"MANITOBAN" AND "CASPIAN."

12 bales GREY COTTON;
2 " Medium Dark Prints;
1 " Black and White "
6 cases London Made Clothing;
2 " Glove Ribbed Linings;
2 " Horrock's Cottons, A.;
2 " do., do., B.;
1 " do., do., H.;
1 " Pillow Cottons.

LOWEST PRICES.

EVERITT & BUTLER,
WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE,
55 and 57 King street.

OAK AND PITCH PINE
TIMBER
For Ship Building purposes, constantly on hand. Also
WHITE PINE BIRCH, &c., &c.
R. A. GREGORY,
Office—FOOT OF SIMONDS STREET - - - - - Portland, St. John, N. B.
References—GUY, STEWART & CO., E. D. JEWETT & CO. feb 13 1y

DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, Dentist.
Office, corner Germain and Duke Streets,
(OPPOSITE VICTORIA HOTEL,)
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
☞ Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Laughing) Gas
may 7

MARITIME
WAREHOUSING AND DOCK COMPANY!
Storage in Bond or Free. Cash Advances
on all descriptions of Merchadize. BANK STERLING CREDITS granted to Importers
Application to be made to
Sept 27 T. W. LEE, Secretary.

JAMES D. O'NEILL,
MANUFACTURER OF
OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!
Women's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES
IN SERGE, KID AND GRAIN LEATHERS.
FACTORY, No. 1 NORTH WHARF, - - - ST. JOHN, N. B.
july 12 1y

MISPECK MILLS, - - - St. John, N. B
HOMESPUNS,
IN GREAT VARIETY
All Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds!
ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!!
Also, First Class
COTTON WARPS.
THE above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.
☞ Orders from the Trade respectfully solicited.
WAREHOUSE.....Reed's Building, Water Street.
sep 3 1y d&w J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.

BUFFALO ROBES!!
The subscribers are now receiving their stock of
Buffalo Robes!
DIRECT FROM SASKATCHEWAN.
They request Customers who were disappointed last year to place their orders at once, as the quantity being limited, the Skins will be distributed rapidly.
T. R. JONES & CO.,
Canterbury Street.
sept2

Skates. Skates.
—AT—
C. G. BERRYMAN'S,
McCullough's Building, Market Square.
IN STOCK:
GREAT VARIETY!
PRICES LOW,
English Skates,
American Skates,
Domestic Skates.
Marsden Bros' Make; Whelpley's Make, Whelpley's New Patent.
Men's Skates,
Ladies' Skates,
Children's Skates,
Skate Straps Gimblets, and Screws.
☞ Remember that C. G. B. has removed to McCullough's Building, Market Square, between Notman's and the Police Office. dec8 1m

Christmas and New Year's,
1874-75.
Will be celebrate this year by
J. & A. McMILLAN,
by their providing the largest stock of
FINELY BOUND GIFT BOOKS
For their customers ever brought into this market.
Now ready—illustrated— he works of Goethe, Shiller, Muiready, Dore, Rubens, Raphael, Chateaubriand, etc., etc. Call early at
dec19 78 Prince Wm. Street.

Corks. Corks.
Just Received.
1 BALE Taper Corks:
1 bale Small Corks,
1 bale Bungs;
1 " Vial Corks.
For sale low
ANDREW J. ARMSTRONG,
dec36 40 Charlotte street.

Cognac Brandy.
IN hhds, qr-casks and cases, ex British Queen from Charente.
For sale in bond or duty paid.
SWEENY & STAFFORD,
dec23 fmn 4 South Wharf.

Flour. Flour.
500 BBLS Howland's Extra;
100 bbls Albion do;
50 bbls Ayrshire Rose. Extra Family.
Now Landing.
GEO. S. DeFOREST,
dec 2 11 South Wharf.

SOMETHING FOR CHRISTMAS!
Reduced Prices at 49 King St.

THE Subscriber has now open CLOCKS, WATCHES and Solid Silver Goods, which he will sell at a discount of 10 per cent. Jewelry and Fancy Goods at a discount of 20 per cent. from Usual Prices. MEERSCHAUM PIPES included.
Only authorized agent in the city for the Waltham Watch Co.
D. O. L. WARLOCK,
dec17 49 King street.

