautioned against receiving any notes payable to J. B. Armstrong & Co. or signed by them, as the same have been stolen from them. **J. B. ARMSTRONG & Co** Guelph, Feb. 23, 1874. dw

In selecting Spring Stock, Merchants are reminded that Golden Syrup Vinegar is acknowledged to be the Best Vinegar in the market for pickling and other domestic uses. It may be obtained of leading Wholesale Houses, or at the Manufactory of Mr. B. E. CHARLTON, Hamilton, Ont. March 14, 1874. 37d

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. The partnership between the firm of ROBERT CHANCE and James D. WILLIAMSON, of the Town of Guelph, Dry Goods Merchants, was dissolved on the 15th day of February, 1874, by mutual consent. All debts due by or to the firm will be settled by the said James D. WILLIAMSON, and all parties indebted to the late firm are requested to pay Mr. WILLIAMSON at once, and save costs. Dated at Guelph, 24th February, 1874. Signed, **JOHN HOGG, THOS. W. SAUNDERS** Executors of the late Robert Chance. dw

THORP'S HOTEL, GUELPH—Re-modelled and newly furnished. Good accommodation for commercial travellers. Free omnibus to and from all trains. First-class Livery in connection. my 14 dw JAS. A. THORP Proprietor.

LEROUX BROS. COMBINATION Gymnast, Variety and **PANTOMIME TROUPE** The wonderful **LEROUX BROTHERS** In their Double Troupe and Horizontal Bar, in which they challenge the world, will appear in the Town Hall, Guelph, **On Monday Ev'g, March 16** GEORGE ESMOND, the great Pantomime Clown and Gymnast, who never fails to keep his audience in a roar of laughter. **LAC MAYO,** Canada's favorite Negro and Bell Character Delineator, in his great Specialties. **GEORGE KITTRIDGE,** Prima Doms Impersonator, acknowledged by the Press and Public to have no superior.

FULL BRASS BAND & ORCHESTRA Band Parade in the afternoon, and Serenade in front of Hall in the evening. Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 50c. Children under 12, half price. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 prompt.

FRAME BUILDING FOR SALE. Offers will be received by the undersigned Trustees, up to March the 23th, for the purchase of the old school house, York Road. A good sound rock-clim frame 22x24 feet, set on stone foundation. The building to be removed off the premises within three weeks thereafter. **D. KELEHER, H. SWEETNAM, H. SANDERSON,** Trustees School Section No. 1, Guelph T'p. March 10th, 1874. dw

NEW COAL YARD. The undersigned having opened a Coal Yard in Guelph is prepared to furnish all kinds of **Fard and Soft Coal** at moderate prices. Orders left at the store of John A. Wood, Upper Wyndham street, will be promptly attended to. **GEORGE MURTON,** Guelph, March 1st, 1874. dw Proprietor.

S. T. PATRICK'S DAY. The Guelph S. T. Patrick's Society will celebrate the Anniversary of Ireland's Patron Saint by a **Public Dinner** To be held at the QUEEN'S HOTEL, on the evening of **Tuesday, 17th of March** Tickets, One Dollar each, To be had from the officers of the Society, and at the Bookstores. **E. O'CONNOR,** Guelph, March 10th, 1874. dw Secretary.

Guelph Evening Mercury

MONDAY EV'G, MARCH 16, 1874

Town and County News

The Elora Curling-Club made a score of 79 for the Dufferin medal.

Wm. Tawse & Son's new advertisement of spring goods will appear to-morrow.

Mr. P. C. Allan, formerly of Guelph, has bought out A. S. Irving's book and stationary business in Toronto.

The Division Court for Elora was held before the Junior Judge on Monday, March 9. Very few cases of any consequence were tried. The next Court will be held on the 11th of May next.

The congregation of Knox Church, Mount Forest, have unanimously adopted the basis of union on the part of the Presbyterian bodies in Canada. The church session also agreed to the union.

The Mechanics Band of Orangeville is succeeding well. They have ordered an entirely set of new instruments through Major Parsons, and in a few weeks will be prepared to assist on all public occasions.

REMEMBER the Leroux Brothers' entertainment in the town hall to-night. We notice that Mr. Geo. Kittridge, for some time a resident in Guelph, is the prima donna impersonator, and is said to have no superior.

THE ORANGEVILLE MARCH FAIR was very largely attended. The day was favorable, and the prices paid for fat cattle was very good. A large number of cattle was bought by drovers. Horses were also in good demand.

