numbers of neogama, vidua, palæogama, habilis, residua, retecta, and a few innubens, all ragged. Moths were mostly at the bottom of the tree trunks. Everything hard to approach.

August 8th, 95°—dry. Catocalæ fairly common, but out of date. No new species. Took five viduata. Two were ragged and one was a female, the second of the year. Captured three fine vidua, one lacrymosa, two habilis, one phalanga, one flebilis one lucetta. The last two were somewhat damaged. Took a brand-new neogama and a new cara.

Aug. 12th—Warm, clear, woods dry and bare. No water in the creek. Catocalæ not numerous. Took three viduata, four lacrymosa, six vidua, retecta, habilis. Saw neogama, palæogama, innubens one nebulosa, cara, residua and angusi.

Aug. 14th—Imagos of Callidryas eubule, Terias lisa and Nathalis iola fairly common.

Aug. 15th—The sun rose with the thermometer at 56°. Temperature warmed up to 90° by mid-afternoon. Saw few Catocalæ in the woods. Took one *viduata*, one *lacrymosa* and one *neogama*. Saw a number of *lacrymosa*, but everything was scary and went "sky-high" when approached.

On August 19th Miss Gertrude Wallace took a fine fresh piatrix on a window screen.

August 26th—66° at 7 a.m., '82° at noon. Up "Catocala hollow" in the afternoon and in three hours saw but 29 moths, three habilis, two retecta, one innubens, two neogama, and the rest vidua. Moths high on the trees and on the sunny side.

The senior author did not see a single specimen of *Catocala robinsoni* in 1914, and this is the more surprising, as moths of that species were so plentiful in August and September, 1913.

Aug. 30th—Temperature nearly 90°. In the woods in the afternoon found moths few, and none of those taken were even passable specimens. Captured one *lacrymosa*, one *neogama*, three *habilis*, two *vidua* and one *scintillans*.

Sept. 6th—Saw a few vidua one neogama, and one lacrymosa. Sept. 19th—Saw two vidua and one palæogama, but all were ragged.

On Oct. 5th and 11th took five new specimens of Junonia