Rice, Butter and Salt.
Ex Lulu from Liverpool:
100 BAGS RICE (Arracan);
20 cases Bottled SALT.
GEO. S. DeFOREST,
dec10 11 South Wharf.

Granulated Sugar.
EX Gold Hunter from New York—100 barrels Granulated Sugar. For sale low by
GEO. S. DeFOREST,
dec10 11 South Wharf.

Minnesota Flour.
NO FLOUR has given such entire satisfaction. Prices low. 500 bbls. Trophy; 500 bbls. Clarendon; 300 bbls. City; 300 bbls. Wasseca.
To arrive—now due: 1000 bbls. White Oak; 500 bbls. White Rose.
All who have given these goods a trial, prefer them above others.
dec 21 HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

Oats---In Store.
1500 bush Heavy Black Oats,
FOR SALE LOW.
W. A. SPENCE,
jan8 North Slip.

The Daily Tribune.
J. L. STEWART,..... EDITOR.
MONDAY EVENING, JAN. 18.

Necessity for Secular Education.

The proceedings of the advocates of "religious education," even as smoothed over by the Catholic papers of this city, show that enlightenment is sorely needed in Gloucester. Where were the spiritual directors of the people who broke up a public meeting, beat peaceful citizens, and invaded private houses? Those whose teachings imbued the people with hatred of the Common Schools Act should have taught their followers not to break the peace and destroy property. The men who rioted and plundered in Caraquet are fair specimens of what ecclesiastical teaching, unaccompanied by newspaper and other "godless" instruction, will produce. If all the children of the land were left to ecclesiastical training, being shut out from communication with the world and prevented from reading anything not selected for them by their instructors, the world would be peopled by classes of sectarian bigots who would be ever ready to enforce their opinions in the Gloucester fashion. As it is now the boy's daily contact with boys of other creeds teaches him that his sect does not monopolize all the virtue and generosity in the world, and his general reading makes him receive the partisan historical teaching of his school with critical caution—with a sufficient degree of doubt to prevent his becoming an intolerant bigot. The Catholic, comparing some of the acts of Popes with the teachings of Christ, may have his faith in infallibility lessened so far as to allow that salvation for Protestants may be possible, and the Protestant, comparing some of the deeds done by the leaders of the Reformation with the acts of the founders of the Church of Christ, will be ready to admit that if the hand of God guided the Reformation it was so effectually kept out of sight much of the time that no Catholic can be blamed for inability to see it. The fact is that the greatest crimes against God and man—against God's unchangeable laws and man's natural rights—have been committed by the self-proclaimed Catholic and Protestant Vicars of Christ, and it is the invariable tendency of all ecclesiastical teaching, and the unchanging nature of ignorance, to exalt individuals and their acts, creeds and their particular tenets, over the principles they profess to inculcate. It is by the world, which is classed with the flesh and the devil, that the great underlying truths of Christianity—charity for all men, the superiority of purity of heart and life over the strictest adhesion to dogmas and ordinances, etc.—are kept from being lost sight of in the bickerings of clerics and the clash of creeds. The proper proportion of ecclesiastical instruction to be given with other teaching, and the proper place for such teaching—whether the home, the school or the vestry—are fit subjects for discussion, but there can be no doubt about the blessedness of the freedom of youth from absolute clerical control. The boy who now mixes freely with his fellows, and has a taste for reading and any liberty of choice in the selection of books and newspapers, must be narrow-minded indeed if he become a bigot of any denomination and look on the holders of other creeds as infidels and lost sheep. He may believe his own faith the best, the purest, the safest, but he cannot doubt the salvation of every man who loves his neighbor as himself and shows his fear of God by keeping his commandments,—the commandments given in the Bible, not those promulgated by Popes, or Councils, or other human authorities. It is for the interest of some educated and intelligent men, because they are ecclesiastics or politicians, to preach a narrowness of creed that is incomprehensible to all but those who have been taught only what some clerical director considered good for them, but such men rarely deceive themselves with the doctrines they use for deceiving others. Men of this class have wrought the Caraquet people to their present condition of frenzied hostility to a law that taxes the property of the country for the instruction of the children of rich and poor in reading, writing and arithmetic, and they will be held responsible for the unlawful acts of their ignorant followers. Such outrages, caused by an ignorance only more dangerous because leavened with sectarian teaching, show the necessity that exists for raising the standard of intelligence by the spread of secular education.