David Cardy, of West Garafraxa, recently poisoned one large wolf out of a pack of four that was raiding on his premises. It measured 5 feet 4 inches from the nose to the tip of the tail, stood 2 feet 9 inches, and weighed 73 pounds. Its body was thin, very strong limbs, and large head. Mr. Cardy gets 96 from the Township, and 86 from the County.

SIGNS OF SPRING.—When we see robins amongst the habitations of man, and fresh laid eggs upon our breakfast-table, and snow slides fall down on our heads, and hear people say how warm it is! and see Mrs. Jones at the market bring out her poultry, and so on, then we know that spring is coming on, and the little birds will begin to sing soon. The onions and other odoriferous exotics will bloom forth in all their pastime loveliness and vigor.

HAMILTON AND NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY. The Halton By-Law, granting a bonus of \$65,000 to this road was carried by a majority of 267. The vote stood as follows:—Georgetown for 156, against 1; Milton, for 85, against none; Village of Burlington, for 82, against none; Esquesing, for 169, against 115; Nelson, for 53, against 63; Trafalgar, for 20, against 154. Total, for 401, against 144.

LETTING OF COUNTY BRIDGES.—The Warden and Mr. John Mair, met in Fergus on Monday, at Little Toronto on Tuesday, and at Arthur the same evening, for the purpose of receiving tenders and letting the contracts for building three bridges in this county. Mr. Odgen, one of the Commissioners, was absent on account of family affliction. The following tenders were accepted, being the lowest in each case:—Fergus bridge near Wilson's Mill, Peter Simpson, Elora, \$1,120. Bridge between Ananarth and East Garafraxa, A. McLeellan, \$870. Arthur and Luther Line, Four Mile Creek. M. Barlow, \$419.

FIRE INVESTIGATION.—The Elora High School building was insured in the Niagara Mutual Fire Insurance Company for \$800 and the contents in the same company for \$200. On Saturday last Messrs Beattie, Allan, Larter and Cassidy, on behalf of the Company, held an investigation into the cause of the recent fire, and examined six witnesses on oath. From the evidence given it was made quite clear that the fire did not originate from the pipe where it passed through the window, but from a number of maps which were away in a corner—some three or four feet from the stove.

NOT FLOODED.—It will be remembered that early in the spring of 1873 an assault with intent was committed upon a Mr. Husson, near Elora, for which Levi Gilles was convicted. He was sentenced to hard labor in the Guelph goal for one year and eleven months, and to be thrice flogged during that period—once within a fortnight from the passing of the sentence, once within a year afterwards, and once within a fortnight before his release—thrice lashes each time. His sentence expires on March 30, but we learn that his third flogging has been remitted on the petition of the Young Men's Christian Association of this town. The grounds on which this clemency was based are, we believe, that his conduct in goal has been very good, and that his intellect is not altogether sound.

ACCIDENTS ON THE T. G. & B. RAILWAY.—On Sunday morning, March 8, the "Mount Forest," one of the finest locomotives on the narrow gauge line, ran off the track a little below Woodbridge, carrying with it two cars laden with flour. The locomotive was badly wrecked—the cab being completely demolished and the working gear generally demoralized. One of the eight cars escaped without much injury; the other upset and rolled over and over down the embankment, and landed wrong side up at the bottom, a confused heap of dilapidated car and broken flour barrels. On Monday morning, while a freight train was coming down the heavy grade on the Caledon hills, the locomotive and five timber cars broke away from the remainder of the train, and being without a brake to slacken the speed, rushed down at a frightful speed—some seventy miles an hour, it is said. The engine fortunately kept the track, but two of the cars ran off, scattering the timber in all directions for a considerable distance, wrecking the cars, and smashing the fences in many places. The train was soon after connected, and proceeded to its destination without further incident. The Orangeville Sun says that the company has recently placed two new engines—"Orangeville" and "Mount Forest"—on the line, and these being too long for the sharp curves in the road, spread the track, causing some cars to leave the rails on Thursday. A train was a good deal smashed on Friday near Shelburne owing to a broken rail. On the same day a train went off the rails near Weston, and the bridge over the Credit at Melville was reported in an unsafe condition. This is a long catalogue of minor disasters for one railway.