Ontario's Separate Schools.

It appears, strange to say, that the separate school system of Ontario, which New Brunswick is frantically and riotously called upon to imitate, is not altogether satisfactory to those for whose benefit it was established. The *Ontario Tribune*, a leading Catholic paper published in Toronto, speaks of it in the following mournful strain:

There is no subject which is at once so important to the Catholics of Ontario, and about which so little is known, as our Separate School system, and the manner in which it is carried out. However, it is manifest, that while there are defects in the law, there are also defects in the mode of its working. This is evident from the numerous complaints which we have heard uttered, and from the education which we see the Catholic youth generally are receiving. If it be asked, "Are our youth as well instructed as the rest of the youth with whom they are growing up? Are they able to compete with them in the business of life?" the answer is only too painfully obvious. There is a great evil somewhere, a great void to be filled up, and a great reform to be worked in our Separate School system. If this be not done, and done soon, we will have our system fall to pieces, and lose it altogether. To show that we do not hold alarmist views, we may say that a secretary of a Separate School Board, in one of the most densely Catholic populated sections, lately remarked to us that in this section, unless they would be more active, they would have to throw up their schools as a failure. This is only one case which we cite; others might also be cited were they necessary.

It is just possible, considering the state of things in Ontario, that our Catholic brethren in New Brunswick would not be wholly happy even with a separate school system. This writer admits that "complaints are numerous," that *it is only too painfully obvious that the youth taught in the separate schools are not able to compete with the rest of the youth in the business of life*, and that the system will fall to pieces unless it be reformed. This is not encouraging for separate school advocates here.

Reciprocity.

Last week the *Maritime Trade Review* expressed the opinion that the draft Reciprocity Treaty has no chance of being ratified by the U. S. Senate, on account of the influence of the interests that are opposed to it, and said that "the Government, satisfied that the Senate will not ratify the bargain, is prepared to hypocritically deplore the fact after it shall have taken place." Mr. Cornwall did not, like certain Border editors, profess to have received special information from those in authority, but gave substantial facts for the support of his statements. This morning the *Telegraph* has the following confirmation of the *Review's* opinion from a Montreal source:

It is conceded that a Committee of Congress has reported against Reciprocity, and that with the Republican leaders, Blaine and Morton, opposed to it, and the Democrats soon coming into power, the treaty would have had no chance in the present circumstances. It is known that Mr. Mackenzie lately informed a Montreal deputation that even if the United States Senate had passed the treaty as it stands, the Government would claim the right to modify the draft.

If we are to believe this the Great Mogul of the Government is himself a "modifier," one of those on whom his overzealous newspaper tools in this quarter have been showering scornful epithets and pronouncing ex-communication.

The Belles of Boston.

A "stranger," whose observations in America are published in a New York journal, and who seems very impartial in his distribution of praise and blame, has dared to assail the creed that is based on the alleged beauty of Boston women. His words are as shocking in St. John as they must be in Boston, for are we not always hearing of the fair faces, full busts, small feet and elegant toilettes of Boston belles? Here are the words of the wretch:

The Boston ladies! How shall I speak of them without running the risk of falling into the rudest incivility? They look lady-like enough, and some of them have strikingly intelligent faces, but I have not yet seen here a handsome or a handsomely-dressed woman. And then, God bless them, what a peculiar and ungraceful way they have of tucking up their petticoats in the street, and what substantial feet they show! The more I see of America, the more firmly I begin to believe that every pretty woman that is to be found on the immense surface of the United States is recruited for New York the very moment she is discovered.

The New England race, as far as it is to be seen in the streets and public places of Boston, seems to have preserved all the clumsiest characteristics of the original stock. Lymphatic faces, narrow shoulders, flat chests, incommensurable teeth, frequently projecting from the mouth, big hands and feet, attached to thin arms and legs, are to be seen at every step, while economical, ill-shaped and ill-fitting home made dresses render even that little illusion impossible which Paris and New York dressmakers manage to make so complete. They say here that they can furnish handsome women by the cart-load and the choicest toilets by the ton. That may be true, and their dry goods stores are well appointed enough to make at all events the latter assertion credible. But then what is the use of beauty and elegance unless they are shown abroad, and the vulgar mass made better by being taught to appreciate both. There is no Fifth avenue, no Bois de Boulogne, no Hyde Park, no Central Park here, and the Boston belle dresses herself up only for the mirror and a few friends. This private show being over, the fine attire is carefully locked up, out comes the old bonnet again, a waterproof cloak or a Scotch plaid, a pair of galoches over a pair of solid leather boots, and if an unlucky poet, who had admired her in her drawing room, should meet her in the street, he would break his lyre to pieces. No wonder poets are so scarce in New England.

Nova Scotia News.

From a private letter received in this city, we learn that one J. F. C. Dazzell, who worked as a laborer on one of the wharves, is now in England, prosecuting his claims to an Earldom. Messrs. J. Silver & Co., of London, are his solicitors.—*Hx. Herald.*

We learn that the Venerable Archdeacon McCawley, D. D, has resigned the Presidency of King's College, an office which he has filled for nearly forty years. His resignation will come into force at the end of the Academical year and his successor will take office on the 1st of October next. The Presidency of King's College is one of the most honorable and lucrative educational appointments in this Province.—*Halifax Chronicle.*

A man named John Warren is under arrest in Halifax for attempting to set fire to a house in which he resided on Cunard street. He was detected in the act of setting a lighted match to a pile of old clothing, papers and sticks of wood, and was handed over to the police.

The official statement of Mr. Potter, President of the Grand Trunk Railway, made to the English bondholders upon his trip over the line last year, "does not contain as good a report of results as the English shareholders could wish." When Mr. Potter came here "reckless competition" was using up the resources of the railroad and of rival steamboat and other companies. To cure this evil, the Grand Trunk has entered into negotiations to agree upon and abide by certain fixed rates upon east-bound and west-bound traffic. The receipts, we are informed, are now on the increase.

Revival Notes.

From the Messenger.

BERWICK, N. S.—Rev. Isa. Wallace writes:—I have recently baptized 17 at Gould Settlement, one of our preaching stations, and a good religious interest is still manifest.

CHELSEA.—Rev. H. Achilles writes: "I spent last Sabbath in Chelsea, baptized one. Our Conference on Saturday was one of great interest; God was in our midst, and that to bless. There have been several hopeful conversions there of late, and others are anxious. Pray for us that the work of God may go on till all shall know the Lord."

SACKVILLE, N. B.—Rev. G. F. Miles writes:—"Your prayer in part for Sackville has been answered. God is faithful. At the Conference (First Church) Saturday last, two willing souls for the first time in public, declared what God had done for them, and amid tears of joy and exclamations of gratitude, were received for baptism and membership by those who have been looking and praying for a revival of pure and undefiled religion."

COVERDALE, N. B.—Rev. G. Beckwith writes: "The Lord is pouring out his Holy Spirit upon the First Coverdale Baptist Church, and upon the community also. Backsliders are returning home, and the faithful rejoice. It was my happy privilege on the 20th inst., to baptize six willing converts, and yesterday, assisted by Elder S. Smith, I baptized four more."

HALIFAX, N. S.—The editor says: "A request had been made for the use of the Baptistry of Granville street church, which was readily granted. Rev. J. F. Avery there baptized ten persons, four of them—three young men and one young woman—were inmates of the Blind Asylum; some of them were of Baptist parentage, but had read the Scriptures for themselves. It was most affecting to see them going so joyfully, led by the hand, to this act of obedience to their Lord and Saviour. Shut out from the light of day, they had received light from heaven, and rejoiced in believing that Christ had given them the light of life."

From the Intelligencer.