DRIED APPLES.—A friend of ours, in his peregrinations through the market, recently came across some dried apples that appeared very nice at the top. Having a weakness for apples in any shape his steps were stayed while an examination was made. Removing some of the upper ones, a sight greeted his vision that fully prepared him to sympathize with the man who wrote this:—
I loathe! I abhor! I detest! I despise!
Abominate dried apple pies!
I like of dried, or stewed, or meat,
Or any thing that is fit to eat;
But of all the grub beneath the skies,
The poorest and the most unwholesome,
Give us a toothache, or sore eyes,
In preference to such kind of pies.
The farmer takes his earliest fruit,
The wormy, bitter, and hard to boot,
They leave the hull to make us cough,
And don't take half the peelings off.
Then on a dirty cord they're strung,
From some chamber under a lung;
And there they serve as roost for flies;
Until they're ready to be made pies,
Bread on my corn, or tell me lies.
But don't pass me dried apple pies.
He didn't purchase any of those dried apples, although they were offered at the modest rate of "only two dollars" a bushel.

Local and Other Items

THE TORONTO BURGLARY.—Mr. Dain's condition continues to improve, and his recovery is now fully anticipated.

In an accident on the Central Pacific Railway last Friday, Mrs. Wm. Roe, of Dundas, Canada, was seriously injured, and her condition is regarded as critical.

The directors of the South Grey Agricultural Society have decided to hold a spring show in Durham on the 22nd of April, of sire stock, stallions and bulls, and to hold the fall show at Flesherton.

TEMPORARY THEATRE.—Pending the rebuilding of the Royal Lyceum, Toronto, Mr. Tannehill has leased the Agricultural Hall, and is busily engaged in fitting it up as a temporary theatre, in which he proposes to commence on Monday evening to give the usual nightly performances.

A few days ago a young man laid out \$30 in butter, and took it to St. Catharines to sell by retail in the evening, making considerable money. The first pound he sold was short in weight, and the consequence was that the whole lot was seized, and divided among the charitable institutions of the town. Honesty is the best policy.

A HEAVY LOSS by fire was sustained by Dr. McFarland, Port Robinson, on Thursday night, by the burning of his barn and farming implements, value \$2,000, insured \$400. Mr. Slowe, who rented the building, lost four cows, three horses and a considerable quantity of hay, grain, &c. A horse, wagon and harness belonging to a man named Lynch, were also burned.

SINCE the accident at Komoka, the directors of the Northern Railway have instituted experiments with a view to safety in that particular, and have now ordered all their passenger cars to be supplied with an oil which has been tested with flame to a heat of 212 degrees, the use of which will, it is believed, remove all danger of ignition or explosion.

HORSE THEFT CAUGHT.—The horse and cutter of Mr. Thos. Ferguson, Mulmur, was stolen from a hotel driving on Feb. 18th; and five days afterwards a man named Joe Wilson, alias Joe Mc Mullen, was arrested by constable Marshall, of York, for the theft, and sent to await his trial at the assizes in Barrie. Mr. Ferguson recovered his horse and cutter; but the chase after the thief cost him about \$100.

INCENDIARISM.—The driving shed of Chambers' Hotel, Mono Mills, was set on fire by means of a pile of oaken shavings, thoroughly saturated with coal oil, placed against a wall, but the fire was discovered and promptly extinguished. Mr. Robert Maxwell, a wagon-maker in the village, was arrested on suspicion of being the incendiary, and brought before justices Allen and Henry. The evidence against him was strong, though entirely of a circumstantial character. The justices held a consultation of about an hour's duration, and, deeming the evidence insufficient, discharged the prisoner.

Sothern gets \$500 a night for playing the fool. This looks mean in connection with the fact that Rykert and Lander are doing the same thing for nothing at Toronto.

A bill has been introduced in the South Carolina Legislature making the owners of buildings in which rum is sold, as well as rum-sellers, liable for damages in consequence of intoxication.

A Nebraska journal invitingly says: "Who says farmers cannot get rich in this State? Fifteen years ago a young man came to this State without a dollar in the world. Last week he went out of the State, carrying with him the sum of one dollar and thirty-eight cents, the savings of fifteen years' frugal life. Come West, young man, come West."

Experiments made upon a healthy soldier in London go to show that alcohol is useless in a state of health, and absolutely injurious in larger quantities than two ounces daily. The same experiments, however, indicated an advantage in its use if employed in rousing a feeble appetite or exciting a feeble circulation of blood.

Burglary and Arson.