GONDOLA POINT.—Rev. Robert Mutch is also holding a series of meetings in the Baptist Church, at Gondola Point, and for the first time in the last seven or eight years, an intense religious awakening has taken hold upon the minds of the members as well as the congregation.

BARRINGTON, N. S.—Rev. J. I. Porter writes: "Since Bro. Royal has been in Barrington, he has held special meetings; in which some other ministers have taken some part, and the results are very encouraging. Quite an extensive revival is being enjoyed, and a number have professed conversion."

NORTON, N. B.—Pastor W. A. Corey reports that the religious interest still continues unabated at Norton. On Sunday last he baptized twelve additional candidates, which makes the number nearly 30 of those who have recently followed the Saviour in his appointed ordinance. Let us all pray that the revival in Norton may receive a fresh impulse this week, and that Brethren Springer and Corey who are laboring there may receive a double portion of the Divine Spirit's gracious influence.

Pictou County Coal Trade.

The *Eastern Chronicle* furnishes a statement of the sales and shipments of coal from the different mines in Pictou County for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1874, from which we condense the following:

Nova Scotia Coal Co., Black Diamond Colliery.

	Round.	Slack.
Nova Scotia	3,853 tons,	1,708 tons.
P. E. Island	3,579 "	3,283 "
New Brunswick	762 "	61 "
Prov. of Quebec	11,145 "	1,819 "
United States	17,030 "	1,994 "
West Indies	2,916 "	
Other countries	2,917 "	
	42,220	8,865 tons.

Total, slack and round, 51,085 tons.

Halifax Mining Co., Albion Mines.—

	Round	Slack
United States,	20,613	1,848
Neighboring Colonies,	45,879	7,320
Foreign Ports,	2,148	
Home Consumption,	23,963	8,780
Total in tons,	92,483	17,948

Total round and slack 110,431 tons.

Intercolonial Coal Co., Drummond Colliery.—

	Round.	Slack
Nova Scotia	5,057	1,391
Province of Quebec	29,419	45
New Brunswick	930	219
P. E. Island	2,200	5,551
West Indies	2,388	
United States	9,056	260
Newfoundland	98	
Total in tons	49,748	7,466

Total, round and slack, 56,214 tons.

Vale Coal, Iron and Manufacturing Co.—

	Round.	Slack.
United States	1,797	236
West Indies and S. America	7,613	
Canada	11,999	
Nova Scotia	12,543	1,904
P. E. Island	404	605
New Brunswick	160	103
Newfoundland	767	
Total in tons	35,283	2,848

Total, round and slack, 38,131 tons.

Acadia Coal Co.—The sales and shipments of this Company for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1874, were 100,858 tons.

The whole trade of Pictou for 1874 is, therefore, represented by the following totals:

Halifax,	110,431 tons
Acadia,	100,858 "
Intercolonial	57,214 "
Nova Scotia,	54,085 "
Vale,	38,131 "
Total	357,719 "

Mrs. Beecher and Mrs. Tilton.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

Mrs. Tilton for the time was the central figure of attraction. She was very pale, and her manner was that of a timid shy woman, who felt ill at ease under hundreds of staring eyes. The crowd instinctively instituted a comparison between her and Mrs. Beecher, and the result was not favorable to Mrs. Tilton. It was apparent that they were opposite in character. On one side was a weak, timid, sentimental woman; on the other a positive, determined, and, even in her old age, a handsome woman. Mrs. Beecher was cool and self possessed throughout the proceedings, notwithstanding the bitter attacks upon her husband's honor. Mrs. Tilton was evidently nervous and embarrassed. Mrs. Beecher has a classical face, full of force and expression; Mrs. Tilton's face is of a commonplace type.

A company was organized at Newcastle, Saturday, for the building of a railway from Fredericton to the Miramichi. Hon. W. M. Kelly and Alex. Gibson are among the provisional Directors.

LOCALS.

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET, see Auction column.

New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Amusements—
Lecture Season— J A S Mott
Lee's Opera House.
Zoological Exhibition— Dan Ducello

Cod Oil— Masters & Patteron
Porpoise Oil -- do
Apples— do
Night School— J March
Manufacturers' Convention— Wm E Everitt
Sleigh Warmers— Bowes & Evans
AUCTIONS.
Bankrupt Stock— E H Lester

Brevities.