The extensive machine shops of Mr. John Abell, Woodbridge, were totally destroyed by fire on Saturday morning at about half-past three. The office safe was found to have been blown open, and there is no doubt that the works were set on fire by burglars, after they had forced the safe. Mr. John Abell and his brother Mr. Henry Abell were working late, and left the office at half-past twelve. The burglars had, no doubt, even then been watching, for they had matters far enough advanced to blow open the safe about three o'clock. It is a small matter of satisfaction to know that they did not get more than perhaps ten dollars in cash. The outer door of the safe was perforated by a square hole about three-fourths of an inch in size; and from its appearance, not much dependence had been put in the sharpness of the cold-chisel, for the iron is much driven inward, as if heavy blows with a sledge had been used. It had then been blown open with powder; but the inner door and lock were still intact. The key hole of the inner lock had then been enlarged by a blow on a round punch, and powder introduced in the lock, with the result of chattering the door and leaving the contents of the safe open. All the notes of-hand and other securities for money belonging to the firm were taken, as no remains of the two tin cash boxes which contained them can be found. Two or three persons heard the deep thud of the door and the explosion, but thought little of it, as noises at late hours often proceeded from the works. In a very short time the office was found to be on fire. The burglars probably calculated that the rifled safe, falling down in the bottom of the fire, would keep their secret for at least a day, till they got to a safe distance; but the safe rested above a stone wall, and was so secured as not to fall down.

The proprietor was almost immediately on the spot, and with some of his men got up steam on the steam pump; but it was too late, and to save their own lives they had to desert. There were no appliances for extinguishing fires in the village, except the fixtures in the works themselves. Two extensive ranges of buildings, three stories in height in front, and running back about 300 feet, full of the most expensive machinery and tools, and a large yard piled with the most valuable sorts of seasoned lumber, are all a smoking ruin. The loss is variously estimated at from \$150,000 to \$300,000. There was no insurance. Mr. Abell judging that the great premiums payable on such "hazardous" property could be better expended in perfecting appliances for self-protection. His precautions were very perfect, but the idea of burglary was scarcely entertained. One hundred and fifty men are thrown out of employment, and much sympathy is expressed for them, as many of them are men with families. Some suspicious characters have been seen about the place for a day or two past.

A man was arrested this morning on suspicion of being connected with the gang of burglars. As yet nothing very definite has transpired to point to his guilt. The Toronto police have been communicated with.

Rigorous Measures Demanded. The increase of crime in Ontario is not attributable, we believe, to any portion of the resident population, but to an influx of experienced burglars from the other side of the lines, who are hunted out by the police authorities there. In Chicago, for example, they put in force the Vagrant Act, under which any person not having an honest means of livelihood is either sent down to jail for a brief period to leave for other climes. Becoming known to the police, first in one city and then in another, they take refuge in Canada, and the recent murderous attacks which have taken place have arisen from this condition of things. It is all the more needful then, for us to put in force our own vagrant laws, and for the police to be in such friendly communication with the detectives of the States as to be able to anticipate the arrival of any well-known ruffian from the other side. If the detective force of this Province was to be put upon a proper footing, having at its head an experienced and effective officer, it would be almost impossible for any "cracksmen" to make a lodgment here. But every thing in this matter is at loose ends. Each city has its own little knot of detectives, and these work but in moderate harmony with the patrolling force. It would certainly be well if Government were to devise some means to check to constant uneasiness, if not to positive alarm. As it is, citizens are taking matters into their own hands. During the last few days there has been a brisk trade in revolvers and sword-sticks. And we believe nothing would give so much positive satisfaction to the community as for some one who might be attacked, to have the good fortune to shoot one or more of the rascals dead upon the spot.—Out of the large Provincial expenditures a few thousand a year could not be better employed than in making Ontario too hot a place to hold miscreants of the class alluded to, let them come from what quarter they may.—London Free Press.

POLICE COURT. (Before the Police Magistrate.) Saturday March 14. Mr. Robt. Burns, grocer, was charged with purchasing butter on the market before ten o'clock. The case was adjourned until Saturday next to allow of the attendance of the farmer from whom the butter was purchased, who Mr. Burns wanted called as a witness.

THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE of the Great Western Railroad of Canada, deputed to visit Canada, are now examining the road. They have gone to Detroit, to ascertain the feasibility of replacing the track of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railroad (which is controlled by the Great Western) with steel rails to Detroit and of increasing the capital of the road.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE MERCURY

Becher and Sumner.

The Women's Whiskey War.

A Lady Arrested.

Four Thousand Slaves.

King Koffee Captured.

London, March 15.—It was the steamer Queen Elizabeth, from Calcutta, for Glasgow which was lost off Tarifa with 13 lives, not the Glasgow.

London, March 16, 6 a.m.—The Fenian Amnesty Association have decided to present petitions for pardon to the Queen in person.

The Times' despatches announce that the Prime Minister of Assante, the King, and his Capt.-General have been brought prisoners to Cape Coast Castle.

New York, March 15.—Rev. Mr. Beecher delivered a powerful sermon at Plymouth Church, to-night, dealing wholly with the life and character of Charles Sumner. He concluded by declaring that John Brown, Abraham Lincoln and Mr. Sumner were martyrs to freedom. Mr. Sumner's memory would be cherished in the hearts of the coloured race to the end of time, and the example of his life ought to be held up as a bright example to the youth of our country, especially at this time when corruption is universal.

Salt Lake City, March 15.—Reports from the line of the Pacific Railroad state that a heavy snow storm with high winds prevailed to-day all along the line from Alta to points east of Elko, causing further delay of trains.

Cincinnati, O., March 15.—At Dayton the Women's League have resolved to adopt the detective system, and will soon attempt to establish guards near each bar-room to record the names of customers. Haddick, the saloon-keeper, procured the arrest of Mrs. Thomas, chief of a band, for violating the ordinance against obstructing the streets. She was held to bail in \$100.

Washington, March 16.—In the present monetary conference at Paris, France and her monetary allies restricted the coinage of silver, which, as a matter of course, is in the direction of the gold standard; these with other circumstances show that the struggle in Europe is to secure the existing gold stock. The Director of the Mint thinks that the United States should enter the list with the same view. He anticipates more gold will be mined in April, May and June next than for several years past; as recent snows, by their melting, insure extended operations by hydraulic means.

New York, March 16.—A Washington despatch says that it is generally believed there that Dawes will succeed Sumner.

The Cubans here claim to have information of a contemplated uprising of 4,000 slaves in the district of Mariel, 45 miles from Havana, and also in the neighborhood of Bahia, Londa. The insurrection has been instigated by the poor whites who have dread of the draft.

New York, March 14. The jury in Woodhull and Claflin case, who have been out since half-past twelve yesterday, returned into court at eleven this morning with a verdict of not guilty. Judge Sutherland characterized the verdict as one of the most outrageous he had ever heard of.

London, March 14.—A despatch at the Admiralty office from Cape Coast Castle, dated February 23rd, says: All the troops except the Highlanders have been embarked for home. Sir Garnet Wolseley will embark on March 7th. Captain Glover, with 1,000 men, entered Coomassie two days after Wolseley occupied the town.

The Countess of Brunrow, wife of the Russian Ambassador, died last night at the Legation here.

Loekport, N. Y., March 14.—Hiram Gardner, formerly Judge of Niagara Court, died suddenly last evening.

San Francisco, March 14.—A passenger train on the Central Pacific R. between Ioano and Wells was thrown from the track by a broken rail and went over an embankment, falling a distance of thirty feet. No loss of life.

The Ontario Legislature. March 14. The House met at 11 a. m. on Saturday, and, after routine proceedings, went into Committee of Supply. The following items were passed:—Maintenance of Public Institutions, \$336,375; Immigration, \$138,464; Agricultural, Arts, Literary, and Scientific Institutions, \$90,200; Hospitals and Charities, \$43,020; and \$17,800 to cover miscellaneous expenditures. The discussion was unimportant, although the Central Prison and the Rev. Horrocks Cocks were made to do the usual amount of service. An important announcement was made the Hon. Mr. McKellar, to the effect that the Agricultural Laws would be consolidated and amended before the next session, when they would in all probability be submitted for the consideration of the House. The Committee rose at three o'clock, and the House adjourned.

Fat beavers are sold at Fulton, Texas, for three cents a pound, net, and the largest portion of the cattle slaughtered there, merely for their hides and tallow. The hide is removed in a unique fashion. The animal is knoed down, the skin cut around with a knife, a horse is hitched to the edge of the hide, and in a minute it is whipped off, and the whole carcass thrown into an immense steam cauldron. It is boiled into a seething mass, and the fat skimmed off. This is poured into hogheads, and the bones and flesh are thrown out. About 600 animals are boiled per day at Fulton, most enough being thus wasted to keep a good portion of New York city supplied.