Thermometer—at noon to-day—5°.

Edward Jack, Esq., occupies the platform of the Mechanics' Institute this evening. His subject is "Our Forests."

A night school for boys will be opened this evening in the Varley school building.

The different Baptist churches of the city hold union prayer meetings this week, commencing this evening in Brussels street church.

A fire broke out Saturday evening in E. F. Greaney & Co.'s shoe store, King street. The fire caught in the cellar and was put without much damage being done.

Mr. William Meneely's blockmaking shop, Peters' wharf, caught fire yesterday about noon. The fire was easily extinguished.

The snow shoe club leave King's Square at 7.30 this evening for their second tramp.

The Court of Sessions meets to-morrow at 11 o'clock, to consider bills to go before the Legislature.

The Rev. G. M. W. Carey lectures in Fredericton to-morrow evening on "The life and times of John Bunyan."

The *Young Ladies Journal*, for February, has been received by Mr. W. K. Crawford, King st. It gives, besides the usual variety of literature and fashion plates, a complete design for a fender-stool.

The complimentary benefit to Miss Kate Ethel and Mr. Elmer Warner will be given in the Academy next Thursday evening.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.—Mr. Bernard returns thanks to all those who have so kindly patronized him, and begs to state that he has a few hours to spare. Likewise after July he intends giving up teaching. jan11 1m

Lee's Opera House.

A new bill will be presented this evening, and the full company will appear. The Wares, Bernardo, Morton and Lee are enough to satisfy the most critical. A large number of reserved seats have been sold for Mr. Lee's benefit on Wednesday evening.

The Drug Stores on fire. At least one would have thought so last evening, for the crowd around them was so great. It seems, however, that it was only the people purchasing the great remedy for Catarrh—Ræder's German Snuff.

To Sleighing Parties.

Mr. M. Sprague has two commodious sleighs which will comfortably seat twenty to twenty-five persons each. These sleighs will be hired for sleighing parties, and provided with good teams and careful drivers, at moderate charges. Orders left at Messrs. Lewin & Allingham's will receive prompt attention. jan13 mwftf

City Police Court.

Only one arrest was made between Saturday and this morning.

Daniel Fleming was charged with being drunk and disorderly in Brittain st. He confessed and was fined $8.

Three went in for protection—Thomas Coughlan, William Button and John Phillips. The first two were sent home before the court opened. Phillips went to the Station Saturday night and spent Sunday in jail. He has been there about half a dozen times before, and each time has been told that his next offence would secure him a term in the penitentiary. This morning he received a very solemn warning, more emphatic than any yet given, and was dismissed.

The Circuit Court.

The case of Ladds vs. Vernon drags slowly on. Mrs. Ladds finished her testimony this morning. The next witness was Jeremiah Brundage. He was Mrs. Ladds' landlord at the time the disturbance took place, and occupied a part of the house.

Merchants' Exchange.

New York, Jan. 18, 1875.

Freights—Quiet, unchanged.

Gold opened at 112¼; been 112¼; now 112¼.

Wind E., light, snowing. Ther. 16°.

Sandy Hook—Wind East, light, thick snow storm.

Boston, Jan. 18.

Wind N. N. W., fresh, cloudy, Ther. 11°.

Portland, Jan. 18.

Wind S. W., light, hazy. Ther. 4°.

Liverpool, Jan. 18.

Cotton strong; uplands 7⅞ a 7¾; Orleans 7⅞ a 8; Corn 39s 3d a 39 9d; Lard 65s 6d.

Havana, Jan. 16.

Fraights.—Havana for United States, molasses $2.50 a $2.75; Falmouth and orders 32s 6d a 35s; other ports north coast, molasses $2.75 a $3; Falmouth and orders, 37s 6d a 40s; Spanish gold 204 a 205; American 209 a 210; exchange firm, on U. S. 30 a 32; short 33 a 35.

OYSTERS.—We would advise the readers of THE TRIBUNE, especially those who are fond of oysters, to call on George Sparrow, at the head of King street, and try those splendid oysters which he has on sale. They are certainly the finest oysters in the city, and we think the only place where you get Shediac or Prince Edward Island oysters in St. John.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE and all the most popular Canadian, English and American newspapers and magazines can always be obtained at the bookstore of Mr. W. K Crawford, King street. aug 8

Shipping Notes.

The Bark Grace, of Annapolis, N. S., Wade master, at New York, 13th inst., 70 days from Hamburg, reports; "Took the Northern passage and had strong Westerly gales, during which started cutwater and split sails; was 28 days west of the Banks.

The bark Windward, Higgins, master, from Montevideo, before reported ashore at Fort Stevens, below Portland, O., and got off, has been surveyed and found seaworthy.

The brig Wolfville from St. Thomas, which dragged ashore at Vineyard Haven, and got off on the 10th inst., has been ordered to New York.

The schooner Charles E. Scammell Ashore.—Telegraphic advices to Messrs. Scammell Bros. report the schooner Charles E. Scammell, Smith, master, from Bahia for Baltimore with sugar, ashore on False Cape, south of Cape Henry.

Quick Run.—The bark Chignecto, Shaw master, which sailed hence for Liverpool on the 25th ult., arrived at her port of destination on the 13th inst., making the passage in 19 days, one of the quickest runs this season.

The Crew of the Agnes Raymond.—The agents of the wrecked brigantine Agnes Raymond at Halifax have received the following letters:

PROSPECT, Jan. 13.—R. BOAK & SON, Halifax.—*Dear Sirs:* Knowing you to be the agents of the wrecked vessel at Dover, I write to say that we have two seamen belonging to her here, taken up from the bottom. Description of men as follows:—One man very tall, dark complexion; the other light complexion, with oil clothes. They are now coffined, and I think it would be advisable to telegraph to Yarmouth and learn who they are, and have their friends come for them.

Yours in haste, JAMES COOLEN.

PROSPECT, Jan. 14.—Messrs. R. BOAK & SON: *Dear Sirs,*—There have been three bodies recovered from the wreck of the brigt. Agnes Raymond, two by James Coolen and one by James Scott. I should deem it advisable to hold the bodies until the relations were informed of the circumstances. The hull is unsold, and no person seems to take any interest in the matter. I will go up myself in the morning and go down in the diving dress to see if I can find any more. Yours. W. B. CHRISTAIN.

Point Lepreaux, Jan. 18, 9 *a. m.*—Wind N. N. W., strong, clear.

HAIR VIGOR.—In common with many others we have felt a lively interest in the investigations which Dr. Ayer has been making to discover the causes of failure of the hair, and to provide a remedy. His researches are said to have been much more thorough and exhaustive than any ever made before. The result is now before us under the name of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. We have given it a trial, and with full satisfaction. It equals our most favorable anticipations Our gray hairs have disappeared, or resumed their original color; and a visible crop of soft, silken hair has started on a part of the scalp which was entirely bald. —[Democrat, Abdingdon, Va.

Reader, do you desire SOUND TEETH of PEARL-LIKE WHITENESS and HARD, HEALTHY GUMS? Use "ENAMELLINE." For sale at the Drug Stores.

However quickly a patient may recover and approach towards robust health, by the use of Fellows' Hypophosphites he must abolish the habits of life which induced the disease; the effect of the greatest triumph in medicine can only be transitory, while man persists in the gratification of vicious or pernicious habits.

"I have Catarrh," says almost every one we meet in these days. Well, it will soon lead to consumption and then death if you don't purchase some of Ræder's German Snuff, a medicine that always cures the most difficult of cases.

The following paragraph of a Washington despatch is headed "Rough on Grant" by the New York *Sun*: It is understood that the Treasury Department is preparing a bill, which will be laid before the Committee of Ways and Means within a week, to increase the tax on whiskey ten cents per gallon. The proposition will be resisted by Mr. Beck, and possibly by other members representing agricultural constituencies; but the committee as a whole are expected to favor it. There is danger of the measure passing Congress, as there is a powerful interest of those holding stocks of whiskey, which is being exerted for the measure, as it would at once raise the price of the article.

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